

THE RETAIL SALES TAX ACT

HUNTING AND FISHING LODGES AND OUTFITTERS

This bulletin outlines the application of retail sales tax (RST) by hunting and fishing lodge operators and by outfitters on the goods and services they provide to customers and on purchases for their own use.

Section 1 - GENERAL INFORMATION

- The following goods and services generally sold by lodge operators and outfitters are subject to RST at 7 per cent of the selling price (for more information, see Section 2):
 - The provision of short-term lodging or other similar accommodation (ex: provided for a period of less than one month)
 - Prepared meals, snack foods, carbonated beverages and other food and beverages that are not sold as grocery items. For detailed information, see Bulletin No. 029 *Food and Beverages*.
 - All-inclusive hunting and fishing packages (also see Section 3)
 - Liquor and tobacco
 - Miscellaneous rentals and supplies
- The amount of RST collectible must be shown separately on the invoice.
- Hunting and fishing lodge operators or outfitters that provide accommodation services or sell taxable goods must be registered with the Taxation Division to collect and remit RST as discussed in Section 5 of this bulletin.

Section 2 - APPLICATION OF TAX ON SALES

Accommodation • RST applies on the charges (excluding GST) for lodging and other similar accommodations that are provided for a period of less than one month. This includes accommodation provided in a permanent multi-unit structure or in cabins.

Note: Revisions to contents of previous Bulletin (July 2013 have been identified by shading ().



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	Please note: Where accommodation is provided to a guest continuous period of one month or more, the charge for the period is RST exempt.	
	Please note: Effective April 1, 2000, the provisions allowing residents of Canada an RST exemption/refund on short accommodations were repealed. While the RST must be collected all short-term accommodation, a GST exemption/refund is cur available to non-residents of Canada in specified circumstances details on the GST exemption/refund, contact a Canada Rev Agency office.	t-term ed on rently s. For
	 Providing a tent or other sleeping equipment to a guest is considered to be a taxable accommodation service. 	s not
	• Accommodations provided under some timeshare agreements qualify for the RST exemption provided on lodging let for a contir period of one month or more. If you offer timeshare lodging, conta Taxation Division for more information.	nuous
	 Movie rentals, laundry and other taxable services charged sepa on the bill for lodging are also subject to RST. However, the charge telephone services provided to guests is not taxable. In this case lodge operator is considered to be the consumer of the telep service and must pay RST on the charge from the phone company 	ge for e, the phone
Food and beverages	 The following are some examples of food and beverage sales on lodge and outfitter operators must collect RST: 	which
	 Prepared meals and beverages served on the premises Prepared lunches that will be consumed away from the lodge sandwiches and other snacks, thermos of coffee, canned d milk, etc.) Snack foods sold in gift or confectionery shops, (ex: candy chips, granola bars, sunflower seeds, nuts, ice cream proceakes, carbonated drinks) 	lrinks, bars,
	 Food and beverages that are basic grocery items and sol consumption off the vendor's premises are not subject to tax, (ex- butter, eggs and bread sold in a grocery store are common grocery items). To simplify the application of tax for businesses items that are basic groceries for GST purposes are also tax exem RST purposes. For additional information, see Bulletin No. 029 – and Beverages. 	milk, basic s, the pt for
Liquor and tobacco products	• Wine, spirits, beer, malt liquor and other alcoholic beverages serv the premises or sold for consumption elsewhere are subject to Where alcoholic beverages served are complimentary, the vent the purchaser of the beverage and is required to self-assess the on its purchase price.	RST. dor is

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	 Lodge and outfitter operators must collect the 7 per of selling price of tobacco products and remit it to the Ta Lodge and outfitter operators should purchase these exempt. 	axation Division.
	Please note: The RST is collectible on tobacco productive the applicable tobacco tax included in purchases from y	
Other taxable sales	THE FOLLOWING ARE SOME ADDITIONAL EXAMPLES OF TAXABLI ITEMS SOLD BY LODGE OPERATORS AND OUTFITTERS:	
	 Rental of boats, motors, ATVs, snowmobiles and equipment (without a guide). Taxidermy services, except when the mounted article the vendor to a location outside Manitoba. When the delivery of the article in Manitoba and claims that he/sh of-province, the vendor must collect the RST. Fishing and hunting supplies, (ex: tackle, jigs, bait, arr knives, etc.) Personal and gift shop items, (ex: adult clothing, ra photographs, stationery supplies, non-prescription Aspirin, etc.) 	e is delivered by purchaser takes e will ship it out- munition, maps, zors, souvenirs,
RST exempt sales	THE FOLLOWING ITEMS GENERALLY SOLD BY LODG AND OUTFITTERS ARE NOT SUBJECT TO RST:	E OPERATORS
	 The charge for transporting guests to or from a lodge or Guide services Provision of a boat and motor with a guide Fish and game cleaning services Fishing and hunting licences Hunting and fishing books that contain no advertising 	^r outpost camp
Section 3 - ALL IN	ICLUSIVE HUNTING AND FISHING PACKAGES	
Package contains taxable items as well as exempt items	 All-inclusive packages sold by hunting and fishing lodg outfitters usually consist of taxable accommodations an as exempt guide services and transportation (to and Lodge operators and outfitters must use one of the fo to collect the RST on the taxable portion of the pa accommodations and meals). In either method, the must be shown separately on the invoice. 	d meals, as well from the lodge). llowing methods ackage, (ex: the
	Please note: The Act requires vendors to state the R the sale price of each taxable item separately on the in to simplify the application of RST on all-inclusive Taxation Division allows lodge operators and outfitte lump-sum for the package and estimate the tax accordance with Method B (i.e., 50 per cent or 65 per c may be).	voice. However, packages, the ers to charge a able portion in

RST on actual

selling price

Method A:

Where the charges for transportation, lodging, meals and guide services are shown separately on the invoice, lodge operators and outfitters calculate the RST collectible on the actual selling price of each taxable item.

Please note: Lodge operators and outfitters who use this method must be able to show evidence that the amount charged for each item is the fair value (ex: the regular advertised price or value that is reasonable in relation to the entire package selling price). The Taxation Division may audit the records of a vendor, and if the audit reveals that the amount charged for a taxable item was less than fair value, the auditor may reassess the amount of tax payable on the invoice.

Example 1 (actual): A package selling for \$2,300 itemizes, transportation - \$450, guide service - \$700, meals - \$575 accommodation - \$575. The RST collectible is:

7% x [\$575 (meals)+ \$575 (accommodation) = \$1,150] = \$80.50.

RST on *Method B:* estimated Where the invoice for an all-inclusive package does not separate the charges for each taxable item, the lodge operators and outfitters must estimate the taxable portion of the package as follows:

- 50 per cent of the package price is taxable when transportation is included in the package.
- 65 percent of the package price is taxable when transportation is not included in the package.

Example 2 (estimate): Total package price including transportation is \$2,300. The RST collectible and shown on the invoice is: $7\% \times (50\% \times $2,300 = $1,150) = 80.50

Example 3 (estimate): Total package price excluding transportation is \$1,850. The RST collectible and shown on the invoice is: $7\% \times (65\% \times $1,850 = $1,202.50) = 84.18

• Where an outfitter purchases accommodations or meals (from a third party) and provides them to a guest in an all-inclusive package, the vendor must collect the RST as described in method A or B above. In this case, the vendor may purchase the accommodations and meals from the third party RST exempt as they are for resale.

Section 4 – TAX APPLICATION ON PURCHASES

Canoes, boats, etc. • Lodge operators and outfitters must pay the RST when purchasing recreational equipment, such as aircraft, boats, motors, ATVs, snowmobiles and repair parts/service, used in providing a guide service, transportation for guests or for personal use.

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	• Where the equipment is purchased and used solely for i (and RST is collected on the rental charge), the lod outfitter may purchase the equipment and repairs RST ex	ge operator or
	Please note: When these items are also used occasiona guide service, transportation for guests or for person purchase does not qualify as "solely for rental," and the on the full purchase price.	sonal use, the
	• Where canoes, etc., are used for rental to guests as we (guide service), the lodge operator or outfitter must pay purchasing them and , in addition , collect the RST charge.	the RST when
Other taxable goods and services purchased for own use	LODGE OPERATORS AND OUTFITTERS MUST PAY THEIR PURCHASES OR LEASE OF THE FOLLOWING GO	
	 Building material to construct lodges, offices, cabins, cam Please note: Although labour to construct buildings labour to install plumbing, heating, cooling, vacuum, elect and telecommunication systems in buildings and other subject to RST. For additional information see Bulletin 03 and Electrical Trades. Tents, sleeping bags and other camping, fishing and h that are included on part of the charge for a guide convice 	is not taxable, trical, electronic er structures is 1 – <i>Mechanical</i> unting supplies
	 that are included as part of the charge for a guide service Kitchen equipment such as stoves, refrigerators, slicers, p Dining room, bar and lounge furnishings, dishes, cutlery, Guest room furnishings, bedding, towels, soap, tissue, other supplies provided for the guests 	oots etc. stationery and
	 Laundry services purchased for linens and towels, includ guest room 	ing those in the
	 Office furniture, equipment, stationery and supplies Supplies and equipment for cleaning and maintaining (including the guest rooms), such as detergents, de bulbs, vacuum cleaners, etc. 	odorizers, light
	 Repair, maintenance and installation services of taxable kitchen equipment, vehicles, air conditioners Generators, lighting plants, satellite TV systems, roa 	-
	 equipment, etc. Telephone and cable/satellite TV services purchased for the use of the guests (See Section 2 of this bulletin, w separate charge to the guest for telephone service.) Alcoholic beverages served to guests without charge (A 2 of this bulletin.) 	here there is a
	Please note: Where taxable goods for own use are purch from a supplier who did not charge RST (ex: an supplier), the lodge operator or outfitter must self-assess RST and remit it to the Taxation Division.	out-of-province

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Exempt goods and services	LODGE OPERATORS AND OUTFITTERS MAY PUR FOLLOWING GOODS AND SERVICES TAX-EXEMPT THEIR RST NUMBER TO THE SUPPLIER:	
	 Items purchased for resale in the gift shop, souvenir sho snack bar or grocery store Liquor products purchased for resale on or off the Manitoba Liquor Control Commission may, however, colle or handling fee that should not be confused with RST.) Dining room, bar and lounge items that are used only on a meal or beverage, such as disposable place mats, or 	oremises (The ect a surcharge ce in providing
	dishes, serviettes, straws, plastic cutlery	
Section 5 - REQU	IREMENT TO BE REGISTERED	
Do lodge operators and outfitters need to be	 You are required to be registered as a "vendor" for RST p Sell prepared meals, lodging or other accommodation as part of a package, or Sell other taxable goods in the gift shop, souvenir shop 	s separately or
registered?	 Charge for equipment rentals, or Purchase goods and services from out-of-province suppersons, who have not collected the RST that you a pay. 	
	• Businesses can apply for an RST registration manitoba.ca/TAXcess. Application forms for registra available from the Taxation Division offices or Web sit bulletin. There is no charge for applying.	tion are also
Remitting the tax	• Registered vendors are required to remit the RST, wh collected and/or self-assessed on purchases, to the Taxat periodic RST returns. For detailed filing and remittance see Bulletin No. 004 - <i>Information for Vendors</i> .	ion Division on
	• RST collected in \$US currency must be converted currency and remitted to the Taxation Division.	into Canadian
	• Where you are required to self-assess RST on your p must remit it to the Taxation Division on the laid down co which includes the basic purchase price, transporta exchange and other related costs (but not GST).	ost of the item,
Proper use of the RST number	• The RST number is assigned by the Taxation Division. A their RST number to suppliers when purchasing goods an they are allowed to purchase exempt (ex: purchased for re	d services that
	Please note: An RST number does not permit a perso goods or services without paying the RST if they are for discussed in Section 4.	
Collecting tax	• The amount of RST collectible on a sale must be shown the invoice.	separately on

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	• Where RST is collectible on a sale, the vendor is de collected it. Vendors who do not collect the applicable R are nevertheless required to remit it to the Taxation Division	not collect the applicable RST as required	
	• Where a vendor has charged or invoiced a purchaser for must include it with the remittance for that month even if a not yet been collected from the purchaser.		
Change of business status	 RST numbers are not transferable. The Taxation Divnotified immediately when: The name of the business changes. The address or phone number of the business change The business ceases to operate. The business is sold. 		

FURTHER INFORMATION

This bulletin is intended as a guideline and is not all-inclusive. For the specific wording of the law, please refer to The Retail Sales Tax Act and Regulation. Further information may be obtained from:

Winnipeg Office Manitoba Finance Taxation Division 101 – 401 York Avenue Winnipeg, Manitoba R3C 0P8 Telephone (204) 945-5603 Manitoba Toll Free 1-800-782-0318 Fax (204) 948-2087 Westman Regional Office Manitoba Finance Taxation Division 314, 340 – 9th Street Brandon Manitoba R7A 6C2 Fax (204) 726-6763

E-mail: MBTax@gov.mb.ca

ONLINE SERVICES

Our Web site at <u>manitoba.ca/finance/taxation</u> provides tax forms and publications about taxes administered by Taxation Division, and a link to Manitoba's laws and regulations. Forms and publications can also be obtained by contacting the Taxation Division.

Our online service at <u>manitoba.ca/TAXcess</u> provides a simple, secure way to apply for, and to file, pay and view your Taxation Division tax accounts.