2011/2012 Season

Week 16: April 15-21, 2012

Influenza activity in Manitoba remains <u>low</u>.

Summary:

- The influenza-like-illness rate was **2.2%** with **50%** of sentinel physician sites reporting.
- The number of respiratory tests performed by CPL increased this week (from 76 to 93); however, the percent positive for influenza decreased (from 38% to **12%**).
- There was **1** new case of influenza A and **12** new cases of influenza B reported.
- There were **five** hospitalizations and **one** ICU admission reported since last week associated with a lab-confirmed report of influenza.
- There were **two** lab-confirmed outbreaks of influenza B reported this week.

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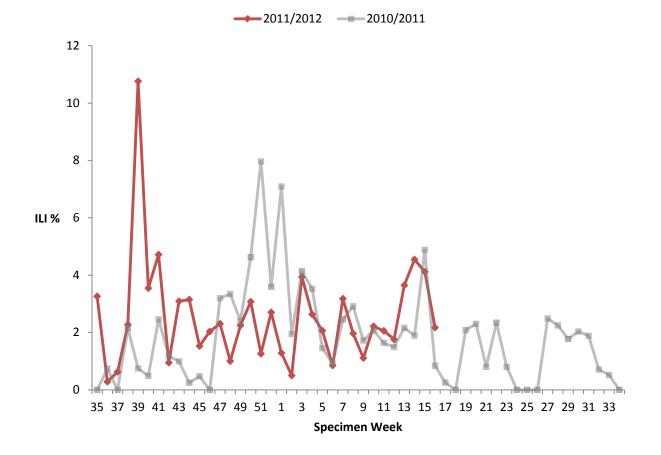
Sentinel Physicians

Manitoba Health participates in the National *FluWatch* Program coordinated by PHAC. In addition to laboratory-confirmation of influenza, this program relies on weekly reports of ILI as reported by 22 current Manitoban sentinel physicians in eight RHAs.

Manitoba Health receives weekly reports from PHAC presenting the provincial ILI rate and the specific data for each of the participating sentinel physicians. The graph below depicts the proportion of total patients who were seen for an ILI. These numbers should be interpreted with caution as the number of sentinel physicians reporting to *FluWatch* varies from week to week and may not be representative of ILI activity across the province.

The proportion of patients seen for an ILI decreased during week 16 compared to last week (2.2% from 4.1%). The proportion is higher than what was observed at the same time last season.

Figure 1. Proportion of patients seen for ILI as reported by *FluWatch* sentinel physicians by week and flu season, Manitoba

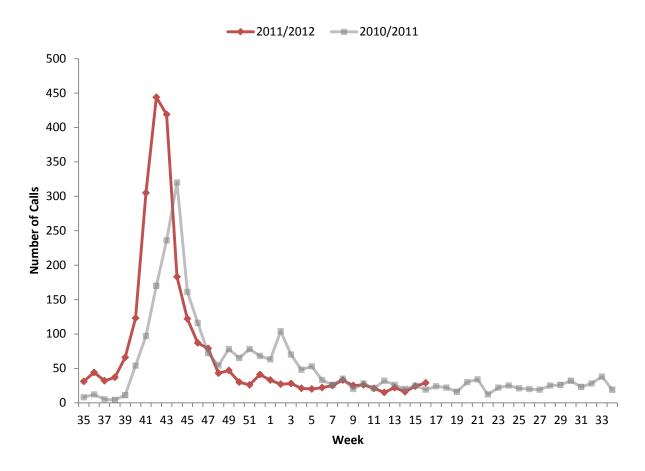


Health Links – Info Santé (HL-IS)

HL-IS is a 24-hour, 7-days a week telephone information service staffed by registered nurses with the knowledge to provide answers over the phone to health care questions and guidance to appropriate care. When a caller phones HL-IS and selects the Influenza Service, they are given an option to select information on (1) the groups of individuals who are at an increased risk of serious illness, (2) how to arrange a flu shot, (3) the annual influenza immunization campaign, or (4) the management of flu and its potential complications.

The number of calls to HL-IS Influenza Service was slightly higher than last week. The weekly total is also slightly higher than the total observed at the same time last

Figure 2. The number of calls to HL-IS Influenza Service by season, Manitoba



Laboratory Surveillance

Reports of culture isolations and enzyme immunoassay (EIA) detections from Cadham Provincial Laboratory (CPL) are forwarded to the Public Health Surveillance (PHS) Unit weekly. While EIA detections and culture isolations comprise the largest number of reports from CPL, seroconversions are similarly forwarded to the PHS Unit weekly.

Since the last flu report, there have been:

- 1 new case of influenza A reported;
- 12 new cases of influenza B reported.

Since the beginning of the season, there have been:

- 59 cases of influenza A reported;
- 175 cases of influenza B reported.

Manitoba, 2011/2012							
Age Group	Influenza A		Influe	enza B			
	# of cases	% of total	# of cases	% of total			
<1 yrs	6	10.2%	19	10.9%			
1-4 yrs	6	10.2%	36	20.6%			
5-9 yrs	5	8.5%	40	22.9%			
10-14 yrs	3	5.1%	18	10.3%			
15-19 yrs	3	5.1%	7	4.0%			
20-24 yrs	2	3.4%	3	1.7%			
25-29 yrs	4	6.8%	2	1.1%			
30-39 yrs	5	8.5%	12	6.9%			
40-49 yrs	5	8.5%	10	5.7%			
50-59 yrs	8	13.6%	8	4.6%			
60-69 yrs	0	0.0%	2	1.1%			
70-79 yrs	2	3.4%	5	2.9%			
>79 yrs	10	16.9%	13	7.4%			
Missing	0	0.0%	0	0.0%			
TOTAL	59		175				

Table 1. Reported Cases of Influenza A and B by Age Group,Manitoba, 2011/2012

Figure 3. Number of lab-confirmed cases of influenza A by specimen collection week and season, Manitoba (*Note: 2009/2010 season excluded due to the H1N1 pandemic, making the numbers incomparable with other seasons.*)

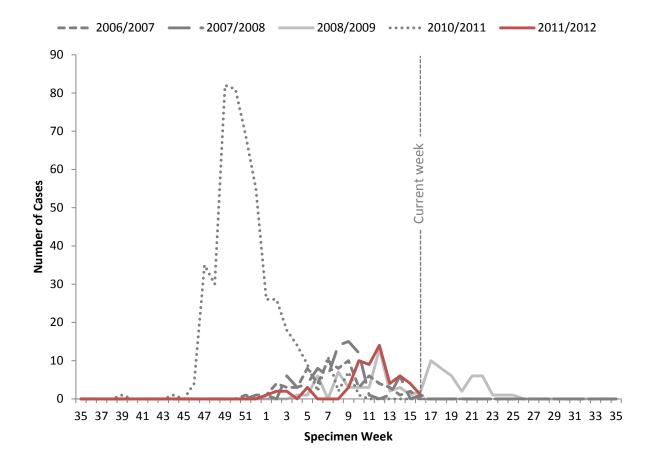
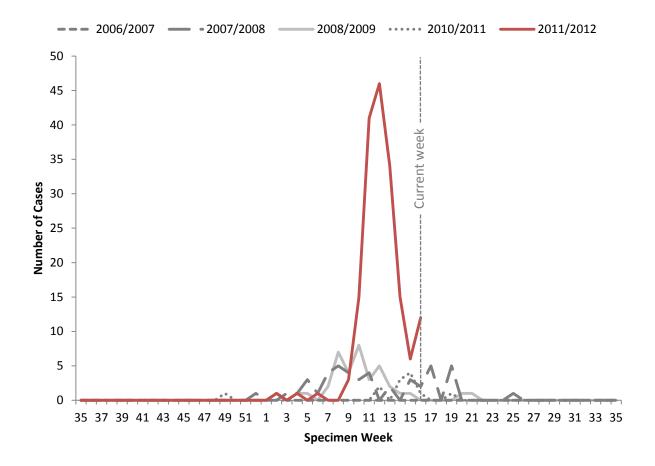


Figure 4. Number of lab-confirmed cases of influenza B by specimen collection week and season, Manitoba



Clinically Severe Cases

This season, PHAC is requesting provinces and territories to report the number of hospitalizations, ICU admissions, and deaths **associated** with a lab-confirmed report of influenza. The reason for hospitalization, ICU admission, or death does not have to be attributable to the influenza diagnosis in order to be included in this count. These data are collected in order to continue with the surveillance system implemented during the 2009 H1N1 pandemic to help monitor the severity/burden of illness during the influenza season.

Since the last flu report, there have been:

- 5 new hospitalizations;
- 1 new ICU admission;
- 0 new deaths.

Since the beginning of the season, there have been:

- 50 hospitalizations, of which
- 7 resulted in an ICU admission; and
- 4 deaths.¹

¹ The reason for hospitalization, ICU admission, or death does not have to be attributable to the influenza diagnosis in order to be included in this count.

Outbreaks

Outbreaks of influenza must be accompanied by a positive influenza lab report to be counted. The outbreak-related cases reflected on tables and figures within this report are lab-confirmed. However, most outbreak-related cases will not be lab-confirmed.

Since the last flu report, there were:

- 0 new outbreaks of influenza A;
- 2 new outbreaks of influenza B.

Since the beginning of the season, there have been:

- 3 outbreaks of influenza A;
- 5 outbreaks of influenza B.

Table 2. Number of lab-confirmed outbreaks of influenza by RHA and season, Manitoba

	Week 16, 2010/2011 (up to Apr 23, 2011)			Week 16, 2011/2012 (up to Apr 21, 2012)				
RHA:	LTCF	Workplace	ACF	Community	LTCF	Workplace	ACF	Community
Winnipeg	21	1	1		7			
Brandon	2							
North Eastman								
South Eastman								
Interlake	2				1			
Central	2		1					
Assiniboine	4							
Parkland	1							
Nor-Man								
Burntwood				1				
Churchill								

LTCF: long term care facility

ACF: acute care facility

Sub-Typing, Strain Characterization, and Antiviral Resistance

Sub-Typing:

Table 3. Sub-typing of influenza A specimens as reported by CPL, 2011/2012 flu season, Manitoba

A/H1	A/H3	A Unsubtyped	A Total
7	8	44	59

Strain Characterization:

Since September 1, 2011, NML has antigenically characterized 900 influenza viruses (189 H3N2, 178 H1N1, and 602 B viruses) that were received from Canadian laboratories with the following results:

Strain	Number	Number of viruses		
	Canada	Manitoba		
A/Perth/16/2009 (H3N2)-like ²	170	1		
A/California/7/2009 (H1N1(pdm09))-like ³	173	2		
B/Brisbane/60/08-like (B/Victoria/02/87 lineage) ⁴	306	2		
B/Wisconsin/01/2010-like (Yamagata lineage)	296	7		

Antiviral Resistance:

Since September 1, 2011, NML has performed drug susceptibility testing on influenza isolates received from Canadian laboratories with the following results:

Antiviral resistance by influenza virus type and subtype, Canada, 2011/2012								
Virus	Oseltamivir		Zanamivir		Amantadine			
type/subtype	# Resistant (%)	# Sensitive (%)	# Resistant (%) # Sensitive (%)		# Resistant (%)	# Sensitive (%)		
A(H3N2)	0	182 (100)	0	183 (100)	308 (99.7)	1 (0.3)		
A(H1N1)	0	190 (100)	0	190 (100)	249 (100)	0		
В	0	565 (100)	0	565 (100)	N/A	N/A		

N/A = Not applicable

The isolates tested from CPL had the following results:

Antiviral resistance by influenza virus type and subtype, Manitoba, 2011/2012							
Virus	Oseltamivir		Zanamivir		Amantadine		
type/subtype	# Resistant	# Sensitive	# Resistant # Sensitive		# Resistant	# Sensitive	
A(H3N2)	0	0	0	0	6	0	
A(H1N1)	0	2	0	2	2	0	
В	0	9	0	9	N/A	N/A	

² Strain match to recommended H3N2 component for the 2011/2012 northern hemisphere influenza vaccine.

³ Strain match to recommended H1N1 component for the 2011/2012 northern hemisphere influenza vaccine.

⁴ Strain match to recommended influenza B component for the 2011/2012 northern hemisphere influenza vaccine.

Abbreviations

ACF = acute care facility CPL = Cadham Provincial Laboratory HL-IS = Health Links – Info Santé PHAC = Public Health Agency of Canada ICU = intensive care unit ILI = influenza-like-illness LTCF = long term care facility NML = National Microbiology Laboratory PHS = Public Health Surveillance RHA = Regional Health Authority WRHA = Winnipeg Regional Health Authority

Explanatory Notes and Definitions

Cumulative data:

Cumulative data includes updates to previous weeks; due to reporting delays or amendments, the sum of weekly report totals may not add up to cumulative totals.

Data extraction date:

Manitoba-specific information contained within this update is based on data confirmed in Manitoba's PHS Unit databases on or before **April 27, 2012**, the date of data extraction.

ILI in the general population:

Acute onset of respiratory illness with fever and cough and with one or more of the following – sore throat, arthralgia, myalgia, or prostration, which is likely due to influenza. In children under 5, gastrointestinal symptoms may also be present. In patients under 5 or 65 and older, fever may not be prominent.

ILI outbreaks :

Schools: Greater than 10% absenteeism (or absenteeism that is higher (e.g. >5-10%) than expected level as determined by school or public health authority) which is likely due to ILI.

Hospitals and residential institutions: Two or more cases of ILI within a seven-day period, including at least one laboratory confirmed case.

Other settings: Two or more cases of ILI within a seven-day period, including at least one laboratory confirmed case; i.e. workplace, closed communities.

Specimen collection date:

The date the laboratory specimen is taken is used to assign cases to the appropriate week in this report.

For other Epidemiology and Surveillance reports, please view the Manitoba Health internet website: http://www.gov.mb.ca/health/publichealth/surveillance/index.html

> For national surveillance data, refer to: http://www.phac-aspc.gc.ca/fluwatch/index-eng.php