

58deg07'59.758"N-84deg08'02.963"W

LIC. APP. July 24/74

HUDSON'S BAY AREA

300N585810084000

PIX DEL. Sept 30/76

AQUITAINE COMPANY OF CANADA		FTD. 4341' Precamb	CO-ORD.	K.B. RT 77'
AQUITAINE ET AL NARWHAL SOUTH		PBTD.	CORES 1837-1867 R 29'	GR. WD 530'
0-58		I.P.		
SPUD. AUG 4/74	30-672-470			
R/R SEPT 1/74	20-1093-1670		PERFS.	
COMP.	13 3/8-1737-2550			
STATUS PLUGGED & ABANDONED		NET PAY		
FORMATION	TOP	SUBSEA	TOP	PROD. Z.

HUDSON FORM	665	-588		
M DEV RED BEDS	1220	-1143		
LO SIL	1500	-1423		
SIL EKWAN R	1780	-1703		
SEVERN RIVER	2550	-2473		
UPPER ORDOV	3285	-3208		
CHURCHILL RIVER	3608	-3531		
BAD CACHE	3980	-3903		
PRECAMB	4277	-4200		
TD	4341	-4264		

NO DRILLSTEM TESTS RUN.

\*Vicinity: 304 miles southeast of Churchill, Manitoba.

WELL COMPLETED

LOGS CNL, DILL, FDC, HDT, CLCGR CONTRACTOR Pentagone 82

EST. T.D.—

RIGHTS— EMR#132

COMPANY Aquitaine Company of Canada Ltd.

LIC. EMR 132

300 0 58 58 10 084 00 0

CLASS New Field Wildcat

GRID: 58°10' N 84°00' W, UNIT 0 SEC 58

CONT. Pentagone #82 PROV. HB OFFSHORE

WELL Aquitaine et al Narwhal South 0-58

LOGS DIL, FDC-CNL, SLC-GR, HDT

COORD. Lat 58°07'59.758" N. Long 84°08'02.963" W.

ISSUED September 22/76

FORMATIONS	LOG	S/S	WD 503'	RT 77'	COMP.
Sea Floor/Quaternary	580	KB			SPUD Aug 4/74 R Sep 1/74 Sep 1/74
Pennsylvanian					T.D. 4341' 30 x 672 c-470
Hudson Formation	665	- 588			IN Pre-Camb. 20 x 1093 c-1670
Mid Devonian					P.B. 13 3/8 x 1737 c-2550
Kenogami Red Beds	1220	-1143			T.V.D.
Silurian Lower					STATUS DRY AND ABANDONED ZONE
Kenogami	1500	-1423			I.P.
Silurian Ekwan Rvr	1780	-1703			
✓ Silurian Severn Rvr	2550	-2473			
✓ Upper Ordovician					CORES: 1837-1867 Rec 29'
Red Head River	3285	-3208			
✓ Upper Ordovician					PERFS: Abandoned, not perforated
Churchill River	3608	-3531			No oil or gas shows
Bad Cache	3980	-3903			
Pre-Cambrian	4277	-4200			

DRILLSTEM TESTS:

NO DRILLSTEM TESTS RUN

STATUS HISTORY

D M Y

DEPT	DATE	BY	INITIALS
FEB 11 1977			
PETROLEUM BRANCH			



MICROFILMED

TO .....

HERE .....

*June/1979.*

## 1. INTRODUCTION

### 1.1 Summary

The Narwhal South O-58 well was drilled in the Hudson Bay between August 4, 1974 and September 1, 1974. The Operator was Aquitaine Company of Canada Ltd., based in Calgary, acting on behalf of the "Hudson Bay Group", which was comprised of:

- Aquitaine Company of Canada Ltd.
- Atlantic Richfield Canada Ltd.
- Elf Oil Exploration and Production (Canada) Ltd.
- Petrofina Canada Ltd.
- Shell Canada Ltd.
- Sogepet Ltd.

The selected drilling unit was the semi-submersible "Pentagone 82" (P-82), owned and operated by Sea and Land Drilling Contractors Inc., a subsidiary of the Forex-Neptune group.

The P-82 was towed from the North Sea to Cape Chidley (64°W - 61°N) by the "Oceanic" tug, between June 13th and July 10, 1974. On July 10, 1974, the tow was resumed with two Tidewater tug supply vessels from Cape Chidley to the Narwhal South O-58 wellsite. Details of the last leg of this tow are given in a separate report, namely, "Towing of the P-82 Through the Hudson Bay".

### Purpose

The purpose of this wildcat was to evaluate the entire Paleozoic section, in the eastern part of the Hudson Bay Basin. A general high area had been mapped by the various seismic refraction surveys carried out since 1968 and was confirmed by the seismic reflection shot in 1973. The uneven surface of the upper Silurian marker was interpreted as reefal build-up(s) of the Attawapiskat member. In addition, secondary reservoirs were expected deeper, including basal clastics resting on the basement.

### Summary of Drilling Operations

Two joints of 30" conductor pipe were set after drilling a 36" hole, to cover the upper part of the glacial drift.

A 20" conductor casing was then set at 1,093', in order to have a BOP assembly and riser installed before drilling a possible Calcium Chloride water bearing formation. Effectively, some gains of calcium chloride water were met at 1,335'.

A 13-3/8" surface casing was set at 1,739' to cover the above formation, just before entering the Attawapiskat formation.

Drilling of a 12-1/4" hole was resumed to T.D. (4,341') with no further casing set, due to the lack of significant reservoir.

#### Results

The lateral equivalent of the Attawapiskat consists of supertidal, laminated algal limestone, with no porosity. The significant reservoirs were encountered at deeper levels. In particular, the inferred basal clastics were restricted to a 15 foot layer.

No gas or oil shows were encountered.

The well was plugged and abandoned, the P-82 proceeded to the next operation, which was plugging the "Aquitaine et al Walrus A-71" well, temporarily abandoned in 1969.

2. GENERAL DATA

- 2.1 Well Name and Number: Aquit et al Narwhal South O-58
- 2.2 Drilling Unit: Pentagone 82 (P-82) Semi-submersible type.  
Marathon - Letourneau shipyard, Brownsville, Texas  
(Summer 1971 to Fall 1973)  
Lloyd's Class + 100 A1 (The unit is ice reinforced but no ice  
classification is available for this type of vessel.)
- 2.3 Operator: Aquitaine Company of Canada Ltd.  
540 - 5th Avenue S.W.  
CALGARY, Alberta  
T2P 0M4
- 2.4 Permittees: Aquitaine Company of Canada Ltd.  
Atlantic Richfield Canada Ltd.  
Elf Oil Exploration and Production Canada Ltd.  
Petrofina Canada Ltd.  
Sogepet Limited
- 2.5 Drilling Contractor: Sea and Land Drilling Contractors, Inc.  
(Incorporated in Panama)  
8, Aquilino de la Guardia, PANAMA, R.P.  
  
Sea and Land Drilling Contractors  
Forex Neptune  
Caledon Road, Eastern Wharf  
DUNDEE DD1 3LW, Scotland.  
Telephone: (0382) 453910  
Telex: 76455 - PETROBASE
- 2.6 Permit Number: W1318
- 2.7 Drilling Authority: EMR Number: 132  
Date Issued: July 24, 1974
- 2.8 Well Location: Hudson Bay  
Latitude: 58°07'59.758"N  
Longitude: 84°08'02.963"W  
  
Location determined by means of a Decca Lambda "Cesium" system.

- 2.9 Elevations: R.T./K.B. to Sea Level: 77'  
Water Depth: 503'
- 2.10 Total Depth: 4,341'
- 2.11 Spudded: August 4, 1974, at 4:15 a.m.
- 2.12 Drilling Completed: August 28, 1974, at 3:00 p.m.
- 2.13 Well Abandoned: September 1, 1974, at 2:00 a.m.
- 2.14 Rig Released: P-82 under tow to WALRUS A-71 location  
September 1, 1974, at 1:30 p.m.
- 2.15 Well Status: Plugged and Abandoned
- 2.16 Well Classification: New Field - Wildcat
- 2.17 Support Equipment:

Two Tug Supply Vessels:

Names: M/V Supreme Tide and M/V Giant Tide  
Owner: Tidewater Marine Service, Inc.  
Built: Hatco Verksted A/S shipyard - Ulsteinvick, Norway  
(Delivered in May 1974)  
Classification: Navigation: ABS A1(E) + AMS Towing unrestricted  
Ice: ABS Class "C" (1971 rules)

One Supply Vessel:

Name: M/V Federal 6  
Owner: Federal Offshore Services Ltd.  
Built: Star Shipyard  
New Westminster, B.C., Canada (1972)  
Classification: Navigation: ABS Ocean going A1(E)  
Ice: ABS Class "A"

One Helicopter:

Type: Bell 212 IFR Model  
Owner: Dominion Pegasus Helicopters Ltd.  
Classification: Licensed for commercial night and instrument flying.

2. DRILLING TICKET  
CUTTING DESCRIPTION



RIG	CO-ORDINATES	TIMING	CASING	LOGS
Pentagone 82	X = 58° 07' 56.28" Y = 84° 08' 16.78" Z KB - 77 A.M.S.L.	Commenced : Aug. 4, /74 Temporary Halt = Resumption of Drilling = Temporary Halt = Resumption of Drilling = Completed : Aug 28 /74	φ 30" at 672' φ 20" at 1093' φ 13 3/8" at 1737' φ at φ at	DIL 1088-4340 FDC - CNL - GR 500-4340 BHCS - GR 1088-4340 HDT 1750-4340
GEOLOGIST B. Tillement A. Pochitaloff	Hudson Bay			
Brought up to date on November 1974	PROVINCE Federal waters			

AGE	Formation	SCALE 1" = 500 or 1/6,000	LOG	CORE	DIP	Porosity		SHOW-TEST	GAIN AND LOSS	LITHOLOGY
						TYPE	GRADE			
		500								water
		580								no samples
		1000								
		1112						Partial loss	1112	
		1500						90bbbls gain 5bbbls/h	1500	Siltstone, mudstone, reddish, greenish, slightly dolo. - local fine grained ss - gypsum
		1780							1780	- Shaly dolomite, light grey - halite and anhydrite
		2000							2000	Limest., coarse, arenitic, laminated, algal, vuggy. Voids filled by salt and anhyd. Limest. brown, tight, hard Thin salt stringers
		2500							2550	
		2550							2550	Limestone, light grey, brown, cryptox to microx, hard, tight
		3000							3000	Anhydrite interbed. with dolo. limestone
		3285							3285	Limestone, buff, local oolitic, microx, local porous Limestone, buff, cream, brown, microx. tight
		3500							3285	Halite Limestone Dolo. limestone, local argillaceous
		3608							3608	Anhydrite Limestone, buff, brown, microx, tight
		3980							3980	
		4000							4000	Limestone, buff, brown, white, microx. to cryptox, hard, tight
		4262							4262	clean sand
		4277							4277	granite
		4500							4500	

AGE: PRECAMBRIAN, UPPER ORDOVICIC, SILURIAN, SEVERN, EKWAN, LOWER KENOZOIC, MID DEVON., ?

FORMATION: Basal Clastics, Bad Cache, CHURCHILL READ HEAD, SEVERN, EKWAN, LOWER KENOZOIC, MID DEVON., ?

LOG: T.D. 4341'

CORE: 1837, 1867, C.W. 100%, Rec.

DIP: flat lay

Porosity: inter crystall - micro vugs, no significant porous interval

SHOW-TEST: E, N, O, Z

GAIN AND LOSS: max. 439 g/l of Cl<sub>2</sub>Co

LITHOLOGY: water, no samples, Siltstone, mudstone, reddish, greenish, slightly dolo. - local fine grained ss - gypsum, Shaly dolomite, light grey - halite and anhydrite, Limest., coarse, arenitic, laminated, algal, vuggy. Voids filled by salt and anhyd. Limest. brown, tight, hard Thin salt stringers, Limestone, light grey, brown, cryptox to microx, hard, tight, Anhydrite interbed. with dolo. limestone, Limestone, buff, local oolitic, microx, local porous Limestone, buff, cream, brown, microx. tight, Halite Limestone Dolo. limestone, local argillaceous Anhydrite Limestone, buff, brown, microx, tight, Limestone, buff, brown, white, microx. to cryptox, hard, tight, clean sand, granite

NARWHAL SOUTH #1

GEOLOGICAL SAMPLE DESCRIPTION

Sheet No. 1

From	To	Core C Ditch D	No. of Ft. Porous	No. of Ft. Non-Porous	Showings O.G.W.	
1125	1130		5			70% Reddish, rarely greyish siltstone to very fine grained ss, to soft mudstone 20% Cryptox, Whitish to light grey limestone 10% Cement
1130	1135		5			As above plus white, soft gypsum
1135	1140		5			30% Reddish to greyish siltstone to mudstone as above slightly dolomitic 10% Whitish to light grey cryptox limestone 60% Cement
1140	1145		5			60% Siltstone and mudstone as above 10% cryptox limestone as above 30% Cement
1145	1150		5			As above
1150	1155		5			90% Variegated reddish and greyish mudstone to siltstone dark grey anhydrite 10% cement No more limestone
1155	1160		5			100% Variegated siltstone as above
1160	1165		5			100% Mostly reddish, to grey-greenish sometimes variegated siltstone (Slightly dolomitic)
1165	1170		5			100% Reddish to grey-greenish siltstone to very fine grained ss, slightly dolomitic (25%)
1170	1175		5			100% Reddish to light grey micaceous fine grained ss, locally conglomeratic (Slightly dolomitic)
1175	1180		5			100% Reddish to light grey siltstone and mudstone, locally with fine sands, slightly dolomitic plus cement
1180	1185		5			20% Red-grey siltstone as above 80% grey cryptocrystalline, silty dolomite to dolomitic siltstone

SAMPLES NOT LAGGED

SAMPLES LAGGED AT 8 INCHES MIN.

(Delete as Appropriate)

NARWHAL SOUTH #1

GEOLOGICAL SAMPLE DESCRIPTION

Sheet No. 2

From	To	Core C Ditch D	No. of Ft. Porous	No. of Ft. Non-Porous	Showings O.G.W.	GEOLOGICAL SAMPLE DESCRIPTION
1185	1190			5		as above
1190	1195			5	70% 20%	Red-grey siltstone as above grey, cryptox, silty dolomite
						----- Tripping out at 1196 to change bit

SAMPLES NOT LAGGED

SAMPLES LAGGED AT ..... FT. PER MIN.

(Delete as Appropriate)

CONFIDENTIAL

GEOLOGICAL SAMPLE DESCRIPTION

Sheet No. 3

**CONFIDENTIAL**

From	To	Core C Ditch D	No. of Ft. Porous	No. of Ft. Non-Porous	Showings O.G.W.	
1,195	1,200			5		95% reddish to green-greyish slightly dolo siltstone to fine grained ss. 5% white gypsum
1,200	1,205			5		95% as above 5% as above
1,205	1,210			5		95% as above 5% as above
1,210	1,215			5		100% Mostly reddish to green-greyish siltstone to mudstone dolomitic (47%), no more gypsum
1,215	1,220			5		100% Half-half reddish and light greyish very dolomitic siltstone & gypsum (soft and white)
1,220	1,225			5		100% Mostly reddish, soft, shaly and slightly dolomitic siltstone to very fine grained ss. & gypsum
1,225	1,230					90% as above 10% white, soft gypsum
1,230	1,235					95% as above 5% as above
1,235	1,240					95% as above 5% as above

SAMPLES NOT LAGGED

SAMPLES LAGGED AT ..... FT. PER MIN.

(Delete as Appropriate)

August 10, 1974

GEOLOGICAL SAMPLE DESCRIPTION

Sheet No. 4

10:00 p.m.

**CONFIDENTIAL**

From	To	Core C Ditch D	No. of Ft. Porous	No. of Ft. Non-Porous	Showings O.G.W.	
1,245	1,250		5			90% reddish siltstone a/a (to greenish) 10% white soft gypsum
1,250	1,255		5			100% reddish to green-greyish slightly dolomitic siltstone to very fine grained ss. Locally rich in heavy minerals and micas & gypsum
1,255	1,260		5			as above Heavy minerals mostly in light grey intercalations
1,260	1,265		5			as above
1,265	1,270		5			as above
1,270	1,275		5			as above
1,275	1,280		5			as above
1,280	1,285		5			as above, but the colour is mainly green-greyish to blue-greyish
1,285	1,290		5			as above
1,290	1,300		5			Reddish to greenish... as above
1,300	1,310					as above Mainly siltstone and mudstone.
1,310	1,320					as above
1,320	1,330					as above
1,330	1,340					as above with 5% Gypsum, white soft

SAMPLES NOT LAGGED

SAMPLES LAGGED AT ..... FT. PER MIN.

(Delete as Appropriate)

August 11, 1974

GEOLOGICAL SAMPLE DESCRIPTION

Sheet No. 5

early morning

**CONFIDENTIAL**

From	To	Core C Ditch D	No. of Ft. Porous	No. of Ft. Non-Porous	Showings O.G.W.	
1,340	1,350					100% reddish brown and greenish grey siltstone to vf sandstone. (Minor mudstone) v. sl dolomitic, locally micaceous, & Gypsum, soft, white
1,350	1,360					as above, sl incr in very fine sandstone, reddish brown, friable, subangular - subrounded grains, moderate to well sorted, lt brn grains, argillaceous
1,360	1,370					as above, 70% siltstone to 20% vf sandstone 10% gypsum, white, soft
1,370	1,380					as above but only trace gypsum
1,380	1,390					as above with 10% sandstone. Abundant loose sd grains vf - silt size in sample
1,390	1,400					as above
1,400	1,410					reddish to greenish siltstone and mudstone with good trace very fine sandstone. Small trace gypsum
1,410	1,420					as above becoming slight to moderately dolomitic, locally very dolomitic
1,420	1,430					reddish to greenish siltstone and increasing mudstone (50%) as above. Occ gyp.
1,430	1,440					90% mostly reddish siltstone 10% grey dolomitic shaly siltstone & gypsum (36% dolo)
1,440	1,450					100% reddish to greyish dolomitic shaly siltstone to very fine grained ss.
1,450	1,460					Mostly reddish
1,460	1,470					70% reddish, a/a 30% light grey shaly dolomitic siltstone

SAMPLES NOT LAGGED

SAMPLES LAGGED AT ..... FT. PER MIN.

(Delete as Appropriate)

August 11, 1974

GEOLOGICAL SAMPLE DESCRIPTION

Sheet No. 6

**CONFIDENTIAL**

From	To	Core C Ditch D	No. of Ft. Porous	No. of Ft. Non-Porous	Showings O.G.W.	Description
1,470	1,480					Red to grey siltstone to claystone to very fine ss., dolomitic
1,480	1,490					as above
1,490	1,500					as above, but the grey fraction is more dolomitic
1,500	1,505					70% reddish to greenish as above 20% shaly cryptox, grey dolomite 10% gypsum
1,505	1,510					as above
1,510	1,520					10% reddish, as above 90% whitish to light grey shaly cryptox dolomite & gypsum
1,520	1,525					as above
_____ change of bit _____						
1,525	1,530					5% reddish siltstone (cavings?) & gypsum 95% light grey to beige argillaceous cryptox dolomite
1,530	1,535					100% light grey to beige argillaceous cryptox, dolo

SAMPLES NOT LAGGED

SAMPLES LAGGED AT ..... FT. PER MIN.

(Delete as Appropriate)

August 11, 1974

GEOLOGICAL SAMPLE DESCRIPTION

Sheet No. 7

evening

**CONFIDENTIAL**

From	To	Core C Ditch D	No. of Ft. Porous	No. of Ft. Non-Porous	Showings O.G.W.	
1,535	1,540			5		as above & anhydrite
1,540	1,545			5		100% as above
1,545	1,550			5		as above & gypsum, anhydrite
1,550	1,555			5		100% as above
1,555	1,560			5		100% as above & gypsum
1,560	1,565			5		95% as above 5% white gypsum
1,565	1,570			5		anhydrite & as above
1,570	1,575			5		50% grey cryptox argillaceous dolo
			2	3		50% buff cryptox to calcarenitic limestone
1,575	1,580		1	4		70% grey to buff cryptocris, argill. dolo 30% buff cryptox to calear and/or succronic lims, slightly porous
1,580	1,590		2	8		85% dolo, as above 15% lims, as above
1,590	1,600			10		85% dolo, as above 15% lims, tight. No more calcarenite
1,600	1,610			10		90% dolo, as above 10% lims, as above, tight Anhydrite, blueish

SAMPLES NOT LAGGED

SAMPLES LAGGED AT ..... FT. PER MIN.

(Delete as Appropriate)



August 11, 1974

Sheet No. 8

GEOLOGICAL SAMPLE DESCRIPTION

11:00 p.m.

**CONFIDENTIAL**

From	To	Core C Dirch D	No. of Ft. Porous	No. of Ft. Non-Porous	Showings O.G.W.	
1,610	1,620			10		30% dolo, as above, buff to grey 15% lins, as above, (tight) 50% bluish anhydrite 5% whitish gypsum
1,620	1,630		1	9		20% dolo, as above 40% lins, buff, cryptox to calcarenitic, slightly porous 35% bluish anhydrite 5% gypsum
1,630	1,640			10		70% light grey argillaceous dolomite 30% buff cryptox tight limestone anhydrite and gypsum
1,640	1,650			10		60% buff to light grey argil. dolo 40% lins, as above
1,650	1,660			10		65% dolo, as above 35% lins, as above, rarely calcarenitic
1,660	1,670			10		50% dolo, as above 45% lins, as above 5% anhydrite
1,670	1,680			10		60% mostly light grey, locally tan, argellaceous cryptox dolo. 40% buff, cryptox, tight limestone

SAMPLES NOT LAGGED

SAMPLES LAGGED AT ..... FT. PER MIN.

(Delete as Appropriate)

August 11, 1974

GEOLOGICAL SAMPLE DESCRIPTION

Sheet No. 9

CONFIDENTIAL

From	To	Core C Ditch D	No. of Ft. Porous	No. of Ft. Non-Porous	Showings O.G.W.	
1,680	1,685			5		60% light grey to buff argill. dolo. 30% buff cryptox lms, locally fragmental to pelletoidal
1,685	1,690			5		10% anhydrite and gypsum as above
1,690	1,695			5		75% dolo, as above 20% lms, cryptox to fragmental, as above 5% anhy. and gypsum
1,695	1,700			5		65% dolo, as above 20% lms, as above 15% anhydrite and gypsum
1,700	1,705			5		60% grey dolo, argillaceous 10% grey dolomitic shale 10% buff homogeneous, cryptox, tight lms 10% buff, fragmental to bioclastic, locally slightly porous lms. 10% bluish anhydrite & gypsum
						Midnight! Logging, running casing 13 3/8"

SAMPLES NOT LAGGED

SAMPLES LAGGED AT ..... FT. PER MIN.

(Delete as Appropriate)

					GEOLOGICAL SAMPLE DESCRIPTION	Sheet No. <u>10</u>
From	To	Core C Ditch D	No. of Ft. Porous	No. of Ft. Non-Porous	Showings O.G.W.	
1,710	1,715			5		50% Dolomite, light buff, argillaceous, hard, massive, microcr. 30% Limest. white to buff, cryptocr. locally calcarenitic and slightly vuggy 20% Anhydrite and gypsum
1,715	1,720			5		60% Dolomite a/a 20% Limestone a/a 20% Anhydrite
1,720	1,725			5		70% Dolomite a/a 20% Limestone a/a 10% Anhydrite
1,725	1,730			5		60% Dolomite a/a 10% Limestone a/a 30% Anhydrite
1,730	1,735			5		50% Dolomite a/a 10% Limestone 40% Anhydrite a/a
1,735	1,740			5		50% Dolomite a/a 20% Limestone a/a 30% Anhydrite
1,740	1,745					60% Limestone, buff, cryptocr. to microcr. 20% Dolomite a/a, occasion. vuggy or intergran porosity (5%) 20% Anhydrite
1,745	1,750					60% Limestone a/a 10% Anhydrite 30% Dolomite a/a
1,750	1,755					60% Limestone a/a 30% Dolomite 10% Anhydrite a/a
1,755	1,765					90% Dolomite, buff to light brown, microcr. tight 10% Anhydrite
1,765	1,775					70% Dolomite 30% Anhydrite
1,775	1,780					80% Limest. buff to light brown, microcr. occasionally porous 20% Dolomite, buff, microcr. tight

SAMPLES NOT LAGGED

SAMPLES LAGGED AT ..... FT. PER MIN.

(Delete as Appropriate)

					GEOLOGICAL SAMPLE DESCRIPTION	Sheet No. <u>11</u>
From	To	Core C Ditch D	No. of Ft. Porous	No. of Ft. Non-Porous	Showings O.G.W.	
1,780	1,790					90% Limest. light brown, microcr. algal, tight 10% Dolomite a/a
1,790	1,795					As above.
1,795	1,800					100% Limest., light brown, microcr., tight, occas. porous
1,800	1,810			3		Limest., light brown, reefal w/stromat, granular, coarse Porosity to 30%
1,810	1,820			6		40% Limest., white to buff, microcr. occas. porous 60% Limest., brown, reefal w/stromat, granular and coarse
1,820	1,825			3		50% Limest., white, a/a 50% Limest., brown, a/a
1,825	1,830			3		30% Limest., white, a/a 70% Limest., brown, a/a
						CORE NO. 1 1,837 - 1,867 Rec. 100%
1,870	1,875					Limest., dark buff, microcr., tight, occas. porous
1,875	1,880					Limestone a/a
1,880	1,890					Limestone a/a
1,890	1,895					Limestone, white, microcr., occas. porous, (traces)
1,895	1,900					60% Limest., white, a/a 40% Limest., dark buff, a/a
1,900	1,905			3		80% Limest., buff, microcr. 20% Limest., dark buff, microcr. tight
1,905	1,910					50% Limest., white to buff, occas. porous 50% Limest., dark brown, tight
1,910	1,915					90% Limest., white to buff, a/a 10% Limest., dark brown, a/a
1,915	1,920					90% Limest., white to buff, a/a 10% Limest., dark brown, a/a
1,920	1,925			3		80% Limest., white to buff, occas. very porous (30%) 20% Limest., dark brown, a/a
1,925	1,930			2		60% Limest., white to buff, a/a 40% Limest., dark brown, a/a

SAMPLES NOT LAGGED

SAMPLES LAGGED AT ..... FT. PER MIN.

(Delete as Appropriate)

GEOLOGICAL SAMPLE DESCRIPTION

From	To	Core C Ditch D	No. of Ft. Porous	No. of Ft. Non-Porous	Showings O.G.W.	
1,930	1,935					30% Limest., white to buff, a/a 70% Limest., dark brown, a/a
1,935	1,940		1			30% Limest., white to buff, a/a 70% Limest., dark brown, a/a
1,940	1,945					40% Limest., white to buff, a/a 60% Limest., dark brown, a/a
1,945	1,950					70% Limest., buff to white, microcr., mostly tight with rare vuggy porosity
1,950	1,955		2			30% Limest., brown, micro- to cryptocr. tight 50% Limest., buff, a/a, porosity around 5% 50% Limest., brown, a/a
1,955	1,960		2			70% Limest., buff, a/a, porosity up to 10% 30% Limest., buff, a/a
1,960	1,965					80% Limest., buff to white, microcr. with rare porosity 20% Limest., brown, tight
1,965	1,970					80% Limest., buff, a/a 20% Limest., brown, a/a
1,970	1,975					80% Limest., buff, a/a 20% Limest., brown, a/a
1,975	1,980					70% Limest., buff, a/a 30% Limest., brown, a/a
1,980	1,985					50% Limest., buff, a/a 50% Limest., brown, a/a
1,985	1,990					40% Limest. buff, a/a 60% Limest., brown, a/a
1,990	1,995					20% Limest., buff, a/a 80% Limest., brown, a/a
1,995	2,005					30% Limest., buff, a/a 70% Limest., brown, a/a
2,005	2,010					40% Limest., buff, a/a 60% Limest., brown, a/a

SAMPLES NOT LAGGED

SAMPLES LAGGED AT ..... FT. PER MIN.

(Delete as Appropriate)

GEOLOGICAL SAMPLE DESCRIPTION

Sheet No. 13

From	To	Core C Ditch D	No. of Ft. Porous	No. of Ft. Non-Porous	Showings O.G.W.	
2,010	2,015					60% Limest., buff, a/a 40% Limest., brown, a/a
2,015	2,020					Limest., white, very pure, microcr. hard, some corals. Occas. buff fragments. Calcite with vugs and bioclasts
2,020	2,025					a/a
2,025	2,030					a/a
2,030	2,035					a/a
2,035	2,040					60% Limest., white, a/a 40% Limest., brown, bioclastic and vuggy. Porous to 5%
2,040	2,045		3			60% Limest., white, a/a 40% Limest., brown a/a. Porosity to 25%
2,045	2,050					80% Limest., white a/a 20% Limest., brown a/a, rare porosity
2,050	2,055					60% Limest., white a/a 40% Limest., brown a/a
2,055	2,060					20% Limest., white a/a 80% Limest., brown a/a
2,060	2,065					50% Limest., white, a/a, trace calcite 50% Limest., brown, a/a, rare pyrite
2,065	2,070					70% Limest., white, a/a 30% Limest., brown, a/a, trace calcite
2,070	2,075					70% Limest., white to buff, microcr. cherty, very hard, local bioclastic 30% Limest., brown a/a Calcite
2,075	2,080					70% Limest., white, microcr. to cryptocr., non porous, occasion. bioclastic 30% Limest., brown, microcr. very hard, tight Calcite, translucent
2,080	2,085					60% Limest., white a/a 40% Limest. brown a/a Coral fauna; no porosity

SAMPLES NOT LAGGED.

SAMPLES LAGGED AT ..... FT. PER MIN.

(Delete as Appropriate)

From	To	Core C Ditch D	No. of Ft. Porous	No. of Ft. Non-Porous	Showings O.G.W.	GEOLOGICAL SAMPLE DESCRIPTION
2,085	2,090					-----do-----
2,090	2,095					-----do-----
2,095	2,100					90% Limest., white a/a 10% Limest., brown a/a
2,100	2,105					-----do-----
2,105	2,110					-----do----- Abundant fauna
2,110	2,115					-----do-----
2,115	2,120					100% Limest., white, a/a Coral fauna
2,120	2,125					-----do-----
2,125	2,130					-----do-----
2,130	2,135					-----do-----
2,135	2,140					-----do-----
2,140	2,145					-----do-----
2,145	2,150					70% Limest., white, very pure, moder. hard, microcr. no porosity 30% Limest., brown, microcr. hard, non porous Calcite
2,150	2,155					-----do-----
2,155	2,160					-----do-----
2,160	2,165					90% Limest., white, a/a 10% Limest., brown, a/a
2,165	2,170					-----do-----
2,170	2,175					-----do-----
2,175	2,180					100% Limest., white, a/a
2,180	2,185					-----do-----
2,185	2,190					-----do-----
2,190	2,195					-----do-----
2,195	2,200					80% Limest., white, a/a, no porosity 20% Limest., brown, a/a
2,200	2,205					-----do-----
2,205	2,210					60% Limest., white, a/a 40% Limest., brown, a/a

SAMPLES NOT LAGGED

SAMPLES LAGGED AT ..... FT. PER MIN.

(Delete as Appropriate)

					GEOLOGICAL SAMPLE DESCRIPTION		Sheet No. <u>15</u>
From	To	Core C Ditch D	No. of Ft. Porous	No. of Ft. Non-Porous	Showings O.G.W.		
2,210	2,215					-----do-----	
2,215	2,220					-----do-----	
2,220	2,225					-----do-----	
2,225	2,230					-----do-----	
2,230	2,235					75% Limest., white, very pure, microcr., non porous 25% Limest., brown, traces of porosity Corals	
2,235	2,240					-----do-----	
2,240	2,245					-----do-----	
2,245	2,250					-----do-----	
2,250	2,255					-----do-----	
2,255	2,260					-----do-----	
2,260	2,265					-----do-----	
2,265	2,270					-----do-----	
2,270	2,275					-----do-----	
2,275	2,280					90% Limest. white, a/a 10% Limest., brown, a/a Corals	
2,280	2,285					-----do-----	
2,285	2,290					-----do-----	
2,290	2,295					-----do-----	
2,295	2,300					-----do----- slight porosity	
2,300	2,305					-----do----- slight porosity	
2,305	2,310					-----do----- no porosity	
2,310	2,315					70% Limestone., shite, very pure, predomin. microcr., locally transluc., occasion. buff and cherty. Traces of calcilutite. Rare corals. 30% Limest., brown, a/a	
2,315	2,320					-----do-----	
2,320	2,325					-----do-----	
2,325	2,330					-----do-----	
2,330	2,335					-----do-----	

SAMPLES NOT LAGGED  
 SAMPLES LAGGED AT ..... FT. PER MIN.  
 (Delete as Appropriate)



GEOLOGICAL SAMPLE DESCRIPTION

From	To	Core C Ditch D	No. of Ft. Porous	No. of Ft. Non-Porous	Showings O.G.W.	
2,335	2,340					-----do-----
2,340	2,345					80% Limest., white, a/a 20% Limest., brown, a/a
2,345	2,350					-----do-----
2,350	2,355					-----do-----
2,355	2,360					90% Limest., white, a/a 10% Limest., brown, a/a
2,360	2,365					80% Limest., white, a/a 20% Limest., brown, a/a Traces of porosity. Corals
2,365	2,370					-----do-----
2,370	2,380					-----do-----
2,380	2,390					-----do-----
2,390	2,395					70% Limest., white, a/a 30% Limest., brown, a/a
2,395	2,400					60% Limest., white, a/a 40% Limest., brown, a/a
2,400	2,410					-----do-----
2,410	2,415					70% Limest., white, a/a 30% Limest., brown, a/a
2,415	2,420					80% Limest., white, a/a 20% Limest., brown, a/a
2,420	2,430					60% Limest., white, a/a 40% Limest., brown, a/a
2,430	2,435					70% Limest., white, a/a 30% Limest., brown, a/a
2,435	2,440					80% Limest., white, some rhombs of calcite, local vugs. Rare corals. No primary porosity
2,440	2,450					20% Limest., brown to dark buff, microcr., tight 60% Limest., white, a/a 40% Limest., brown, a/a
2,450	2,455					Pyrite

SAMPLES NOT LAGGED  
 SAMPLES LAGGED AT ..... FT. PER MIN.  
 (Delete as Appropriate)

					GEOLOGICAL SAMPLE DESCRIPTION	Sheet No. 17
From	To	Core C. Ditch D	No. of Fr. Porous	No. of Fr. Non-Porous	Showings O.G.W.	
2,450	2,460					60% Limest., white, a/a 40% Limest., brown, a/a Some grey, cryptocr. limestone
2,460	2,470					50% Limest., white, a/a 50% Limest., brown, a/a
2,470	2,480					-----do-----
2,480	2,490					-----do-----
2,490	2,500					60% Limest., white, a/a 40% Limest., brown to dark buff, a/a
2,500	2,510					65% Limest., white, a/a 35% Limest., brown to dark buff, a/a
2,510	2,520					60% Limest., white, a/a 40% Limest., brown to dark buff, a/a
2,520	2,530					-----do-----
2,530	2,540					50% Limest., white, a/a 50% Limest., brown, a/a
2,540	2,545					60% Limest., white, a/a Traces of light grey limest., tight, hard
2,545	2,550					50% Limest., white to buff, microcr. tight 50% Limest., grey, microcr., tight, hard
2,550	2,555					20% Limest., white, a/a 80% Limest., grey, a/a Corals
2,555	2,560					20% Limest., white 80% Limest., grey/buff, very hard, microcr. glauconitic, porous, fractures, tight
2,560	2,565					40% Limest., grey, glauconitic traces of pyrite 40% Limest., dark grey to brown, thinly banded, microcr., hard 20% Limest., dark brown, soft, argillaceous
2,565	2,570					20% Limest., grey, a/a 60% Limest., dark brown banded 20% Limest., brown argillaceous

SAMPLES NOT LAGGED

SAMPLES LAGGED AT ..... FT. PER MIN.

(Delete as Appropriate)

From	To	Core C Ditch D	No. of Ft. Porous	No. of Ft. Non-Porous	Showings O.G.W.	GEOLOGICAL SAMPLE DESCRIPTION
2,570	2,575					40% Limest., grey/buff 50% Limest., dark brown, locally banded 10% Limest., brown, argillaceous
2,575	2,580					100% Limest., predominantly light brown, locally buff, moder. hard, microcr. non porous
2,580	2,585					-----do-----
2,585	2,590					-----do-----
2,590	2,595					-----do-----
2,595	2,600					30% Limest., light brown to buff, a/a 20% Limest., brown, soft, argillaceous
2,600	2,610					Limest., buff to brown, microcr., to cryptocr., hard, tight  Some argillaceous limest., a/a
2,610	2,620					-----do-----
2,620	2,630					-----do-----
2,620	2,640					-----do-----
2,640	2,650					Limest., buff to brown, a/a, with some mud balls
2,650	2,660					Limest., buff to light brown, moder. hard, microcr., non porous, locally mud balls and bioclasts Pyrite
2,660	2,670					-----do-----
2,670	2,680					-----do-----
2,680	2,690					Limest., buff to brown, micro- to cryptocr., hard, tight occasion. bioclastic
2,690	2,700					-----do-----
2,700	2,710					-----do-----
2,710	2,720					-----do-----
2,720	2,730					-----do-----
2,730	2,740					-----do-----
2,740	2,745					Limest., a/a, with gravels
2,745	2,750					60% Dolomite, light to med. grey, hard, microcr. tight 40% Limest., buff, a/a

SAMPLES NOT LAGGED

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(Delete as Appropriate)

					Sheet No. <u>19</u>	
From	To	Core C Ditch D	No. of Ft. Perout	No. of Ft. Non-Porous	Showings O.G.W.	GEOLOGICAL SAMPLE DESCRIPTION
2,750	2,755					50% Dolomite a/a 50% Limest., a/a Traces of anhydrite
2,755	2,760					20% Dolomite, a/a 20% Limest., a/a 60% Anhydrite, brown, translucide
2,760	2,765					10% Dolomite, a/a 60% Limest., a/a 30% Anhydrite
2,765	2,770					10% Anhydrite 10% Dolomite 80% Limest.,
2,770	2,775					Limest., buff to cream, microcr., locally porous Traces of dolomite and anhydrite
2,775	2,780		2			80% Limest., a/a, slightly porous 10% Anhydrite, a/a 10% Dolomite, a/a
2,780	2,785					40% Limest., buff, microcr. 30% Dolomite, grey 30% Anhydrite
2,785	2,790					Traces of Limest. 30% Dolomite, a/a 70% Anhydrite
2,790	2,795					-----do-----
2,795	2,800					80% Limest., buff to light brown, hard, microcr., blocky, non unporous 10% Dolomite, a/a 10% Anhydrite a/a
2,800	2,805					100% Limest, a/a Traces of dolomite and anhydrite
2,805	2,810					-----do-----
2,810	2,815					-----do-----

SAMPLES NOT LAGGED

SAMPLES LAGGED AT ..... FT. PER MIN.

(Delete as Appropriate)

## GEOLOGICAL SAMPLE DESCRIPTION

Sheet No. 20

From	To	Core C Ditch D	No. of Ft. Porous	No. of Ft. Non-Porous	Showings O.G.W.	
2,815	2,820					-----do-----
2,820	2,830					-----do-----
2,830	2,840					Limest., cream to buff, cryptocr., fauna of lanelli, corals Some calcite
2,840	2,850					-----do-----
2,850	2,860					-----do-----
2,860	2,865					40% Limest., a/a 60% Anhydrite, buff, translucent
2,865	2,870					40% Limest., a/a 60% Anhydrite, a/a
2,870	2,875					30% Limest., a/a 70% Anhydrite, a/a
2,875	2,880					40% Limest., a/a 60% Anhydrite, a/a
2,880	2,885					70% Limest., buff to cream, microcr., tight 30% Anhydrite
2,885	2,890					50% Limest., a/a 50% Anhydrite, a/a
2,890	2,895					60% Dolomite, grey, crystalline with veins of limest., tight 20% Anhydrite, a/a 20% Limest., a/a
2,895	2,900					80% Limest., a/a 20% Dolomite, a/a
2,900	2,910					Limest., a/a
2,910	2,915					30% Limest., a/a 40% Dolomite, a/a 30% Anhydrite, a/a
2,915	2,920					60% Limest., buff, oolitic, microcr., occasion. friable and granular, some porosity 10% Dolomite, a/a 30% Anhydrite

SAMPLES NOT LAGGED

SAMPLES LAGGED AT ..... FT. PER MIN.

(Delete as Appropriate)

					GEOLOGICAL SAMPLE DESCRIPTION	Sheet No. 21
From	To	Core C Ditch D	No. of Ft. Porous	No. of Ft. Non-Porous	Showings O.G.W.	
2,920	2,930					85% Limest., a/a 15% Anhydrite, a/a
2,930	2,940					-----do-----
2,940	2,950					Limest., buff, microcr. to cryptocr., tight, locally porous oolitic
2,950	2,960					Limest., a/a
2,960	2,970					90% Limest., a/a 10% Anhydrite
2,970	2,980					Limest., a/a
2,980	2,990					-----do-----
2,990	3,000					Limest., buff, to light brown, microcr., bioclastic, med. hard, tight
3,000	3,010					Limest. a/a, interbedded with Limest., light to med. grey, microcr., moder. hard, non porous
3,010	3,020					-----do-----
3,020	3,030					Limest., buff to light brown, microcr., crystal, moder. hard, non porous
3,030	3,040					-----do-----
3,040	3,050					Limest, buff to light brown, microcr. to crystal, occasion. oolitic, tight
3,050	3,060					-
3,060	3,070					Limest., a/a Intercalations of grey limest., microcr. tight
3,070	3,080					-----do-----
3,080	3,090					-----do-----
3,090	3,095					Limest., medium brown to grey, microcr. dolomitic, hard, tight
3,095	3,100		2			Limest., brown to yellowish, microcr., dolomitic, tight locally porous
3,100	3,110					-----do-----
3,110	3,120					Limest., cream to buff, microcr., slightly dolomitic, hard, rare traces of porosity
3,120	3,130					-----do-----

SAMPLES NOT TAGGED

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(Delete as Appropriate)

					Sheet No. 22	
From	To	Core C Ditch D	No. of Ft. Porous	No. of Ft. Non-Porous	Showings O.G.W.	GEOLOGICAL SAMPLE DESCRIPTION
3,130	3,140					-----do-----
3,140	3,150					-----do-----
3,150	3,160					-----do-----
3,160	3,170					70% Limest. a/a 30% Limest., med. brown, dolomitic, microcr. granular, occasion. fine grained, little porosity
3,170	3,180					50% Limest., cream to buff, a/a 50% Limest., brown, a/a
3,180	3,185					-----do-----
3,185	3,190					70% Limest., cream 30% Limest., brown, porous
3,190	3,200					-----do-----
3,200	3,205					80% Limest., cream, a/a 20% Limest., brown, a/a
3,205	3,210					Limest., cream to buff, microcr., to finely crystal, rarely sucrosic, tight, but occasion. traces of porosity
3,210	3,220					-----do-----
3,220	3,230					-----do-----
3,230	3,240					Same lithology - Presence of fossils
3,240	3,250					-----do-----
3,250	3,260					Limest., cream to buff, micro.- to cryptocr. tight
3,260	3,270					Same lithology - Presence of fossils
3,270	3,275					-----do-----
3,275	3,280					60% Limest., light grey, slightly argillaceous, slightly dolomitic, brittle 40% Limest., cream a/a
3,280	3,290					70% Limest., grey, a/a 30% Limest., cream a/a Traces of anhydrite
3,290	3,300					50% Limest., grey, a/a 40% Limest., cream, a/a 10% Anhydrite, buff, translucent

SAMPLES NOT LAGGED

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(Delete as Appropriate)

GEOLOGICAL SAMPLE DESCRIPTION

From	To	Core C Ditch D	No. of Ft. Porous	No. of Ft. Non-Porous	Showings O.G.V.	
3,300	3,310					-----do-----
3,310	3,320					-----do-----
3,320	3,330					-----do-----
3,330	3,340					60% Limest. Poor cuttings recovery. Dried samples salt 30% Dolomite encrusted. 10% Anhydrite
3,340	3,350					-----do-----
3,350	3,360					-----do-----
3,360	3,370					Limest., light brown to cream, microcr. to cryptocr. slightly dolomitic. No porosity. Traces of anhydrite.
3,370	3,375					-----do-----
3,375	3,380					Limest., cream to buff, microcr. tight, occasion. slightly dolo.
3,380	3,385					Limest., cream
3,385	3,390					Limest., cream to white, rare porosity Traces of Anhydrite
3,390	3,400					-----do-----
3,400	3,410					-----do-----
3,410	3,420					-----do-----
3,420	3,425					-----do-----
3,425	3,430					80% Limest., a/a 20% Limest., medium grey, microcr., hard, dolomitic
3,430	3,435					20% Limest., cream, a/a 80% Limest., grey, a/a
3,435	3,440					80% Limest., cream 20% Limest., grey
3,440	3,445					30% Limest., grey 70% Limest., cream Anhydrite
3,445	3,450					10% Limest. grey, 70% Limest. cream 20% Anhydrite
3,450	3,460		2			Limest., cream to buff, microcr. to cryptocr. hard, locally porous

SAMPLES NOT LAGGED

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(Delete as Appropriate)



					GEOLOGICAL SAMPLE DESCRIPTION	Sheet No. <u>24</u>
From	To	Core C Ditch D	No. of Ft. Porous	No. of Ft. Non-Porous	Showings O.C.W.	
3,460	3,470					-----do-----
3,470	3,480					Alternating: Limest., slightly dolomitic, cream to light brown and Limest., grey, microcr, no porosity, tight
3,480	3,490					-----do-----
3,490	3,495					90% Limest., grey 10% Limest., cream
3,495	3,500					70% Limest., grey 30% Limest., cream
3,500	3,505					60% Limest., grey 40% Limest., cream
3,505	3,510					80% Limest., cream to light brown, dolomitic, microcr. no por- 20% Limest., grey, a/a osity
3,510	3,520					60% Limest., cream 40% Limest., grey
3,520	3,530					Limest., buff to brown, med. hard, no porosity, microcr. to cryptocr.
3,530	3,540					-----do-----
3,540	3,550					-----do-----
3,550	3,555					60% Limest., cream, a/a 30% Limest., grey, dolo 10% Anhydrite
3,555	3,560					20% Limest., cream 20% Limest. grey, dolo 60% Anhydrite
3,560	3,565					30% Limest., cream 70% Anhydrite
3,565	3,570					30% Limest., cream 40% Limest., grey, dolo. 30% Anhydrite
3,570	3,575					40% Limest., cream 20% Limest., grey, dolo. 40% Anhydrite

SAMPLES NOT LAGGED

SAMPLES LAGGED AT ..... FT. PER MIN.

(Delete as Appropriate)

From	To	Corr. C Ditch D	No. of Ft. Porous	No. of Ft. Non-Porous	Showings O.G.W.	GEOLOGICAL SAMPLE DESCRIPTION
3,575	3,580					90% Limest., cream to brown, dolomitic, cryptocr., medium hard, non porous 10% Anhydrite
3,580	3,590					Limest., buff to light brown, dol., microcr., tight, hard
3,590	3,600					-----do-----
3,600	3,605					40% Limest., buff a/a 60% Limest., medium grey, dol., microcr., hard, tight
3,605	3,610					20% Limest., buff a/a 80% Limest., medium grey, a/a
3,610	3,615					20% Limest., buff a/a 60% Limest., medium grey a/a 20% Anhydrite
3,615	3,620					30% Limest., a/a 70% Anhydrite
3,620	3,625		1			60% Anhydrite 30% Limest., buff to brown, microcr., slightly argillaceous, occas. porous 10% Limest., grey a/a
3,625	3,630		1			20% Anhydrite, clear, transluc. 50% Limest., buff to brown, non porous 20% Limest., cream, porous 10% Limest., grey a/a
3,630	3,635					30% Anhydrite 60% Limest., buff to brown, a/a 10% Limest., cream, porous
3,635	3,640		1			50% Anhydrite 30% Limest., buff to brown and cream, porous 20% Limest., light brown, hard, microcr., dolomitic, tight
3,640	3,645					50% Limest., buff to brown, microcr. occasion. porous 20% Limest., light brown, dolomitic 30% Anhydrite
3,645	3,650					70% Limest., buff to brown, microcr. locally porous

SAMPLES NOT LAGGED

SAMPLES LAGGED AT ..... FT. PER MIN.

(Delete as Appropriate)

GEOLOGICAL SAMPLE DESCRIPTION

Sheet No. \_\_\_\_\_

From	To	Core C Ditch D	No. of Ft. Porous	No. of Ft. Non-Porous	Showings O.C.W.	
3,645	3,650	(contd)				20% Limest., brown, dolomitic 10% Anhydrite
3,650	3,660					Limest., buff to brown, microcr, occasion. cryptocr., hard, tight
3,660	3,670					Same lithology, but darker rock
3,670	3,680					-----do-----
3,680	3,685					Same lithology with light brown fossils
3,685	3,690					Same lithology. No fossils.
3,690	3,700					-----do-----
3,700	3,710					Limest., light brown, microcr., hard, tight, locally brecciated and slightly porous.
3,710	3,715					Limest., buff to brown, microcr. or cryptocr., little pores
3,715	3,720					Same lithology, locally brecciated, with rare pores
3,720	3,730					-----do-----
3,730	3,735					-----do-----
3,735	3,740					Limest., buff to brown, micro.- to cryptocr.
3,740	3,750					-----do-----
3,750	3,755					Limest., dark brown, micro.- to cryptocr.
3,755	3,760					-----do-----
3,760	3,765					-----do-----
3,765	3,770					Limest., medium grey, microcr., or crypto., hard, tight
3,770	3,780					-----do-----
3,780	3,790					-----do-----
3,790	3,795					-----do-----
3,795	3,800					Limest., buff to medium grey, microcr., or cryptocr., slightly translucent, hard, tight, non porous
3,800	3,810					-----do-----
3,810	3,820					-----do-----
3,820	3,830					-----do-----
3,830	3,840					-----do-----
3,840	3,850					-----do-----

SAMPLES NOT LAGGED

SAMPLES LAGGED AT ..... FT. PER MIN.

(Delete as Appropriate)

GEOLOGICAL SAMPLE DESCRIPTION

From	To	Core C Ditch D	No. of Ft. Porous	No. of Ft. Non-Porous	Showings O.G.W.	
3,850	3,860					Limest., buff, light grey to brown varicoloured and mottled, micro.- or cryptocr., hard, tight, black minor, specks of (K <sub>2</sub> O)
3,860	3,870					Limest. brown to buff or white, microcr. tight
3,870	3,880					Limest., light brown, buff or white, micro- to cryptocr.
3,880	3,890					-----do-----
3,890	3,900					Limest., dark brown or buff, micro- to cryptocr., tight
3,900	3,910					-----do-----
3,910	3,915					-----do-----
3,915	3,920					Limest., medium grey, micro- to cryptocr., tight
3,920	3,930					Limest., brown, micro- to cryptocr., tight
3,930	3,940					Limest., buff to light brown, micro- to cryptocr., slightly translucent
3,940	3,945		2			Limest., light brown, microcr., locally slightly porous (30%)
3,945	3,950		1			Limest., light grey to buff, microcr., locally slightly porous (20%)
3,950	3,955		1			70% Limest., brown to buff or grey, microcr. tight 30% Limest., light brown, microcr., slightly porous
3,955	3,960					Limest., brown to brown - grey, microcr., tight
3,960	3,965					Limest., light grey, microcr., slightly dolomitic, tight
3,965	3,970					Limest., a/a interbedded with Limest., buff, cryptocr. tight
3,970	3,980					-----do-----
3,980	3,990					-----do-----
3,990	4,000					Same lithology - Traces of Limest., light brown, cryst. and slightly porous
4,000	4,010					Limest., medium brown to buff-brown, micro- to cryptocr., tight
4,010	4,015					Same lithology, locally white
4,015	4,020					-----do-----
4,020	4,030					-----do-----
4,030	4,040					Same lithology, but about 30% is becoming dark brown
4,040	4,050					40% Limest., dark brown, microcr. medium hard, tight black specks.
						60% Limest., buff to light brown or white, cryptocr. to microcr.

SAMPLES NOT LAGGED

SAMPLES LAGGED AT ..... FT. PER MIN.

(Delete as Appropriate)

non porous

					GEOLOGICAL SAMPLE DESCRIPTION	Sheet No. <u>28</u>
From	To	Core C Ditch D	No. of Ft. Porous	No. of Ft. Non-Porous	Showings O.G.W.	
4,050	4,055					50% Limest., dark brown a/a
						50% Limest., buff to light brown a/a
4,055	4,060					40% Limest., dark brown a/a
						60% Limest., brown to buff a/a
4,060	4,065					-----do-----
4,065	4,070					30% Limest., dark brown a/a
						70% Limest., brown to buff a/a
4,070	4,080					20% Limest., dark brown a/a
						80% Limest., buff to brown a/a
4,080	4,085					-----do-----
4,085	4,090					10% Limest., dark brown a/a
						90% Limest. buff to light brown a/a
4,090	4,100					-----do-----
4,100	4,110					Limest., buff-white, chalky, cryptocr., occas. microcr. hard, tight
4,110	4,120					-----do-----
4,120	4,125					The Limest. becomes light brown
4,125	4,130					Limest., white, buff-brown, crypto- or microcr., tight, hard, presence of fossils
4,130	4,140					-----do-----
4,140	4,150					-----do-----
4,150	4,160					Limest., buff, cryptocr. tight. Minor white limestone
4,160	4,170					-----do-----
4,170	4,180					Limest., buff to brown, cryptocr., tight Minor white to cream limestone
4,180	4,190					-----do-----
4,190	4,200					-----do-----
4,200	4,210					Same lithology. The brown limestone is predominant
4,210	4,220					-----do-----
4,220	4,230					-----do-----

SAMPLES NOT LAGGED  
 SAMPLES LAGGED AT . . . . . FT. PER MIN.  
 (Delete as Appropriate)

From	To	Core C Ditch D	No. of Ft. Perous	No. of Ft. Non-Perous	Showings O.G.W.	GEOLOGICAL SAMPLE DESCRIPTION
4,230	4,240					Limest., buff-light brown or white-cream, crypto- microcr. slightly translucent, hard, tight
4,240	4,250					-----do-----
4,250	4,260					-----do-----
4,260	4,270					-----do-----
4,270	4,280					90% Limest., white-cream, crypto- to microcr., soft, tight 10% Quartz, rounded,
4,280	4,285					Traces of pyrite Quartz, rounded, mica, pink and white feldspar, pyrite
4,285	4,290					Angular Quartz, mica, feldspar: granite
4,290	4,300					Angular Quartz, mica, feldspar: granite
4,300	4,310					Granite
4,310	4,320					-----do-----
4,320	4,330					-----do-----
4,341	4,341					-----do-----

August 28, 1974  
T.D. reached at 4:30 p.m.

TO: M. E. Hriskevich  
 FROM: A. J. Brinker  
 RE: Aquitaine et al Narwhal N-58  
 Log Evaluation

DATE: September 10, 1974  
 FILE: W. F. (Narwhal N-58)

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

Well Data

Elevation, K.B.:	77'
K.B. to Sea Floor:	580'
Casing:	30" to 672' K.B. 20" to 1093' K.B. 13 3/8" to 1,737' K.B.
Total Depth:	4,341'
Logs:	DLL, CNL/FDC to 1,706' BHC-SGR to 1,756' DLL, CNL/FDC, BHC-SGR, HDT to 4,341'

Summary of Log Evaluation

A complete suite of logs were run with the exception of a DLL and MLL. The DLL equipment failed at the time of running and delay in bringing in another tool made it necessary to waive the operation. The MLL was not run because there did not appear to be any potential hydrocarbon reservoirs and it would not be of much value anyway without the DLL.

A GR and CNL was run through 20" casing with the GR indicating increasing shaliness below 797'. The CNL is useless because of casing/large hole effect.

Logs of 17 1/2" intermediate hole indicate: shale, 1,090' - 1,112'. Salt 1,112 - 1,165'. Shale/Siltstone 1,165 - 1,495' with a band of Sandstone 1,350 - 1,370, porosity of 5-8%, logs indicate some salt or gypsum within the sandstone. Shaly dolomite 1,495 - 1,544'. Salt 1,544 - 1,710' with bands of salt infilled dolomite. Dolomite 1,710' - 1,752' (sonic log only).

Logs for the 12 1/4" hole from 1,756 to 4,262 indicate the interval to be primarily a tight limestone with bands of dolomite, anhydrite, salt and shaly material, some salt and gypsum infilling. Porosity is intermittent and generally in the dolomitic rock. Complex mixtures of rock make it difficult, in some cases, to determine the difference between porosity and lithology change. Resistivities are low and are generally depressed opposite effective porous intervals indicating all effective porosity to be water bearing. The interval 4,262 to total depth is a porous conglomerate for 14' and granite for remainder. Circulation after logging indicated calcium chloride water from 1,900' to 2,900' which may have come from intervals 2,823' - 2,852' and 2,884' - 2,930'.

The following is a summary of major lithology changes and location of porous intervals for 12 $\frac{1}{4}$ " hole below 13 3/8" casing, see Details of Log Evaluation for additional information.

The interval 1,756' - 2,550' is primarily a tight limestone, some salt and gypsum infilling, thin bands of poor porosity. Dip-meter indicates base of reefal material to be at 2,550'.

The interval 2,550' - 2,823' is a tight limestone with shaly material 2,550' - 2,600' and anhydrite 2,740' - 2,755'.

The interval 2,823' - 2,930' is dolomitic limestone, dolomite and limestone with anhydrite 2,856' - 2,884'. The dolomite and dolomitic limestone has approximately 40' of effective porosity, 6 - 12%, and a water saturation of 65% if  $R_w$  is .040 at BHT.

The interval 2,930' - 3,286' is primarily a limestone, dolomitic in part, some gypsum infilling, band of anhydrite, intermittent poor porosity.

The interval 3,286' - 3,362' is salt, dolomite bands in bottom 14'.

The interval 3,362' - 3,637' is tight limestone, porous dolomite with gypsum infilling and bands of anhydrite. The dolomite porosity over approximately 60' of the interval ranges from 6 to 14% with water saturation of 40 to 70% using an  $R_w$  of .035 at BHT.

The interval 3,637' - 4,262' is a tight limestone, slightly dolomitic in part with some poor porosity in the dolomitic sections. Dolomite with gypsum infilling from 3,938' - 3,976', porosity in dolomite is 3-13% from CNL/FDC but sonic generally indicates poor porosity.

The interval 4,262' - 4,276' is conglomerate from samples. Porosity of 17% from logs and  $S_w$  of 40% if  $R_w$  is .035 at BHT and if  $R_t$  from deep induction is correct.

#### Details of Log Evaluation

- 500' - 1,088' Ran GR and CNL through casing. GR indicates increasing shaliness below 797'. The CNL is useless because of casing effect.
- 1,088' - 1,112' Logs indicate shale.
- 1,112' - 1,165' Salt, hole size in excess of 22", logs indicate wall face to be rough which is probably due to the presence of some argillaceous dolomite.
- 1,165' - 1,200' Shaly dolomite, minor salt infilling.



- 1,200' - 1,350' Shale/Siltstone, dolomitic stringers, minor salt infilling, hole conditions are good, very slightly oversize.
- 1,350' - 1,370' Sandstone, shaly in part, slightly dolomitic, some salt or gypsum infilling, porosity of 5 - 8%.
- 1,370' - 1,495' Shale/Siltstone, dolomitic in part, hole conditions are good.
- 1,544' - 1,710' Salt with bands of dolomite and salt infilled dolomite; hole is only 1/2" to 2 1/2" oversize in salt sections indicating that drilling fluid is almost saturated at this point.
- 1,710 - 1,752' Dolomite/Limestone (sonic log only).
- 1,756' - 1,774' Dolomite and Anhydrite, 4' of porosity otherwise tight.
- 1,774' - 1,779' Limestone,  $\phi$  6%, drop in resistivity indicating a permeable, water bearing horizon, Sw is 70% if Rw is .040 and if Rt from DIL is correct.
- 1,779' - 2,336' Limestone, intermittent salt infilling, tight except for interval 1,988' - 1,995 which has a porosity of 6 - 8%, Sw is 40% if Rw is .040 and Rt is correct. Bands of salt? 2,206' - 09' and 2,226' - 29', CNL/FDC effected by rough hole.
- 2,336' - 2,390' Limestone, dolomitic? or gypsum? intermittent porosity of 6 - 8%, drop in Rt opposite porous horizons, Sw indicated to be 50 - 60%. Hole is oversize and rough indicating some leaching from drilling fluid.
- 2,390' - 2,474' Limestone, tight.
- 2,474' - 2,550' In part similar to interval 2,336' - 2,390'. Dipmeter indicates a change of formation at 2,550', possibly base of reefal material.
- 2,550' - 2,600' Limestone, shaly, thin band of dolomite 2,572' - 2,577', tight.
- 2,600' - 2,740' Limestone, generally tight, 3 - 6% porosity 2,610' - 2,620' and 2,700' - 2,720'.
- 2,740' - 2,755' Anhydrite, some dolomite.
- 2,755' - 2,780' Limestone, slightly dolomitic,  $\phi$  9%, Sw 65% using Rw of .040. Location of calcium chloride water after logging might indicate that this interval is the source of this water.

- 2,780' - 2,795' Limestone, some anhydrite? tight.
- 2,795' - 2,823' Limestone, tight.
- 2,823' - 2,852' Limestone, slightly dolomitic,  $\phi$  9%, Sw 65% using Rw of .010. Location of calcium chloride water after logging might indicate that this interval is the source of the water.
- 2,852' - 2,856' Probably limestone and gypsum.
- 2,856' - 2,884' Anhydrite, some dolomite.
- 2,884' - 2,930' Dolomite, limestone and some gypsum? then bands of porosity, 6 - 12%, drop in resistivity opposite porous intervals, also possible source of calcium chloride water.
- 2,930' - 3,003' Limestone tight.
- 3,003' - 3,037' Limestone/Dolomite,  $\phi$  of 6%, probably a fine porosity, water bearing.
- 3,037' - 3,082' Limestone, gypsum at 3,055', poor porosity?
- 3,082' - 3,093' Dolomite and anhydrite, gypsum infilling in the dolomite.
- 3,093' - 3,108' Dolomite, gypsum, possibly porous with a porosity of 3 - 4%.
- 3,108' - 3,273' Limestone, dolomitic in part, essentially tight except for thin band of dolomite 3,199' - 3,204',  $\phi$  15%, Sw 45% (Rw .035).
- 3,286' - 3,348' Salt, oversize hole with relatively smooth bore hole face except for bottom 14', some dolomite in bottom 14'.
- 3,348' - 3,362' Dolomite and salt.
- 3,362' - 3,380' Dolomite, porosity 6%, Sw 70%.
- 3,380' - 3,436' Limestone, dolomitic, shaly 3,431'-36' tight.
- 3,436' - 3,440' Anhydrite.
- 3,440' - 3,448' Dolomitic limestone, tight.
- 3,448' - 3,480' Limestone, poor fine porosity.
- 3,480' - 3,510' Dolomite, argillaceous in part, band of anhydrite, possibly some gypsum porosity intermittent at 8 - 11%, drop in resistivity opposite porous intervals.
- 3,510' - 3,545' Limestone, tight.

- 3,545' - 3,568' Anhydrite, dolomite bands.
- 3,568' - 3,584' Dolomite, minor porosity.
- 3,584' - 3,598' Limestone, tight.
- 3,598' - 3,608' Dolomite, shaly,  $\phi$  10%, Sw 40%.
- 3,608' - 3,617' Anhydrite.
- 3,617' - 3,626' Limestone, tight.
- 3,626' - 3,632' Anhydrite.
- 3,632' - 3,637' Dolomite limestone, poor porosity.
- 3,637' - 3,660' Limestone, tight.
- 3,660' - 3,670' Dolomite/limestone, poor porosity?
- 3,670' - 3,938' Limestone, tight, dolomitic 3,870' - 3,903' with some poor porosity.
- 3,938' - 3,976' Dolomite and limestone, porosity of 3 - 13%, drilling times do not indicate good porosity, sonic log does not indicate good porosity except in the lower 4' where there is a drop in resistivity in high porosity from CNL is probably due to inclusions of gypsum.
- 3,976' - 3,988' Limestone, tight.
- 3,988' - 3,993' Dolomitic limestone,  $\phi$  5%.
- 3,993' - 4,262' Limestone, tight.
- 4,262' - 4,276' Sandstone,  $\phi$  17%, Sw 40% (Rw .035)  
Sw 73% (Rw .10 )

Formation water is probably in the order of 100,000 ppm NaCl for an Rw of .035 to .04 at BHT of 150°F. Relationship of deep and medium resistivity measurements opposite porous horizons indicate the formation water salinity to be slightly lower than the mud filtrate salinity.

4,276' - T.D. Precambrian.

AJB/dl

AQUITAINE ET AL NARWHAL 0-58

8710-A11-4-1

CANADA

DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY, MINES AND RESOURCES  
 RESOURCE MANAGEMENT AND CONSERVATION BRANCH  
 OPERATIONS AND CONSERVATION DIVISION

# Offshore Drilling Notice

This Notice is submitted in compliance with Section 52 of the "Canada Oil and Gas Land Regulations". Its approval constitutes the requisite authority to commence drilling operations under Section 4 of the "Canada Oil and Gas Drilling and Production Regulations".

**Well Information**

Well Name in full: . . . AQUIT ET AL NARWHAL SOUTH N-58  
 Operator: . . . Aquitaine Company of Canada Ltd. . . . Exploratory Licence No. . . . 2168  
 Contractor: . . . Sea and Land Drilling Contractors Inc. . . . Permit or Lease No. . . . W1318  
 Drilling Rig or Unit: . . . Pentagone 82 . . . Estimated Well Cost: . . . \$ 4,000,000.00  
 Location: Unit. . . . N . . . Section . . . 58 . . . Grid Area: . . . 58° 10' . . . 84° 00'  
 Coordinates: Lat. . . . 58° 07' 56.28" N . . . Long. . . . 84° 08' 16.78" W  
 Elevation: RT/KB. . . . 77 feet . . . Water Depth: . . . ~~530~~ 530 feet  
 Approx. Spud Date: . . . Summer 1974 . . . Estimated Time on Location: . . . 30 days  
 Anticipated Total Depth: . . . 4,500 feet from sea surface

**Potentially Productive Intervals:**

Age	Name	Lithology	Top	Thickness
Middle Silurian	Attawafisket	Reefal Limestone	1,700'	300'
Upper Ordovician	Churchill	Limestone Dolomite	3,100'	
Middle Ordovician	Bad Cache	Basal Clastics		

**Casing and Cement Program:**

Name of String:	O.D	Weight/Ft.	Grade	Setting Depth below seafloor	Cement Program
Conductor	30"	1" Wall	X52	120'	600 sacks Class B
Conductor Casing	20"	438" Wall	K55	480'	1,700 sacks Class B
Surface Casing	13-3/8"	68#	K55	1,070'	1,300 sacks Class B
Intermediate Casing	9-5/8"	47#	MN80	3,400'	850 sacks Class B

B.O.P. Equipment: . . . 1 - B.O.P. Stack 21-1/4 x 2,000  
 . . . 1 - B.O.P. Stack 13-5/8 x 10,000

**AAPG Well Classification:**

- New-field wildcat
- New-pool wildcat
- Shallow-pool test
- Deeper-pool test
- Outpost well
- Development well

**Other Information:**

Signed: G. Kuhn de Chizelle Title: Drilling Superintendent  
 Date: July 19, 1974 Company: Aquitaine Company of Canada Ltd.

**Notes**

Five copies of this Notice and tentative survey plan should be submitted for each well. Other requirements and procedures are given in the information circular "Offshore Exploratory Drilling". All Notices should be addressed to the Director, Resource Management and Conservation Branch, Department of Energy, Mines and Resources, Ottawa. One copy will be returned to the Company.

RESOURCE MANAGEMENT AND CONSERVATION BRANCH Approval

**APPROVED**

JUL 24 1974

OPERATIONS AND CONSERVATION DIVISION

Drilling Authority: EPR #432 Project No. 8710-A11-4-1



East Coast   
 Hudson Bay  Hudson Strait   
 West Coast

DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY, MINES AND RESOURCES  
 RESOURCE MANAGEMENT AND CONSERVATION BRANCH  
 OPERATIONS AND CONSERVATION DIVISION

## Offshore Well Abandonment Program

This program is submitted in triplicate with respect to Sections 15 and 19 of the Canada Oil and Gas Drilling and Production Regulations. All depths referenced to Rotary Table (RT) elevation at Mean Local Low Water (MLLW)

Well Name in Full: AQUIT ET AL NARWHAL SOUTH <sup>O-Well Data</sup> N 58 Grid Area: 5810' - 8400'  
 Drilling Authority: EMR # 132 Field/Pool: Wildcat eastern Hudson Bay  
 Permit or Lease No.: W 1318 Elevations: RT: KB 77 feet Sea floor: 503 (water depth)  
 Final Coordinates: Lat. 58° 07' 58.6742" N Long. 84° 08' 12.1659" W  
 Date Spudded: August 4, 1974 4:15 A.M. Date Drilling Terminated: August 28, 1974 3:00 P.M.  
 Date Rig Released: Sept. 1, 1974 1:30 P.M. Total Depth: 4,341 feet  
 Casing Record: (Additional space on back of form, if needed)

O.D.	Weight:	Grade:	Depth Set:	Cement and Additives:
30" ✓	1" wall ✓	X52	672' ✓	400 sx Class B + 3% CaCl <sub>2</sub> ✓
20" ✓	0.438 wall ✓	X52-K55	1093' ✓	1700 sx Class B + 3% CaCl <sub>2</sub> ✓
13 3/8" ✓	68 lb./ft. ✓	K 55 ✓	1738' ✓	1520 sx Class B + 3% CaCl <sub>2</sub> ✓

and saturated salt water

Permeable Intervals: (Additional space on back of form, if needed)

Interval:	Age/Name:	Oil, Gas and Water Encountered:	Test No.
4,262' - 4,277'	Basal Clastics (Ordovician ?)	No show	No

Perforation, Stimulation, Testing and Evaluation Programs: job details to be given on the back of the form.

### Plugging Program

Oral approval of the following program was obtained by (person) G. Kuhn de Chizelle of (company) Aquitaine Company of Canada from (person) Mr. Glen Yungblut in the Operations and Conservation Division by means of Telephone and Telex at 9:00 P.M. hrs. on August 28 1974

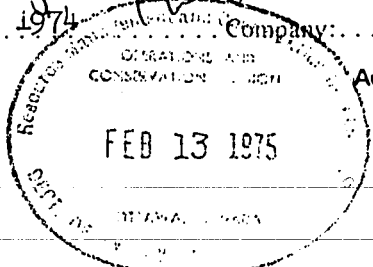
Plug No.	Interval:	Type of Plug:	Cement and Additives:	Felt?	Date and Hour Run:
1	4,340' - 3,534' ✓	Cement ✓	500 sx. Class B + 12% gel ✓	No ✓	Aug. 28/74 11:45 P.M.
2	3,534' - 2,728' ✓	Cement ✓	540 sx. Class B + 10% gel ✓	No ✓	Aug. 30/74 1:15 A.M.
3	2,728' - 1,922' ✓	Cement ✓	540 sx. Class B + 10% gel ✓	No ✓	Aug. 30/74 2:15 A.M.
4	1,922' - 1,116' ✓	Cement ✓	540 sx. Class B + 10% gel ✓	No ✓	Aug. 30/74 3:35 A.M.
5	1,116' - 700' ✓	Cement ✓	350 sx. Class B + 3% CaCl <sub>2</sub> ✓	No ✓	Aug. 30/74 6:15 A.M.

Additional information, including any variations to the original program dictated by on-the-job considerations, to be given on the back of the form.

### Certification

I certify that the abandonment or suspension program was carried out in full in accordance with good offshore oil and gas field practices:  
 Signed: G. Kuhn de Chizelle Eng. Title: Drilling Superintendent  
 Date: 3 September, 1974 Company: Aquitaine Company of Canada

### Acknowledgement



[Signature]  
 OPERATIONS AND CONSERVATION DIVISION

Acknowledgement of this completed form in no way absolves the permittee or lessee of record at the time of drilling from responsibility for an abandonment or suspension program should it prove to be inadequate.

Additional Information



Casing and Cementing Record:

Permeable Intervals:

Perforation, Stimulation, Testing and Evaluation Jobs:

Equipment recovered ~~and/or remaining at sea floor:~~

All casings 13 3/8" -20" - 30" have been cut 554 feet below M.S.L. and all equipment (13 3/8" casing hanger - 20" Housing - 30" Housing - permanent and temporary guide - bases) Recovered

No anchors were lost

Other Information:

(To include variations to the original, orally approved program dictated by on-the-job considerations).

Co-ordinates of the well, as shown on this form were obtained with satellite positioning equipment. More accurate co-ordinates obtained with a Decca Lambda positioning system will be available in mid September, 1974, when the raw data will be processed. Official report will be sent at that time to E.M.R. Ottawa.

AQUITAINE COMPANY  
OF CANADA LTD.

WELL HISTORY REPORT



AQUIT ET AL NARWHAL SOUTH O-58

RESOURCE MANAGEMENT AND CONSERVATION  
BRANCH  
DEPARTMENT OF ENRGY, MINES AND  
RESOURCES

**RELEASED**

SEP 1 1976

*M.B.*

PURSUANT TO THE CANADA OIL AND GAS  
LAND REGULATIONS

AQUITAINE COMPANY OF CANADA LTD.

540 - Fifth Avenue S.W.

Calgary, Alberta

December 1974

DIRECTION DE LA GESTION ET DE LA CONSERVATION  
DES RESSOURCES  
MINISTÈRE DE L'ÉNERGIE, DES MINES ET DES  
RESSOURCES

**PUBLICATION AUTORISÉE**

**LE SEP 1 1976**

EN VERTU DU RÈGLEMENT SUR LES TERRES  
PÉTROLIÈRES ET GAZIÈRES DU CANADA

Compiled by:

- Andre JOURDAN
- Pierre POUVREAU
- Bernard TILLEMENT

Submitted by:

Gerard KUHN DE CHIZELLE



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- Bit Hydraulics
- Deviation Survey Report
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- Lost Circulation and Gain Zones
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3. Geological Daily Reports
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HDT  
Coriband Interpreted Log

## 1. INTRODUCTION

### 1.1 Summary

The Narwhal South O-58 well was drilled in the Hudson Bay between August 4, 1974 and September 1, 1974. The Operator was Aquitaine Company of Canada Ltd., based in Calgary, acting on behalf of the "Hudson Bay Group", which was comprised of:

- Aquitaine Company of Canada Ltd.
- Atlantic Richfield Canada Ltd.
- Elf Oil Exploration and Production (Canada) Ltd.
- Petrofina Canada Ltd.
- Shell Canada Ltd.
- Sogepet Ltd.

The selected drilling unit was the semi-submersible "Pentagone 82" (P-82), owned and operated by Sea and Land Drilling Contractors Inc., a subsidiary of the Forex-Neptune group.

The P-82 was towed from the North Sea to Cape Chidley (64°W - 61°N) by the "Oceanic" tug, between June 13th and July 10, 1974. On July 10, 1974, the tow was resumed with two Tidewater tug supply vessels from Cape Chidley to the Narwhal South O-58 wellsite. Details of the last leg of this tow are given in a separate report, namely, "Towing of the P-82 Through the Hudson Bay".

### Purpose

The purpose of this wildcat was to evaluate the entire Paleozoic section, in the eastern part of the Hudson Bay Basin. A general high area had been mapped by the various seismic refraction surveys carried out since 1968 and was confirmed by the seismic reflection shot in 1973. The uneven surface of the upper Silurian marker was interpreted as reefal build-up(s) of the Attawapiskat member. In addition, secondary reservoirs were expected deeper, including basal clastics resting on the basement.

### Summary of Drilling Operations

Two joints of 30" conductor pipe were set after drilling a 36" hole, to cover the upper part of the glacial drift.

A 20" conductor casing was then set at 1,093', in order to have a BOP assembly and riser installed before drilling a possible Calcium Chloride water bearing formation. Effectively, some gains of calcium chloride water were met at 1,335'.

A 13-3/8" surface casing was set at 1,739' to cover the above formation, just before entering the Attawapiskat formation.

Drilling of a 12-1/4" hole was resumed to T.D. (4,341') with no further casing set, due to the lack of significant reservoir.

### Results

The lateral equivalent of the Attawapiskat consists of supertidal, laminated algal limestone, with no porosity. The significant reservoirs were encountered at deeper levels. In particular, the inferred basal clastics were restricted to a 15 foot layer.

No gas or oil shows were encountered.

The well was plugged and abandoned, the P-82 proceeded to the next operation, which was plugging the "Aquitaine et al Walrus A-71" well, temporarily abandoned in 1969.

2. GENERAL DATA

- 2.1 Well Name and Number: Aquit et al Narwhal South O-58
- 2.2 Drilling Unit: Pentagone 82 (P-82) Semi-submersible type.  
Marathon - Letourneau shipyard, Brownsville, Texas  
(Summer 1971 to Fall 1973)  
Lloyd's Class + 100 A1 (The unit is ice reinforced but no ice  
classification is available for this type of vessel.)
- 2.3 Operator: Aquitaine Company of Canada Ltd.  
540 - 5th Avenue S.W.  
CALGARY, Alberta  
T2P 0M4
- 2.4 Permittees: Aquitaine Company of Canada Ltd.  
Atlantic Richfield Canada Ltd.  
Elf Oil Exploration and Production Canada Ltd.  
Petrofina Canada Ltd.  
Sogepet Limited
- 2.5 Drilling Contractor: Sea and Land Drilling Contractors, Inc.  
(Incorporated in Panama)  
8, Aquilino de la Guardia, PANAMA, R.P.  
  
Sea and Land Drilling Contractors  
Forex Neptune  
Caledon Road, Eastern Wharf  
DUNDEE DD1 3LW, Scotland  
Telephone: (0382) 453910  
Telex: 76455 - PETROBASE
- 2.6 Permit Number: W1318
- 2.7 Drilling Authority: EMR Number: 132  
Date Issued: July 24, 1974
- 2.8 Well Location: Hudson Bay  
Latitude: 58°07'59.758"N  
Longitude: 84°08'02.963"W

Location determined by means of a Decca Lambda "Cesium" system.

- 2.9 Elevations: R.T./K.B. to Sea Level: 77'  
Water Depth: 503'
- 2.10 Total Depth: 4,341'
- 2.11 Spudded: August 4, 1974, at 4:15 a.m.
- 2.12 Drilling Completed: August 28, 1974, at 3:00 p.m.
- 2.13 Well Abandoned: September 1, 1974, at 2:00 a.m.
- 2.14 Rig Released: P-82 under tow to WALRUS A-71 location  
September 1, 1974, at 1:30 p.m.
- 2.15 Well Status: Plugged and Abandoned
- 2.16 Well Classification: New Field - Wildcat
- 2.17 Support Equipment:

Two Tug Supply Vessels:

Names: M/V Supreme Tide and M/V Giant Tide  
Owner: Tidewater Marine Service, Inc.  
Built: Hatco Verksted A/S shipyard - Ulsteinvick, Norway  
(Delivered in May 1974)  
Classification: Navigation: ABS A1(E) + AMS Towing unrestricted  
Ice: ABS Class "C" (1971 rules)

One Supply Vessel:

Name: M/V Federal 6  
Owner: Federal Offshore Services Ltd.  
Built: Star Shipyard  
New Westminster, B.C., Canada (1972)  
Classification: Navigation: ABS Ocean going A1(E)  
Ice: ABS Class "A"

One Helicopter:

Type: Bell 212 IFR Model  
Owner: Dominion Pegasus Helicopters Ltd.  
Classification: Licensed for commercial night and instrument flying.

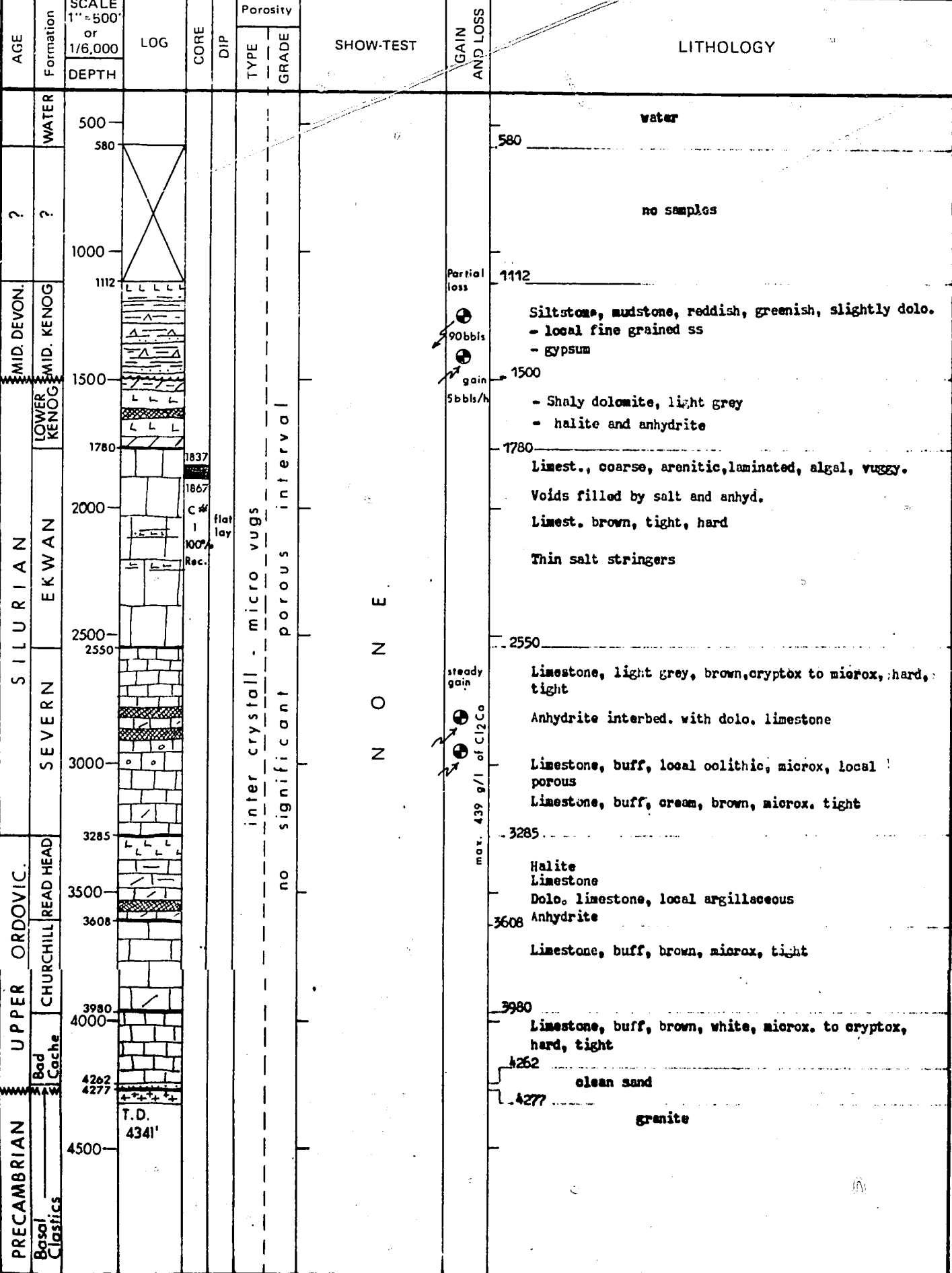


**AQUITAINE**

# DRILLING TICKET

WELL NAME  
**NARWHAL S-O 58**

RIG	CO-ORDINATES	TIMING	CASING	LOGS
Pentagone 82	X = 58° 07' 56.28" Y = 84° 08' 16.78" Z KB = 77 A.M.S.L.	Commenced - Aug. 4, /74 Temporary Halt = Resumption of Drilling = Temporary Halt = Resumption of Drilling = Completed - Aug. 28 /74	φ 30" at 672' φ 20" at 1093' φ 13 3/8" at 1737' φ at φ at	DIL 1088 - 4340 FDC - CNL - GR 500-4340 BHCS - GR 1088 - 4340 HDT 1750-4340
GEOLOGIST B. Tillement A. Pochitaloff		Hudson Bay PROVINCE		
Brought up to date on November 1974		Federal waters		

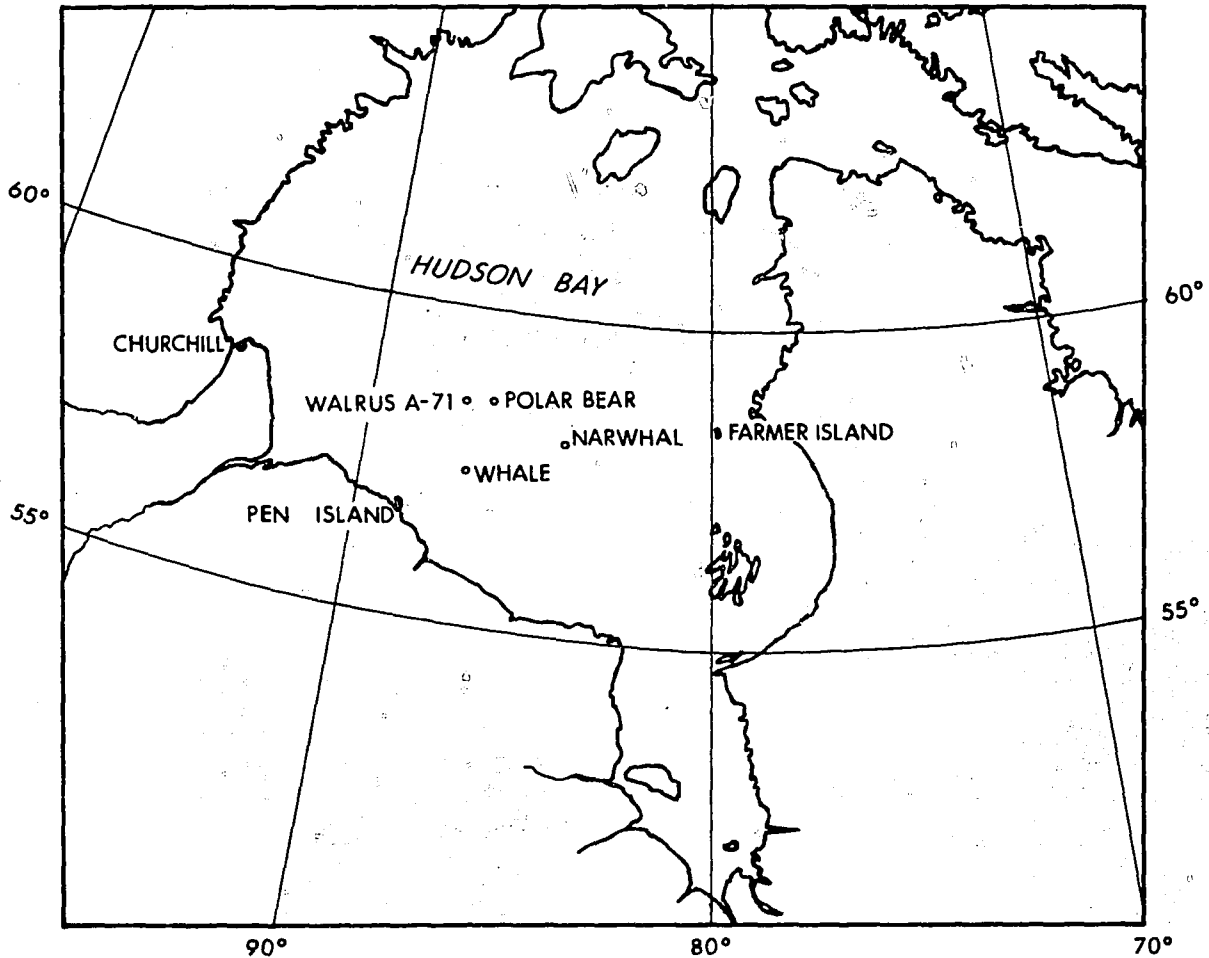




**AQUITAINE**  
COMPANY OF CANADA LTD

## SUMMER 1974 HUDSON BAY CAMPAIGN

PROGRAM: 2 WELLS TO DRILL (POLAR BEAR AND NARWHAL OR WHALE) PLUS 1 WELL TO PLUG (WALRUS A-71)



	LAT.	LONG.	IN STATUTE MILES	
			NEAREST DISTANCE TO SHORE	DISTANCE TO CHURCHILL
POLAR BEAR	58°30'04.352"N	86°47'18.489"W	138 TO PEN ISLAND	274
WALRUS A-71	58°30'02"N	87°11'51"W	131 TO PEN ISLAND	260
NARWHAL	58°07'59.758"N	84°08'02.963"W	189 TO PEN ISLAND 170 TO SHORE 131 TO FARMER ISLAND	370
PEN ISLAND	56°46'25"N	88°47'25"W	—	234
WHALE	57°28'49"N	87°09'00"W	81 TO PEN ISLAND 75 TO SHORE	276



AQUIT ET AL NARWHAL SOUTH O-58

3. DRILLING DATA

3.1 Drilling Program

COMMENTS AND INSTRUCTIONS AS FOLLOWS:

HUDSON BAY

Drilling Program

(Comments and Instructions for all the wells)

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General Information	1
Time Schedule	1
Hole and Casing Sizes	2
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GENERAL INFORMATION

Two types of wells are anticipated in the 1974 drilling campaign:

- wells which are called "Medium" wells (T.D. 4,000 ft. to 5,000 ft.)
- and wells which are called "Deep" wells (T.D. around 8,000 ft.)

The contemplated well locations for 1974 are the following:

Well Name	Latitude	Longitude	Estimated T.D.	Water Depth
Aquit et al Sea Lion A85	58° 44' 00" N	87° 42' 20" W	8,000'	600'
Aquit et al Walrus C21	58° 30' 05" N	87° 19' 00" W	6,000'	600'
Aquit et al Polar Bear M20	58° 29' 50" N	86° 47' 45" W	6,500'	560'
Aquit et al Narwhal South M77	58° 06' 50" N	84° 11' 25" W	4,500'	500'
Aquit et al Narwhal North D44	58° 33' 01" N	83° 55' 29" W	4,500'	480'
Aquit et al Whale Center P69	57° 28' 49" N	87° 09' 00" W	4,200'	250'
Aquit et al Whale East P43	57° 21' 40" N	86° 21' 20" W	4,300'	220'

Two wells will be drilled during the 1974 campaign. If time permits a third well could be drilled.

Three locations are selected to have the possibility to anchor the rig on the first ice free location without any loss of time should Walrus A71 well be inaccessible. In order of priority, they are Polar Bear, Narwhal South or Whale Center.

TIME SCHEDULE

<u>Operation</u>	<u>Time in Days:</u>	
	<u>Medium Well</u>	<u>Deep Well</u>
Rig move	1	1
Position and anchor rig	2	2
Drill 36" hole, Run & cement 30"	2	2
Drill 26" hole, Run & cement 20"	2	2
Run and test 20-3/4" - 2000 BOP stack	2	2
Drill 17-1/2" hole	1	3
Log	1/2	1/2
Run 13-7/8" casing, cement and test	1	1
Run and test 13-5/8" - 10000 BOP stack	1 1/2	1 1/2
Drill 12-1/4" hole	7	14
Log and evaluate	1	1
Plug and abandon	4	4
Desanchor	2	2
	<u>27</u>	<u>36</u>

If the 9-5/8 casing is run an additional 2 or 3 days will be necessary for each well.

#### HOLE AND CASING SIZES

<u>Hole</u>	<u>Casing</u>	<u>Setting Depth</u>	<u>Cement</u>
36"	30"	120' - 120' BML	To mudline (600 Sxs)
26"	20"	850' - 850' BML	To mudline (2500 Sxs)
17½"	13-3/8"	1300' - 2650'	To mudline (1200 - 2200 Sxs)
12½"	9-5/8" (If required)	2950' - 4600'	700 - 850 Sxs

Water depth will be 250' for WHALE CENTER, 500' for NARWHAL SOUTH and 560' for POLAR BEAR.  
KB to water 77'.

#### CASING DESCRIPTION

30" OD	1" wall with VETCO "ST" Squanch joints. (40').
20" OD	0.438 wall x52 with VETCO "L" joints (40').
13-7/8 OD	68 lb, K55 ST & C Range III
9-5/8 OD	47 lb, MM80 Buttress Range III

#### WELLHEAD EQUIPMENT

Wellhead is a VETCO Subsea System capable of setting 30", 20", 13-3/8", 9-5/8" and 7" from mudline to required depths: 20-3/4" x 2000 MSP and 13-5/8" x 10,000 MSP High profile subsea SGI.

The BOP stack system includes two stacks: 1 21½ x 2000 and 1 13-5/8 x 10,000.

#### CASING CEMENTING PROGRAM

##### A. 30" Conductor:

1. Land temporary guide structure.
2. Drill 30" hole + -150' below mudline and spot viscous gel mud.
3. Run 30" casing with stringer and permanent guide base to bottom.
4. Cement through drill pipe with 100% excess neat cement  
Displace to within 20' of casing shoe with water.

##### B. 20" Conductor Casing:

1. Drill 26" hole to + -900' below mudline and spot viscous gel mud.
2. Run 20" casing and 20-3/4" housing with stringer on drill pipe. Latch into 30" housing.
3. Cement 20" casing with 100% excess neat cement. Displace to within 30' of casing shoe with water.
4. Install 21-1/4" x 2000 BOP stack and 22" Riser system. Test.

C. 13-3/8" Surface Casing

1. Drill 17½ hole and run required logs.
2. Run 13-3/8" casing with 13-3/8" x 10000 wellhead housing and latch into 20-3/4" housing.
3. Cement 13-3/8" with 15.5 slurry. Use sufficient volume to bring cement back to mudline.
4. Wash out excess cement and energize casing hanger seal.
5. Test BOP's and casing.

D. 9-5/8" Intermediate Casing: (If required)

1. Drill 12-1/4" hole. Coring and logging as required.
2. Run 9-5/8" casing with 13-3/8" x 9-5/8" hanger and latch into 13-3/8" housing.
3. Cement 9-5/8" casing.
4. Energise casing hanger seal.
5. Test BOP's and casing.

E. Drill to T.D.

Drill 8-1/2" hole to T.D. Log, run 7" liner and D.S.T. as required. Set cement plugs opposite pay zones, at the last casing shoe and below the mudline.

If the well is a keeper, set a three year life pinger and a corrosion cap after recovering the BOP stack.

MUD PROGRAM

For more details see Magco-bar mud program.

1. Use sea water to drill 36" and 26" holes. Use high viscosity spotting fluid to clean the hole when necessary and before running conductor strings.
2. Use sea water, XC Polymer, pre-hydrated bentonite system to drill 17-1/2" hole. Use minimum weight ( 9 to 9.4) to control hole using desander and desilter to reduce solids. Viscosity and water loss control will be adjusted to provide optimum hole cleaning and hole stability.
3. Same criteria will be utilized in 12-1/4" intermediate hole. Mud weight should be increased as required at first evidence of overpressure conditions.
4. Continuously be alert for well Kicks and school crews until they react automatically.
  - a) Follow a rigid procedure to see that hole is filled and taking the correct volume of fluid on trips or if circulation is

lost. If in doubt, go back to bottom and correct the situation. Kicks during trips are almost always caused by human error.

- b) Check hole for flow during significant drilling rate increases, gas cut mud, signs of pit gains or whenever you are unsure of hole conditions. If there is any doubt, circulate out until hole stabilizes before proceeding.
5. Very close control of mud properties must be maintained. Mud weights and viscosity, in and out of hole, should be recorded at least every 15 minutes.

#### HYDRAULICS PROGRAM

Impact hydraulic principles should be used for jet design until formations become firm. Jets should then be determined according to optimum hydraulic horsepower principles. Standpipe pressure should not exceed 3500 psi.

For more details see "Annular flow dynamics" in the Magcobar mud program.

#### CASING TEST PROCEDURE

1. Test 20" casing to 500 psi when testing the BOP's stack connections on 20-3/4 wellhead housing.
2. Test 13-3/8" casing to 1,500 psi just after setting the top plug on the float collar at the end of the cementing job.
3. Test 9-5/8" casing to 3000 psi as for the 13-3/8".

#### BOP TEST PROCEDURE

1. Test BOP stack 21-1/4 x 2000 or 13-5/8 x 10000 before running and after setting each string of casing. During drilling test BOP's weekly. Record results of tests on tour reports. P-82 BOP testing procedure will be applied.
2. Wear bushing should be inspected carefully for direction on amount of wear to insure that well position indicator is working properly.
3. Drill crews on pit gain, inside BOP, hole fill up and kill procedures. Conduct pit drills daily and inside BOP drill on each trip until crews are proficient, then weekly for crew. Record reaction time on tour report.
4. Conduct accumulator drills during BOP test and operate BOP controls. Operate shear rams BOP on each trip.

5. Fill hole every 5 stands on trips in 12-1/4" hole. Check fillup with aid of filling tank and pit lever indicator. Do not continue to hoist pipe if hole fails to take proper amount of fluid. Go back to bottom and circulate out.
6. Well kicks will be handled with the constant drill pipe pressure method. The well supervisors should have a step by step plan worked out prior to a kick. A casing pressure profile and corresponding surface volumes must also be calculated. It is essential that priorities are placed on well killing operations and not with other operational problems such as sticking of drill pipe.
7. If a well kick is encountered, hang the drill pipe in the upper pipe rams as soon as practical after closing the hydril to minimize element wear from vessel motion. In fact the VETCO Motion Compensator System should avoid pipe stripping through the bag preventer.

Drillers will have to know at all times the position of drill pipe tool joints relative to the BOP's to avoid closure on tool joints. It is not considered safe to drill ahead in an exploratory well when vessel heave exceeds 10', or pitch or roll exceeds 3°, if there is any possibility of a kick.

8. If adverse weather causes concern that the rig may blow off location, the drill pipe should be hung on the lower pipe rams or with the emergency hang off tool with an inside BOP installed, the shear rams closed and locked, and the riser disconnected.
9. Marker buoys should be attached to the guide lines, if they have to be cut and thrown overboard, to facilitate recovery of the lines and relocation over the well.

Pipe can be hung on the lower pipe rams and cut off in the shear rams if time does not permit normal temporary abandonment procedures.

10. If the pressure integrity of any part of the casing, wellhead, BOP, riser or closing system is suspect, it should be corrected before drilling ahead including the extreme case of setting a cement or bridge plug and pulling the stack to repair the leak.

#### GENERAL SAFETY

1. For safety all well tests will be conducted inside casing using drill pipe with suitable Johnston DST equipment and an OTIS SSTT. Open well and pull out in favourable daylight weather conditions only.
2. An inside BOP and drill string safety valve, in the open position, shall be maintained on the rig floor at all times while drilling operations are being conducted. Separate valves shall be maintained on the floor to fit each pipe size in the drill string. A kelly cock shall be installed below the swivel, and an essentially full opening kelly cock shall be installed at the bottom of the kelly



of such design that it can be run through the blowout preventers.

3. Smoking is permitted only inside marked areas. There will be no BOP's during drilling of 36" and 26" hole. It is essential that the smoking regulations be enforced as soon as the rig is anchored.
4. Open fires will be permitted only under the supervision of the Tool Pusher or Drilling Engineer.

#### DETAILED DRILLING PROCEDURE

1. Survey well location with supply boat FEDNAV VI and Satellite positioning equipment. Set markers, buoys and conduct Fathometer Grid Survey around location to cover anchor pattern.
2. Tow rig to location approaching anchor pattern as programmed heading considering prevailing and maximum wind and sea conditions.
3. Anchor rig and re-survey location. Test and pretension anchor lines to P-82 specifications. Jump diver to determine that location is clear and reasonably level. Record and report anchor setting and line pulls and bottom conditions. Also record and report final location.
4. Land temporary guide base and check that it is level..

Note: Maintain 1000 - 2000 pounds tension on each guide line while running the guide base.  
Extreme care should be exercised when pulling 36" hole opener back out through temporary guide base that shoulder of hole opener does not hang on temporary guide structure.

5. Drill 26" x 36" hole to  $\pm$  30' below shoe depth of 30" casing (approx. 120' below mudline). Drill with seawater without returns. Inject viscous mud plugs as necessary to clean the hole. When casing point is reached:

- Fill hole with viscous mud.
- Pull hole opener to temporary guide base
- Run in to bottom
- Spot full volume of hole with viscous mud
- Take Totco and pull out of hole.

6. Run 30" casing with float shoe and drill pipe stringer on 30" housing and permanent guide structure. Land and check placement with T.V. Cement casing with neat cement. Displace cement with sea water. Leave  $\pm$  20' of cement in shoe joint. Back out and running tool and flush out excess cement thoroughly.

Note: Use total slurry volume sufficient to cement to sea floors plus 100% excess.

7. Drill 26" hole to  $\pm 30'$  below landed depth of 20" casing. Drill with water, using viscous gel slugs to clean hole. When casing joint is reached:
    - Fill hole with viscous mud
    - Pull bit to 30" casing shoe
    - Run in to bottom
    - Spot viscous mud, displace full hole volume.
    - Take totco and pull out of hole.
  8. Run 20" casing with float shoe and Drill pipe stringer on 20-3/4" housing and latch into 30" housing. Pull tension to assure latched in.
  9. Cement 20" casing with 100% excess neat cement mixed with sea water. Displace cement with water and leave  $\pm 30'$  of cement in shoe joint. Check for back flow. Back out running tools and thoroughly wash excess cement out of 20-3/4" housing.
- Note: After releasing running tools pick up approximately 2' - 3' in excess of heave before washing.
10. Pretest 21-1/4" x 2000 psi BOP stack on test stump using clear water.
  11. Run BOP stack and 22" Riser (integrated kill line) and latch H4 connector.
- Note: Tension guide lines while running stack and check guide post and stack alignment with T.V. Tension riser according P-82 specifications.
12. Test H4 Connector - BOP and kill line (P-82 testing procedure).
  13. Drill 17-1/2" hole using sea water/xc polymer/pre-hydrated bentonite mud. Totco survey before pulling out every bit. Interval not exceeding 300'. Dog leg maxi 1°/100'. Maximum deviation 3°. Stabilizers will be used if necessary.
  14. Log hole as required.
  15. Control trip before running casing. Remove bore protector from wellhead.
  16. Run 13-3/8" casing with float shoe, float collar, centraliser and 13-5/8 x 10000 housing. Tack weld and tread lock bottom 3 joints. Hang casing  $\pm 30'$  off bottom. Take strain to be sure hanger is locked in.
  17. Cement casing using B.J. subsea cementing plug system, and cement mixed with fresh water. Use sufficient cement to bring cement back to mudline. Wash out excess cement through choke and kill lines with water.

Note: Casing test at 1500 psi just after setting the top plug on the float collar.

18. Retrieve 21-1/4 x 2000 BOP stack and 22" riser.
19. Pretest 13-5/8" x 10000 BOP stack to 10000 psi on test stump using clear water.
20. Run BOP stack and riser 16". Latch H4 connector. Test H4 connector, BOP, kill and choke lines, choke manifold.  
(See P-82 testing procedure)

Note: Retest BOP's weekly.

21. Drill 12-1/4" hole. Totco survey before pulling out every bit. Interval not exceeding 500'. Dog leg maxi: 1°/100'. Maximum deviation 5°. 12-1/4 servo stabilizers will be used if necessary. If shows were encountered one drill float valve will be run at all times above the bit.

22. Use sea water/xc polymer/pre hydrated bentonite system. See Magcobar drilling mud program

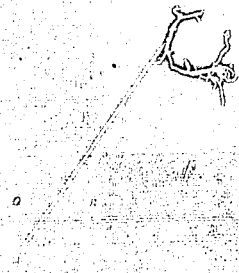
Note: P.H should be maintained at a minimum of 10 at all times to reduce the corrosive effect of the sea water.

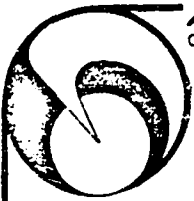
23. Coring and logging is required.
24. Make short trip up into shoe of 13-3/8" casing and check for tight spots, bridges and fill on return to bottom. If any of above are encountered, condition hole and make another short trip. If not, circulate bottoms up and pull out to run 9-5/8" casing (if required).
25. Run 9-5/8" (if required) with float shoe, float collar and centralisers. Thread lock bottom three joints. Hang casing ± 30' off bottom. Take strain to be sure hanger is locked in.
26. Cement casing using BJ subsea cementing plug system. Cement mixed with fresh water. Slurry up 500' inside 13-3/8" casing. Wash out head with water through choke and kill lines.

Note: Test casing at 3000 psi just after setting the top plug on the float collar.

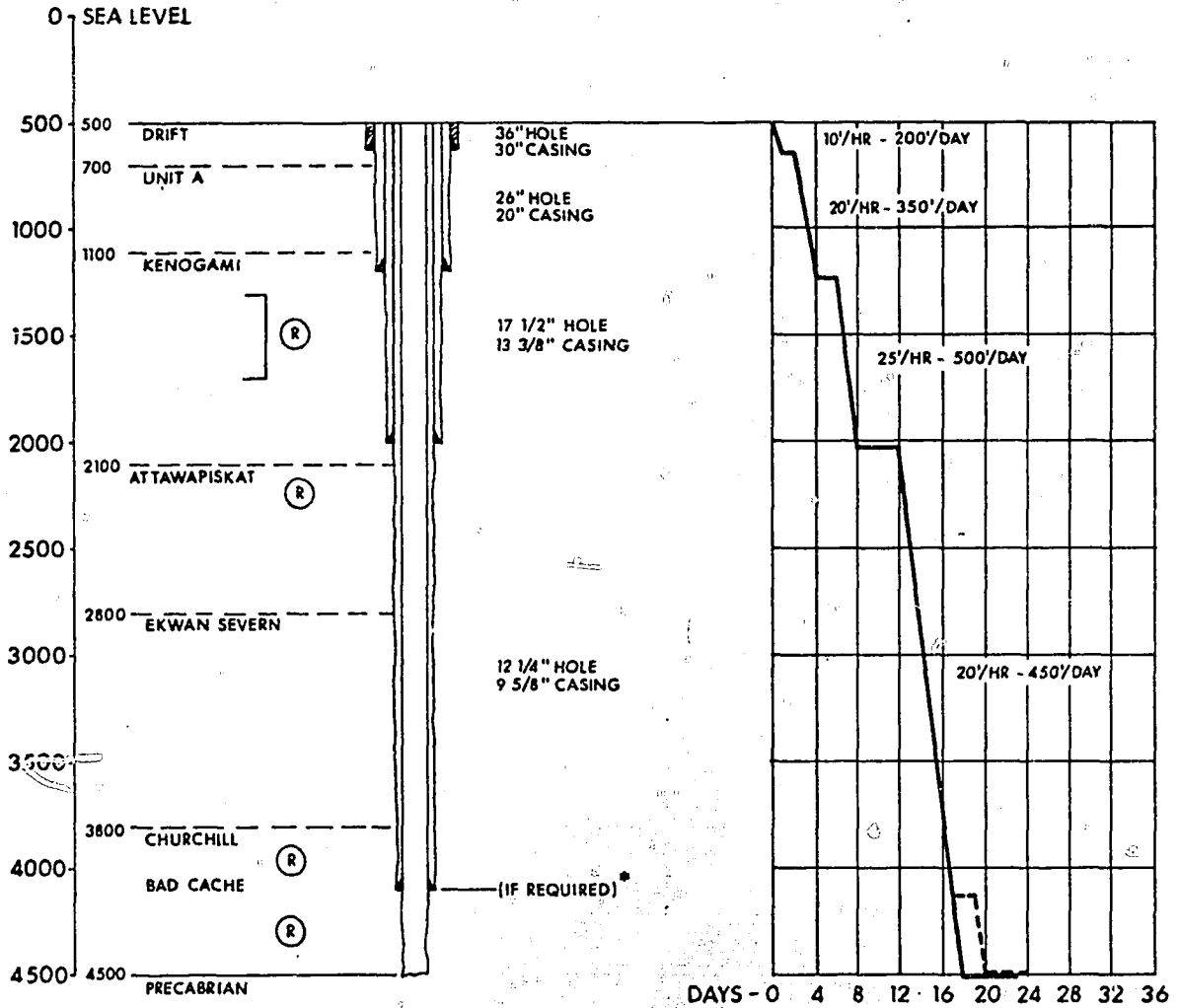
27. Energize hanger packing and test packing. (see Vetco procedure). Don't collapse 9-5/8" casing. If there are indications of a seal leak, repair it rather than continuing to pressure up.
28. Run BOP test tool and test BOP's.  
Retest BOP's weekly.
29. Run 13-5/8" Nominal Seat Protector.

- 30. Drill 8-1/2" hole to T.D. coring and logging as required.  
See Magcobar mud program.  
At T.D. Log, Run 7" liner and DST if required.
- 31. Abandon well according to EMR specifications.
- 32. Remove wellhead (A-Z cutter and swivel)





# NARWHAL SOUTH M77



\*FINAL DECISION NOT TO RUN 9 5/8" CASING MUST BE APPROVED BY E.M.R. (OTTAWA)

### 3.2 Position Keeping

10 Tension Mooring Sensors

Make: Martin Decker  
Type: Dynaline

10 Winches

Make: Brissonneau & Lotz      600 Kips Brake Capacity  
340 Kips Low Gear Pull

10 Anchors

Type: 30,000 lbs. LWT

10 Anchor Lines

Size: 5,000' of 2-3/4" wire rope  
Weight: 13.7 lbs/ft  
Type: 6 x 41 galvanized

### 3.3 Subsea Equipment

- Vetco temporary guide base with: 4 main guide lines
- Vetco permanent guide base
- 30" housing with left hand running thread
- 20" housing with left hand running thread
- Vetco 22" single ball flex joint
- Vetco 22" Integral MR-IV marine riser
- 13-5/8", 10,000 MSP High Profile Type SG-1 two hanger housing with left hand running thread
- Vetco 16" single ball flex joint
- Vetco 16" Integral MR-IV marine riser

### 3.4 Drilling Plant

#### 1 Drawworks

Make: Emsco 3000 HP  
Model: With automatic catheads  
Drum Type: Grooved for 1-1/2" line

#### 1 Electromagnetic Brake

Make: Elmagco  
Model: 7838

#### 1 Sandreel Assembly Mounted on Drawworks

9/16" x 18,000 Sandline

#### 3 Electric Motor Drive

Make: G.E.  
Model: 752 R  
Type: Shunt Wound DC  
Power: 930 HP nom./1000 HP max.

Maximum line pull at the hook with safety factor minimum of 2 on the weakest part (line).

10 Lines Low Gear: 1,140,000 lbs  
8 Lines Low Gear: 906,000 lbs

#### 1 Drilling Line

1-1/2" x 5,000'  
Type 6 x 19  
Extra improved plow steel  
Nominal breaking strength 103 tons

### 3.5 Derrick

Make: Continental Emsco  
Size: 157' x 36' x 36'  
Type: Dynamic, welded panels, bolted  
Capacity: API 1,150,000 lbs  
Hook Load: 685,000 lbs  
Pipe Racked in Derrick: 425,000 lbs  
Tensioners Load: 310,000 lbs

Provision for dynamic loading is included in excess of the above values.

### 3.6 Pumps

#### 2 Hole Pumps #1 & 2

Make and Size: Emsco Triplex F 1600  
Driven By: Two 800 HP cont. electric motors GE 752 R  
Pulsation Dampener: Emsco 20 gallons  
Strokes: From about 10 to 120 SPM  
Continuous Max. Pressure Possible: 3423 psi with 7" liner  
Centrifugal Supercharging Pump: Mission 5 x 6 R

#### 1 Mixing Pump

Make and Size: Emsco D 375  
Driven By: One 350 HP electric motor  
Pulsation Dampener: Emsco 20 gallons

#### 2 Mixing Transfer Pumps

Make and Size: Mission 5 x 6  
Driven By: A.C. electric motor

### 3.7 Compressors

#### 3 Main Air Compressors

Each powered by 120 HP electric motor c/w automatic control.  
Free air delivery 540 CFM pressure range 125 - 150 psi.  
Water cooled.

#### 1 Twin Air Dryer

Capacity: 440 SCFM

#### 3 Air Tanks 150 PSI

One 350 cu. ft. for general duty  
One 210 cu. ft. for BOP unit  
One 32 cu. ft. for remote controls

### 3.8 BOP Equipment

First BOP Stack: (21-1/4" x 2000)

#### 1 Bag Preventer

Size: 21-1/4"  
W.P.: 2000 psi



Make: Hydril  
Type: MSP, studded on top, with CIW #18 clamp below

1 Surge Dampener

Make: Stewart & Stevenson  
Type: Passive  
Capacity: 10 gallons, 3000 psi on close side

1 Drilling Spool

Size: 21-1/4" ID, WP: 2000 psi  
Outlets: 2 x 3-1/8" with CIW #4 clamp hub  
Connections: CIW #18 clamp hub, top and bottom

2 Kill Line Valves

Size: 3-1/8" nom.  
W.P.: 5000 psi  
Make: Cameron  
Type: "F" with style A hydraulic operator fail safe to close  
Connections: CIW #4 clamp hub, top and bottom

1 Kill Line Connector

Size: 3-1/2" nom.  
W.P.: 5000 psi  
Make: Vetco  
Type: Stab type welded

1 Riser Mandrel

Size: 20-3/4" ID  
W.P.: 2000 psi  
Make: Vetco  
Connection: 20" API #6B flange below

1 Bottom Connector

Size: 20-3/4" ID  
W.P.: 2000 psi  
Make: Vetco  
Type: H4 style "D"  
Connection: CIW #18 clamp hub on top

Second BOP Stack: (13-5/8" x 10,000)

1 Bag Preventer

Size: 13-5/8" ID

W.P.: 5000 psi

Make: Shaffer

Type: Spherical

Connection: CIW #15 clamp hub below and 13-5/8" API - 6BX flange above

1 Surge Dampener

Make: Stewart & Stevenson

Capacity: 10 gallons 3000 psi on closing side

2 Ram Preventers

Size: 13-5/8" ID

W.P.: 10,000 psi

Make: Cameron

Type: Double U with pressure balanced wedge lock. One set of rams equipped with shear rams, the other three with 5" pipe rams.

Connections: CIW #15 clamp hub, top and bottom

4 Choke/Kill Line Valves

Size: 3-1/16"

W.P.: 10,000 psi

Make: Cameron

Type: F with style A hydraulic operator, fail safe to close

Connection: CIW #5 clamp hub, top and bottom

2 Choke/Kill Line Connectors

Size: 3-1/2" nom.

W.P.: 10,000 psi

Make: Vetco

Type: Stab type, welded

1 Riser Mandrel

Size: 13-5/8" ID

W.P.: 10,000 psi

Make: Vetco

Connection: 13-5/8" API - 6BX flange

1 Bottom Connector

Size: 13-5/8" ID  
W.P.: 10,000 psi  
Make: Vetco  
Type: H4, style "D"  
Connection: CIW #15 clamp hub

3.9 Well Kick Report

N/A

3.10 Hole Sizes and Depths

36" hole drilled to 713'  
26" hole drilled to 1,123'  
17-1/2" hole drilled to 1,756'  
12-1/4" hole drilled to 4,341'

3.11 Casing and Cementing Record

30" set at 672'  
20" set at 1,093'  
13-3/8" set at 1,737'

See casing reports for further details.

3.12 Perforation and Shooting Record

N/A

3.13 Plug Back and Squeeze Cement Jobs

See plug back and abandonment report.

3.14 Drilling Fluid

See Magco-bar mud report.

3.15 Fishing Operations

See fishing operation reports.

3.16 Lost Circulation and Gain Zones

See report.

### 3.17 Drill Cuttings

- The sampled intervals are as follows:

Glazed vials: 1,130' to 4,340' in 10' intervals  
Unwashed samples: 1,700' to 4,341' in 10' intervals  
Canned samples: 1,130' to 4,341' in 30' intervals

- Companies receiving a complete set of canned samples are:

Resource Management and Conservation Branch - Bedford, N.S.  
Aquitaine Company of Canada Ltd.

- Companies receiving a complete set of glazed vials and unwashed samples are:

Aquitaine Company of Canada Ltd. (2 sets of unwashed samples)  
Atlantic Richfield Canada Ltd.  
Shell Canada Ltd.  
Elf Oil Exploration and Production Canada Ltd.  
Resource Management and Conservation Branch (7 dram vials)

- Companies receiving a complete set of glazed vials only are:

Petrofina Canada Ltd.  
Sogepet Ltd.  
G.S.C. - Institute of Sedimentation and Petroleum (2 dram vials)

### 3.18 Cores

See report.

### 3.19 Bit Records and Hydraulics

See report.

### 3.20 Time Distribution

See Graphical Well Analysis and Time Analysis reports.

### 3.21 Penetration Rate Log

See Graphical Well Analysis.

### 3.22 Deviation Plot

See Deviation Survey report and Graphical Well Analysis.

3-18

MEMORANDUM

TO: G. Kuhn de Chizelle                      DATE: May 26, 1975  
FROM: B.A. Tillement                      FILE: 825-02-08  
RE: Letter 8710 - ALL - 4 - 1                      sent by EHR  
on May 14, 1975

---

Please be advised that:

1. The Harwhal core was slabbed in three parts. 1/4 (ARCAN) is stored at STACS DATA Services Ltd., 301 - 10th Avenue S.W., Calgary.

1/4 (AQUITAINE) was sent to our lab in Pau, France.

1/2 (GOVERNMENT) was sent by Core Laboratories of Calgary to Atlantic Geosciences Center, Bedford Institute, Halifax, Nova Scotia.

DAT/vs

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B.A. Tillement

3.23 Abandonment Plugs

See report.

3.24 Well Diagram

See Graphical Well Analysis.

PHASES					DRILLING REPORT						1 WELL: <u>Narwhal</u>		2 No: <u>29</u>					
Cross out which ever not applicable		DEPTH		PENET.		TIME		AQUITAINE						RIG: <u>P 82</u>		DATE: <u>2/9/74</u>		
		ft	ins.	ft.	ins.	h.	min.											
PERFORATION	TOTAL	3		4		5		BITS						PARAMETERS				
	Drilled-cored							Make	Ø	Type	No.	Nozzles	Cumul	Weight	R.P.M.	Flow Rate	Mud Pressure	
	EACH BIT	6		7		8		9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	
	Drilled-cored																	
	Drilled-cored																	
Drilled-cored																		
Drilled-cored																		
MUD	CHARACTERISTICS				LOSSES and GAINS			PRODUCTS ADDED										
	19	Wt _____	Wt _____	V _____	V _____	20			21									
		mini	maxi	mini	maxi		this day	cumul										
		F _____	VA _____	Vp _____	Yv _____		Mud											
	Gel 0 _____	10 _____	S% _____	pH _____		Water												
	Pf _____	Lc _____	Solid _____	NaCL _____														
STRING	22 ELEMENTS _____											23	WEIGHT (in mud)	D.C.	D.P.	W!M.D.		
	24 FORMATION Type: Stage _____					25 CORES _____					26 DEVIATION _____							
NOTES	27 TIME LOG		ELAPSED															
	FROM	TO	TIME															
	7	13:30	13:30	Pick up temporary guide base with 10000# on each guide line - picked up anchors .														
	13:30	24:00	10:30	On tow to Walrus location. (Supreme Tide - Towing at 2.5 knots)														
													28 TIME ANALYSIS			29 WEATHER		
													9 - Mis. op.	10 - W.C.	Wind/Kn			
													1 - R.U.D.	11 - Casing	Direction			
													2 - D	12 - Circ	Waves /ft			
													3 - Red	13 - Fishing	Slip jt.			
													4 - D.T.	14 - Aband <u>13:30</u>	Current			
													5 - H.O.	15 - Rep	Swells/ft			
													6 - Cor	16 - W.T.	Direction			
													7 - C.T.	17 - Vac	Temperature			
													8 - Test					
													29 PROGRAMME			30 Support Vessels		
													Towing					
													30 PEOPLE ON BOARD : _____					

# DRILLING REPORT

## AQUITAINE

1 WELL. Narwhal  
RIG P 82

2 No. 28  
DATE 1/9/74

### PHASES

	DEPTH		PENET.		TIME
	ft.	ins.	ft.	ins.	h. min.
<u>Cross out which ever not applicable</u>					
<b>TOTAL</b>	3		4		5
Drilled-cored					
<b>EACH BIT</b>	6		7		8
Drilled-cored					
Drilled-cored					
Drilled-cored					
Drilled-cored					

### BITS

### PARAMETERS

Make	Ø	Type	No.	Nozzles	Cumul	Weight	R.P.M.	Flow Rate	Mud Pressure
9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18

### CHARACTERISTICS

### LOSSES and GAINS

### PRODUCTS ADDED

19 Wt _____ V _____ mini maxi mini maxi F VA Vp Yv Gel 0 10 S% pH P <sub>s</sub> Lc Solid NaCL	20 this day cumul Mud Water	21
--	-----------------------------------	----

22 <u>ELEMENTS</u> _____	23 WEIGHT (in mud)	D.C.	D.P.	W/M.D.
--------------------------	--------------------	------	------	--------

24 <u>FORMATION</u> Type . Stage	25 <u>CORES</u> _____	26 <u>DEVIATION</u> _____
-------------------------------------	-----------------------	---------------------------

TIME LOG	ELAPSED	DESCRIPTION	TIME ANALYSIS	WEATHER
ROM TO	TIME		1 - R.U.D. _____	28 Wind/Kn _____
0 6:15	6:15	Cut off 20" and 30" casing - Try to pick up with stack and riser - O.K.	10 - W.C. _____	Direction _____
6:15 7:30	1:15	Retrieved seat protector - Start to pick up piggy back anchors.	11 - Casing _____	Waves /ft _____
7:30 13:00	5:30	Pull out 16" riser and 13 5/8 stack	12 - Circ _____	Slip jt. _____
13:00 16:30	3:30	Moved lower package 13 5/8 stack to test stump - lay down cutter assembly - start to pull out anchors	13 - Fishing _____	Current _____
16:30 21:45	5:15	Pull out permanent guide base 13 3/8 - 20" and 30" housing with 13 3/8 casing spear	14 - Aband _____	24 Swells/ft _____
21:45 24:00	2:15	Try to pick up temporary guide base with 8000# on each guide line.	15 - Rep _____	Direction _____
			16 - W.T. _____	Temperature _____
			17 - Vac _____	
			29 PROGRAMME _____	32 Support Vessels _____
			Abandon	
			30 PEOPLE ON BOARD : _____	

PENETRATION

MUD

STRING

NOTES

406



PHASES					DRILLING REPORT								1 WELL. <u>Narwhal S</u>		2 No. <u>27</u>		
AQUITAINE													RIG. <u>P 82</u>		DATE <u>31/8/74</u>		
PENETRATION	Cross out which ever not applicable	DEPTH		PENET.		TIME											
	TOTAL	3	4	5	BITS						PARAMETERS						
	Drilled-cored	ft.	ins.	ft.	ins.	h.	min.	Make	Ø	Type	No.	Nozzles	Cumul	Weight	R.P.M.	Flow Rate	Mud Pressure
	EACH BIT	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18			
	Drilled-cored																
MUD	19 CHARACTERISTICS					20 LOSSES and GAINS			21 PRODUCTS ADDED								
	Wt _____	Wt _____	V _____	V _____		this day	cumul										
	mini	maxi	mini	maxi													
	F _____	VA _____	Vp _____	Yv _____													
Gel 0 _____	10 _____	S% _____	pH _____		Mud												
Pf _____	Lc _____	Solid. _____	NaCL _____		Water												
STRING	22 ELEMENTS _____											23 WEIGHT (in mud)	D.C.	D.P.	Wt M.D.		
24 FORMATION _____ Type . Stage					25 CORES _____			26 DEVIATION _____									
NOTES	27 TIME LOG		ELAPSED										28 TIME ANALYSIS		31 WEATHER		
	FROM	TO	TIME									9 - Mis. op.	10 - W.C.	Wind/Kn	Direction		
	0	8:30	8:30	Run continuous plug (5 stages) from TD to 700' (3 lower stages with 11% gel cement) 2 upper stages with neat cement).								2 - D	11 - Casing	Waves /ft	Slip jt.		
				At 700' circulation to flush BOP stack. Displace stack and riser to sea water. Close blind rams.								3 - Red	12 - Circ	Current	Swells/ft		
	8:30	16:45	8:15	Lay down 9 1/2 DC + 8 1/2 DC + 5" D.P.								4 - D.T.	13 - Fishing	Direction	Temperature		
	16:45	24:00	7:15	Run in hole 13 3/8 casing cutter - Cut off 13 3/8 casing Pull out to change blades - run in hole to cut off 20" casing.								5 - H.O.	14 - Aband <u>24:00</u>				
											6 - Cor	15 - Rep					
											7 - C.T.	16 - W.T.					
											8 - Test	17 - Vac					
											29 PROGRAMME _____		32 Support Vessels _____				
											30 PEOPLE ON BOARD : _____						

PHASES					DRILLING REPORT										1 WELL. <u>Narwhal S</u>		2 No. <u>26</u>													
Cross out which ever not applicable	DEPTH ft.    ins.		PENET. ft.    ins.		TIME h.    min.		AQUITAINE							RIG <u>P 82</u>		DATE <u>30/8/74</u>														
PENETRATION	TOTAL		4		5		BITS							PARAMETERS																
	Drilled-cored		00				3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18								
	EACH BIT						Make	Ø	Type	No.	Nozzles	Cumul	Weight	R.P.M.	Flow Rate	Mud Pressure														
	Drilled-cored																													
	Drilled-cored																													
Drilled-cored																														
Drilled-cored																														
Drilled-cored																														
MUD	CHARACTERISTICS								LOSSES and GAINS				PRODUCTS ADDED																	
	19 Wt _____ V _____ mini    maxi    mini    maxi F _____ VA _____ Vp _____ Yv _____ Gel 0 _____ 10 _____ S% _____ pH _____ P <sub>f</sub> _____ Lc _____ Solid _____ NaCL _____				20 this day    cumul Mud Water				21 Stock on Board: 277 tons    Potable Water    83 tons    Cement 207 tons    Drilling water 377 tons    Fuel 528 gals    Turbo Fuel 162 tons    Barite																					
	22 ELEMENTS _____																						23 WEIGHT (in mud)		D.C.		D.P.		W!M.D.	
	24 FORMATION _____ Type, Stage								25 CORES _____								26 DEVIATION _____													
	27 TIME LOG		ELAPSED		TIME ANALYSIS										9 - Mis. op. 20:00		31 WEATHER													
FROM	TO	TIME											1 - R.U.D. _____	10 - W.C. _____	Wind/Kn	10														
0:00	20:00	20:00	Logging BHCS - GRC, CNL - FDC, DIL, S.R.S. HDT Rigged down Schlumberger material										2 - D _____	11 - Casing _____	Direction	NNW														
20:00	22:30	2:30	Run in hole with open ended D.P. to 4,340'										3 - Red _____	12 - Circ _____	Waves /ft	2' -3'														
22:30	23:30	1:00	Circulate and dump to sea 100 bbl. water plug. Top at 1900', bottom at 2800'										4 - D.T. _____	13 - Fishing _____	Slip jt.															
23:30	24:00	0:30	Start first plug: 500 sx Class B cement with 12% prehydrated gel.										5 - H.O. _____	14 - Aband 4:00	Current															
			8:00 A.M. Status: Plugged back to 700' K.B., Rams closed, circulate riser to sea water, laying down drill dollars and drill pipe.										6 - Cor _____	15 - Rep _____	Swells/ft															
													7 - C.T. _____	16 - W.T. _____	Direction															
													8 - Test _____	17 - Vac _____	Temperature	40°														
													29 PROGRAMME _____		32 Support Vessels															
													Abandon well		Giant Tide															
													30 PEOPLE ON BOARD : <u>64</u>		Supreme Tide															

PHASES

# DRILLING REPORT

## AQUITAINE

WELL. Narwhal S No. 25  
 RIG. P 82 DATE 28/8/74

Cross out which ever not applicable	DEPTH		PENET.		TIME
	ft.	ins.	ft.	ins.	h. min.

TOTAL	3 4236		4 105		5 8 15
Drilled-cored	4341				

BITS

PARAMETERS

PENETRATION	EACH BIT	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
	4236										70/85000		550 gal/min.	
	4341		105		8 15	SMITH	12 1/4	3JS	SR 662	3x13	239	50		2700
	Drilled-cored													
	Drilled-cored													
	Drilled-cored													

CHARACTERISTICS

LOSSES and GAINS

PRODUCTS ADDED

MUD	19 Wt <u>9.8</u> Wt <u>11.0</u> v <u>38</u> v <u>41</u>				20	this day		21						
	F mini <u>71</u> VA maxi <u>16</u> Vp mini <u>11</u> Yv maxi <u>10</u>													
	Gel O <u>5</u> 10 <u>17</u> S% <u>0</u> pH. <u>11.5</u>					Mud						6 sx Salt Gel		
	Pf. <u>.5</u> Lc <u>0</u> Solid. <u>7%</u> NaCl <u>270000</u>					Water						45 sx Magcogel		
												10 ton Barite		

STRING	22 ELEMENTS <u>Bit / Bit Sub/(8) 9 1/2 DC/Sub/(4) 8 1/2 DC/(2) 8" BS/(6) 8 1/2 DC/Sub/(1) Flexwate/</u>							23	WEIGHT (in mud)	D.C.	D.P.	W!M.D.
	<u>Dropping Valve/(14) Flexwate/5" Drill Pipes</u>											

NOTES	24 FORMATION _____				25 CORES _____				26 DEVIATION <u>4,335' = 1° 3/4</u>			
	Type Stage _____											

NOTES	27 TIME LOG			ELAPSED	TIME	DESCRIPTION	28 TIME ANALYSIS								31 WEATHER	
	FROM	TO	TIME				9 - Mis. op.	10 - W.C.	11 - Casing	12 - Circ	13 - Fishing	14 - Aband	15 - Rep	16 - W.T.	17 - Vac	Wind/Kn
	00:00	01:00	1:00		Waiting on Weather										6	SW
	01:00	06:00	5:00		Pull out Hang Off Tool. Rig up 2 x 8" B.S. R.I.H.	2 - D	8:15									4-7
	06:00	09:30	3:30		Drilling from 4236' to 4280'	3 - Red					3:00					
	09:30	10:15	0:45		Circulating for samples	4 - D.T.	7:45									
	10:15	15:00	4:45		Drilling from 4280' to 4341'	5 - H.O.										
	15:00	16:30	1:30		Circulated Bottom's up twice	6 - Cor										SW
	16:30	16:45	0:15		Dropped Totco - Dry Job	7 - C.T.					1:00					
	16:45	17:45	1:00		Pull out Bit No. 11 to Shoe	8 - Test										Temperature
	17:45	18:30	0:45		Displaced Mud Wt. 11.3 W/Mud Wt. 13 lb./gal.	29 PROGRAMME _____								32 Support Vessels		
	18:30	20:15	1:45		Pull Out of Hole Laying Down 8" Bumper Subs	Logging _____								Giant Tide		
406	20:15	24:00	3:45		Logging - C.N.L./FDC-OR	30 PEOPLE ON BOARD: <u>66</u>								Federal 6		

PHASES

# DRILLING REPORT

## AQUITAINE

1 WELL Narwhal S 2 No. 24  
 RIG P 82 DATE 28/8/74

Cross out which ever not applicable

DEPTH		PENET.		TIME	
ft.	ins.	ft.	ins.	h.	min.

PENETRATION

PENETRATION	TOTAL	3	4,102	4	134	5	14	45	BITS						PARAMETERS			
	Drilled-cored		4,236						Make	Ø	Type	No.	Nozzles	Cumul	Weight	R.P.M.	Flow Rate	Mud Pressure
	EACH BIT	6	4,102	7	134	8	14	45	9	10	11	12 #11	13	14	15	16	17	18
	Drilled-cored		4,236						Smith	12 1/4	3JS	R663	3x13	134	70000	45	550	2700
	Drilled-cored																	

MUD

CHARACTERISTICS								LOSSES and GAINS				PRODUCTS ADDED														
19	Wt	10.7	Wt	10.9	v	36	v	39	20	this day	cumul	21														
	F	mini 75	VA	maxi 14	Vp	mini 10	Yv	maxi 8				6 sx	Caustic Soda													
	Gel 0	4	10	14	S%	0	pH	11.5	Mud			60 sx	Salt Gel													
	PI	0.4	Lc	0	Solid	5.5	NaCL	260	Water			3 sx	Magcogel													
		Calcium		55000																						

STRING

22	ELEMENTS	Same as yesterday										23	WEIGHT (in mud)	90000	D.C.	60000	D.P.	236000	W!M.D.
----	----------	-------------------	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	----	-----------------	-------	------	-------	------	--------	--------

NOTES

24	FORMATION											25	CORES											26	DEVIATION										
	Type . Stage																																		
27	TIME LOG	ELAPSED															28	TIME ANALYSIS	9 - Mis. op.	31	WEATHER														
	ROM	TO	TIME																1 - R.U.D.	10 - W.C.	Wind/Kn	30													
	0	2:45	2:45	Running in hole with Bit #11															2 - D	14:45	11 - Casing	Direction	NW												
	2:45	17:30	14:45	Drilling															3 - Red		12 - Circ	Waves /ft	18'												
	17:30	17:45	0:15	Pumped pill (wind 83 mph, Heave 9', Waves 30' - 35')															4 - D.T.	2:45	13 - Fishing	Slip jt.	1'												
	17:45	20:15	2:30	Pulled to casing shoe. Hang off drill pipe.															5 - H.O.		14 - Aband	Current													
	20:15	21:00	0:45	Displace annulus with 12.5#/gal. mud															6 - Cor		15 - Rep	Swells/ft	8'												
	21:00	24:00	3:00	Waiting on weather															7 - C.T.		16 - W.T.	6:30	Direction	NW											
				8:00 A.M. Status: drilling at 4,259'															8 - Test		17 - Vac	Temperature	44°												
				Start drilling at 6:00 A.M.														29	PROGRAMME	Drilling										32	Support Vessels				
																															Giant Tide				
406																		30	PEOPLE ON BOARD :	63															

PHASES

DRILLING REPORT  
AQUITAINE

1 WELL Narwhal S  
RIG P-82

2 No. 23  
DATE 27/8/74

Cross out which ever not applicable

	DEPTH		PENET.		TIME	
	ft.	ins.	ft.	ins.	h.	min.
TOTAL	3	3,880	4		5	21 00
Drilled	1	4,102				
EACH BIT	6	3,880	7		8	21 00
Drilled		4,102				
Drilled-cored						
Drilled-cored						
Drilled-cored						

BITS

PARAMETERS

Make	Ø	Type	No.	Nozzles	Cumul	Weight	R.P.M.	Flow Rate	Mud Pressure
			12 #10						
Smith	12 1/4	4JS	SN 120	3x13	771' / 66:30	70000	45	550	2700

CHARACTERISTICS

LOSSES and GAINS

PRODUCTS ADDED

19	Wt <u>10.7</u>	Wt <u>10.9</u>	v <u>35</u>	v <u>40</u>
	F <u>73</u>	VA <u>14</u>	Vp <u>10</u>	Yv <u>8</u>
	Gel <u>4</u>	<u>10</u>	S% <u>0</u>	pH <u>11.5</u>
	Pf <u>0.4</u>	Lc <u>0</u>	Solid. <u>6%</u>	NaCL <u>270</u>

20	this day	cumul
Mud		
Water		

21	5 sx	Caustic
	50 sx	Salt gel
	3 sx	Magcogel

PENETRATION

MUD

STRING

NOTES

22 ELEMENTS Same as yesterday

23	WEIGHT (in mud)	D.C.	D.P.	W.M.D.
	90000	65000	235000	

24 FORMATION Type: Stage

25 CORES

26 DEVIATION at 4,100' = 2°

27 TIME LOG		ELAPSED	
ROM	TO	TIME	
0	21:00	21:00	Drilling from 3,880' to 4,102'
21:00	21:30	0:30	Circulation
21:30	21:45	0:15	Totco survey
21:45	24:00	2:15	Tripping to change bit
			8:00 A.M. status = drilling at 4,147'

TIME ANALYSIS		9 - Mis. op.	0:15
1 - R.U.D.		10 - W.C.	
2 - D	21:00	11 - Casing	
3 - Red		12 - Circ	0:30
4 - D.T.	2:15	13 - Fishing	
5 - H.O.		14 - Aband	
6 - Cor		15 - Rep	
7 - C.T.		16 - W.T.	
8 - Test		17 - Vac	
29 PROGRAMME			
		Drilling	

31 WEATHER	
Wind/Kn	30/38
Direction	NW
Waves /ft	9/15'
Slip jt.	3'
Current	
Swells/ft	12'
Direction	NW
Temperature	48°
32 Support Vessels	
Giant Tide	

30 PEOPLE ON BOARD: 63

PHASES

# DRILLING REPORT

## AQUITAINE

1 WELL: Narwhal S  
RIG: P 82

2 No: 22  
DATE: 26/8/71

Cross out which ever not applicable

DEPTH		PENET.		TIME	
ft.	ins.	ft.	ins.	h.	min.

<b>TOTAL</b>	3,616		4	264	5	24 00
Drilled-cored	3,880					
<b>EACH BIT</b>	6	7	8	9	10	11
	3,616		264		24	00
Drilled-cored	3,880					
Drilled-cored						
Drilled-cored						
Drilled-cored						

BITS

PARAMETERS

Make	Ø	Type	No.	Nozzles	Cumul	Weight	R.P.M.	Flow Rate	M. Press.
Smith	12 1/4	4JS	SN 120	3x13	549' / 45:30	70000	45	550	2700

CHARACTERISTICS

LOSSES and GAINS

PRODUCTS ADDED

19 wt 10.5 mini 75 F 4 Pf 0.4  
 wt 10.9 maxi 13.5 VA 16 Ic 0  
 v 36 mini 9 S% 6 Solid  
 v 40 maxi 9 Yv 11.5 pH 11.5 NaCL 290  
 Ca = 50,000

20 this day cumul  
 Mud  
 Water

21  
 160 sx Barite  
 8 sx Caustic  
 28 sx Magogel  
 50 sx Saltgel

22 ELEMENTS Same as yesterday

23 WEIGHT (in mud) D.C. D.P. W/M.D.

24 FORMATION Type Stage

25 CORES

26 DEVIATION

27 TIME LOG

ROM	TO	ELAPSED TIME	
0:00	24:00	24:00	Drilling

8 A.M. status - Drilling at 3,968'

28 TIME ANALYSIS

1 - R.U.D.	9 - Mis. op.
2 - D <u>24:00</u>	10 - W.C.
3 - Red	11 - Casing
4 - D.T.	12 - Circ
5 - H.O.	13 - Fishing
6 - Cor	14 - Aband
7 - C.T.	15 - Rep
8 - Test	16 - W.T.
	17 - Vac

31 WEATHER

Wind/Kn  
 Direction  
 Waves /ft  
 Slip jt.  
 Current  
 Swells/ft  
 Direction  
 Temperature

32 Support Vessels

29 PROGRAMME Drilling

30 PEOPLE ON BOARD: 63

PENETRATION

MUD

STRING

NOTES

PHASES

**DRILLING REPORT**  
AQUITAINE

1 WELL. Narwhal S  
RIG. P 82

2 No. 21  
DATE 25/8/74

PENETRATION

Cross out which ever not applicable

DEPTH	PENET.		TIME
	ft.	ins.	

TOTAL	3	3,331	4	285	5	21	30
Drilled-cored		3,616					

EACH BIT	6	3,331	7	285	8	21	30
Drilled-cored		3,616					
Drilled-cored							
Drilled-cored							
Drilled-cored							

BITS

Make	Ø	Type	No.	Nozzles	Cumul
Smith	12 1/11	4JS	SN 120	3x13	285/21:30

PARAMETERS

Weight	R.P.M.	Flow Rate	Mud Pressure
70000	45	550	2700

MUD

CHARACTERISTICS

LOSSES and GAINS

PRODUCTS ADDED

19	Wt <u>10.6</u>	Wt <u>10.9</u>	v <u>36</u>	v <u>41</u>
	F mini <u>70</u>	VA maxi <u>14.5</u>	Vp mini <u>10</u>	Yv maxi <u>9</u>
	Gel <u>7</u>	10 <u>21</u>	S% <u>0</u>	pH <u>11.5</u>
	Pf <u>0.5</u>	Lc <u>0</u>	Solid <u>5.5</u>	NaCl <u>310</u>
	Ca = 35000			

20	this day	cumul
Mud		
Water		

21	6 sx	Caustic
	223 sx	Salt
	50 sx	Saltgel
	20 sx	Magogel

STRING

22 ELEMENTS Same as yesterday, without junk sub

23	WEIGHT (in mud)	D.C.	D.P.	W!M.D.
	90000	62000	229000	

NOTES

24 FORMATION \_\_\_\_\_  
Type Stage \_\_\_\_\_

25 CORES \_\_\_\_\_

26 DEVIATION \_\_\_\_\_

27 TIME LOG		ELAPSED	
FROM	TO	TIME	
0	2:30	2:30	Running in Bit #10
2:30	24:00	21:30	Drilling from 3,331 to 3,616 with Salt saturated mud.
			8:00 A.M. Status - drilling at 3,705'

28 TIME ANALYSIS

9 - Mis. op.	
10 - W.C.	
11 - Casing	
12 - Circ	
13 - Fishing	
14 - Aband	
15 - Rep	
16 - W.T.	
17 - Vac	

31 WEATHER

Wind/Kn	<u>24/30</u>
Direction	<u>SW</u>
Waves /ft	<u>4/6'</u>
Slip jt.	<u>0</u>
Current	
Swells/ft	<u>6'</u>
Direction	<u>WSW</u>
Temperature	<u>38°</u>

29 PROGRAMME Drilling

32 Support Vessels Supreme Tide

30 PEOPLE ON BOARD: 63

PHASES

DRILLING REPORT

1 WELL: Narwhal S No. 20  
RIG: P82 DATE 24/8/74

AQUITAINE

Gross out which ever not applicable  
DEPTH ft. ins. PENET. ft. ins. TIME h. min.

PENETRATION

TOTAL	3	3,163		4		5	
Drilled-cored		3,331		168		11	15
EACH BIT	6	3,163		7		8	
Drilled-cored		3,331		168		11	15
Drilled-cored							
Drilled-cored							
Drilled-cored							

BITS

PARAMETERS

Make	Ø	Type	No.	Nozzles	Cumul	Weight	R.P.M.	Flow Rate	Mud Pressure
Smith	12 1/4	4JS	TC 169	3x13	771/55:15	70000	45	550	2600

MUD

CHARACTERISTICS

LOSSES and GAINS

PRODUCTS ADDED

19	Wt 10.5	wt 10.7	v 36	v 40	20	this day	cumul	21	
	mini 75	maxi 14	mini 6	maxi 16					
	VA 10	Vp 21	S% 0.25	pH 11.5	Mud			1.5 tons Barite	
	Pf 0.5	Lc 0	Solid 5	NaCL 185				8 sx. Caustic	
	Ca = 14000				Water				

STRING

22	ELEMENTS	Same as yesterday	23	WEIGHT (in mud)	90000	D.C.	60000	D.P.	225000	W!M.D.
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NOTES

24	FORMATION	Type: Stage	25	CORES	26	DEVIATION	at 3325 = 0°
27	TIME LOG	ELAPSED			29	PROGRAMME	Drilling
	ROM	TO	TIME		30	PEOPLE ON BOARD	66
	0	10:15	10:15				
	10:15	11:00	0:45				
	11:00	12:00	1:00				
	12:00	12:45	0:45				
	12:45	13:00	0:15				
	13:00	19:30	6:30				
	19:30	24:00	4:30				

TIME ANALYSIS 9 - Mis. op. 4:45

31 WEATHER

1 - R.U.D.	10 - W.C.	Wind/Kn	20
2 - D 11:15	11 - Casing	Direction	SW
3 - Red	12 - Circ 1:30	Waves /ft	3/5'
4 - D.T. 6:30	13 - Fishing	Slip jt.	0
5 - H.O.	14 - Aband	Current	
6 - Cor	15 - Rep	Swells/ft	2/5'
7 - C.T.	16 - W.T.	Direction	SW
8 - Test	17 - Vac	Temperature	45°

32 Support Vessels  
Supreme Tide

406



PHASES

# DRILLING REPORT

## AQUITAINE

1 WELL. Narwhal S  
RIG. P 82

2 No. 19  
DATE 24/8/74

Cross out which ever not applicable

DEPTH		PENET.		TIME	
ft.	ins.	ft.	ins.	h.	min.

PENETRATION

<b>TOTAL</b>	3 2800	4	5 24 00	BITS						PARAMETERS					
Drilled-cored	3163	363		Make	Ø	Type	No.	Nozzles	Cumul	Weight	R.P.M.	Flow Rate	Mud Pressure		
<b>EACH BIT</b>	6 2800	7 363	8 24 00	9	10	11	12/19	13	14	15	16	17	18		
Drilled-cored	3163			Smith	12 1/4	4JS	TC 169	3x13	603/44:00	70000	45	550	2600		
Drilled-cored															
Drilled-cored															
Drilled-cored															

MUD

CHARACTERISTICS						LOSSES and GAINS			PRODUCTS ADDED					
19	Wt 10.3	Wt 10.7	v 36	v 39		20	this day	cumul	21					
	F mini 70	VA maxi 15	Vp mini 7	Vv maxi 16					30 sx.	Salt gel	260 tons	Potable Water		
	Gel 0 7	10 22	S% .25	pH. 11.5		Mud			22 sx.	Caustic Soda	285 tons	Fuel		
	Pf .6	Lc 0	Solid. 5	NaCL 175		Water			8 sx.	Kelzan	600 gal.	Turbo Fuel		
									Products on Board		184 tons	Barite		
									390 tons	Drill water	102 tons	Cement		

STRING

22	ELEMENTS	23	WEIGHT (in mud)	D.C.	D.P.	W/M.D.
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NOTES

24	FORMATION	25	CORES	26	DEVIATION			
27	TIME LOG	ELAPSED		28	TIME ANALYSIS	9 - Mis. op.	31	WEATHER
	ROM	TO	TIME	1 - R.U.D.	10 - W.C.		Wind/Kn	10
	0:00	24:00	24:00	2 - D 24:00	11 - Casing		Direction	NNW
				3 - Red	12 - Circ		Waves /ft	2/3'
				4 - D.T.	13 - Fishing		Slip jt.	0
				5 - H.O.	14 - Aband		Current	
				6 - Cor	15 - Rep		Swells/ft	2/4'
				7 - C.T.	16 - W.T.		Direction	NW
				8 - Test	17 - Vac		Temperature	45
				29	PROGRAMME		32	Support Vessels
					Drilling			Supreme tide
406				30	PEOPLE ON BOARD	63		

8:00 A.M. Status - Drilling at 3,233  
with Bit #9

PHASES

DRILLING REPORT  
AQUITAINE

1 WELL. Narwhal S  
RIG. P 82

2 No. 18  
DATE 22/8/74

Cross out which ever not applicable  
DEPTH ft. ins. PENET. ft. ins. TIME h. min.

PENETRATION

TOTAL	3 2,560'	4	5	20 00
Drilled-cored	2,800'	240		
EACH BIT	6 2,560	7 240	8 20 00	
Drilled-cored	2,800			
Drilled-cored				
Drilled-cored				

BITS

PARAMETERS

Make	Ø	Type	No.	Nozzles	Cumul	Weight	R.P.M.	Flow Rate	Mud Pressure
Smith	12 1/4"	4JS	TC 169	3x13	240/20:00	70000	45	550	2500

CHARACTERISTICS

LOSSES and GAINS

PRODUCTS ADDED

MUD

19 Wt 10.2	Wt 10.5	v 35	v 42
mini 58	maxi 15	mini 7	maxi 16
F 6	VA 10	18	S% 0.25
pH 10			
Pf 0.1	Lc 0	Solid 4.5	NaCl 175

20 this day	cumul
Mud	
Water	

21 102 sx. Salt gel
16 sx. Caustic
2 sx. Drispac
10 tons Barite

STRING

22 ELEMENTS bit/junk sub/(8) DC 9 1/2/(10) DC 8 1/2/(1) flexwate/Drop in Valve/(14) flexwate/5" DP

23 WEIGHT (in mud)	D.C.	D.P.	W!M.D.
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NOTES

24 FORMATION Type . Stage

25 CORES

26 DEVIATION

27 TIME LOG	ELAPSED	
FROM	TO	TIME
0	3:45	3:45
3:45	4:00	0:15
4:00	24:00	20:00

Finished-pulling out Bit #8 - clean out junk sub.  
Running in Bit #9 - pickup (3) 8 1/2 DC and slip 15' of drilling line  
Working junk sub  
Drilling

8:00 A.M. Status = Drilling at 2,908'  
Recapitulation bits dullness:  
#4 No. 4057 5-3-I Ø 17 1/2  
#5 No. LX680 2-2-I Ø 17 1/2  
#6 No. 57822 6-2-I Ø 12 1/4  
#7 No. 914367 7-7-I Ø 12 1/4  
#8 No. 497853 7-4-I Ø 12 1/4

28 TIME ANALYSIS		9 - Mis. op.
1 - R.U.D.	10 - W.C.	
2 - D 20	11 - Casing	
3 - Red	12 - Circ	
4 - D.T. 3:45	13 - Fishing 0:15	
5 - H.O.	14 - Aband	
6 - Cor	15 - Rep	
7 - C.T.	16 - W.T.	
8 - Test	17 - Vac	

31 WEATHER	
Wind/Kn	12/16
Direction	NNE
Waves /ft	3
Slip jt.	0.5
Current	
Swells/ft	4/6
Direction	NNE
Temperature	44°

29 PROGRAMME  
Drilling

30 PEOPLE ON BOARD: 59

32 Support Vessels  
Supreme Tide

PHASES

# DRILLING REPORT

## AQUITAINE

1 WELL Narwhal S No. 17  
 RIG P82 DATE 21/8/74

Cross out which ever not applicable	DEPTH		PENET.		TIME
	ft.	ins.	ft.	ins.	h. min.

TOTAL	2,272		288		21 30
Drilled-	2,560				

EACH BIT	2,272		288		21 30
Drilled-	2,560				
Drilled-cored					
Drilled-cored					
Drilled-cored					

BITS										PARAMETERS			
Make	Ø	Type	No.	Nozzles	Cumul	Weight	R.P.M.	Flow Rate	Mud Pressure				
Security	12 1/4	S-88	497853	3x14	502/33:45	60000	40	550	2000				

CHARACTERISTICS

LOSSES and GAINS

PRODUCTS ADDED

Wt <u>10</u>	Wt <u>10.4</u>	v <u>39</u>	v <u>45</u>
F <u>68</u>	VA <u>19.5</u>	Vp <u>9</u>	Yv <u>21</u>
Gel <u>7</u>	10 <u>18</u>	S% <u>.25</u>	pH <u>11.5</u>
Pf <u>0.5</u>	Lc <u>0</u>	Solid <u>4.5%</u>	NaCl <u>160</u>
Ca = 7,500 ppm			

20	this day	cumul
Mud		
Water		

21	20 sxs	Caustic Soda
	10 sxs	Magogel
	55 gal	Magonol
	4 sxs	Barite

PENETRATION

MUD

STRING

NOTES

22 ELEMENTS same as yesterday

23	WEIGHT (in mud)	D.C.	D.P.	W!M.D.
	28000	45000	198000	

24 FORMATION Type . Stage

25 CORES

26 DEVIATION at 2,555' = 0.5°

27 TIME LOG		ELAPSED	
ROM	TO	TIME	
0	12:00	12:00	Drilling from 2,272' to 2,447'
12:00	12:15	0:15	Abandon Drillship drill
12:15	21:45	9:30	Drilling from 2,447' to 2,560'
21:45	22:15	0:30	Totco and circulated pill
22:15	23:00	0:45	Pulling out bit to 13 3/8 shoe - well flowing slightly
23:00	23:45	0:45	Pick up kelly - pumped 75 bbls of 12.4 mud
23:45	24:00	0:15	Pulling out bit No. 8
			8:00 A.M. Status = Drilling at 2,603'

28 TIME ANALYSIS		9 - Mis. op. <u>0:15</u>
1 - R.U.D. _____	10 - W.C. _____	
2 - D <u>21:30</u>	11 - Casing _____	
3 - Red _____	12 - Circ <u>1:15</u>	
4 - D.T. <u>1:00</u>	13 - Fishing _____	
5 - H.O. _____	14 - Aband _____	
6 - Cor _____	15 - Rep _____	
7 - C.T. _____	16 - W.T. _____	
8 - Test _____	17 - Vac _____	

31 WEATHER
Wind/Kn <u>35/45</u>
Direction <u>W</u>
Waves /ft <u>3</u>
Slip jt. <u>0.5</u>
Current _____
Swells/ft <u>8</u>
Direction <u>NW</u>
Temperature <u>47</u>

29 PROGRAMME Drilling

32 Support Vessels Giant Tide

# DRILLING REPORT

## AQUITAINE

WELL. Narwhal S No. 16  
 RIG. P-82 DATE 20/8/74

### PHASES

Cross out which ever not applicable	DEPTH ft. ins.	PENET. ft. ins.	TIME h. min.
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TOTAL	3 2.033	4	5
Drilled- <del>rod</del>	2.272	239	17 30

### BITS

### PARAMETERS

	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
EACH BIT	2,033												
Drilled- <del>rod</del>	2,058	25	5 15	Security	12 1/16	S-88	914367	3x15	191/18:00	60000	60	540	1500
Drilled- <del>rod</del>	2,272	214	12 15	Security	12 1/16	S-88	497853	3x14	214/12:15	60000	40/45	540	2000
Drilled-cored													
Drilled-cored													

Note: = on bit 914367 the spear point on roll #1 was broken - several inserts lost.

### CHARACTERISTICS

### LOSSES and GAINS

### PRODUCTS ADDED

19 Wt <u>10.4</u> v <u>37</u> mini <u>60</u> VA <u>19</u> Gel O <u>7</u> 10 <u>19</u> S% <u>.5</u> pH. <u>10.5</u> Pf. <u>4</u> Lc <u>0</u> Solid. <u>11</u> NaCl <u>225</u>	20 this day cumul	21 6 sx Caustic Soda 35 sx Salt gel 30 gal Magonol
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22 ELEMENTS Same as yesterday + junk sub above bit

23 WEIGHT (in mud) 78000 D.C. 44000 D.P. 197000 W!M.D.

24 FORMATION Type . Stage

25 CORES

26 DEVIATION at 2,055' = 0.75°

27 TIME LOG		ELAPSED	
FROM	TO	TIME	
0	2:45	2:45	Drilling to 2,055'
2:45	3:45	1:00	Increase mud weight for pill - circulation
3:45	6:15	2:30	Drilling to 2,058'
6:15	7:15	1:00	Circulation Totco survey - pump pill
7:15	11:30	4:15	Pulling out bit #7 Running in bit #8
11:30	11:45	0:15	Working with junk sub
11:45	24:00	12:15	Drilling to 2,272'
			8:00 A.M. Status = Drilling at 2,395'

28 TIME ANALYSIS		9 - Mis. op.
1 - R.U.D.	10 - W.C.	
2 - D <u>17:30</u>	11 - Casing	
3 - Red	12 - Circ <u>1:00</u>	
4 - D.T. <u>5:15</u>	13 - Fishing <u>0:15</u>	
5 - H.O.	14 - Aband	
6 - Cor	15 - Rep	
7 - C.T.	16 - W.T.	
8 - Test	17 - Vac	

29 WEATHER	
Wind/Kn	<u>12/18</u>
Direction	<u>NW</u>
Waves /ft	<u>0</u>
Slip jt.	<u>0.5</u>
Current	
Swells/ft	<u>2/4</u>
Direction	<u>NW</u>
Temperature	<u>49°</u>

29 PROGRAMME Drilling

30 Support Vessels  
Giant Tide

30 PEOPLE ON BOARD : :

PENETRATION

MUD

STRING

NOTES

PHASES						<h1 style="margin: 0;">DRILLING REPORT</h1> <h2 style="margin: 0;">AQUITAINE</h2>						1 WELL <u>Narwhal S</u>		2 No. <u>15</u>														
Gross out which ever not applicable		DEPTH ft. ins.		PENET. ft. ins.								TIME h. min.		RIG <u>P-82</u>		DATE <u>19/8/74</u>												
PENETRATION	TOTAL		3 <u>1,837'</u>		4		5		BITS						PARAMETERS													
	Drilled-cored		2,033'		196		16 15		Make	Ø	Type	No.	Nozzles	Cumul	Weight	R.P.M.	Flow Rate	Mud Pressure										
	EACH BIT		6		7		8		9		10		11		12		13		14		15		16		17		18	
	1,837'				30		3 30		Christ		15/32		C 20															
	Drilled-cored		1,867'		166		12 45		Security		12 1/4		S 88		914367		3x15		166/12:45		50/60000		40/60		540		1600	
Drilled-cored		2,033'																										
Drilled-cored																												
MUD	CHARACTERISTICS						LOSSES and GAINS				PRODUCTS ADDED																	
	19 Wt <u>10.5</u> Wt <u>10.8</u> V <u>39</u> V <u>44</u>						20 this day				21																	
	F <u>53</u> VA <u>17.5</u> Vp <u>9</u> Yv <u>17</u>						Mud				4 sx Drispac				309 tons Fuel													
	Gel 0 <u>0</u> 10 <u>22</u> S% <u>.75</u> pH <u>11</u>						Water				25 gal Magonol				469 tons Drilling water													
	Pf <u>1</u> Lc <u>0</u> Solid <u>11</u> NaCl <u>275</u>										Products on Board				357 gal. Turbo fuel													
										327 tons Potable water				254 tons Barite														
														106 tons Cement														
STRING	22 ELEMENTS _____														23 WEIGHT (in mud)		D.C.		D.P.		W!M.D.							
															78000		35000		185000									
NOTES	24 FORMATION _____ Type . Stage						25 CORES _____						26 DEVIATION _____															
	27 TIME LOG		ELAPSED										28 TIME ANALYSIS				29 WEATHER											
	ROM	TO	TIME									9 - Mis. op.				30 Wind/Kn <u>15/30</u>												
	0	3:30	3:30	Coring from 1,837' to 1,867'								1 - R.U.D. _____ 10 - W.C. _____				Direction <u>WNW</u>												
	3:30	3:45	0:15	Bumped pill								2 - D <u>12:45</u> 11 - Casing _____				Waves /ft <u>3</u>												
	3:45	5:45	2:00	Pulling out core barrel								3 - Red _____ 12 - Circ _____				Slip jt. <u>0</u>												
	5:45	7:00	1:15	Recovered core (100% recovery) lay down core barrel								4 - D.T. <u>2:00</u> 13 - Fishing _____				Current _____												
	7:00	9:00	2:00	Running in Bit #7								5 - H.O. <u>2:15</u> 14 - Aband _____				Swells/ft <u>6</u>												
	9:00	11:15	2:15	Opening core hole								6 - Cor <u>3:30</u> 15 - Rep _____				Direction <u>N</u>												
	11:15	24:00	12:45	Drilling from 1,867' to 2,033'								7 - C.T. <u>3:30</u> 16 - W.T. _____				Temperature <u>45</u>												
8:00 A.M. Status - Depth 2,062' Tripping out Bit #7												29 PROGRAMME _____				32 Support Vessels _____												
												Drilling				Giant Tide _____												
												30 PEOPLE ON BOARD: <u>62</u>																

PHASES				DRILLING REPORT								WELL. Narwhal S		No. 14							
Cross out which ever not applicable				DEPTH ft. ins.		PENET. ft. ins.		TIME h. min.		AQUITAINE								RIG. P-82		DATE 18/8/74	
PENETRATION	<b>TOTAL</b>			BITS								PARAMETERS									
	3 1,756			4 81		5 4 00		Make	Ø	Type	No.	Nozzles	Cumul	Weight	R.P.M.	Flow Rate	Mud Pressure				
	1,837							Hughes	12 1/4	X1G	57822	3x16	81' / 4:00	40/45000	60/90	650	1900 psi				
	<b>EACH BIT</b>			7 81		8 4 00		9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18				
	6 1,756							Christ.	8 15/32	C 20	57424										
	1,837							Bit #6	X1G	T=6	B=2	G=I									
<b>CHARACTERISTICS</b>				<b>LOSSES and GAINS</b>				<b>PRODUCTS INDEX ON BOARD</b>													
MUD	19 Wt 10.6 Wt 10.7 v 48 v 52				20 this day cumul				21												
	F mini 14.2 VA maxi 30 Vp mini 15 Yv maxi 30				Mud				281 tons Potable water				66 tons cement								
	Gel 0 7 10 24 S% 1 pH. 11				Water				328 tons Fuel												
	Pf. 1.7 Lc 0 Solid. 11.5 NaCl 315								497 tons Drilling water												
STRING	22 ELEMENTS same as yesterday											23 WEIGHT (in mud)		D.C.	D.P.	W!M.D.					
												78000		32000	185000						
24 FORMATION Type Stage				25 CORES 8:00 A.M. Status Tripping in Bit #8 - Cored 30' Recovery 100% Time 3:30				26 DEVIATION at 1830' = 1°													
NOTES	27 TIME LOG			ELAPSED			28 TIME ANALYSIS								29 WEATHER						
	ROM	TO	TIME	9 - Mis. op. 1:30								30 WIND/Kn 2/3									
	0	3:00	3:00	1 - R.U.D. 10 - W.C.								Direction WSW									
				2 - D 4:00 11 - Casing 3:00								Waves /ft 0									
	3:00	7:00	4:00	3 - Red 12 - Circ 0:30								Slip jt. 0									
	7:00	7:30	0:30	4 - D.T. 2:00 13 - Fishing								Current									
	7:30	8:30	1:00	5 - H.O. 14 - Aband								Swells/ft 3'									
	8:30	9:00	0:30	6 - Cor 6 15 - Rep								Direction NW									
	9:00	11:00	2:00	7 - C.T. 7 16 - W.T.								Temperature 44°									
	11:00	16:00	5:00	8 - Test 17 - Vac								32 Support Vessels									
16:00	20:30	4:30	29 PROGRAMME Drilling								Giant										
20:30	21:30	1:00	30 PEOPLE ON BOARD: 62																		
21:30	23:00	2:00																			
23:30	24:00	0:30																			

PHASES

DRILLING REPORT  
AQUITAINE

1 WELL Narwhal S  
RIG P 82

2 No. 13  
DATE 17/8/74

Cross out which ever not applicable  
DEPTH ft. ins. PENET. ft. ins. TIME h. min.

TOTAL  
Drilled-cored 3 1,756 4 0 5

BITS

PARAMETERS

Make	Ø	Type	No.	Nozzles	Cumul	Weight	R.P.M.	Flow Rate	Mud Pressure
Hughes	12 1/4	X1G		3x15					

CHARACTERISTICS

LOSSES and GAINS

PRODUCTS ADDED

19	20	21
Wt _____ V _____ mini maxi mini maxi F _____ VA _____ Vp _____ Yv _____ Gel 0 _____ 10 _____ S% _____ pH _____ Pt _____ Lc _____ Solid _____ NaCL _____	this day cumul Mud _____ Water _____	

22 ELEMENTS Bit/(8) 9 1/2 DC/(7) 8 1/2 DC/(1) Flexwate/Dropping Valve/(14) Flexwate/DP 5"

23 WEIGHT (in mud) 78000 D.C. 30000 D.P. 30000 W!M.D. 183000

24 FORMATION Type . Stage

25 CORES

26 DEVIATION

27 TIME LOG		ELAPSED	
FROM	TO	TIME	
0	6:30	6:30	WOW (Winds 32 knots swell 15')
6:30	14:00	7:30	Running in 13 5/8 BOP stack and riser
14:00	18:30	4:30	Running in Testing Tool - Test BOP stack O.K.
18:30	19:00	0:30	Pulling out testing tool
19:00	20:15	1:15	Running in Seal protector
20:15	23:15	3:00	Running in Bit #6
23:15	24:00	0:45	Drilling out Cement
			7 A.M. Stop Drilling at 1,837' for coring

28 TIME ANALYSIS		9 - Mis. op.	31 WEATHER
1 - R.U.D.	10 - W.C.		Wind/Kn <u>16</u>
2 - D	11 - Casing	17:30	Direction <u>NNW</u>
3 - Red	12 - Circ		Waves /ft <u>2'-3'</u>
4 - D.T.	13 - Fishing		Slip jt. <u>0</u>
5 - H.O.	14 - Aband		Current _____
6 - Cor	15 - Rep		Swells/ft <u>8' (7s)</u>
7 - C.T.	16 - W.T.	6:30	Direction <u>NNW</u>
8 - Test	17 - Vac		Temperature <u>46°</u>

29 PROGRAMME Drilling

32 Support Vessels  
Giant Tide

30 PEOPLE ON BOARD: 64

PENETRATION

MUD

STRING

NOTES

PHASES

# DRILLING REPORT

## AQUITAINE

WELL: Narwhal S No: 12  
 RIG: P-82 DATE 16/8/74

Cross out which ever not applicable

DEPTH		PENET.		TIME	
ft.	ins.	ft.	ins.	h.	min.

PENETRATION

<b>TOTAL</b>	3		4		5		<b>BITS</b>						<b>PARAMETERS</b>			
Drilled-cored	1,756		0'				Make	Ø	Type	No.	Nozzles	Cumul	Weight	R.P.M.	Flow Rate	Mud Pressure
<b>EACH BIT</b>	6		7		8		9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
Drilled-cored																
Drilled-cored																
Drilled-cored																
Drilled-cored																

MUD

CHARACTERISTICS				LOSSES and GAINS		PRODUCTS ADDED			
19	Wt _____	Wt _____	V _____	V _____	20	this day	cumul	21	
	mini	maxi	mini	maxi					
	F _____	VA _____	Vp _____	Yv _____					
	Gel 0 _____	10 _____	S% _____	pH _____	Mud				
	Pf _____	Lc _____	Solid _____	NaCL _____	Water				

STRING

22	ELEMENTS _____	23	WEIGHT (in mud)	D.C.	D.P.	W!M.D.
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NOTES

24	FORMATION Type . Stage _____	25	CORES _____	26	DEVIATION _____								
27	TIME LOG	ELAPSED		28	TIME ANALYSIS	29	PROGRAMME	30	PEOPLE ON BOARD: <u>65</u>	31	WEATHER	32	Support Vessels
	ROM	TO	TIME		1 - R.U.D. _____		Test stack and				Wind/Kn <u>23</u>		Supreme Tide
	0	0:30	0:30		2 - D _____		drill out				Direction <u>S</u>		
	0:30	2:00	1:30		3 - Red _____						Waves /ft <u>15'</u>		
					4 - D.T. _____						Slip jt. _____		
					5 - H.O. _____						Current _____		
	2:00	3:00	1:00		6 - Cor _____						Swells/ft <u>10/12'</u>		
	3:00	4:00	1:00		7 - C.T. _____						Direction <u>SSE</u>		
	4:00	5:00	1:00		8 - Test _____						Temperature _____		
	5:00	12:00	7:00										
	12:00	13:30	1:30										
	13:30	24:00	10:30										

8:00 A.M. Status - running in 13 5/8 BOP stack.



PHASES

# DRILLING REPORT

## AQUITAINE

1 WELL. Narwhal S No. 11  
 RIG. P-82 DATE 15/8/74

PENETRATION

Cross out which ever not applicable	DEPTH		PENET.		TIME	
	ft.	ins.	ft.	ins.	h.	min.
TOTAL	3	1,740	4		5	2 15
Drilled-cored		1,756		16		
EACH BIT	6	1,740	7		8	2 15
Drilled-cored		1,756		16		
Drilled-cored						
Drilled-cored						
Drilled-cored						

BITS						PARAMETERS					
Make	Ø	Type	No.	Nozzles	Cumul	Weight	R.P.M.	Flow Rate	Mud Pressure		
Hughes	17 1/2	OSC 1G	LX 680	none	232/11:45	45000	100	1000gal	500		

MUD

CHARACTERISTICS			
19	wt 10.6	wt 10.7	v 51
	mini 35	VA maxi 32.5	vp mini 20
	Gel 0 9	10 24	S% 1
	Pf. _____	Le _____	Solid. 12
			NaCL 315

LOSSES and GAINS	
20	this day
	cumul
	Mud
	Water

PRODUCTS ADDED	
21	Products added
	330 sx Salt
	36 sx CaCl <sub>2</sub>
	Products on board
	64 tons Cement
	213 tons Potable Water
	351 tons Fuel
	355 tons Drilling Water
	457 gal. Turbo fuel
	156 tons Barite

STRING

ELEMENTS				23	D.C.	D.P.	W!M.D.
				WEIGHT (in mud)	78000	20000	188000

NOTES

24 FORMATION			25 CORES		26 DEVIATION	
Type . Stage						
27 TIME LOG			29 PROGRAMME		32 Support Vessels	
FROM	TO	ELAPSED	Cementing and Pull Out		Supreme tide.	
0	2:45	2:45	20 3/4" BOP Stack			
2:45	3:45	1:00	30 PEOPLE ON BOARD: 65			
3:45	5:00	1:15				
5:00	7:45	2:45				
7:45	9:30	1:45				
9:30	11:15	1:45				
11:15	12:30	1:15				
12:30	15:00	2:30				
15:00	23:15	8:15				
23:15	24:00	0:45				

406

8:00 A.M. Status - cement job completed at 6:00 A.M. - Preperation 13 5/8 stack.

PHASES				DRILLING REPORT								1 WELL. <u>Narwhal S</u>		2 No. <u>10</u>											
Gross out which ever not applicable				DEPTH		PENET.		TIME		AQUITAINE								RIG. <u>P 82</u>		DATE <u>14/8/74</u>					
				ft.	ins.	ft.	ins.	h.	min.	BITS						PARAMETERS									
PENETRATION	TOTAL			3	1,703		4		5																
	Drilled-cored				1,740			37		3	15	Make	Ø	Type	No.	Nozzles	Cumul	Weight	R.P.M.	Flow Rate	Mud Pressure				
	EACH BIT			6	1,703		7		8		9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18					
	Drilled-cored				1,740			37		3	15	Hughes	17½	OSC 1G	LX 680	none	216/9:30	40/45000	100	950	2,500				
	Drilled-cored																								
Drilled-cored																									
Drilled-cored																									
Drilled-cored																									
MUD	CHARACTERISTICS								LOSSES and GAINS				PRODUCTS ADDED												
	lv	Wt	10.6	Wt	10.7	v	50	v	52	20	this day	cumul	21												
	F	mini	30	VA	maxi	32.5	Vp	mini	20	Yv	maxi	25	2 sx. Drispac												
	Gel O	9	10	24	S%	1.2	pH	9	Mud	443 sx. Salt															
	Pf.	0	Lc		Solid.	12	NaCl	310	Water																
STRING	22 ELEMENTS <u>Same as yesterday</u>												23	WEIGHT (in mud)	78000	D.C.	20000	D.P.	188000	W!M.D.					
	24 FORMATION <u>Type Stage</u>								25 CORES				26 DEVIATION												
NOTES	27 TIME LOG			ELAPSED														28 TIME ANALYSIS				29 WEATHER			
	30M	TO	TIME													9 - Mis. op.	31								
	0	16:30	16:30	Waiting on salt (repair on Motion compensator)												10 - W.C.	Wind/Kn <u>10/12</u>								
	16:30	19:30	3:00	Unloading salt and mixing mud												11 - Casing	Direction <u>NW</u>								
	19:30	20:15	0:45	Run bit.												12 - Circ	Waves /ft <u>4/5</u>								
	20:15	20:45	0:30	Reaming from 1,559 to 1,703												13 - Fishing	Slip jt. <u>.5</u>								
	20:45	24:00	3:15	Drilling from 1,703 to 1,740												14 - Aband	Current								
													15 - Rep	Swells/ft <u>5</u>											
													16 - W.T. 19:30	Direction <u>NW</u>											
													17 - Vac	Temperature <u>46/50</u>											
												29 PROGRAMME <u>Casing</u>				32 Support Vessels <u>Federal 6</u>									
												30 PEOPLE ON BOARD: <u>69</u>				Supreme Tide									

PHASES

# DRILLING REPORT

## AQUITAINE

1 WELL. Narwhal S No. 9  
 RIG. P-82 DATE 13/8/74

Cross out which ever not applicable

DEPTH	PENET.		TIME
	ft.	ins.	

TOTAL	3	1,703	4	0	5
Drilled-cored					

BITS						PARAMETERS					
Make	Ø	Type	No.	Nozzles	Cumul	Weight	R.P.M.	Flow Rate	Mud Pressure		
Hughes	17 1/2	OSC 1G	LX 680								
Drilled-cored											
Drilled-cored											
Drilled-cored											
Drilled-cored											

PENETRATION

19 CHARACTERISTICS

Wt mini	Wt maxi	V mini	V maxi
F	VA	Vp	Yv
Gel 0	10	S%	pH
Pf	Lc	Solid.	NaCL

20 LOSSES and GAINS

this day	cumul
Mud	
Water	

21 PRODUCTS ADDED ON BOARD

417 tons	Drlg. Water	635 gal.	Turbo fuel
364 tons	Fuel		
215 tons	Potable Water	400 bbl.	of 14# liquid heavy mud.
114 tons	Cement	(Safety Stock)	
156 tons	Barite		

MUD

22 ELEMENTS Bit/(8) 9 1/2 DC/ (7) 8 1/2 DC/Dropping valve/ 15 Flexwate/5" D.P.

23 WEIGHT (in mud)	D.C.	D.P.	W!M.D.
--------------------	------	------	--------

STRING

24 FORMATION Type . Stage

25 CORES

26 DEVIATION at 1,703 1°

NOTES

27 TIME LOG			ELAPSED	
ROM	TO	TIME		
0	0:45	0:45		Circulation
0:45	1:00	0:15		Totco Survey
1:00	2:30	1:30		Pulling out 4 stands and running in 4 stands: circulation and observation (aircut mud due to slip joint packing)
2:30	4:15	1:45		Pulling out Bit #5
4:15	10:00	5:45		Electrical logging (DIL CNL Density) (G.R. Caliper)
10:00	11:45	1:45		Running in Bit to 20" casing shoe
11:45	24:00	12:15		Wait on salt (repair on motion compensator)
				8:00 a.m. status = Waiting on salt (repair on motion compensator)

28 TIME ANALYSIS	
9 - Mis. op.	6
10 - W.C.	
11 - Casing	
12 - Circ	2
13 - Fishing	
14 - Aband	
15 - Rep	
16 - W.T.	12:15
17 - Vac	

29 PROGRAMME Drilling

31 WEATHER	
Wind/Kn	25/30
Direction	NNW
Waves /ft	4/6'
Slip jt.	1/2'
Current	
Swells/ft	6'
Direction	NW
Temperature	46/49

32 Support Vessels Fed. 6

406

30 PEOPLE ON BOARD: 64

PHASES					DRILLING REPORT										1 WELL: <u>Narwhal S</u>		2 No. <u>8</u>							
Cross out which ever not applicable					DEPTH ft. ins.		PENET. ft. ins.		TIME h. min.		AQUITAINE										RIG: <u>P-82</u>		DATE <u>12/8/74</u>	
PENETRATION	TOTAL		3 1286		4 417		5 18 30		BITS						PARAMETERS									
	Drilled-cored		1703						Make	Ø	Type	No.	Nozzles	Cumul	Weight	R.P.M.	Flow Rate	Mud Pressure						
	EACH BIT		6 1,286		7 238		8 12 15		9 Security	10 17½	11 M4N	12 4057	13 20/32	14 328/17:00	15 25/55000	16 60/110	17 1000	18 2000						
	Drilled-cored		1,524		179		6 15		Hughes	17½	OSC 1G	LX 680	20/32	179/6:15	45,000	80/110	900	2500						
	Drilled-cored		1,703																					
	Drilled-cored																							
MUD	CHARACTERISTICS								LOSSES and GAINS				PRODUCTS ADDED											
	19 Wt <u>9.4</u> mini <u>36</u> VA <u>10.4</u> maxi <u>23.5</u> v <u>40</u> mini <u>15</u> v <u>53</u> maxi <u>17</u>								20 this day cumul				21 12 sx XC Polymer				36 sx Salt Gel							
	F <u>12</u> 10 <u>26</u> % <u>1%</u> pH <u>9.5</u>								Mud				20 sx CMC											
	Pl. <u>0.2</u> Lc _____ Solid. _____ NaCl <u>190</u>								Water				9 sx Caustic Soda											
													10 Tons Barite											
STRING	22 ELEMENTS <u>Same as yesterday + 1 stand of 8½ D.C.</u>												23 WEIGHT (in mud)		D.C.		D.P.		W!M.D.					
													78000		20000		185000							
NOTES	24 FORMATION _____ Type: Stage _____								25 CORES _____				26 DEVIATION <u>1520</u> <u>1°</u>											
	27 TIME LOG				ELAPSED				TIME ANALYSIS								31 WEATHER							
	FROM		TO		TIME				9 - Mis. op. <u>0:15</u>		10 - W.C. _____		11 - Casing _____		Wind/Kn <u>6/10</u>									
	0		12:15		12:15		Drilling		2 - D <u>18:30</u>		12 - Circ <u>1</u>		13 - Fishing _____		Direction <u>NE</u>									
	12:15		12:30		0:15		Circulation		3 - Red <u>0:15</u>		14 - Aband _____		15 - Rep _____		Waves /ft <u>2/3</u>									
	12:30		12:45		0:15		Totco Survey.		4 - D.T. <u>4</u>		16 - W.T. _____		17 - Vac _____		Slip ft. <u>0</u>									
	12:45		16:45		4:00		Pulling out bit #4 Running in Bit #5		5 - H.O. _____		18 - _____		19 - _____		Current _____									
	16:45		17:00		0:15		Reaming from 1510 to 1524		6 - Cor _____		20 - _____		21 - _____		Swells/ft <u>0</u>									
	17:00		23:15		6:15		Drilling		7 - C.T. _____		22 - _____		23 - _____		Direction _____									
	23:15		24:00		0:45		Circulation		8 - Test _____		24 - _____		25 - _____		Temperature <u>48 to 56°</u>									
8:00 a.m. status = Electrical logging								29 PROGRAMME _____				32 Support Vessels _____												
								Logging				Fed. 6												
								30 PEOPLE ON BOARD: <u>64</u>																

PHASES

DRILLING REPORT  
AQUITAINE

1 WELL. Narwhal S  
RIG P-82

2 No. 7  
DATE 11/8/74

Cross out which ever not applicable	DEPTH		PENET.		TIME	
	ft.	ins.	ft.	ins.	h.	min.

TOTAL	3 1,123		4		5	
Drilled-cased	1,286		163		11	15
EACH BIT	6 1,123		7		8	
Drilled-cased	1,196		73		6	30
Drilled-cased	1,286		90		4	45
Drilled-cored						
Drilled-cored						

BITS								PARAMETERS							
Make	Ø	Type	No.	Nozzles	Cumul	Weight	R.P.M.	Flow Rate	Mud Pressure						
Hughes	17½	OSC 1G	AJ 993	20/32	73/6:30	15/50,000	50/70	1,000	2,400						
Security	17½	M4N	4057	20/32	90/4:45	15/50,000	50/70	1,000	2,400						
					pounds			GPM	psi						

CHARACTERISTICS

LOSSES and GAINS

PRODUCTS ADDED

19	Wt 8.8	Wt 9.1	v 37	v 41	20	this day	cumul	21	120 sx	Magcogel
	mini 15.8	maxi 21	mini 14	maxi 14					4 sx	XC Polymer
	F 3	VA 12	Vp 3/8	Vv 9	Mud				10 sx	Caustic Soda
	Gel 0.1	10	S% 8%	pH 48	Water				4 sx	CMC

22	ELEMENTS	Bit/(1) 9½ DC/(1) Stab/(2) 9½ DC/(1) Stab/(5) 9½ DC/(4) 8½ DC/(1) Flexwate/ Dropping valve/(14) Flexwate/5" D.P.	23	WEIGHT (in mud)	D.C.	D.P.	W!M.D.
				60,000	18,000	168,000	

24	FORMATION Kenogani	25	LOGS	26	DEVIATION at 1075' = 1°
	Type: Stage		Aug.11 - status at 8 a.m. = drilling at 1480' rate 15'/hr.		

27 TIME LOG				28 TIME ANALYSIS				29 WEATHER	
FROM	TO	ELAPSED	TIME	9 - Mis. op.	10 - W.C.	11 - Casing	12 - Circ	13 - Fishing	14 - Aband
0	0:45	0:45	Test 20" casing	0:15		7:15	0:15		
0:45	1:30	0:45	Pulling out junk catcher						
1:30	4:00	2:30	Running in bit #3						
4:00	7:15	3:15	Drilling out cement from 1070' to 1123'						
7:15	13:45	6:30	Drilling from 1123' to 1196'						
13:45	14:15	0:30	Circulation - Totco Survey						
14:15	17:30	3:15	Pulling out bit #3 - running in bit #4 to 20" shoe						
17:30	18:30	1:00	Repair (motion compensator)						
18:30	19:00	0:30	Running in bit #4 to 1189'						
19:00	19:15	0:15	Reaming from 1189' to 1196'						
19:15	24:00	4:45	Drilling from 1196' to 1286'						

29	PROGRAMME	30	PEOPLE ON BOARD
	Drilling		63

31	WEATHER	32	Support Vessels
	Wind/Kn 14/16		Giant

PHASES

# DRILLING REPORT

## AQUITAINE

1 WELL Narwhal S  
RIG P 82

2 No. 6  
DATE Aug. 10

Cross out which ever not applicable

DEPTH	PENET.		TIME
	ft.	ins.	

TOTAL	<sup>3</sup> 1,123	<sup>4</sup> 0	<sup>5</sup>
-------	--------------------	----------------	--------------

EACH BIT	<sup>6</sup>	<sup>7</sup>	<sup>8</sup>
Drilled-cored			
Drilled-cored			
Drilled-cored			
Drilled-cored			

BITS								PARAMETERS					
Make	Ø	Type	No.	Nozzles	Cumul	Weight	R.P.M.	Flow Rate	Mud Pressure				

CHARACTERISTICS

LOSSES and GAINS

PRODUCTS ADDED

19

Wt _____	Wt _____	V _____	V _____
mini	maxi	mini	maxi
F _____	VA _____	Vp _____	Yv _____
Gel 0 _____	10 _____	S% _____	pH. _____
Pf. _____	Lc _____	Solid. _____	NaCL _____

20

	this day	cumul
Mud		
Water		

21

72 sx Magcogel	2 sx. Bicarbonate Soda
2 sx CMC	
6 sx Caustic Soda	
11.7 ton Barite	

22 ELEMENTS \_\_\_\_\_

23 WEIGHT (in mud) \_\_\_\_\_

D.C.	D.P.	WT.M.D.
------	------	---------

24 FORMATION \_\_\_\_\_  
Type, Stage

25 CORES \_\_\_\_\_

26 DEVIATION \_\_\_\_\_

TIME LOG		ELAPSED	Additions to Report #5 - Cement returned to surface (Sampling done by Divers - Experimental dive under saturation O.K.)
FROM	TO	TIME	
0	0:45	0:45	POH 20" Running Tool (lost running Mandrel on BJ system)
0:45	16:30	15:45	Running in BOP stack and 22" riser
16:30	17:00	0:30	Running in Testing Tool
17:00	18:30	1:30	Test Stack, AX ring, pipe rams 2000 psi - O.K. Hydril 1000 psi - OK
18:30	20:00	1:30	Pulling out testing tool
20:00	23:00	3:00	Running in junk basket without success (attempt to retrieve running mandrel)
			Top cement at 1069'
23:00	24:00	1:00	Test 20" casing

TIME ANALYSIS		9 - Mis. op.	28
1 - R.U.D.	10 - W.C.		
2 - D	11 - Casing	24	
3 - Red	12 - Circ		
4 - D.T.	13 - Fishing		
5 - H.O.	14 - Aband		
6 - Cor	15 - Rep		
7 - C.T.	16 - W.T.		
8 - Test	17 - Vac		

31 WEATHER

Wind/Kn	<u>18/20</u>
Direction	<u>SSE</u>
Waves /ft	<u>2/3</u>
Slip jt.	
Current	
Swells/ft	<u>5</u>
Direction	<u>South</u>
Temperature	

29 PROGRAMME \_\_\_\_\_  
Drilling

32 Support Vessels  
Giant  
Supreme

30 PEOPLE ON BOARD : 66

Status at 8:00 a.m. = Drilling at 1,138' - 3/4 ft./hr.

PHASES

**DRILLING REPORT**  
**AQUITAINE**

1 WELL Narwhal S

2 No. 5

RIG P-82

DATE 9/8/74

Cross out which ever not applicable

DEPTH ft. ins. PENET. ft. ins. TIME h. min.

TOTAL 3 1,030 4 93 5 5 15

EACH BIT 6 1,030 7 93 8 5 15

Drilled-cored  
Drilled-cored  
Drilled-cored

BITS

PARAMETERS

Make	Ø	Type	No.	Nozzles	Cumul	Weight	R.P.M.	Flow Rate	Mud Pressure
SMF	26	TS25	1815		410/ 28.30	35000	100	1400/ 1600 GPM	1600 PSI

CHARACTERISTICS

LOSSES and GAINS

PRODUCTS ADDED

19 Wt \_\_\_\_\_ Vt \_\_\_\_\_ V \_\_\_\_\_ V \_\_\_\_\_  
mini maxi mini maxi  
F \_\_\_\_\_ VA \_\_\_\_\_ Vp \_\_\_\_\_ Yv \_\_\_\_\_  
Gel 0 \_\_\_\_\_ 10 \_\_\_\_\_ S% \_\_\_\_\_ pH \_\_\_\_\_  
Pf \_\_\_\_\_ Lc \_\_\_\_\_ Solid \_\_\_\_\_ NaCl \_\_\_\_\_

20 this day cumul  
Mud  
Water

21  
73 sx CaCl<sub>2</sub>  
6 sx Drispac  
54 sx Magcogel  
6 sx XC  
4 sx Caustic

PENETRATION

MUD

STRING

22 ELEMENTS Same as yesterday

23 WEIGHT (in mud) 60,000 D.C. 15,000 D.P. 165,000 WfM.D.

24 FORMATION Type, Stage

25 CORES

26 DEVIATION 1,120' - 1-3/4°

NOTES

27 TIME LOG		ELAPSED	
FROM	TO	TIME	
0	5:15	5:15	Drilling.
5:15	5:45	0:30	Circulating.
5:45	8:45	3:00	Short control trip - Totco - POCH.
8:45	14:30	5:45	Run 20" casing shoe at 1,093'.
14:30	18:30	4:00	Circulating and cementing (1700 sx Class B + 3% CaCl <sub>2</sub> ).
18:30	23:00	4:30	W.O.C. (top valve closed - float shoe not holding).
23:00	24:00	1:00	Pull out running tool.
			8:00 A.M. STATUS: Running 20-3/4" BOP + 22" Riser.

28 TIME ANALYSIS		9 - Mis. op.	10 - W.C.
1 - R.U.D.	5:15		
2 - D	18:45		
3 - Red			
4 - D.T.			
5 - H.O.			
6 - Cor			
7 - C.T.			
8 - Test			

31 WEATHER  
Wind/Kn 10/12  
Direction SE  
Waves /ft 3/4  
Slip jt. \_\_\_\_\_  
Current \_\_\_\_\_  
Swells/ft 6  
Direction SE  
Temperature \_\_\_\_\_

29 PROGRAMME  
Running 20-3/4" BOP

32 Support Vessels  
Supreme  
Giant

30 PEOPLE ON BOARD: 66

PHASES					DRILLING REPORT										1 WELL: Narwhals		2 No: 4					
AQUITAINE															RIG: P-82		DATE: 8/8/74					
PENETRATION	Cross out which ever not applicable		DEPTH		PENET.		TIME		BITS						PARAMETERS							
			ft.	ins.	ft.	ins.	h.	min.	Make	Ø	Type	No.	Nozzles	Cumul	Weight	R.P.M.	Flow Rate	Mud Pressure				
	TOTAL		3	713		4		5														
	Drilled			1,030				23 15														
	EACH BIT		6	713		7		8		9		10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18		
Drilled			1,030				23 15	SMF	26	TS25	1815	Reg	317/23.15	15/35000	70/110	1100 GPM	1500 PSI					
Drilled-cored																						
Drilled-cored																						
Drilled-cored																						
MUD	CHARACTERISTICS				LOSSES and GAINS			PRODUCTS ADDED														
	19 Wt _____ V _____		min _____ V _____		20 this day		cumul		21													
	F _____ VA _____		S% _____ pH _____		Mud				97 sx Magcogel													
	GelO _____ 10 _____		Solid _____ NaCl _____		Water				6 sx XC Polymer													
	PF _____ Lc _____								4 sx Caustic Soda													
STRING	22 ELEMENTS _____ Same as yesterday														23 WEIGHT (in mud)		D.C.		D.P.		W!M.D.	
															60,000		15,000		165,000			
NOTES	24 FORMATION _____ Type: Stage _____				25 CORES _____				26 DEVIATION _____													
	27 TIME LOG		ELAPSED																			
	FROM	TO	TIME																			
	0	0:45	0:45	Drilling out cement.																		
	0:45	24:00	23:15	Drilling from 713' to 1,030'.																		
8:00 A.M. STATUS: Stopped drilling 26" hole at 1,123'. Rigging up to run 20" casing.																						
														28 TIME ANALYSIS				31 WEATHER				
														9 - Mis. op. _____				Wind/Kn _____ 5				
														10 - W.C. _____				Direction _____ SE				
														11 - Casing _____ 0.45				Waves /ft _____				
														12 - Circ _____				Slip jt. _____				
														13 - Fishing _____				Current _____				
														14 - Aband _____				Swells/ft _____ 3				
														15 - Rep _____				Direction _____ E				
														16 - W.T. _____				Temperature _____				
														17 - Vac _____								
														29 PROGRAMME _____				32 Support Vessels _____				
														Casing				Supreme				
														30 PEOPLE ON BOARD: 65				Giant				



# DRILLING REPORT

AQUITAINE

1 WELL Narwhal S

2 No. 3

RIG P-82

DATE 7/8/74

PHASES

Cross out which ever not applicable	DEPTH		PENET.		TIME	
	ft.	ins.	ft.	ins.	h.	min.

PENETRATION

TOTAL	3		4		5	
Drilled-cored	713		0			
EACH BIT	6		7		8	
Drilled-cored						
Drilled-cored						
Drilled-cored						
Drilled-cored						

BITS

PARAMETERS

Make	Ø	Type	No.	Nozzles	Cumul	Weight	R.P.M.	Flow Rate	Mud Pressure
SMF	26	T525	1815	Reg		10,000	40/60	1100 GPM	1100 PSI

MUD

CHARACTERISTICS

LOSSES and GAINS

PRODUCTS ADDED

<p>19</p> <p>Wt _____ Vt _____</p> <p style="font-size: x-small;">mini maxi mini maxi</p> <p>F _____ VA _____</p> <p style="font-size: x-small;">Vp Yv</p> <p>Gel 0 _____ 10 _____</p> <p style="font-size: x-small;">S% pH</p> <p>Pf _____ Lc _____</p> <p style="font-size: x-small;">Solid NaCl</p>	<p>20</p> <p>this day</p> <p>cumul</p> <p>Mud</p> <p>Water</p>	<p>21</p> <p>160 sx Magcogel</p> <p>14 sx Caustic Soda</p> <p>8 sx CaCl<sub>2</sub></p> <p>6 sx XC Polymer</p>
--	--	--

STRING

<p>22</p> <p>ELEMENTS <u>Bit - HO - (8) DC 9½" - (4) DC 8½" - Flexwate DP - 5" DP</u></p>	<p>23</p> <p>WEIGHT (in mud)</p>	<p>D.C.</p>	<p>D.P.</p>	<p>W!M.D.</p>
	60,000	10,000	160,000	

NOTES

<p>24</p> <p>FORMATION _____</p> <p style="font-size: x-small;">Type Stage</p>	<p>25</p> <p>CORES _____</p>	<p>26</p> <p>DEVIATION _____</p>																
<p>TIME LOG</p> <table border="1" style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <tr> <th style="font-size: x-small;">FROM</th> <th style="font-size: x-small;">TO</th> <th style="font-size: x-small;">ELAPSED</th> <th style="font-size: x-small;">TIME</th> </tr> <tr> <td style="text-align: center;">0</td> <td style="text-align: center;">7:00</td> <td style="text-align: center;">7</td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td style="text-align: center;">7:00</td> <td style="text-align: center;">22:00</td> <td style="text-align: center;">15</td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td style="text-align: center;">22:00</td> <td style="text-align: center;">24:00</td> <td style="text-align: center;">2</td> <td></td> </tr> </table>	FROM	TO	ELAPSED	TIME	0	7:00	7		7:00	22:00	15		22:00	24:00	2		<p>Run 30" csg + permanent guide base shoe at 672' - csg cemented with 400 sx Class B + 3% CaCl<sub>2</sub> - return to surface OK.</p> <p>W.O.C. - run 26" bit.</p> <p>Drill out cement from 661' to 672'.</p> <p>8:00 A.M. STATUS: Drilling at 810' (15'/hr).</p>	<p>27</p> <p>WEATHER</p> <p>Wind/Kn <u>10</u></p> <p>Direction <u>NNW</u></p> <p>Waves /ft _____</p> <p>Slip jt. _____</p> <p>Current _____</p> <p>Swells/ft <u>2 - 3</u></p> <p>Direction <u>N</u></p> <p>Temperature _____</p>
FROM	TO	ELAPSED	TIME															
0	7:00	7																
7:00	22:00	15																
22:00	24:00	2																
	<p>28</p> <p>TIME ANALYSIS</p> <p>1 - R.U.D. _____</p> <p>2 - D _____</p> <p>3 - Red _____</p> <p>4 - D.T. _____</p> <p>5 - H.O. _____</p> <p>6 - Cor _____</p> <p>7 - C.T. _____</p> <p>8 - Test _____</p>	<p>9 - Mis. op. _____</p> <p>10 - W.C. _____</p> <p>11 - Casing <u>24</u></p> <p>12 - Circ _____</p> <p>13 - Fishing _____</p> <p>14 - Aband _____</p> <p>15 - Rep _____</p> <p>16 - W.T. _____</p> <p>17 - Vac _____</p>	<p>29</p> <p>PROGRAMME</p> <p style="text-align: center;">Drilling</p>	<p>30</p> <p>PEOPLE ON BOARD: <u>61</u></p>	<p>31</p> <p>Support Vessels</p> <p style="text-align: center;">Supreme Tide</p>													

# DRILLING REPORT

## AQUITAINE

1 WELL Narwhal S No. 2  
 RIG P-82 DATE 6/8/74

PENETRATION

PHASES					
Gross out which ever not applicable	DEPTH		PENET.		TIME
	ft.	ins.	ft.	ins.	h. min.
TOTAL	3 616	00	4		5
Drilled-cored	713	00	97		9 45
EACH BIT	6		7		8
Drilled-cored					
Drilled-cored					
Drilled-cored					
Drilled-cored					

BITS						PARAMETERS					
Make	Ø	Type	No.	Nozzles	Cumul	Weight	R.P.M.	Flow Rate	Mud Pressure		
Hughes	26"	OSC	NL955		133' / 13:15	7 / 25000	40/80	1000 / 1200	1500 / 1600 PSI		
Security	36"	S	Hole Opener					GPM			

MUD

CHARACTERISTICS				LOSSES and GAINS		PRODUCTS ADDED			
19	Wt _____	V _____	20	this day	cumul	21			
	mini _____	maxi _____							
	F _____	VA _____							
	Gel O _____	10 _____							
	Pf _____	Lc _____							
		S% _____							
		pH _____							
		Solid. _____							
		NaCL _____							
						639 sx	Magcogel		
						24 sx	CaCl <sub>2</sub>		
						8 sx	XC Polymer		
						9 sx	Caustic Soda		

STRING

22	ELEMENTS <u>As Yesterday</u>	23	WEIGHT (in mud)	D.C.	D.P.	W!M.D.
			35,000	18,000	128,000	

NOTES

24	FORMATION Type Stage _____	25	CORES _____	26	DEVIATION _____		
27	TIME LOG	ELAPSED		TIME ANALYSIS	28	WEATHER	
	FROM TO TIME	TIME		9 - Mis. op. _____		Wind/Kn <u>12 - 14</u>	
	0 5:45 5:45	Waiting on mud products (unloading Supreme Tide)		1 - R.U.D. _____		Direction <u>SE</u>	
	5:45 18:45 13:00	Drilling		2 - D <u>13:00</u>		Waves /ft _____	
	18:45 21:45 3:00	Control trip - pull out of hole		3 - Red _____		Slip jt. _____	
	21:45 24:00 2:15	Rigging up for 30" casing and running casing		4 - D.T. <u>3:00</u>		Current _____	
				5 - H.O. _____		Swells/ft <u>2 - 3</u>	
				6 - Cor _____		Direction <u>N</u>	
				7 - C.T. _____		Temperature _____	
				8 - Test _____			
				29	PROGRAMME _____	32	Support Vessels
					Casing		Supreme
406				30	PEOPLE ON BOARD: <u>61</u>		

# DRILLING REPORT

## AQUITAINE

1 WELL Narwhals No. 1  
 RIG P-82 DATE 5/8/74

### PHASES

Cross out which ever not applicable	DEPTH		PENET.		TIME	
	ft.	ins.	ft.	ins.	h.	min.

<b>TOTAL</b>	3	580	00	4		5	
Drilled- <del>total</del>		616	00	36		3	30

### BITS

### PARAMETERS

EACH BIT	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	
														Make
					Hughes	26"	OSC	NL955		36' / 3 1/2	7/20	40/80	550/1000	500/500
Drilled-cored														
Drilled-cored														
Drilled-cored														
Drilled-cored														

### CHARACTERISTICS

### LOSSES and GAINS

### PRODUCTS on board P-82

19 Wt _____ Vt _____ V _____ mini           maxi           mini           maxi F _____ VA _____ Vp _____ Yv _____ Gel 0 _____ 10 _____ S% _____ pH _____ Pf _____ Lc _____ Solid _____ NaCL _____	20 this day Mud Water	21 90 T Barite 252 T Fuel 160 Imp Gal Kerosene	155 T Cement 170 T Pot Water 130 T Drilling Water	NOTE: No gel on board P-82. Attempt to drill 36" hole with water only has been stopped due to rough drilling - waiting for return of Supreme from Chur
--	--------------------------------	--	--	---

### STRING

22 ELEMENTS <u>Bit - Hole Opener - 6" x 9 1/2" D.C. - Heavy wate D.P. and 5" drill pipes</u>	23 WEIGHT (in mud)	D.C. 35,000	D.P. 18,000	W!M.D. 128,000
---	-----------------------	----------------	----------------	-------------------

### NOTES

24 FORMATION Type . Stage _____	25 CORES _____	26 DEVIATION _____
27 TIME LOG	ELAPSED	28 TIME ANALYSIS
FROM	TO	9 - Mis. op.
0	4: 15	10 - W.C.
4: 15	7: 45	11 - Casing
7: 45	24: 00	12 - Circ
		13 - Fishing
		14 - Aband
		15 - Rep
		16 - W.T. 16: 15
		17 - Vac
		29 PROGRAMME
		30 Drilling
		31 Support Vessels
		Supreme
		32 PEOPLE ON BOARD: 61

0	4: 15	4: 15	Running 26" Bit and 36" Hole Opener
4: 15	7: 45	3: 30	Drilling to 616'
7: 45	24: 00	16: 15	Waiting on mud products
			8: 00 a.m. Status: Drilling at 628'
			Penetration Rate = 3' / hour

2 - D	3: 30	11 - Casing	Wind/Kn	10
3 - Red		12 - Circ	Direction	N
4 - D.T.	4: 15	13 - Fishing	Waves /ft	
5 - H.O.		14 - Aband	Slip jt.	
6 - Cor		15 - Rep	Current	
7 - C.T.		16 - W.T. 16: 15	Swells/ft	2'
8 - Test		17 - Vac	Direction	N
			Temperature	

# DRILLING REPORT

## AQUITAINE

1 WELL Narwhal S 2 No. Anchor #3  
 RIG P-82 DATE 4/8/74

PENETRATION	PHASES					BITS								PARAMETERS					
	Cross out which ever not applicable	DEPTH		PENET.		TIME		Make	Ø	Type	No.	Nozzles	Cumul	Weight	R.P.M.	Flow Rate	Mud Pressure		
TOTAL	3	ft.	ins.	4	ft.	ins.	5	h.	min.										
Drilled-cored																			
EACH BIT	6			7			8			9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
Drilled-cored								Hughes	26	OSC	NL955	Reg							
Drilled-cored								Security	36	S	Hole Opener								
Drilled-cored																			
Drilled-cored																			

MUD	CHARACTERISTICS				LOSSES and GAINS		PRODUCTS on board P-82					
	19	Wt	Wt	V	V	20	this day	cumul	21			
		mini	maxi	mini	maxi				80 T	Barite		
		VA	Vp	Yv					155 T	Cement		
		Gel 0	10	S%	pH				160 Imp Gal	Turbo Fuel		
		Pf.	Lc	Solid.	NaCL				260 T	Fuel		
									173 T	Potable Water		

STRING	22	23			
	ELEMENTS	WEIGHT (in mud)	D.C.	D.P.	W!M.D.

NOTES	24	25	26
	FORMATION Type . Stage	CORES	DEVIATION

406	27 TIME LOG			ELAPSED	DESCRIPTION	28 TIME ANALYSIS								29		30		31 WEATHER		
	FROM	TO	TIME			9 - Mis. op.	10 - W.C.	11 - Casing	12 - Circ	13 - Fishing	14 - Aband	15 - Rep	16 - W.T.	17 - Vac	PROGRAMME	Support Vessels	PEOPLE ON BOARD	61	Wind/Kn	4 - 6
	0	9:30	9:30		Set piggy back anchor on C <sub>1</sub> at 1:30 a.m.														Direction	N
					Set piggy back anchor on C <sub>2</sub> at 5:00 a.m.														Waves /ft	
					Anchor test at 100 Tons OK - approved by Lloyd's representative.														Slip jt.	
	9:30	15:30	6		Rigging up 9-1/2" D.C. and D. Pipe														Current	
	15:30	22:00	6:30		Ran temporary guide base														Swells/ft	
	22:00	24:00	2		Ran drilling assembly														Direction	
					Height: KB/Sea Level = 77'														Temperature	43°F
					Sea Level/Mud line = 503'															
					8:00 a.m. Status: Rough drilling at 612' - waiting on mud products (gel).															

PHASES

DRILLING REPORT

1 WELL Narwhal S

2 No Anchor #2

AQUITAINE

RIG P-82

DATE 3/8/74

Cross out which ever not applicable

DEPTH

PENET.

TIME

ft. ins. ft. ins. h. min.

BITS

PARAMETERS

PENETRATION

TOTAL	DEPTH		PENET.		TIME		Make	Ø	Type	No.	Nozzles	Cumul	Weight	R.P.M.	Flow Rate	Mud Pressure
	3		4		5											
Drilled-cored																
EACH BIT	6		7		8		9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
Drilled-cored																
Drilled-cored																
Drilled-cored																
Drilled-cored																

CHARACTERISTICS

LOSSES and GAINS

PRODUCTS on board P-82

MUD

19				20		21	
Wt mini	Wt maxi	V mini	V maxi	this day	cumul		
F	VA	Vp	Yv			22 T	Barite
Gel O	10	S%	pH	Mud		24 T	Cement
Pf	Lc	Solid	NaCL	Water		160 Imp Gal	Turbo Fuel
						179 T	Potable Water

STRING

22	23	D.C.	D.P.	Wt M.D.
ELEMENTS	WEIGHT (in mud)			

NOTES

24	25	26																					
FORMATION Type . Stage	CORES	DEVIATION																					
<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>27</th> <th>28</th> <th>31</th> </tr> <tr> <th>TIME LOG</th> <th>ELAPSED</th> <th>WEATHER</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>FROM TO TIME</td> <td></td> <td>9 - Mis. op. 10 - W.C. 11 - Casing 12 - Circ 13 - Fishing 14 - Aband 15 - Rep 16 - W.T. 17 - Vac</td> </tr> <tr> <td>0 24 24</td> <td>Anchoring: Set anchors A<sub>2</sub> (04.55 h) D<sub>1</sub> (04.55) E<sub>1</sub> (6.45) E<sub>2</sub> (7.35)</td> <td>Wind/Kn 6 - 8 Direction N Waves /ft 1 - 2 Slip jt. Current Swells/ft Direction Temperature 52°F</td> </tr> <tr> <td></td> <td>8:00 a.m. Status: End of anchor test</td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td></td> <td></td> <td>29 PROGRAMME Test Anchor and Rig up</td> </tr> <tr> <td></td> <td></td> <td>32 Support Vessels Fed 6 Giant Tide</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>			27	28	31	TIME LOG	ELAPSED	WEATHER	FROM TO TIME		9 - Mis. op. 10 - W.C. 11 - Casing 12 - Circ 13 - Fishing 14 - Aband 15 - Rep 16 - W.T. 17 - Vac	0 24 24	Anchoring: Set anchors A <sub>2</sub> (04.55 h) D <sub>1</sub> (04.55) E <sub>1</sub> (6.45) E <sub>2</sub> (7.35)	Wind/Kn 6 - 8 Direction N Waves /ft 1 - 2 Slip jt. Current Swells/ft Direction Temperature 52°F		8:00 a.m. Status: End of anchor test				29 PROGRAMME Test Anchor and Rig up			32 Support Vessels Fed 6 Giant Tide
27	28	31																					
TIME LOG	ELAPSED	WEATHER																					
FROM TO TIME		9 - Mis. op. 10 - W.C. 11 - Casing 12 - Circ 13 - Fishing 14 - Aband 15 - Rep 16 - W.T. 17 - Vac																					
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	8:00 a.m. Status: End of anchor test																						
		29 PROGRAMME Test Anchor and Rig up																					
		32 Support Vessels Fed 6 Giant Tide																					
<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>29</th> <th>30</th> </tr> <tr> <th>PROGRAMME</th> <th>PEOPLE ON BOARD</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>Test Anchor and Rig up</td> <td>65</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>			29	30	PROGRAMME	PEOPLE ON BOARD	Test Anchor and Rig up	65															
29	30																						
PROGRAMME	PEOPLE ON BOARD																						
Test Anchor and Rig up	65																						

PHASES

# DRILLING REPORT

## AQUITAINE

<sup>1</sup> WELL Narwhal S  
RIG P-82

<sup>2</sup> No - Anchor #1  
DATE 2/8/74

Cross out which ever not applicable

DEPTH	PENET.		TIME
	ft.	ins.	

PENETRATION

TOTAL	3		4		5	
Drilled-cored						
EACH BIT	6		7		8	
Drilled-cored						
Drilled-cored						
Drilled-cored						
Drilled-cored						

BITS

PARAMETERS

Make	Ø	Type	No.	Nozzles	Cumul	Weight	R.P.M.	Flow Rate	Mud Pressure
9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18

MUD

CHARACTERISTICS

LOSSES and GAINS

PRODUCTS ADDED

<sup>19</sup>

Wt _____	Wt _____	V _____	V _____
minj	maxi	mini	maxi
F _____	VA _____	Vp _____	Vv _____
Gel 0 _____	10 _____	S% _____	pH _____
Pf _____	Lc _____	Solid _____	NaCL _____

<sup>20</sup>

this day	cumul

Mud \_\_\_\_\_

Water \_\_\_\_\_

<sup>21</sup>


STRING

<sup>22</sup>

ELEMENTS \_\_\_\_\_

<sup>23</sup>

WEIGHT (in mud)	D.C.	D.P.	Wt M.D.

NOTES

<sup>24</sup>

FORMATION \_\_\_\_\_  
Type, Stage \_\_\_\_\_

<sup>25</sup>

CORES \_\_\_\_\_

<sup>26</sup>

DEVIATION \_\_\_\_\_

<sup>27</sup>

TIME LOG	ELAPSED	NOTES
ROM	TO	TIME
		Set first anchor E2 at 18:30 August 1, 1974.
		Set anchors E1, D1, D2, A1, B2 and C1.
		Tow line released by Supreme Tide at 22:30.
		Present Status:
		All anchors are set.
		P-82 is within 100' of theoretical co-ordinates of Narwhal (Positioning with Decca Lambda)
		Supreme Tide in route to Churchill.
		ETA August 3rd at 06:00.

<sup>28</sup>

TIME ANALYSIS

1 - R.U.D. <u>5:30</u>	10 - W.C. _____
2 - D _____	11 - Casing _____
3 - Red _____	12 - Circ _____
4 - D.T. _____	13 - Fishing _____
5 - H.O. _____	14 - Aband _____
6 - Cor _____	15 - Rep _____
7 - C.T. _____	16 - W.T. _____
8 - Test _____	17 - Vac _____

<sup>29</sup>

PROGRAMME \_\_\_\_\_  
Anchor Test

<sup>31</sup>

WEATHER

Wind/Kn	<u>18</u>
Direction	<u>N</u>
Waves /ft	<u>2 - 3</u>
Slip jt.	_____
Current	_____
Swells/ft	<u>Nil</u>
Direction	_____
Temperature	<u>10°C</u>

<sup>32</sup>

Support Vessels

Fed 6

Giant Tide

PHASES					DRILLING REPORT										1 WELL. Narwhal		2 No D - Moving				
Cross out which ever not applicable		DEPTH ft.    ins.		PENET. ft.    ins.		TIME h.    min.		AQUITAINE										RIG. P-82		DATE 1/8/74	
PENETRATION	TOTAL		3		4		5		BITS						PARAMETERS						
	Drilled-cored								Make	Ø	Type	No.	Nozzles	Cumul	Weight	R.P.M.	Flow Rate	Mud Pressure			
	EACH BIT		6		7		8		9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18			
	Drilled-cored																				
	Drilled-cored																				
Drilled-cored																					
Drilled-cored																					
MUD	CHARACTERISTICS							LOSSES and GAINS				PRODUCTS ADDED									
	19	Wt _____	Wt _____	V _____	V _____	20	this day	cumul	21												
		mini    maxi	VA _____	mini    maxi	Vp _____	Yv _____															
		F _____	10 _____	S% _____	pH _____																
	Gel 0 _____	Lc _____	Solid. _____	NaCL _____		Mud															
	Pf _____					Water															
STRING	22 ELEMENTS _____														23 WEIGHT (in mud)	D.C.	D.P.	W!M.D.			
	24 FORMATION _____ Type . Stage							25 CORES _____				26 DEVIATION _____									
NOTES	27 TIME LOG		ELAPSED		28													31 WEATHER			
	ROM	TO	TIME	P-82 three to four miles South of NARWHAL location with Supreme Tide on tow line.													TIME ANALYSIS 9 - Mis. op. _____		Wind/Kn 16 - 22		
				Anchor E2 set. Attempt to unload 20,000# anchor off Fed 6 without success, due to bad weather.													1 - R.U.D. _____	10 - W.C. _____	Direction North		
				Side Scan Sonar and Sounder completed with approval from Captain Mann.													2 - D _____	11 - Casing _____	Waves /ft 2' - 3'		
				Present status: 20,000# anchor unloading in process.													3 - Red _____	12 - Circ _____	Slip jt. _____		
																	4 - D.T. _____	13 - Fishing _____	Current ?		
																	5 - H.O. _____	14 - Aband _____	Swells/ft 8' - 12'		
																	6 - Cor _____	15 - Rep _____	Direction North		
																	7 - C.T. _____	16 - W.T. _____	Temperature 17°C		
																	8 - Test _____	17 - Vac _____			
														29 PROGRAMME _____		32 Support Vessels					
														Marking location with 20,000# anchor		Fed 6, Giant & Supreme Tide					
														30 PEOPLE ON BOARD: 61							

# DRILLING REPORT

## AQUITAINE

1 WELL: Narwhal No: C - Moving  
 RIG: P-82 DATE 31/7/74

PENETRATION

PHASES					
Cross out which ever not applicable	DEPTH		PENET.		TIME
	ft.	ins.	ft.	ins.	h. min.
TOTAL	3		4		5
Drilled-cored					
EACH BIT	6		7		8
Drilled-cored					
Drilled-cored					
Drilled-cored					
Drilled-cored					

BITS						PARAMETERS					
Make	Ø	Type	No.	Nozzles	Cumul	Weight	R.P.M.	Flow Rate	Mud Pressure		
9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18		

MUD

CHARACTERISTICS				LOSSES and GAINS		PRODUCTS ADDED			
19	Wt _____	Wt _____	V _____	V _____	20	this day	cumul	21	
	mini	maxi	mini	maxi					
	F _____	VA _____	Vp _____	Yv _____	Mud				
	Gel 0 _____	10 _____	S% _____	pH _____	Water				
	Pf _____	Lc _____	Solid. _____	NaCL _____					

STRING

22	ELEMENTS _____	23	WEIGHT (in mud)	D.C.	D.P.	W!M.D.
----	----------------	----	-----------------	------	------	--------

NOTES

24	FORMATION _____ Type, Stage	25	CORES _____	26	DEVIATION _____
27	TIME LOG	ELAPSED	P-82 seven to eight miles off NARWHAL SOUTH location. Ice flows and foggy conditions on location. Flight Decca Lambda spare parts on Federal 6. Federal 6 proceeding with Side Scan Sonar and Sounder.		
	ROM	TO	TIME	28	
				TIME ANALYSIS	
				9 - Mis. op.	31 WEATHER
				1 - R.U.D.	10 - W.C.
				2 - D	11 - Casing
				3 - Red	12 - Circ
				4 - D.T.	13 - Fishing
				5 - H.O.	14 - Aband
				6 - Cor	15 - Rep
				7 - C.T.	16 - W.T.
				8 - Test	17 - Vac
				29	PROGRAMME _____
					32 Support Vessels
					Giant Tide
					Supreme Tide
406				30	PEOPLE ON BOARD: _____



# DRILLING REPORT

## AQUITAINE

1 WELL Narwhal  
RIG P-82

2 No. B  
DATE 30/7/74

### PHASES

Cross out which ever not applicable	DEPTH		PENET.		TIME
	ft.	ins.	ft.	ins.	h. min.

<b>TOTAL</b>	3		4		5	
Drilled-cored						

<b>EACH BIT</b>	6		7		8	
Drilled-cored						
Drilled-cored						
Drilled-cored						
Drilled-cored						

### BITS

### PARAMETERS

Make	Ø	Type	No.	Nozzles	Cumul	Weight	R.P.M.	Flow Rate	Mud Pressure
------	---	------	-----	---------	-------	--------	--------	-----------	--------------

Drilled-cored														
Drilled-cored														
Drilled-cored														
Drilled-cored														

### CHARACTERISTICS

### LOSSES and GAINS

### PRODUCTS ADDED

Wt _____	Wt _____	V _____	V _____
mini	maxi	mini	maxi
F _____	VA _____	Vp _____	Yv _____
Gel O _____	10 _____	S% _____	pH _____
Pf _____	Lc _____	Solid _____	NaCl _____

20	this day	cumul	21
Mud			
Water			

22	<b>ELEMENTS</b>							23	D.C.	D.P.	W/M.D.
								WEIGHT (in mud)			

24	25	26
<b>FORMATION</b> Type . Stage	<b>CORES</b>	<b>DEVIATION</b>

27	<b>TIME LOG</b>		<b>ELAPSED</b>	- Connected anchors to anchor lines on board P-82. - Replacement of FED 6 by GIANT on the satellite position. - Attempt to mark NARWHAL SOUTH location with FED 6 (positioning through GIANT's radar). - Stop marking due to loss of buoys (probably taken away by ice flows). - Preparation of new buoys and ice recco with supply vessels. - No helicopter flight due to foggy conditions at Churchill - Pen Island - P-82.					
	ROM	TO	TIME						

<b>TIME ANALYSIS</b>		9 - Mis. op.	28
1 - R.U.D. _____	10 - W.C. _____		
2 - D _____	11 - Casing _____		
3 - Red _____	12 - Circ _____		
4 - D.T. _____	13 - Fishing _____		
5 - H.O. _____	14 - Aband _____		
6 - Cor _____	15 - Rep _____		
7 - C.T. _____	16 - W.T. _____		
8 - Test _____	17 - Vac _____		
29 <b>PROGRAMME</b>			
- Ice recco			
30 <b>PEOPLE ON BOARD :</b>			

31	<b>WEATHER</b>
	Wind/Kn _____
	Direction _____
	Waves /ft <u>5</u>
	Slip jt. _____
	Current _____
	Swells/ft _____
	Direction _____
	Temperature _____
32	<b>Support Vessels</b>

PHASES				DRILLING REPORT										1 WELL. <u>Narwhal</u>		2 No. <u>A</u>					
Cross out which ever not applicable		DEPTH ft.    ins.		PENET. ft.    ins.		TIME h.    min.		AQUITAINE										RIG. <u>P-82</u>		DATE <u>29/7/74</u>	
PENETRATION	TOTAL								BITS						PARAMETERS						
	Drilled-cored								Make	Ø	Type	No.	Nozzles	Cumul	Weight	R.P.M.	Flow Rate	Mud Pressure			
	EACH BIT								9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18			
	Drilled-cored																				
	Drilled-cored																				
MUD	CHARACTERISTICS				LOSSES and GAINS				PRODUCTS ADDED												
	19 Wt _____ Vt _____ V _____ V _____ mini    maxi    mini    maxi F _____ VA _____ Vp _____ Yv _____ Gel O _____ 10 _____ S% _____ pH _____ Pf _____ Lc _____ Solid. _____ NaCL _____				20 this day    cumul				21												
					Mud																
					Water																
STRING	22 ELEMENTS _____												23 WEIGHT (in mud)		D.C.	D.P.	W!M.D.				
	24 FORMATION Type, Stage _____				25 CORES _____				26 DEVIATION _____												
NOTES	27 TIME LOG		ELAPSED		28 TIME ANALYSIS										29		30		31 WEATHER		
	ROM	TO	TIME	P-82 position: 57°50'N; 84°17'W - within 13 miles of Narwhal South location since July 27th										9 - Mis. op.	32		Wind/Kn <u>10</u>				
				Federal 6 position: 58°08.5794 N; 84°08.9046 W since July 25th. 1220 meters off Narwhal South location. Actual Satellite accuracy = 60'.										1 - R.U.D.	10 - W.C.	Direction _____					
				Weather foggy - no flights possible to bring Decca Lambda equipment on board F6. All anchors transferred from Supreme and Giant Tide on board P-82.										2 - D	11 - Casing	Waves /ft _____					
				PROGRAMME Marking of Narwhal location with Satellite and Radar										3 - Red	12 - Circ	Slip jt. _____					
				PEOPLE ON BOARD : <u>58</u>										4 - D.T.	13 - Fishing	Current _____					
				Support Vessels Giant Supreme										5 - H.O.	14 - Aband	Swells/ft _____					
														6 - Cor	15 - Rep	Direction _____					
													7 - C.T.	16 - W.T.	Temperature _____						
													8 - Test	17 - Vac							

# CASING REPORT

## 'AQUITAINE

 Signature  
 Tool Pusher

 Signature  
 Drilling  
 Superintendent

D. B. Flic

Documents Attached

CSG In order

Well Marshal Scout

Rig P82 031

Heightable 575.82

ID 30"

Shoe 672"

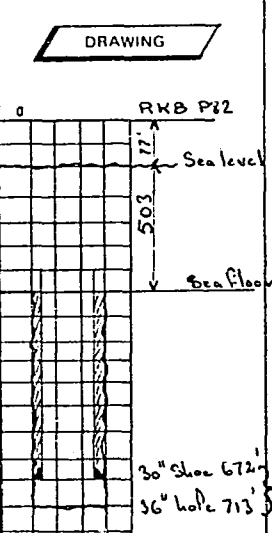
Date 6-1-74

No.	THREAD	DESIGN				LENGTH Ft. "	CHARACTERISTICS			Burst	WEIGHT		COLLAPSE			TENSION	
		Grade	Coupling	Thick-ness			LENGTH	DEPTH			Wt	Section	Cum.	At Setting Depth	W.T	S.F.	lbs
1	Slot Joint	B	3"	1"	51	42	96	17	575.83	672	00						
1	Housing + extension	B			44	74											

 TOTAL: 96 17  
 ABOVE TABLE: 575.83  
 SHOE: 672.00

OBJECT OF CASING: Surface CSG

ACCESSORIES					
TYPE	Qty.	PLACE AND NOTES	TYPE	Qty.	PLACE AND NOTES



CASING

MUD CHARACTERISTICS Drilling with sea water no return

WELD OR BAKERLOK Squanch Joints AND RB

MAKE UP TORQUE \_\_\_\_\_

TYPE OF LUBRICANT \_\_\_\_\_

FILL UP: Sea Water

PUMP PRESSURE END OF JOB _____	SLURRY WT <u>15.3 to 15.6</u>	VOL <u>80 lbs</u>
STATIC PRESSURE END OF JOB _____	TYPE OF CEMENT <u>Class B</u>	Qty. <u>400 sx</u>
CEMENT TOP: THEOR <u>Sea Level</u>	VOL MUD BEHIND CEMENT <u>Displaced with</u>	
TEMP SURVEY <u>No</u>	<u>18 lbs of Sea water</u>	
INSIDE CASING: <u>Yes at 12" from shoe</u>	<u>(+ 3% CaCl2 additive)</u>	
HANGING: <u>On temporary Base Plate</u>		
PRESSURE CASING TEST: <u>No</u>		
RECIPROCATING <u>No</u>		

HOUR	TIME	ORDER OF OPERATIONS
Aug 5	24:00	Resume 36" Erlg- Rig up to Run 30" Csg
Aug 6	7:00	Run 30 csg and Perranent Guide Case
	7:00	Cement Job- Displacement O.K.
Aug 7	22:00	Waiting on cement
	11:00	Drilling out cement and shoe
Aug.	0:45	Drilling 26" Hole
	24:45	

 30" shoe 672' from  
 36" hole 713' RB

<b>CASING REPORT</b>		Signature Tool Pusher	Signature Drilling Superintendent	Documents Attached		Well (Horizontal) Control	6 - 30"
<b>AQUITAINE</b>			D. B. Flic	CSC In order		Rig 172 652	Shoe 612"
						Heightable 175 Rz	Date 6-11-74

No.	THREAD	DESIGN			CHARACTERISTICS				Burst	WEIGHT		COLLAPSE			TENSION		
		Grade	Coupling	Thickness	LENGTH Ft.	LENGTH Ft.	DEPTH			Wt lb/ft	Psi	Section	Cum.	Psi	Reduct Due To Tension	At Setting Depth	
							FROM Ft.	TO Ft.								WT	SF
1	Shoe Joint	B	3"	1"	51	42											
1	Housing + extension	B			44	75											
TOTAL: <u>96 17</u>					OBJECT OF CASING: <u>Surface CSG</u>												
<del>SHOE</del> TABLE: <u>575.83</u>																	
SHOE: <u>672.00</u>																	

ACCESSORIES

TYPE	Qty.	PLACE AND NOTES	TYPE	Qty.	PLACE AND NOTES

CASING

MUD CHARACTERISTICS Drilling with sea water no return

WELD OR BAKERLOK: Squanch Joints ATD RB

MAKE UP TORQUE \_\_\_\_\_

TYPE OF LUBRICANT: \_\_\_\_\_

FILL UP: Sea Water

PUMP PRESSURE END OF JOB \_\_\_\_\_

SLURRY WT 15.3 to 15.6 VOL 80 lbs

TYPE OF CEMENT Class E Qty 400 sz

CEMENT TOP THEOR. Sea Level

VOL. MUD BEHIND CEMENT Displaced with 18 bbls of Sea Water (+ 3% CaCL2 additive)

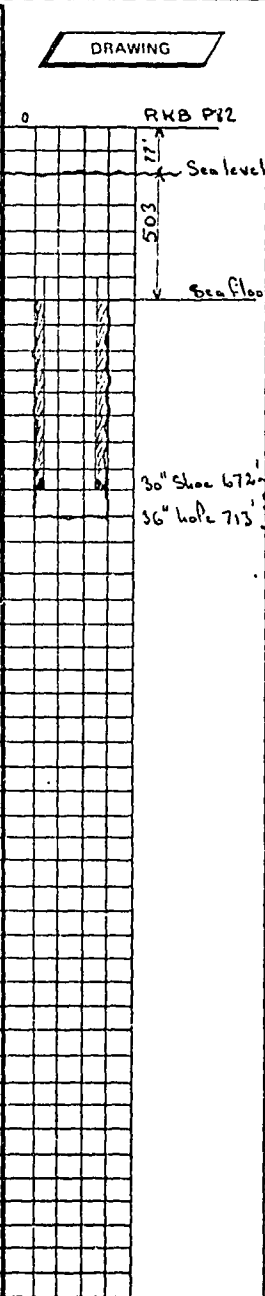
TEMP. SURVEY No

INSIDE CASING: Yes at 12" from shoe

HANGING: On temporary Base Plate

PRESSURE CASING TEST: No

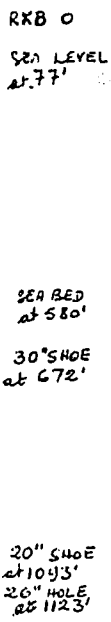
RECIPROCATING: No



HOUR	TIME	ORDER OF OPERATIONS
Aug 5	24:00	Resume 36" Rlg- Rig up to Run 30" Cas
Aug 6	7:00 7:00	Run 30 csg and Permanent Guide Base Cement Job- Displacement O.K.
Aug 7	22:00 11:00	Waiting on cement
Aug 7	0:45 24:45	Drilling out cement and shoe Drilling 2" Hole



<b>CASING REPORT</b>					Signature Tool Pusher	Signature Drilling Superintendent D. B. File	Documents Attached CGG Running in order	Narwhal Smith Well #4 0-58 Rig 182 Heightable		Ø 27" Shoe 1093' Date 8/9/74											
<b>· AQUITAINE</b>																					
CASING DESIGN				CHARACTERISTICS				BURST		WEIGHT		COLLAPSE		TENSION							
No.	THREAD	Grade	Coupling	Thick-ness	LENGTH Ft. "	LENGTH Ft. "	DEPTH			Wt lbs/Ft.	Psi	Section	Cum.	At Setting Depth		Psi	Requet Due To Tension	WT	SF	lbs	S <sup>c</sup>
							FROM Ft. "	TO Ft. "	TO Ft. "					WT	SF						
1	Housing Veteo	X55	St	0.437	22 20																
1	Joint x over	X52	st/	0.437	43 90																
1	Int. Joint	X52	L	0.437	41 31																
		X52	L	0.437	43 73	18 65	574 35	1093 00													
		X52	L	0.437	39 70																
		X52	L	0.437	36 90																
		X52	L	0.437	43 44																
		X52	L	0.437	41 54																
		X52	L	0.437	37 63																
		X52	L	0.437	41 85																
		X52	L	0.437	40 90																
		X52	L	0.437	42 69																
1	Shoe Joint	X52	L	0.437	42 86																
					518. 65	OBJECT OF CASING: Surface and technical Csg															
Below TOTAL:					574. 35																
ABOVE TABLE:																					
SHOE:					1093. 00																
ACCESSORIES																					
TYPE					Qty.					PLACE AND NOTES					DRAWING						
CASING																					
MUD CHARACTERISTICS: <u>Drilling without Returns</u>																					
WELD OR BAKERLOK: <u>3 Firsts joints</u>																					
MAKE UP TORQUE: _____																					
TYPE OF LUBR CANT: <u>Api grease</u> <u>sealing with 00 rings</u>																					
FILL UP: <u>Every Joint</u>																					
PUMP PRESSURE END OF JOB _____											SLURRY WT <u>15.0</u> vol <u>1700 cuft</u>										
STATIC PRESSURE END OF JOB <u>200 psi</u>											TYPE OF CEMENT <u>Class E</u> gr. <u>1700 ex</u>										
CEMENT TOP: THEOR. <u>Sea Bed</u>											VOL MUD BEHIND CEMENT <u>Displaced with 185 kbs</u> <u>of sea water Mix slurry with 190bbbs of</u>										
TEMP. SURVEY <u>No</u>											preheated sea water <u>75° F</u> and <u>3% CAT 2</u>										
INSIDE CASING: <u>At 1069</u>																					
HANGING: <u>On 30' Housing</u>																					
PRESSURE CASING TEST: <u>500 psi</u>																					
RECIPROCATING: <u>No</u>																					
HOUR		TIME		ORDER OF OPERATIONS																	
8/8/74		5:15		Resume 26" Drilling																	
		8:45		Circulating- Short trip- Spot mud P.O.H																	
		14:30		Run in casing																	
		18:30		Circulating and cement job																	
10/8/74		7:15		36:45 W.O.C.-P.O. running tool- run stack 20 3/4 and 22" riser- test stack up to 2000 psi ok bag preventer up to 1000 psi ok run junk catcher- run bit 17 1/2 - drill out cement Drilling 17 1/2 hole																	



**WELL:** Narwhal South- #58 O-S8

ON 111

CASING RUNNING IN ORDER: 0

DATE: 8/8/74

20"

No.	LENGTH	ACCUM. LENGTH	NOTES (WALL-GRADE - NEW OR USED)	No.	LENGTH	ACCUM. LENGTH	NOTES (WALL-GRADE - NEW OR USED)
1	42 86		shoe new				
2	42 64	85.55	.438- K55-X52				
3	40 90	126.45					
4	41 85	168.30					
5	37 63	205.93					
6	41 54	247.47					
7	43 44	290.91					
8	36 90	327.81					
9	39 70	367.51					
10	43 73	411.24					
11	41 31	452.55					
12	43 90	496.45	Cross over: ST 19' 1/2" x 1 1/2"				
13	22 20	518.65	(HOUSING)				

# CASING REPORT

## AQUITAINE

Signature  
Tool Pusher

Signature Drilling  
Superintendent  
Lou Pajak

Documents Attached

Casing Daily  
Cementing Report

Well: 10-54  
Rig: 182  
Heightable: 480

o 13 3/8"  
Shoe: 1738 76  
Date: Aug 15/74

CASING DESIGN			CHARACTERISTICS				Burst	WEIGHT		COLLAPSE			TENSION			
No.	THREAD	Grade	Comp. ing	Thick- ness	LENGTH Ft. : "	LENGTH	DEPTH	Wt	Section	Cum.	At Setting Depth					
						Ft. : "	FROM Ft. : "	TO Ft. : "	lb/Ft.	Psi	Psi	Reduct. Due to Tension	WT	S.F.	lbs	S.F.
1	Flat shoe	Baker			1 : 92											
2	Jts-c8#-13 3/8	K55	St+c		60 : 20											
1	Flat collar	Baker			1 : 70											
20	Jts -68#-13 3/8	K55	St+c		1033 : 14	1169.76	569.00	1738.76	68#	3450						
1	X-over(st+cxbut)	K55	but		15 : 20											
1	Jt 68#-13 3/8"	K55	but		31 : 70											
1	13 5/8 Housing	Vetco			19 : 90											
TOTAL:					1169 76	OBJECT OF CASING: <u>1st intermediate Protective</u>										
Below <del>ABOVE</del> TABLE:					569 00											
SHOE:					1738 76											

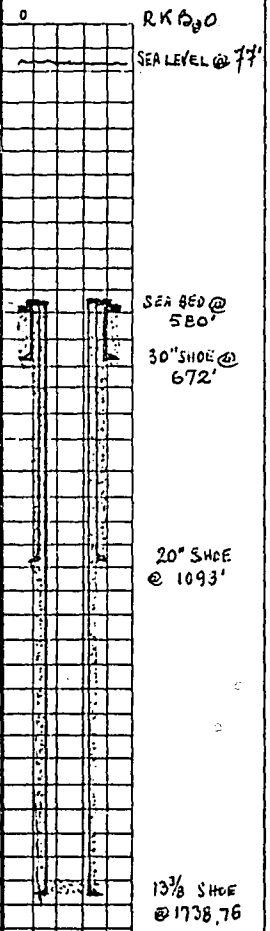
ACCESSORIES					
TYPE	Qty.	PLACE AND NOTES	TYPE	Qty.	PLACE AND NOTES
Centralizers (Baker)	3	Jts #1,2,20			

DRAWING

**CASING**

MUD CHARACTERISTICS: Salt saturated- visc 50 sec/qt wt- 10.6 ppg  
 WELD OR BAKERLOK: Jt #1,2,3- collars spot back welded  
 MAKE UP TORQUE: \_\_\_\_\_  
 TYPE OF LUBRICANT: \_\_\_\_\_  
 FILL UP: \_\_\_\_\_

PUMP PRESSURE END OF JOB: <u>550 psi</u>	SLURRY WT: <u>10.1</u>	VOL: <u>1072</u>
STATIC PRESSURE END OF JOB: <u>Head off</u>	TYPE OF CEMENT: <u>class 3-Salt Sat</u>	Qty: <u>1520 sacks</u>
CEMENT TOP: THEOR: <u>top of 20" housing - 574 RT</u>	VOL. MUD BEHIND CEMENT: <u>172.5 bbls</u>	
TEMP SURVEY: <u>88# @ 1756 R'</u>	Pressure increase observed after	
INSIDE CASING: <u>set @ 1738- FCC @ 1672"</u>	pumping 46 bbls mud suggests dart	
HANGING: <u>In 20" housing</u>	was late in launching top plug.	
PRESSURE CASING TEST: <u>No test- Plug did not bump</u>	Decision was made to under displace	
RECIPROCATING: <u>No</u>	by 2.5 bbls instead of bumping plug.	



HOUR	TIME	ORDER OF OPERATIONS
14/8/74	12:30	
	15:00	2+30 Trip out to run casing
	23:15	8+15 Rig and run 13 3/8" csg- lowered and latched into 20" housing
15/8/74	0:30	1+15 Circ casing
	02:15	1+45 Mix cement and displace with mud- floats held ok
	03:00	0+45 Lockout running tool - flush stack and riser with sea water Note: Observed 10-20 bbls cement returns in flush











## AQUITAINE HUDSON BAY PROJECT

### TECHNICAL SECTION

The accompanying Mud Summaries include the following for each respective well:

1. Individual mud checks.
2. Weekly summary, including comments from Mud Engineers
3. Product consumption and cost summary for each well.

### General Remarks

The original Drilling Mud Program as proposed by Craig Willis was basically followed, keeping the mud system quite simple and flexible.

The primary hole problem was intrusion from the calcium chloride water flows as were encountered during the drilling of Walrus in 1969. The drilling mud system was able to control the hole conditions. However, complete containment of the problem was not achieved.

Hole stability did not appear to be a problem and in all probability was due to the high chloride and calcium content throughout along with the special attention given to the hydraulics program.

On two occasions, during the drilling of the Polar Bear test, hole cleaning problems were encountered. The first section at approximately 1500 - 2000 feet when mud shale was encountered and again at about 3700 feet trying to drill with sea water. The system proved sufficiently flexible on both occasions to control the problem.

Further discussions are necessary for future planning on how best to contain the salt water flows. However, due to the high calcium chloride flows, a similar system would again be recommended.

DRESSER MAGCOBAR CANADA, DIVISION OF DRESSER INDUSTRIES INC.

525, 404 - 6th Ave. S.W., CALGARY, ALBERTA T2P 0R9



OILFIELD PRODUCTS DIVISION  
SECURITY-SWACO-GUMBRSON-MAGCOBAR

MUD SUMMARY

FOR

AQUITAINE NORVAL SOUTH M77

DRESSER MAGCOBAR CANADA, DIVISION OF DRESSER INDUSTRIES INC.

575, 404 - 5th AVENUE S. W., CALGARY 1, ALBERTA



DILFIELD PRODUCTS DIVISION  
SECURITY-SWACO-QUIBENON-MAGCOBAR

LIST OF MUD COSTS FOR MUD USED RE AQUITAINE

NORWAL SOUTH M77

As taken from Weekly Summary-

<u>PRODUCT</u>	<u>PRODUCT USED</u>	<u>PRICE PER Sx</u>	<u>TOTAL AMOUNT</u>
MagcoBar (Note)	3178	6.23	19,798.94
MagcoGel	1227	5.85	7,177.95
Caustic Soda	148	14.23	2,106.04
Kelzan XC	64	190.93	12,219.52
Calcium Chloride	141	16.61	2,342.01
Drispac	48	115.46	5,542.08
Salt	996	5.19	5,169.24
Magconol	110	11.01 gal	1,211.10
Salt Gel	423	5.18	2,191.14
TOTAL MUD COST			\$57,758.02
MUD ENGINEERING SERVICES			4,000.00
			<u>\$61,758.02</u>

NOTE: Approximately 50 tons of Barite (1,000 Sxs) were lost due to cement contamination



OILFIELD PRODUCTS DIVISION (SECURITY — SWACO — GUIBERSON — MAGCOBAR)

Well Name & L.S.D. AQUITAINE ET AL HUDSON BAY NORWHL SOUTH

1-MAGCOBAR CALGARY OFFICE  
2-MAGCOBAR CALGARY OFFICE

3-CUSTOMER COPY  
4-MUD ENGINEER COPY

WEEKLY SUMMARY

Contractor PENTAGONE #82

Page 1 of     

MUD PROPERTIES AND SUMMARY

MATERIALS USED AND COSTS

1974 AUGUST	Depth	Mud Weight	Fun Vis.	V.G. Temp	App. Vis.	Plus. Vis.	Yield Pt.	Gels.			H.T. H.P. F.L.	M.B.T.	P.H.	Alkalinities		CHL M	CAL. PPM	Percent		Sand Cont	MAGCOBAR	MAGCOGEL							Estimated Daily Cost \$	Estimated Accum. Cost \$																
								0	10	W.L.				PF	MF			Oil	Solids																											
4	Day No 1	SPUD IN 503' - WATER - NO MUD PRODUCTS ON BOARD - SPUD 36" HOLE - W/SEAWATER - DRILL 103' - SHUT DOWN WAIT ON MUD																																												
5	Day No 2	MIX 1200' - BBL - MUD AT 50#/BBL GEL - 3/4#/BBL XO - 1/3#/BBL CAUSTIC USING CONTAMINATED WATER 12 - 16 m. ppm Cl - VISC. 50 - 75 SEC/QT - SLUG WHILE DRILLING																																												
6	Day No 3	713	9.1	62	35	21	27	12	23	14.0		10.0	.2	13	800	5	Ni				168	9	6	8					2390	9869																
7	Day No 4	DRILL OUT 30" W/26" BIT DRILLING AHEAD - SLUG WHILE DRILLING - 50 BBL EACH SINGLE - WATER 6000 CL 30#/BBL GEL - BUILT 400 BBL - VISCOSITY 60 - 70 SEC/QT																																												
8	Day No 5	DRILLING 26" HOLE - SPOTTING MUD - 50 BBL EACH CONNECTION - FISH 26" HOLE SPOT 350 BBL MUD - P.O.H. - R.I.H. SPOT 350 BBL - P.O.H. TO RUN 20" CASING																																												
9	Day No 6	BUILD - 1000 BBL MUD TO DISPLACE HOLE - 20 LBS/BBL GEL - 1/2 CAUSTIC - 1/2# DRISPAC & 1#/BBL KELZAN - WEIGHT UP 400 BBL TO 144/GAL																																												
10	Day No 7	DRILL OUT CEMENT - DISPLACE HOLE - BUILD - 800 BBL RESERVE VOLUME																																												
WEEK ENDING: AUGUST 10, 1974																	WEEK ENDING TOTALS											1240	1110	42	44	105	12		\$ 25600											
MUD ENGINEER: Ken Schmidt																	ACCUMULATIVE TRANS. TO DATE \$											ACCUMULATED TOTALS											1240	1110	12	44	150	12		\$ 25600





OILFIELD PRODUCTS DIVISION (SECURITY - SWACO - GUIBERSON - MAGCOBAR)

WEEKLY SUMMARY

Well Name & L.S.D. AQUITAINE ET AL HUDSON BAY NORWAL SOUTH

Contractor PENTAGONE #82

Page 1 of

MUD PROPERTIES AND SUMMARY

MATERIALS USED AND COSTS

1974 AUGUST	Depth	Mud Weight	Fun Vis.	V.G. Temp	App. Vis.	Plus. Vis.	Yield Pt.	Gels.		W.L.	H.T. H.P. F.L.	M.B.T.	P.H.	Alkalinity		CHL M	CAL. PPM	Percent		Sand Cont.	MAGCOBAR	MAGCOGEL							Estimated Daily Cost \$	Estimated Accum. Cost \$																					
								0	10					PF	MF			Oil	Solids																																
4	Day No 1	SPUD IN 503' - WATER - NO MUD PRODUCTS ON BOARD - SPUD 36" HOLE - W/SEAWATER - DRILL 103' - SHOT DOWN WAIT ON MUD																																																	
5	Day No 2	MIX 1200' - BBL - MUD AT 50#/BBL GEL - 3/4#/BBL XC - 1/3#/BBL CAUSTIC USING CONTAMINATED WATER 12 - 16 m. ppm Cl - VISC. 50 - 75 SEC/QT - SLUG WHILE DRILLING																																																	
6	Day No 3	713	9.1	62	35	21	27	12	23	14.0			10.0	.2	13	800	5	Ni		168	9	6	8						2390	9869																					
7	Day No 4	GRILL OUT 30" W/26" BIT DRILLING AHEAD - SLUG WHILE DRILLING - 50 BBL EACH SINGLE - WATER 6000 CL 30#/BBL GEL - BUILT 400 BBL - VISCOSITY 60 - 70 SEC/QT																																																	
8	Day No 5	DRILLING 26" HOLE - SPOTTING MUD - 50 BBL EACH CONNECTION - FISH 26" HOLE SPOT 350 BBL MUD - P.O.H. - R.I.H. SPOT 350 BBL - P.O.H. TO RUN 20" CASING																																																	
9	Day No 6	BUILD - 1100 BBL MUD TO DISPLACE HOLE - 20 LBS/BBL GEL - 1/2 CAUSTIC - 1/2# DRISPAC & 1#/BBL KELZAN - WEIGHT UP 400 BBL TO 14#/GAL																																																	
10	Day No 7	DRILL OUT CEMENT - DISPLACE HOLE - BUILD - 800 BBL RESERVE VOLUME																																																	
WEEK ENDING: AUGUST 10, 1974														WEEK ENDING TOTALS														1240	1110	42	44	105	12			\$ 25600															
MUD ENGINEER: Ken Schmidt														ACCUMULATIVE TRANS. TO DATE \$ _____														ACCUMULATED TOTALS														1240	1110	42	44	150	12			\$ 25600	





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3-CUSTOMER COPY  
4-MUD ENGINEER COPY

OILFIELD PRODUCTS DIVISION (SECURITY — SWACO — GUIBERSON — MAGCOBAR)

WEEKLY SUMMARY

Well Name & L.S.D. AQUITAINE AT AL HUDSON BAY NORWHAL SOUTH Contractor PENTAGONE #82 Page 3 of     

MUD PROPERTIES AND SUMMARY																				MATERIALS USED AND COSTS												
1974	Depth	Mud Weight	Fun Vis.	V.G. Temp	App. Vis.	Plas. Vis.	Yield Pt.	Gels.		W.L.	H.T. H.P. F.L.	M.B.T.	P.H.	Alkalinities		CHL M	CAL. PPM	Percent		Sand Cont	MAGCOBAR	MAGCOGEL							Estimated Daily Cost \$	Estimated Account. Cost \$		
Day No								0	10					PF	MF			Oil	Solids													
18	2000	10.5	40	62	18	9	14	8	22	53			11.0	.9	275	4250	11	3/4													731	30543
Day No 15	DRILLING - NO FILL ON TRIP - RECOVERED 30' CORE IN 30' BARRELL																															
19	2296	10.6	40	69	19	9	8	7	19	60			10.5	.4	225	6000	11	1/2													632	40175
Day No 16	TRIPPED FOR BIT - HOLE GOOD - DRILLING - APPEAR TO BE TAKING ON SOME CaC <sub>2</sub> WATER AT TIMES																															
20	2554	10.0	42	70	18	9	18	6	17	70			11.5	.5	165	7500	4 1/2	1/2													1223	41398
Day No 17	DRILLING - RUNNING DESILTING TO BRING WT. 10.0#/GAL - CORRECTED SOLIDS FOR NaCl <sub>2</sub> - Ca <sup>++</sup> KEEPS RISING MAYBE FORMATION COMING IN SLIGHTLY WHILE DRILLING (PUMPED 50T CEMENT & BAITS MIX OVERBOARD)																															
21	2800	10.4	38	69	15	7	15	6	18	65			10.0	.2	165	14000	4 1/2	--													2357	43756
Day No 18	TRIPPED FOR BIT ENCOUNTERED CaCl <sub>2</sub> FLOW WHILE TRIPPING 30 BBLS - DRILLING 5 BBL GAIN FROM HOLE PER HOUR																															
22	3166	10.5	39	70	15	7	15	7	22	70			11.5	.6	175	25000	5	1/2													1980	45736
Day No 19	DRILLING - STILL TAKING ON CaCl <sub>2</sub> WATER FROM FRACTURE																															
23	3331	10.5	39	75	14	6	18	5	21	75			11.5	.5	185	25000	5	1/2													318	46054
Day No 20	DRILLING - TRIPPED - NO FILL - TESTED STACK = WELL FLOWED																															
24	3610	10.7	38	70	15	10	9	5	22	70			11.5	.4	310	35000	5 1/2	--													1619	47673
Day No 21	DRILLING - ADDED SALT TO SATURATE - STILL TAKING 10 BBLS PER HR OF INTRUSION																															
WEEK ENDING: AUGUST 24, 1974															WEEK ENDING TOTALS					297	36	110	6	217	78	8	223					
MUD ENGINEER: D. Kellsey ACCUMULATIVE TRANS TO DATE \$															ACCUMULATED TOTALS					1977	1146	11042	253			1000			47673			



**OILFIELD PRODUCTS DIVISION**

SECURITY • SWACO • GUIBERSON • MAGCOBAR

CHECK No. 11Date Dec 1/77

Well Name <u>11-20-77-2-110</u>	Legal Description <u>Section 11-20-77-2-110</u>
Company <u>Intercontinental Drilling</u>	Contractor <u>Intercontinental Drilling</u>
Report For Mr. <u>Steve</u>	Report For Mr. <u>Steve</u>
Address <u></u>	Address <u></u>

Sample From: Pit <input type="checkbox"/> Flow Line <input type="checkbox"/>	Mud Properties		Hole and Circulation Data		Swaco Equipment
Flowline Temp. <u></u> ° F.					<input type="checkbox"/> D. Sitter
Time Sample Taken <u>12:00</u>			Spud Date <u>Dec 1/77</u>	<input type="checkbox"/> D. Sander	
Depth <u>77</u>			Fill Last Trip	Ft.	<input type="checkbox"/> Super Screen
Weight Flow Line <u>77</u>			Surface Casing	In. @ Ft.	<input type="checkbox"/> Centrifuge
Weight Suction			Intermediate Casing	In. @ Ft.	<input type="checkbox"/> D/Gasser
Funnel Viscosity (Sec./Qt.) <u>1.2</u>			Bit Type <u>DC</u> Bit Size <u>6 1/2</u> In.	<input type="checkbox"/> Adjustable Choke	
V.G. Temp. Reading - ° F.			Mud in Hole	bbls. Tanks bbls.	<input type="checkbox"/> Super Choke
Fann Viscosity (Cps.) <u>47</u>			Total Mud in System		bbls. <input type="checkbox"/> Monitor
Plastic Viscosity (Cps.) <u>4.1</u>			#1 Pump Size x Strokes In. Min.	<input type="checkbox"/> Trip Guard	
Yield Point (lbs./100 Sq. Ft.) <u>2.7</u>			#2 Pump Size x Strokes In. Min.	<input type="checkbox"/> P.V.T.	
Gel Strength (Initial)			Bbls./Stroke Output	Bbls. Min.	<input type="checkbox"/> Mud Weigher
Gel Strength (10 Min.)			Mud Cycle		Min. <input type="checkbox"/> Flo-Sensor
API Water Loss (cc. in 30 min.) <u>1.0</u>			Circulating BTM Up		Min. <input type="checkbox"/>
Cake Thickness (32nds.)			Drill Pipe	In. Ann. Vel.	Ft./Min.
API HT-HP Fluid Loss (CC/30 min.)			Drill Collar	In. Ann. Vel.	Ft./Min.
CCC (API Equiv. #/bbl. Bent.) <u>5.0</u>			Drill Collar	In. Ann. Vel.	Ft./Min.
pH Strip <input type="checkbox"/> Beckman <input type="checkbox"/> <u>10.0</u>			Circ. Pressure*		PSI Hydrostatic Press PSI
P. Alkalinity (PH)	<u>10.2</u>		REMARKS - (Give operation, hole condition, and nature of any problems.)  <u>11-20-77-2-110</u> <u>SAMPLE FOR ANALYSIS</u>		
M. Alkalinity (MH)					
Salt <input type="checkbox"/> PPM Chloride <input type="checkbox"/> PPM <u>1.00</u>					
Calcium PPM <input type="checkbox"/> <u>9.00</u>					
Oil Content (% by Vol.)					
Solids Content (% by Vol.)					
Sand Content (% by Vol.)					

**SUGGESTIONS - (To be followed only if the operator deems advisable.)**

1. SUDDEN - 600 BBL VOLUME - SURFACE  
130 BBL VOLUME - 3/4" DIA - 1200 YD  
500 BBL THIN - 1100 BBL VOLUME - 1200 YD  
100 BBL VOLUME - 1200 YD

STUCK

MAGCOBAR WAREHOUSE		MAGCOBAR ENGINEER	
ADDRESS	PHONE	ADDRESS	PHONE MOBILE

In consideration of the furnishing of this report and oral suggestions, it is agreed that DRESSER MAGCOBAR CANADA, DIVISION OF DRESSER INDUSTRIES INC. shall not be liable for any damage resulting from same and it is to be held harmless.

NOT LEGIBLE  
ILLISIBLE



FIELD DRILLING MUD REPORT

OILFIELD PRODUCTS DIVISION (SECURITY • SWACO • GUIBERSON • MAGCOBAR)

CHECK No.   1  

Date   12/21/74  

Well Name   ...   Legal Description   ...    
 Company   ...   Contractor   ...    
 Report For Mr.   ...   Report For Mr.   ...    
 Address   ...   Address   ...  

Sample From: Pit <input type="checkbox"/> Flow Line <input type="checkbox"/> Flowline Temp. <u>  9  </u> ° F.	Mud Properties		Hole and Circulation Data		Swaco Equipment
Time Sample Taken <u>  7:25  </u>			Spud Date <u>  12-21-74  </u>		<input type="checkbox"/> D. Sifter
Depth <u>  72  </u>			Fill Last Trip <u>  ...  </u> Ft.		<input type="checkbox"/> D. Sander
Weight Flow Line <u>  11  </u>			Surface Casing <u>  ...  </u> In. @ <u>  ...  </u> Ft.		<input type="checkbox"/> Super Screen
Weight Suction <u>  ...  </u>			Intermediate Casing <u>  ...  </u> In. @ <u>  ...  </u> Ft.		<input type="checkbox"/> Centrifuge
Funnel Viscosity (Sec./Qt.) <u>  12  </u>			Bit Type <u>  ...  </u> Bit Size <u>  ...  </u> In.		<input type="checkbox"/> D-Gasser
V.G. Temp. Reading - ° F. <u>  ...  </u>			Mud in Hole <u>  ...  </u> bbls. Tanks <u>  ...  </u> bbls.		<input type="checkbox"/> Adjustable Choke
Fann Viscosity (Cps.) <u>  41  </u>			Total Mud in System <u>  ...  </u> bbls.		<input type="checkbox"/> Super Choke
Plastic Viscosity (Cps.) <u>  41  </u>			#1 Pump Size <u>  ...  </u> x <u>  ...  </u> In. Min. Strokes		<input type="checkbox"/> Monitor
Yield Point (lbs./100 Sq. Ft.) <u>  27  </u>			#2 Pump Size <u>  ...  </u> x <u>  ...  </u> In. Min. Strokes		<input type="checkbox"/> Trip Guard
Gel Strength (Initial) <u>  ...  </u>			Bbls./Stroke <u>  ...  </u> Output <u>  ...  </u> Bbls. Min.		<input type="checkbox"/> P.V.T.
Gel Strength (10 Min.) <u>  ...  </u>			Mud Cycle <u>  ...  </u> Min.		<input type="checkbox"/> Mud Weigher
API Water Loss (cc. in 30 min.) <u>  100  </u>			Circulating BTM Up <u>  ...  </u> Min.		<input type="checkbox"/> Fil. Sensor
Cake Thickness (32nds.) <u>  ...  </u>			Drill Pipe <u>  ...  </u> In. Ann. Vel. <u>  ...  </u> Ft./Min.		
API HT-HP Fluid Loss (CC/30 min.) <u>  ...  </u>			Drill Collar <u>  ...  </u> In. Ann. Vel. <u>  ...  </u> Ft./Min.		
CFC (API Equiv. #/bbl. Bent.) <u>  30  </u>			Drill Collar <u>  ...  </u> In. Ann. Vel. <u>  ...  </u> Ft./Min.		
pH. Strip <input type="checkbox"/> Beckman <input type="checkbox"/> <u>  12.0  </u>			Circ. Pressure' <u>  ...  </u> PSI Hydrostatic Press <u>  ...  </u> PSI		
P. Alkalinity (PI) <u>  ...  </u>			REMARKS - (Give operation, hole condition, and nature of any problems.)		
M. Alkalinity (MI) <u>  ...  </u>			1.50 cc. of Bentonite at 20"		
Salt <input type="checkbox"/> PPM Chloride <input type="checkbox"/> PPM <u>  1000  </u>			SAMPLE FROM ...		
Calcium PPM <input type="checkbox"/> <u>  200  </u>					
Oil Content (% by Vol.) <u>  ...  </u>					
Solids Content (% by Vol.) <u>  ...  </u>					
Sand Content (% by Vol.) <u>  ...  </u>					

SUGGESTIONS - (To be followed only if the operator deems advisable.)

*1. Build - 600 BBL. VOLUME - ...*  
*2. Add ...*

MAGCOBAR WAREHOUSE      MAGCOBAR ENGINEER  
 ADDRESS      PHONE      ADDRESS      PHONE MOBILE

In consideration of the furnishing of this report and oral suggestions, it is agreed that DRESSER MAGCOBAR CANADA, DIVISION OF DRESSER INDUSTRIES INC. shall not be liable for any damage resulting from same and it is to be held harmless.

**Magobar**



**FIELD DRILLING MUD REPORT**

OILFIELD PRODUCTS DIVISION (SECURITY • SWACO • GUIBERSON • MAGCOBAR)  
 CHECK No. 52 Date Aug. 11/14.

Well Name INTERMEDIATE Casing Legal Description INTERMEDIATE Casing  
 Company LOW TIME CANADA Contractor INTERMEDIATE Casing  
 Report For Mr. DEWIS INC. Report For Mr. CHUDE MILNER  
 Address T.C. Address K.G.

Sample From: Pit <input type="checkbox"/> Flow Line <input type="checkbox"/>		Mud Properties	Hole and Circulation Data	Swaco Equipment
Flowline Temp. ° F.				
Time Sample Taken	<u>6:30</u>		Spud Date <u>Aug. 4/74.</u>	<input type="checkbox"/> D. Sitter
Depth	<u>1462</u>		Fill Last Trip	<input type="checkbox"/> D. Sander
Weight Flow Line	<u>15</u>		Surface Casing <u>20</u> In. @ <u>6.72</u> Ft.	<input type="checkbox"/> Super Screen
Weight Suction	<u>7.4</u>		Intermediate Casing <u>20</u> In. @ <u>11.23</u> Ft.	<input type="checkbox"/> Centrifuge
Funnel Viscosity (Sec./Qt.)	<u>174</u>		Bit Type <u>114N.</u> Bit Size <u>1 1/2</u> In.	<input type="checkbox"/> D. Gasser
V.G. Temp. Reading - ° F.			Mud in Hole <u>530</u> bbls. Tanks <u>255</u> bbls.	<input type="checkbox"/> Adjustable Choke
Fann Viscosity (Cps.)	<u>21</u>		Total Mud in System <u>785</u> bbls.	<input type="checkbox"/> Super Choke
Plastic Viscosity (Cps.)	<u>14</u>		#1 Pump Size <u>7 x 12</u> In. Strokes <u>238</u> Min.	<input type="checkbox"/> Monitor
Yield Point (lbs./100 Sq. Ft.)	<u>14</u>		#2 Pump Size <u>7 x 12</u> In. Strokes <u>100</u> Min.	<input type="checkbox"/> Trip Guard
Gel Strength (Initial)	<u>3</u>		Bbls./Stroke <u>.134</u> Output <u>274</u> Bbls. Min.	<input type="checkbox"/> P.V.T.
Gel Strength (10 Min.)	<u>12</u>		Mud Cycle <u>310</u> Min.	<input type="checkbox"/> Mud Weigher
API Water Loss (cc. in 30 min.)	<u>15.8</u>		Circulating BTM Up	<input type="checkbox"/> Flo-Sensor
Cake Thickness (32nds.)	<u>2</u>		Drill Pipe <u>10.5</u> In. Ann. Val. <u>101</u> Ft./Min.	
API HT-HP Fluid Loss (CC/30 min.)			Drill Collar <u>8 1/2</u> In. Ann. Val. <u>120</u> Ft./Min.	
CEC (API Equiv. #/bbl. Bent.)			Drill Collar <u>9 1/2</u> In. Ann. Val. <u>132</u> Ft./Min.	
pH, Strip <input type="checkbox"/> Beckman <input type="checkbox"/>	<u>7.0</u>		Circ. Pressure	PSI Hydrostatic Press PSI
P. Alkalinity (PI)	<u>1</u>		REMARKS - (Give operation, hole condition, and nature of any problems.)	
M. Alkalinity (MI)			10ST - 75 BBL. TO FORMATION. GAIN - 100 BBL. CaCl2 WATER.	
Salt <input type="checkbox"/> PPM Chloride <input type="checkbox"/> PPM	<u>430</u>			
Calcium PPM <input type="checkbox"/>	<u>300</u>			
Oil Content (% by Vol.)				
Solids Content (% by Vol.)	<u>8%</u>			
Sand Content (% by Vol.)	<u>2%</u>			

SUGGESTIONS - (To be followed only if the operator deems advisable.)

1. MAINTAIN - VISC - 40 - 50 SEC/QT.  
W.L. - 15 CC OR LESS W/DRISPAC.  
5 ST. OVER ONE CIR.  
pH - 10.0 - 10.5 W/CAUSTIC.  
WT. INCREASE ON ORDER.

THANKS.

MAGCOBAR WAREHOUSE ADDRESS PHONE  
 MAGCOBAR ENGINEER LEN. SCUMM DT ADDRESS PHONE MOBILE

In consideration of the furnishing of this report and oral suggestions, it is agreed that DRESSER MAGCOBAR CANADA, DIVISION OF DRESSER INDUSTRIES INC. shall not be liable for any damage resulting from same and it is to be held harmless.

ILLISIBLE

**Magco**  
CANADA

**FIELD DRILLING MUD REPORT**

OILFIELD PRODUCTS DIVISION

(SECURITY • SWACO • QUIBERSON • MAGCOBAR)

CHECK No. 42

Date Aug-11/14

Well Name 1500 FT. LTH. H. 2005 241 Legal Description INTERNATIONAL COURT H.  
 Company 1500 FT. LTH. H. 2005 241 Contractor MENTAGUICE #82  
 Report For Mr. DENIS FINE Report For Mr. CHARLES MILNER EC  
 Address T.P.C. Address T.P.C.

Sample From: Pit <input type="checkbox"/> Flow Line <input type="checkbox"/>	Flowline Temp. <input type="checkbox"/> ° F.	Mud Properties	Hole and Circulation Data	Swaco Equipment
Time Sample Taken	<u>6:30</u>		Spud Date <u>Aug-4/14</u>	<input type="checkbox"/> D. Sitter
Depth	<u>1402</u>		Fill Last Trip	<input type="checkbox"/> D. Sander
Weight Flow Line	<u>15</u>		Surface Casing <u>50</u> In. @ <u>6 7/2</u> Ft.	<input type="checkbox"/> Super Screen
Weight Suction	<u>14</u>		Intermediate Casing <u>20</u> In. @ <u>11 1/2</u> Ft.	<input type="checkbox"/> Centrifuge
Funnel Viscosity (Sec./Qt.)	<u>44</u>		Bit Type <u>1 1/4</u> In. Bit Size <u>1 1/2</u> In.	<input type="checkbox"/> D. Gasser
V.G. Temp. Reading - ° F.			Mud in Hole <u>530</u> bbls. Tanks <u>255</u> bbls.	<input type="checkbox"/> Adjustable Choke
Fann Viscosity (Cps.)	<u>21</u>		Total Mud in System <u>135</u> bbls.	<input type="checkbox"/> Super Choke
Plastic Viscosity (Cps.)	<u>14</u>		#1 Pump Size <u>7 x 12</u> In. Strokes <u>100</u> Min.	<input type="checkbox"/> Monitor
Yield Point (lbs./100 Sq. Ft.)	<u>14</u>		#2 Pump Size <u>7 x 12</u> In. Strokes <u>100</u> Min.	<input type="checkbox"/> Trip Guard
Gel Strength (Initial)	<u>3</u>		Bbls./Stroke <u>.134</u> Output <u>274</u> Bbls. Min.	<input type="checkbox"/> P.V.T.
Gel Strength (10 Min.)	<u>12</u>		Mud Cycle <u>31</u> Min.	<input type="checkbox"/> Mud Weigher
API Water Loss (cc. in 30 min.)	<u>15.8</u>		Circulating BTM Up	<input type="checkbox"/> Flo-Sensor
Cake Thickness (32nds.)	<u>2</u>		Drill Pipe <u>1 1/2</u> In. Ann. Vel. <u>101</u> Ft./Min.	
API HT-HP Fluid Loss (CC/30 min.)			Drill Collar <u>8 1/2</u> In. Ann. Vel. <u>120</u> Ft./Min.	
CEC (API Equiv. #/bbl. Bent.)			Drill Collar <u>9 1/2</u> In. Ann. Vel. <u>132</u> Ft./Min.	
pH. Strip <input type="checkbox"/> Beckman <input type="checkbox"/>	<u>10</u>		Circ. Pressure	PSI Hydrostatic Press PSI
P. Alkalinity (PI)	<u>1</u>		REMARKS - (Give operation, hole condition, and nature of any problems.)	
M. Alkalinity (MI)				
Salt <input type="checkbox"/> PPM Chloride <input type="checkbox"/> PPM	<u>430</u>		<u>10ST - 75 BBL. TO FORMATION.</u>	
Calcium PPM <input type="checkbox"/>	<u>500</u>		<u>CAIN - NO BBL. CuCl<sub>2</sub> WATER.</u>	
Oil Content (% by Vol.)				
Solids Content (% by Vol.)	<u>3%</u>			
Sand Content (% by Vol.)	<u>2%</u>			

SUGGESTIONS - (To be followed only if the operator deems advisable.)

1. MAINTAIN - VISC - 40 - 50 SEC/QT.  
W.L - 15 CC OR LESS W/DRIPAC.  
5% OVER ONE CIR.  
pH - 10.0 - 10.5 W/CAUSTIC.  
WT. INCREASE ON ORDER.

THANKS.

MAGCOBAR WAREHOUSE		MAGCOBAR ENGINEER	
ADDRESS		ADDRESS	
PHONE		PHONE MOBILE	

In consideration of the furnishing of this report and oral suggestions, it is agreed that DRESSER MAGCOBAR CANADA, DIVISION OF DRESSER INDUSTRIES INC. shall not be liable for any damage resulting from same and it is to be held harmless.



NOT REPRODUCIBLE  
ILLISIBLE

MagcoBar



FIELD DRILLING MUD REPORT

OILFIELD PRODUCTS DIVISION

(SECURITY • SWACO • GUIBERSON • MAGCOBAR)

CHECK No. 43

Date

Well Name	Legal Description
Company	Contractor
Report For Mr.	Report For Mr.
Address	Address

Sample From: Pit <input type="checkbox"/> Flow Line <input type="checkbox"/>	Mud Properties	Hole and Circulation Data	Swaco Equipment
Flowline Temp. ° F.			
Time Sample Taken		Spud Date	<input type="checkbox"/> D. Sifter
Depth		Fill Last Trip Ft.	<input type="checkbox"/> D. Sander
Weight Flow Line		Surface Casing In. @ Ft.	<input type="checkbox"/> Super Screen
Weight Suction		Intermediate Casing In. @ Ft.	<input type="checkbox"/> Centrifuge
Funnel Viscosity (Sec./Qt.)		Bit Type Bit Size In.	<input type="checkbox"/> D. Gasser
V.G. Temp. Reading - ° F.		Mud in Hole bbls. Tanks. bbls.	<input type="checkbox"/> Adjustable Choke
Fann Viscosity (Cps.)		Total Mud in System bbls.	<input type="checkbox"/> Super Choke
Plastic Viscosity (Cps.)		#1 Pump Size x In. Strokes Min.	<input type="checkbox"/> Monitor
Yield Point (lbs./100 Sq. Ft.)		#2 Pump Size x In. Strokes Min.	<input type="checkbox"/> Trip Guard
Gel Strength (Initial)		Bbls./Stroke Output Bbls. Min.	<input type="checkbox"/> P.V.T.
Gel Strength (10 Min.)		Mud Cycle Min.	<input type="checkbox"/> Mud Weigher
API Water Loss (cc. in 30 min.)		Circulating BTM Up Min.	<input type="checkbox"/> Flo-Sensor
Cake Thickness (32nds.)		Drill Pipe In. Ann. Vel. Ft./Min.	
API HT-HP Fluid Loss (CC/30 min.)		Drill Collar In. Ann. Vel. Ft./Min.	
CEC (API Equiv. #/bbl. Bent.)		Drill Collar In. Ann. Vel. Ft./Min.	
pH. Strip <input type="checkbox"/> Beckman <input type="checkbox"/>		Circ. Pressure PSI Hydrostatic Press PSI	
P. Alkalinity (Pf)		REMARKS - (Give operation, hole condition, and nature of any problems.)	
M. Alkalinity (Mf)			
Salt <input type="checkbox"/> PPM Chloride <input type="checkbox"/> PPM			
Calcium PPM <input type="checkbox"/>			
Oil Content (% by Vol.)			
Solids Content (% by Vol.)			
Sand Content (% by Vol.)			

SUGGESTIONS - (To be followed only if the operator deems advisable.)

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MAGCOBAR WAREHOUSE		MAGCOBAR ENGINEER	
ADDRESS	PHONE	ADDRESS	PHONE MOBILE

In consideration of the furnishing of this report and oral suggestions, it is agreed that DRESSER MAGCOBAR CANADA, DIVISION OF DRESSER INDUSTRIES INC. shall not be liable for any damage resulting from same and it is to be held harmless.

NOT LEGIBLE  
ILLISIBLE

**MAGCOBAR**



**FIELD DRILLING MUD REPORT**

OILFIELD PRODUCTS DIVISION (SECURITY • SWACO • GUIBERSON • MAGCOBAR)

CHECK No. #4

Date Aug 14

Well Name <u>Aguitaine et al Hudson Bay</u>	Legal Description <u>Harb whal 5</u>
Company <u>Aguitaine</u>	Contractor <u>Pentagon #82</u>
Report For Mr. <u>Dennis Fike</u>	Report For Mr. <u>C. Malberg</u>
Address <u>Rig</u>	Address <u>Rig</u>

Sample From: Pit <input type="checkbox"/> Flow Line <input type="checkbox"/>	Mud Properties			Hole and Circulation Data		Swaco Equipment
Flowline Temp. _____ ° F.						
Time Sample Taken	11:30	1:00	2:45	Spud Date	Aug 4 / 77	
Depth			1756	Fill Last Trip	N.L. Ft.	
Weight Flow Line	10.6	10.6	10.7	Surface Casing	30 In. @ 672 Ft.	
Weight Suction			10.6	Intermediate Casing	20 In. @ 1123 Ft.	
Funnel Viscosity (Sec./Qt.)	5.2	5.0	5.0	Bit Type	M4N Bit Size 17 1/2 In.	
V.G. Temp. Reading - ° F.			29°C	Mud in Hole	640 bbls. Tanks 320 bbls.	
Fann Viscosity (Cps.)	20.5		37.5	Total Mud in System	960 bbls.	
Plastic Viscosity (Cps.)	2.0		2.0	#1 Pump Size	7 x 12 In. Strokes Min. 198	
Yield Point (lbs./100 Sq. Ft.)	28		25	#2 Pump Size	x Strokes In. Min.	
Gel Strength (Initial)	9		9	Bbls./Stroke	.134 Output 2.74 Bbls. Min.	
Gel Strength (10 Min.)			24	Mud Cycle	3.48 Min.	
API Water Loss (cc. in 30 min.)	28	20	35	Circulating BTM Up	Min. <input type="checkbox"/> Flo-Sensor	
Cake Thickness (32nds.)	3/32	2/32	3/32	Drill Pipe	5 In. Ann. Vel. 101 Ft./Min.	
API HT-HP Fluid Loss (CC/30 min.)				Drill Collar	8 1/2 In. Ann. Vel. 120 Ft./Min.	
CEC (API Equiv. #/bbl. Bent.)				Drill Collar	9 In. Ann. Vel. 132 Ft./Min.	
pH. Strip <input type="checkbox"/> Beckman <input type="checkbox"/>	9.5	9.0	9.0	Circ. Pressure	-550 PSI Hydrostatic Press 960 PSI	
P. Alkalinity (PI)			.0	REMARKS - (Give operation, hole condition, and nature of any problems.)		
M. Alkalinity (MI)	#			De. H. rig		
Salt <input type="checkbox"/> PPM Chloride <input type="checkbox"/> PPM	315A	300M	310M			
Calcium PPM <input type="checkbox"/>	3300	3200	3300			
Oil Content (% by Vol.)			0%			
Solids Content (% by Vol.)			12%			
Sand Content (% by Vol.)			1.5%			

SUGGESTIONS - (To be followed only if the operator deems advisable.)

① adding salt to atomizer system

MAGCOBAR WAREHOUSE		MAGCOBAR ENGINEER	
ADDRESS		PHONE	
ADDRESS		PHONE MOBILE	

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**MAGCOBAR**



**FIELD DRILLING MUD REPORT**

OILFIELD PRODUCTS DIVISION (SECURITY • SWACO • GUIBERSON • MAGCOBAR)

CHECK No. #5

Date 17

Well Name <u>Crustaceans sta Hudson Bay</u>	Legal Description <u>Naswhal S</u>
Company <u>Prostair</u>	Contractor <u>Pentagone #82</u>
Report For Mr. <u>Jim Pajak</u>	Report For Mr. <u>C Malone</u>
Address _____	Address <u>R. 7</u>

Sample From: Pit <input type="checkbox"/> Flow Line <input type="checkbox"/>	Mud Properties		Hole and Circulation Data		Swaco Equipment
Flowline Temp. _____ ° F.					
Time Sample Taken	4:00 P.M.	3:00	Spud Date	4 Aug.	<input type="checkbox"/> D. Sifter
Depth	1770	1867	Fill Last Trip	No F.L.L.	<input type="checkbox"/> D. Sander
Weight Flow Line	10.7	10.7	Surface Casing	20' In. @ 1123 Ft.	<input type="checkbox"/> Super Screen
Weight Suction	10.7	10.6	Intermediate Casing	13 3/4 In. @ 1738 Ft.	<input type="checkbox"/> Centrifuge
Funnel Viscosity (Sec./Qt.)	52	48	Bit Type	12 1/4 Bit Size	<input type="checkbox"/> D. Gasser
V.G. Temp. Reading - ° F.			Mud in Hole	300 bbls. Tanks 362 bbls.	<input type="checkbox"/> Adjustable Choke
Fann Viscosity (Cps.)	32.5	30	Total Mud in System	1.62 bbls.	<input type="checkbox"/> Super Choke
Plastic Viscosity (Cps.)	10	15	#1 Pump Size	7 x 12 In. Min. Strokes	<input type="checkbox"/> Monitor
Yield Point (lbs./100 Sq. Ft.)	25	15	#2 Pump Size	x In. Min. Strokes	<input type="checkbox"/> Trip Guard
Gel Strength (Initial)	11	7	Bbls./Stroke	.140 Output 16.5 Bbls. Min.	<input type="checkbox"/> P.V.T.
Gel Strength (10 Min.)	27	24	Mud Cycle	40. Min.	<input type="checkbox"/> Mud Weigher
API Water Loss (cc. in 30 min.)	41	42	Circulating BTM Up	Min.	<input type="checkbox"/> Flo-Sensor
Cake Thickness (32nds.)	2 1/2	2 1/2	Drill Pipe	5" In. Ann. Vel. 130 Ft./Min.	
API HT-HP Fluid Loss (CC/30 min.)			Drill Collar	5 1/2 In. Ann. Vel. 210 Ft./Min.	
CEC (API Equiv. #/bbl. Bent.)			Drill Collar	9 1/2 In. Ann. Vel. 265' Tub. Ft./Min.	
pH. Strip <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Beckman <input type="checkbox"/>	10.5	11.0	Circ. Pressure	PSI Hydrostatic Press PSI	
P. Alkalinity (PI)	.3	.7	REMARKS - (Give operation, hole condition, and nature of any problems.)		
M. Alkalinity (MI)	-	-	① Drilling out shoe		
Salt <input type="checkbox"/> PPM Chloride <input type="checkbox"/> PPM	315M	315M	② Drilling ahead.		
Calcium PPM <input type="checkbox"/>	3400	3400	Pull to core apt. 75'		
Oil Content (% by Vol.)	0		③ Core banded liquid.		
Solids Content (% by Vol.)	12%	11 1/2			
Sand Content (% by Vol.)	1%	1%			

SUGGESTIONS - (To be followed only if the operator deems advisable.)

① Holding mud. 45-55 mg/gal.

② 1/2 volume rate low add slowly. Run for mix. Tanks

③ When back Drilling start back of Dec. 11/25.

MAGCOBAR WAREHOUSE		MAGCOBAR ENGINEER	
ADDRESS _____		ADDRESS _____	
PHONE _____		PHONE MOBILE _____	

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NOT LEGIBLE  
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**MAGCOBAR**



**FIELD DRILLING MUD REPORT**

OILFIELD PRODUCTS DIVISION

(SECURITY • SWACO • GUIBERSON • MAGCOBAR)

CHECK No. #6

Date 18/11/82

Well Name <u>Operative old Hudson Bay</u>	Legal Description <u>Wapiti</u>
Company <u>Operative</u>	Contractor <u>Perlayone #82</u>
Report For Mr. <u>Law Payak</u>	Report For Mr. <u>C. Whelan</u>
Address <u>Rio</u>	Address <u>Rio</u>

Sample From: Pit <input type="checkbox"/> Flow Line <input type="checkbox"/>	Mud Properties		Hole and Circulation Data		Swaco Equipment
Flowline Temp. <u>    </u> ° F.					
Time Sample Taken	17:00	11:30	Spud Date		<input type="checkbox"/> D. Sitter
Depth	1850	2000	Fill Last Trip	N.L.	<input type="checkbox"/> D. Sander
Weight Flow Line	10.8	10.5	Surface Casing	20 In. @ 1123 Ft.	<input type="checkbox"/> Super Screen
Weight Suction	10.8	10.5	Intermediate Casing	13 3/4 In. @ 1738 Ft.	<input type="checkbox"/> Centrifuge
Funnel Viscosity (Sec./Qt.)	44	40	Bit Type	S 8 1/2 Bit Size 12 1/4 In.	<input type="checkbox"/> D. Gasser
V.G. Temp. Reading - ° F.	55	22	Mud in Hole	340 bbls. Tanks 350 bbls.	<input type="checkbox"/> Adjustable Choke
Fann Viscosity (Cps.)	15	17.5	Total Mud in System	690 bbls.	<input type="checkbox"/> Super Choke
Plastic Viscosity (Cps.)	10	9	#1 Pump Size	7 x 12 In. Strokes Min.	<input type="checkbox"/> Monitor
Yield Point (lbs./100 Sq. Ft.)	10	14	#2 Pump Size	x In. Strokes Min.	<input type="checkbox"/> Trip Guard
Gel Strength (Initial)	7	8	Bbls./Stroke	Output 13.4	<input type="checkbox"/> P.V.T.
Gel Strength (10 Min.)	19	22	Mud Cycle	5.2	<input type="checkbox"/> Mud Weigher
API Water Loss (cc. in 30 min.)	5.3	5.3	Circulating BTM Up	23	<input type="checkbox"/> Flo-Sensor
Cake Thickness (32nds.)	2	2	Drill Pipe	5 1/2 In. 118 Ann. Vel. 118	Ft./Min.
API HT-HP Fluid Loss (CC/30 min.)			Drill Collar	8 1/2 In. 190 Ann. Vel. 190	Ft./Min.
CEC (API Equiv. #/bbl. Bent.)			Drill Collar	9 1/2 In. 20 Ann. Vel. 200	Ft./Min.
pH. Strip <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Beckman <input type="checkbox"/>	11.0	11.0	Circ. Pressure	1630 PSI	Hydrostatic Press 1120 PSI
P. Alkalinity (PI)	.9	.9	REMARKS - (Give operation, hole condition, and nature of any problems.)		
M. Alkalinity (MI)			D. Drilling		
Salt <input type="checkbox"/> PPM Chloride <input type="checkbox"/> PPM	3900	2750	6 lbs appears to be clearing well.		
Calcium PPM <input type="checkbox"/>	4200	4250	31		
Oil Content (% by Vol.)	0	0			
Solids Content (% by Vol.)	12.5	11%			
Sand Content (% by Vol.)	1 1/2	3/4			

SUGGESTIONS - (To be followed only if the operator deems advisable.)

① Holding vis 40-50 sec lgt.  
 ② adding Pvc mix to hold vis  
 ③ added 25 gal Magnad Sw Pumping  
 this sand Uoh. add from link number 5  
 if climbs over 10.7 gal start Dis. the.  
 ④ add acid. 5 lbs Caustic Soda  
 to hold pH now 1.0 cc.

MAGCOBAR WAREHOUSE		MAGCOBAR ENGINEER	
ADDRESS		PHONE	
ADDRESS		PHONE MOBILE	

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**Magco**  
CANADA

**FIELD DRILLING MUD REPORT**

OILFIELD PRODUCTS DIVISION (SECURITY • SWACO • GUIBERSON • MAGCOBAR)

CHECK No. #7

Date 19 Aug

Well Name <u>Pointe aux Lacs Bay</u>	Legal Description <u>N.W. 1/4</u>
Company <u>Pointe aux Lacs</u>	Contractor <u>Pointe aux Lacs</u>
Report For Mr. <u>J. J. ...</u>	Report For Mr. <u>C. ...</u>
Address <u>...</u>	Address <u>...</u>

Sample From: Pit <input type="checkbox"/> Flow Line <input type="checkbox"/>	Mud Properties	Hole and Circulation Data	Swaco Equipment
Flowline Temp. <u>...</u> °F.			
Time Sample Taken <u>12:30</u>	<u>201</u>	Spud Date <u>4 Aug 74</u>	<input type="checkbox"/> D. Silter
Depth <u>2796</u>		Fill Last Trip <u>N.L.</u> Ft.	<input type="checkbox"/> D. Sand
Weight Flow Line <u>10.6</u>		Surface Casing <u>20</u> In. @ <u>1123</u> Ft.	<input type="checkbox"/> Super Screen
Weight Suction <u>10.6</u>		Intermediate Casing <u>12 3/4</u> In. @ <u>1736</u> Ft.	<input type="checkbox"/> Centrifuge
Funnel Viscosity (Sec./Qt.) <u>4.0</u>		Bit Type <u>S 88</u> Bit Size <u>12 1/2</u> In.	<input type="checkbox"/> D. Gasser
V.G. Temp. Reading - ° F. <u>69</u>		Mud in Hole <u>3.60</u> bbls. Tanks <u>460</u> bbls.	<input type="checkbox"/> Adjustable Choke
Fann Viscosity (Cps.) <u>19</u>		Total Mud in System <u>760</u> bbls.	<input type="checkbox"/> Super Choke
Plastic Viscosity (Cps.) <u>7</u>		#1 Pump Size <u>7</u> x <u>12</u> In. Strokes <u>...</u> Min.	<input type="checkbox"/> Monitor
Yield Point (lbs./100 Sq. Ft.) <u>18</u>		#2 Pump Size <u>x</u> In. Strokes <u>...</u> Min.	<input type="checkbox"/> Trip Guard
Gel Strength (Initial) <u>7</u>		Bbls./Stroke <u>142</u> Output <u>13.4</u> Min.	<input type="checkbox"/> P.V.T.
Gel Strength (10 Min.) <u>19</u>		Mud Cycle <u>57</u> Min.	<input type="checkbox"/> Mud Weigher
API Water Loss (cc. in 30 min.) <u>20</u>		Circulating BTM Up <u>24</u> Min.	<input type="checkbox"/> Flo-Sensor
Cake Thickness (32nds.) <u>2</u>		Drill Pipe <u>5 1/2</u> In. Ann. Vel. <u>120</u> Ft./Min.	
API HT-HP Fluid Loss (CC/30 min.) <u>-</u>		Drill Collar <u>5 1/2</u> In. Ann. Vel. <u>190</u> Ft./Min.	
CEC (API Equiv. N/bbl. Bent.) <u>-</u>		Drill Collar <u>5 1/2</u> In. Ann. Vel. <u>210</u> Ft./Min.	
pH. Strip <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Beckman <input type="checkbox"/> <u>10.5</u>		Circ. Pressure <u>2274</u> PSI Hydrostatic Press <u>...</u> PSI	
P. Alkalinity (PI) <u>4</u>		REMARKS - (Give operation, hole condition, and nature of any problems.)	
M. Alkalinity (MI)		<u>Drilling -</u>	
Salt <input type="checkbox"/> PPM Chloride <input type="checkbox"/> PPM <u>225M</u>		<u>(2) Running 16 cwt. Deslita</u>	
Calcium PPM <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> <u>6000M</u>		<u>(3) appear in Times to be picking up CaCl<sub>2</sub> water.</u>	
Oil Content (% by Vol.) <u>0</u>			
Solids Content (% by Vol.) <u>11%</u>			
Sand Content (% by Vol.) <u>1/2</u>			

SUGGESTIONS - (To be followed only if the operator deems advisable.)

(1) Add 10 lbs. Caustic Soda

(2) Hold Vis 40-50 cP

(3) For Vol. loss Add Caustic Soda

(4) add 465 gal Magnesia if mud foams

MAGCOBAR WAREHOUSE	MAGCOBAR ENGINEER
ADDRESS	PHONE
ADDRESS	PHONE MOBILE

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**MAGCOBAR**



**FIELD DRILLING MUD REPORT**

OILFIELD PRODUCTS DIVISION

(SECURITY • SWACO • GUIBERSON • MAGCOBAR)

CHECK No. # 8

Date 20 Aug

Well Name <u>Peguntas etal Hudson Bay</u>	Legal Description <u>Magnetic</u>
Company <u>Peguntas</u>	Contractor <u>Pentagon</u>
Report For Mr. <u>John P. Dak</u>	Report For Mr. <u>C. J. ...</u>
Address <u>Rg</u>	Address <u>Rg</u>

Sample From: Pit <input type="checkbox"/> Flow Line <input type="checkbox"/>	Mud Properties		Hole and Circulation Data		Swaco Equipment
Flowline Temp. <u>        </u> ° F.					
Time Sample Taken	<u>15:00</u>		Spud Date <u>Aug 4/74</u>		<input type="checkbox"/> D. Silter
Depth	<u>2495</u>	<u>2554</u>	Fill Last Trip <u>10.1</u> Ft.		<input type="checkbox"/> D. Sander
Weight Flow Line	<u>10.2</u>	<u>10.0</u>	Surface Casing <u>2.0</u> In. @ <u>1122</u> Ft.		<input type="checkbox"/> Super Screen
Weight Suction	<u>10.2</u>	<u>10.0</u>	Intermediate Casing <u>13 3/4</u> In. @ <u>1728</u> Ft.		<input type="checkbox"/> Centrifuge
Funnel Viscosity (Sec./Qt.)	<u>41</u>	<u>42</u>	Bit Type <u>S 89</u> Bit Size <u>12 1/4</u> In.		<input type="checkbox"/> D. Gasser
V.G. Temp. Reading - ° F.	<u>69°</u>	<u>70</u>	Mud in Hole <u>390</u> bbls. Tanks <u>400</u> bbls.		<input type="checkbox"/> Adjustable Choke
Fann Viscosity (Cps.)	<u>19.5</u>	<u>18</u>	Total Mud in System <u>780</u> bbls.		<input type="checkbox"/> Super Choke
Plastic Viscosity (Cps.)	<u>9</u>	<u>9</u>	#1 Pump Size <u>7 x 12</u> In. Strokes/Min.		<input type="checkbox"/> Monitor
Yield Point (lbs./100 Sq. Ft.)	<u>21</u>	<u>18</u>	#2 Pump Size <u>        </u> x <u>        </u> In. Strokes/Min.		<input type="checkbox"/> Trip Guard
Gel Strength (Initial)	<u>7</u>	<u>6</u>	Bbls./Stroke Output <u>13.4</u> Bbls./Min.		<input type="checkbox"/> P.V.T.
Gel Strength (10 Min.)	<u>18</u>	<u>17</u>	Mud Cycle <u>59</u> Min.		<input type="checkbox"/> Mud Weigher
API Water Loss (cc. in 30 min.)	<u>65</u>	<u>70</u>	Circulating BTM Up <u>26</u> Min.		<input type="checkbox"/> Flo-Sensor
Cake Thickness (32nds.)	<u>2</u>	<u>2</u>	Drill Pipe <u>5 1/2</u> In. Ann. Vel. <u>120</u> Ft./Min.		
AP. HT-HP Fluid Loss (CC/30 min.)	<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	Drill Collar <u>8 1/2</u> In. Ann. Vel. <u>190</u> Ft./Min.		
CEC (API Equiv. #/bbl. Bent.)	<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	Drill Collar <u>9 1/2</u> In. Ann. Vel. <u>200</u> Ft./Min.		
pH. Strip <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Beckman <input type="checkbox"/>	<u>11.5</u>	<u>11.5</u>	Circ. Pressure <u>2074</u> PSI Hydrostatic Press PSI		
P. Alkalinity (PI)	<u>3</u>	<u>9</u>	REMARKS - (Give operation, hole condition, and nature of any problems.)		
M. Alkalinity (MI)	<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>① Drilling</u>		
Salt <input type="checkbox"/> PPM Chloride <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> PPM	<u>16000</u>	<u>16500</u>	<u>② Running Per Min. &amp; Des. to being wt. 10.0</u>		
Calcium PPM <input type="checkbox"/>	<u>4500</u>	<u>7500</u>			
Oil Content (% by Vol.)	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>			
Solids Content (% by Vol.)	<u>4 1/2</u>	<u>3 1/2</u>			
Sand Content (% by Vol.)	<u>1/4</u>	<u>1/4</u>			

SUGGESTIONS - (To be followed only if the operator deems advisable.)

- ① Run Per min. add 10 gal + 60 gal Salt Sol.
- ② Run 6 hrs Caustic per Tour.
- ③ Hold wt. 9.8 to 10.0 = gal.
- ④ Add 5 gal. Magneval low Rate

MAGCOBAR WAREHOUSE		MAGCOBAR ENGINEER	
ADDRESS	PHONE	ADDRESS	PHONE MOBILE

In consideration of the furnishing of this report and oral suggestions, it is agreed that DRESSER MAGCOBAR CANADA, DIVISION OF DRESSER INDUSTRIES INC. shall not be liable for any damage resulting from same and it is to be held harmless.

**MAGCOBAR**



**FIELD DRILLING MUD REPORT**

OILFIELD PRODUCTS DIVISION

(SECURITY • SWACO • GUIBERSON • MAGCOBAR)

CHECK No. 159

Date 21 Aug.

Well Name <u>2.0.1.1.1.1.1.1 Hudson Bay</u>	Legal Description <u>Narwhal</u>
Company <u>Quantar</u>	Contractor <u>Pentagon</u>
Report For Mr. <u>J. M. Payne</u>	Report For Mr. <u>C. Malheur</u>
Address _____	Address <u>Rig</u>

Sample From: Pit <input type="checkbox"/> Flow Line <input type="checkbox"/>	Mud Properties		Hole and Circulation Data		Swaco Equipment
Flowline Temp. _____ ° F.					
Time Sample Taken		<u>11:30</u>	Spud Date <u>Aug 11/74</u>		<input type="checkbox"/> D. Sitter
Depth <u>2600</u>		<u>2600</u>	Fill Last Trip <u>Nil</u> Ft.		<input type="checkbox"/> D. Sander
Weight Flow Line <u>10.4</u>		<u>10.4</u>	Surface Casing <u>20</u> In. @ <u>1123</u> Ft.		<input type="checkbox"/> Super Screen
Weight Suction <u>12.4</u>		<u>12.4</u>	Intermediate Casing <u>13 3/8</u> In. @ <u>1738</u> Ft.		<input type="checkbox"/> Centrifuge
Funnel Viscosity (Sec./Qt.) <u>38</u>		<u>38</u>	Bit Type <u>S 28</u> Bit Size <u>12 1/4</u> In.		<input type="checkbox"/> D. Gasser
V.G. Temp. Reading - ° F. <u>69</u>		<u>69</u>	Mud in Hole <u>400</u> bbls. Tanks/100 bbls.		<input type="checkbox"/> Adjustable Choke
Fann Viscosity (Cps.) <u>14</u>		<u>15</u>	Total Mud in System <u>600</u> bbls.		<input type="checkbox"/> Super Choke
Plastic Viscosity (Cps.) <u>8</u>		<u>7</u>	#1 Pump Size <u>7</u> x <u>14</u> In. Strokes Min.		<input type="checkbox"/> Monitor
Yield Point (lbs./100 Sq. Ft.) <u>12</u>		<u>15</u>	#2 Pump Size <u>x</u> In. Strokes Min.		<input type="checkbox"/> Trip Guard
Gel Strength (Initial) <u>7</u>		<u>6</u>	Bbls./Stroke Output <u>13.4</u> Bbls. Min.		<input type="checkbox"/> P.V.T.
Gel Strength (10 Min.) <u>19</u>		<u>12</u>	Mud Cycle <u>60</u> Min.		<input type="checkbox"/> Mud Weigher
API Water Loss (cc. in 30 min.) <u>78</u>		<u>1.5</u>	Circulating BTM Up <u>29</u> Min.		<input type="checkbox"/> Flo-Sensor
Cake Thickness (32nds.) <u>2</u>		<u>2</u>	Drill Pipe <u>5 1/2</u> In. Ann. Vel. <u>120</u> Ft./Min.		
API HT-HP Fluid Loss (CC/30 min.) <u>-</u>			Drill Collar <u>8 1/2</u> In. Ann. Vel. <u>190</u> Ft./Min.		
CEC (API Equiv. #/bbl. Bent.) <u>-</u>			Drill Collar <u>9 1/2</u> In. Ann. Vel. <u>200</u> Ft./Min.		
pH. Strip <input type="checkbox"/> Beckman <input type="checkbox"/> <u>10.0</u>		<u>10.0</u>	Circ. Pressure <u>2764</u> PSI Hydrostatic Press <u>1540</u> PSI		
P. Alkalinity (PI) <u>.2</u>		<u>.1</u>	REMARKS - (Give operation, hole condition, and nature of any problems.)		
M. Alkalinity (MI) <u>-</u>			<u>1) Drilling</u>		
Salt <input type="checkbox"/> PPM Chloride <input type="checkbox"/> PPM <u>170M</u>		<u>175000</u>	<u>2) Taking Gain 5 bbls.</u>		
Calcium PPM <input type="checkbox"/> <u>14000</u>		<u>2000</u>	<u>3) Last Trip Took 35 bbl gain</u>		
Oil Content (% by Vol.) <u>0</u>		<u>0</u>			
Solids Content (% by Vol.) <u>4 1/2</u>		<u>4 1/2</u>			
Sand Content (% by Vol.) <u>1/4</u>		<u>0</u>			

SUGGESTIONS - (To be followed only if the operator deems advisable.)

1) Add 10 sacs Caustic Soda

2) Run 1000 sacks add PM

3) P. Alkalinity occurs add 5 sacs Magcoar.

MAGCOBAR WAREHOUSE		MAGCOBAR ENGINEER	
ADDRESS	PHONE	ADDRESS	PHONE
			MOBILE

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**MAGCOBAR**



**FIELD DRILLING MUD REPORT**

OILFIELD PRODUCTS DIVISION

(SECURITY • SWACO • GUIBERSON • MAGCOBAR)

CHECK No. #10

Date 22 Oct

Well Name Captaine et al Hulsow Bay Legal Description N. 20. 20. 20  
 Company Agip Contractor Pentagon  
 Report For Mr. Mr. P. K. Report For Mr. C. M. H.  
 Address W. 3 Address W. 3

Sample From: Pit <input type="checkbox"/> Flow Line <input type="checkbox"/>	Mud Properties		Hole and Circulation Data		Swaco Equipment
Flowline Temp. <u>0 F.</u>					
Time Sample Taken		1:30	Spud Date	Aug 4	<input type="checkbox"/> D. Sifter
Depth	2000	3160	Fill Last Trip	N. L.	<input type="checkbox"/> D. Sander
Weight Flow Line	10.6	10.5	Surface Casing	20 In. @ 1125 Ft.	<input type="checkbox"/> Super Screen
Weight Suction	10.6	10.5	Intermediate Casing	13 3/4 In. @ 1730 Ft.	<input type="checkbox"/> Centrifuge
Funnel Viscosity (Sec./Qt.)	36	39	Bit Type	455 Bit Size 12 1/4 In.	<input type="checkbox"/> D. Gasser
V.G. Temp. Reading - ° F.	70	70	Mud In Hole	420 bbls: Tanks 380 bbls.	<input type="checkbox"/> Adjustable Choke
Fann Viscosity (Cps.)	600P 30	30	Total Mud in System	400 bbls.	<input type="checkbox"/> Super Choke
Plastic Viscosity (Cps.)	8	7	#1 Pump Size	7 x 12 In. Min. Strokes	<input type="checkbox"/> Monitor
Yield Point (lbs./100 Sq. Ft.)	12	15	#2 Pump Size	x In. Min. Strokes	<input type="checkbox"/> Trip Guard
Gel Strength (Initial)	9	7	Bbbs./Stroke	Output 13.4 Bbbs. Min.	<input type="checkbox"/> P.V.T.
Gel Strength (10 Min.)	21	22	Mud Cycle	60 Min.	<input type="checkbox"/> Mud Weigher
API Water Loss (cc. in 30 min.)	75	70	Circulating BTM Up	29 Min.	<input type="checkbox"/> Flo-Sensor
Cake Thickness (32nds.)	2	2	Drill Pipe	5 1/2 In. Ann. Vel. 120 Ft./Min.	
API HT-HP Fluid Loss (CC/30 min.)	-	-	Drill Collar	8 1/2 In. Ann. Vel. 190 Ft./Min.	
CEC (API Equiv. = bbl. Bent.)	-	-	Drill Collar	9 1/2 In. Ann. Vel. 200 Ft./Min.	
pH. Strip <input type="checkbox"/> Beckman <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	10.5	11.5	Circ. Pressure	71.50 PSI Hydrostatic Press 1728 PSI	
P. Alkalinity (PI)	.2	.6	REMARKS - (Give operation, hole condition, and nature of any problems.)		
M. Alkalinity (MI)	-	-	1) Drilling		
Salt <input type="checkbox"/> PPM Chloride <input type="checkbox"/> PPM	175,000	175,000	2) Taking over C.C. from High Pressure Services		
Calcium PPM	25,000	25,000			
Oil Content (% by Vol.)					
Solids Content (% by Vol.)	5 1/2 %	5 %			
Sand Content (% by Vol.)	1 %	1 %			

SUGGESTIONS - (To be followed only if the operator deems advisable.)

- 1) Add mg Quastic Soda to hold PH over 11
- 2) Low Vol & vis control use Pit # 4
- 3) Low over Flow Tank on Trip use Tank # 1

MAGCOBAR WAREHOUSE

MAGCOBAR ENGINEER

ADDRESS

PHONE

ADDRESS

PHONE MOBILE

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**FIELD DRILLING MUD REPORT**

OILFIELD PRODUCTS DIVISION

(SECURITY • SWACO • GUIBERSON • MAGCOBAR)

CHECK No. #11

Date 23 Aug.

Well Name <u>Geotank at Hudson Bay</u>	Legal Description <u>Narwhal</u>
Company <u>Geotank</u>	Contractor <u>Pontypore</u>
Report For Mr. <u>Law Patrick</u>	Report For Mr. <u>Warkid</u>
Address <u>123</u>	Address <u>Rg</u>

Sample From: Pit <input type="checkbox"/> Flow Line <input type="checkbox"/>	Flowline Temp. <input type="checkbox"/> ° F.	Mud Properties	Hole and Circulation Data	Swaco Equipment
Time Sample Taken		11:30	Spud Date <u>Aug 4/74</u>	<input type="checkbox"/> D. Sitter
Depth		3331	Fill Last Trip <u>N.L.</u> Ft.	<input type="checkbox"/> D. Sander
Weight Flow Line		10.5	Surface Casing <u>20</u> In. @ <u>1123</u> Ft.	<input type="checkbox"/> Super Screen
Weight Suction		23.5	Intermediate Casing <u>13 3/4</u> In. @ <u>1738</u> Ft.	<input type="checkbox"/> Centrifuge
Funnel Viscosity (Sec./Qt.)		39	Bit Type <u>475</u> Bit Size <u>12 1/4</u> In.	<input type="checkbox"/> D. Gasser
V.G. Temp. Reading - ° F.		75	Mud in Hole <u>450</u> bbls. Tanks <u>300</u> bbls.	<input type="checkbox"/> Adjustable Choke
Fann Viscosity (Cps.)		111	Total Mud in System <u>730</u> bbls.	<input type="checkbox"/> Super Choke
Plastic Viscosity (Cps.)		6	#1 Pump Size <u>7</u> x <u>10</u> In. Strokes/Min.	<input type="checkbox"/> Monitor
Yield Point (lbs./100 Sq. Ft.)		18	#2 Pump Size x In. Strokes/Min.	<input type="checkbox"/> Trip Guard
Gel Strength (Initial)		5	Bbls./Stroke Output <u>13.4</u> Bbls./Min.	<input type="checkbox"/> P.V.T.
Gel Strength (10 Min.)		21	Mud Cycle <u>52</u> Min.	<input type="checkbox"/> Mud Weigher
API Water Loss (cc. in 30 min.)		75	Circulating BTM Up <u>33</u> Min.	<input type="checkbox"/> Flo-Sensor
Cake Thickness (32nds.)		2	Drill Pipe <u>5 1/2</u> In. Ann. Vel. <u>120</u> Ft./Min.	
API HT-HP Fluid Loss (CC/30 min.)			Drill Collar <u>4 1/2</u> In. Ann. Vel. <u>190</u> Ft./Min.	
CEC (API Equiv. #/bbl. Bent.)			Drill Collar <u>9 1/2</u> In. Ann. Vel. <u>200</u> Ft./Min.	
pH. Strip <input type="checkbox"/> Beckman <input type="checkbox"/>		11.5	Circ. Pressure <u>2775</u> PSI Hydrostatic Press <u>1010</u> PSI	
P. Alkalinity (PI)		.5	REMARKS - (Give operation, hole condition, and nature of any problems.)	
M. Alkalinity (MI)		185 ca	<u>Drilling</u>	
Salt <input type="checkbox"/> PPM Chloride <input type="checkbox"/> PPM		19 ca		
Calcium PPM <input type="checkbox"/>		25 ca	<u>Pulled Bit No fill in bottom</u>	
Oil Content (% by Vol.)		0		
Solids Content (% by Vol.)		5%		
Sand Content (% by Vol.)		1%		

SUGGESTIONS - (To be followed only if the operator deems advisable.)

- 1) Hold PH 11 to 12 with Plastic
- 2) Hold Vis 40-45 sec/lit. Use Pac Mix for vol + U.i
- 3) add 3T wt to Pit # 2

MAGCOBAR WAREHOUSE		MAGCOBAR ENGINEER	
ADDRESS	PHONE	ADDRESS	PHONE MOBILE

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**MAGCOBAR**



**FIELD DRILLING MUD REPORT**

OILFIELD PRODUCTS DIVISION    ISECURITY    •    SWACO    •    GUIBERSON    •    MAGCOBAR)

CHECK No. 12

Date 24 Aug.

Well Name <u>St. Michael Bay</u>	Legal Description <u>Lot 24, 25, 26</u>
Company <u>  </u>	Contractor <u>  </u>
Report For Mr. <u>  </u>	Report For Mr. <u>  </u>
Address <u>  </u>	Address <u>  </u>

Sample From: Pit <input type="checkbox"/> Flow Line <input type="checkbox"/>	Mud Properties		Hole and Circulation Data		Swaco Equipment
Flowline Temp. ° F.					
Time Sample Taken	2:00	11:30	Spud Date	4 Aug/74	<input type="checkbox"/> D. Silter
Depth	3500	3610	Fill Last Trip	N.C. Ft.	<input type="checkbox"/> D. Sander
Weight Flow Line	10.6	10.7	Surface Casing	70 In. @ 1123 Ft.	<input type="checkbox"/> Super Screen
Weight Suction	10.6	10.7	Intermediate Casing	13 3/4 In. @ 1752 Ft.	<input type="checkbox"/> Centrifuge
Funnel Viscosity (Sec./Qt.)	37	38	Bit Type	455 Bit Size 12 1/4 In.	<input type="checkbox"/> D. Gasser
V.G. Temp. Reading - ° F.	60	65	Mud in Hole	430 bbls. Tanks 24 bbls.	<input type="checkbox"/> Adjustable Choke
Fann Viscosity (Cps.)	15	14.5	Total Mud in System	670 bbls.	<input type="checkbox"/> Super Choke
Plastic Viscosity (Cps.)	8	10	H1 Pump Size	7 x 12 In. Strokes Min.	<input type="checkbox"/> Monitor
Yield Point (lbs./100 Sq. Ft.)	12	9	H2 Pump Size	x In. Strokes Min.	<input type="checkbox"/> Trip Guard
Gel Strength (Initial)	5	7	Bbls./Stroke	Output 13.4 Bbls. Min.	<input type="checkbox"/> P.V.T.
Gel Strength (10 Min.)	17	22	Mud Cycle	Min.	<input type="checkbox"/> Mud Weigher
API Water Loss (cc. in 30 min.)	70	70	Circulating BTM Up	Min.	<input type="checkbox"/> Flo-Sensor
Cake Thickness (32nds.)	2	2	Drill Pipe	5 In. Ann. Vel. 115 Ft./Min.	
API HT-HP Fluid Loss (CC/30 min.)	—	—	Drill Collar	8 1/2 In. Ann. Vel. 185 Ft./Min.	
CEC (API Equiv. #/bbl. Bent.)	—	—	Drill Collar	9 1/2 In. Ann. Vel. 202 Ft./Min.	
pH. Strip <input type="checkbox"/> Beckman <input type="checkbox"/>	12.0	11.5	Circ. Pressure	3774 PSI Hydrostatic Press PSI	
P. Alkalinity (PI)	.6	.4	REMARKS - (Give operation, hole condition, and nature of any problems.)		
M. Alkalinity (MI)	—	—	10 Drilling		
Salt <input type="checkbox"/> PPM Chloride <input type="checkbox"/> °PPM	195,000	310,000	(2) GAINING 5 bbls per hr.		
Calcium PPM <input type="checkbox"/>	2000	25000			
Oil Content (% by Vol.)	—	—			
Solids Content (% by Vol.)	5%	5 1/2			
Sand Content (% by Vol.)	—	—			

SUGGESTIONS - (To be followed only if the operator deems advisable.)

(1) Drilling to saturation add 223 bags salt

(2) Hold vis 40-45 ml/gal

(3) Hold pH 10.5-12. with Caustic

(4) while adding salt add 5 gal Deformax

MAGCOBAR WAREHOUSE		MAGCOBAR ENGINEER	
ADDRESS	PHONE	ADDRESS	PHONE MOBILE

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**MAGCOBAR**



**FIELD DRILLING MUD REPORT**

OILFIELD PRODUCTS DIVISION

(SECURITY • SWACO • GUIBERSON • MAGCOBAR)

CHECK No. 15

Date 25 Aug

Well Name <u>Pointe St. Hubert Hudson Bay</u>	Legal Description <u>Norwalk</u>
Company <u>Canadian</u>	Contractor <u>Perseus 482</u>
Report For Mr. <u>Low Papat</u>	Report For Mr. <u>C. Watkins</u>
Address <u>75</u>	Address <u>R.S.</u>

Sample From: Pit <input type="checkbox"/> Flow Line <input type="checkbox"/>	Mud Properties		Hole and Circulation Data		Swaco Equipment
Flowline Temp. ° F.					
Time Sample Taken	1:00 PM	3390	Spud Date	1 Aug	<input type="checkbox"/> D. Silter
Depth	3740	3370	Fill Last Trip	N.L.	<input type="checkbox"/> D. Sander
Weight Flow Line	10.8	12.8	Surface Casing	20 In. @ 1123 Ft.	<input type="checkbox"/> Super Screen
Weight Suction	10.8	12.8	Intermediate Casing	13 3/4 In. @ 1738 Ft.	<input type="checkbox"/> Centrifuge
Funnel Viscosity (Sec./Qt.)	29	38	Bit Type	455 Bit Size 17 1/4 In.	<input type="checkbox"/> D. Gasser
V.G. Temp. Reading - ° F.	70	72	Mud in Hole	440 bbls. Tanks 300 bbls.	<input type="checkbox"/> Adjustable Choke
Fann Viscosity (Cps.)	14	13.5	Total Mud in System	740 bbls.	<input type="checkbox"/> Super Choke
Plastic Viscosity (Cps.)	9	9	#1 Pump Size	7 x 12 Strokes In. Min.	<input type="checkbox"/> Monitor
Yield Point (lbs./100 Sq. Ft.)	10	9	#2 Pump Size	x In. Min.	<input type="checkbox"/> Trip Guard
Gel Strength (Initial)	5	4	Bbls./Stroke	Output 13.4	<input type="checkbox"/> P.V.T.
Gel Strength (10 Min.)	17	16	Mud Cycle	55 Min.	<input type="checkbox"/> Mud Weigher
API Water Loss (cc. in 30 min.)	70	75	Circulating BTM Up	3.0 Min.	<input type="checkbox"/> Flo-Sensor
Cake Thickness (32nds.)	2	2	Drill Pipe	8" In. Ann. Vel. 115 Ft./Min.	
API HT-HP Fluid Loss (CC/30 min.)	—	—	Drill Collar	8 1/2 In. Ann. Vel. 185 Ft./Min.	
CEC (API Equiv. #/bbl. Bent.)	—	—	Drill Collar	9 1/2 In. Ann. Vel. 205 Ft./Min.	
pH. Strip <input type="checkbox"/> Beckman <input type="checkbox"/>	11.5	11.5	Circ. Pressure	2200 PSI Hydrostatic Press 516.4 PSI	
P. Alkalinity (PI)	.4	.4	REMARKS - (Give operation, hole condition, and nature of any problems.)		
M. Alkalinity (MI)	—	—	Drilling - st. u taking on 1st 1/2 from hole 5-8 bbls per hr.		
Salt <input type="checkbox"/> PPM Chloride <input type="checkbox"/> PPM	300,000	270,000			
Calcium PPM <input type="checkbox"/>	45,000	50,000			
Oil Content (% by Vol.)					
Solids Content (% by Vol.)	6%	6%			
Sand Content (% by Vol.)	—	0			

SUGGESTIONS - (To be followed only if the operator deems advisable.)

(1) Hold PH 11 to 12 with Caustic

(2) Hold Vis 40-45 sept.

(3) Use P.T #4 for gel and vis

MAGCOBAR WAREHOUSE

MAGCOBAR ENGINEER

ADDRESS

PHONE

ADDRESS

PHONE

MOBILE

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**MAGCOBAR**



**FIELD DRILLING MUD REPORT**

OILFIELD PRODUCTS DIVISION (SECURITY • SWACO • GUIBERSON • MAGCOBAR)

CHECK No. 14

Date 26 Aug

Well Name <u>Equitaine et Hudson Bay</u>	Legal Description <u>Norwalk</u>
Company <u>Equitaine</u>	Contractor <u>Pentapone 482</u>
Report For Mr. <u>Luc Poyak</u>	Report For Mr. <u>C. W. Martin</u>
Address <u>R.R.</u>	Address <u>R.R.</u>

Sample From: Pit <input type="checkbox"/> Flow Line <input type="checkbox"/>	Mud Properties		Hole and Circulation Data		Swaco Equipment
Flowline Temp _____ ° F.					
Time Sample Taken	1:00	5:00	Spud Date	<u>Aug 4/78</u>	<input type="checkbox"/> D. Sifter
Depth	<u>4026</u>	<u>4070</u>	Fill Last Trip	<u>N.L.</u> Ft.	<input type="checkbox"/> D. Sander
Weight Flow Line	<u>10.9</u>	<u>10.8</u>	Surface Casing	<u>20</u> In. @ <u>112.3</u> Ft.	<input type="checkbox"/> Super Screen
Weight Suction	<u>10.9</u>	<u>10.7</u>	Intermediate Casing	<u>13 3/8</u> In. @ <u>1738</u> Ft.	<input type="checkbox"/> Centrifuge
Funnel Viscosity (Sec./Qt.)	<u>36</u>	<u>39</u>	Bit Type	<u>12 1/8</u> Bit Size <u>4.55</u> In.	<input type="checkbox"/> D. Gasser
V.G. Temp. Reading - ° F.	<u>70</u>	<u>72</u>	Mud in Hole	<u>4160</u> bbls. Tanks <u>346</u> bbls.	<input type="checkbox"/> Adjustable Choke
Fann Viscosity (Cps.)	<u>13</u>	<u>14</u>	Total Mud in System	<u>200</u> bbls.	<input type="checkbox"/> Super Choke
Plastic Viscosity (Cps.)	<u>9</u>	<u>10</u>	M1 Pump Size	<u>7 x 12</u> in. Strokes Min.	<input type="checkbox"/> Monitor
Yield Point (lbs./100 Sq. Ft.)	<u>8</u>	<u>8</u>	M2 Pump Size	x in. Strokes Min.	<input type="checkbox"/> Trip Guard
Gel Strength (Initial)	<u>4</u>	<u>4</u>	Bbls./Stroke	Output <u>13.4</u> Bbls. Min.	<input type="checkbox"/> P.V.T.
Gel Strength (10 Min.)	<u>15</u>	<u>16</u>	Mud Cycle	<u>60</u> Min.	<input type="checkbox"/> Mud Weigher
API Water Loss (cc. in 30 min.)	<u>75</u>	<u>73</u>	Circulating BTM Up	<u>43</u> Min.	<input type="checkbox"/> Flo-Sensor
Cake Thickness (32nds.)	<u>2</u>	<u>2</u>	Drill Pipe	<u>5 1/2</u> In. Ann. Vel. <u>115</u> Ft./Min.	
API HT-HP Fluid Loss (CC/30 min.)	<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	Drill Collar	<u>8 1/2</u> In. Ann. Vel. <u>185</u> Ft./Min.	
CEC (API Equiv. #/bbl. Bent.)	<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	Drill Collar	<u>9 1/2</u> In. Ann. Vel. <u>205</u> Ft./Min.	
pH, Strip <input type="checkbox"/> Beckman <input type="checkbox"/>	<u>11.5</u>	<u>11.5</u>	Circ. Pressure	<u>2825</u> PSI Hydrostatic Press <u>2302</u> PSI	
P. Alkalinity (PI)	<u>.3</u>	<u>.4</u>	REMARKS - (Give operation, hole condition, and nature of any problems.)		
M. Alkalinity (MI)	<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>Drilling -</u>		
Salt <input type="checkbox"/> PPM Chloride <input type="checkbox"/> PPM	<u>289000</u>	<u>274000</u>	<u>preparing to Trip Re bit</u>		
Calcium PPM <input type="checkbox"/>	<u>60000</u>	<u>53000</u>			
Oil Content (% by Vol.)	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>			
Solids Content (% by Vol.)	<u>6 1/2</u>	<u>6</u>			
Sand Content (% by Vol.)	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>			

SUGGESTIONS - (To be followed only if the operator deems advisable.)

① Hold U.S 40-45 with Salt G.L

② Add 6 sacks Caustic Soda

③ Run Des. 11 1/2 as vol permit

MAGCOBAR WAREHOUSE	MAGCOBAR ENGINEER
ADDRESS	PHONE
ADDRESS	PHONE MOBILE

In consideration of the furnishing of this report and oral suggestions, it is agreed that DRESSER MAGCOBAR CANADA, DIVISION OF DRESSER INDUSTRIES INC. shall not be liable for any damage resulting from same and it is to be held harmless.

**MAGCOBAR**



**FIELD DRILLING MUD REPORT**

OILFIELD PRODUCTS DIVISION

(SECURITY • SWACO • GIBBERSON • MAGCOBAR)

CHECK NO. F15

Date 27 Aug

Well Name <u>See to see et al Hudson Bay</u>	Legal Description <u>1/2 sec 26</u>
Company <u>Signacine</u>	Contractor <u>Pentagon</u>
Report For Mr. <u>See Pagar</u>	Report For Mr. <u>C. Warkle</u>
Address <u>See</u>	Address <u>Rg</u>

Sample From Pt. = Flow Line = Flow Rate Temp. = of F.	Mud Properties	Hole and Circulation Data	Swaco Equipment
Time Sample Taken <u>4135</u>		Spud Date <u>Aug 4/74</u>	<input type="checkbox"/> D. Silter
Depth <u>4135</u>		Fill Last Trip <u>N/L</u> Ft.	<input type="checkbox"/> D. Sander
Weight Flow Line <u>10.7</u>		Surface Casing <u>10"</u> In. @ <u>1123</u> Ft.	<input type="checkbox"/> Super Screen
Weight Suction <u>10.7</u>		Intermediate Casing <u>13 3/8"</u> In. @ <u>1758</u> Ft.	<input type="checkbox"/> Centrifuge
Funnel Viscosity (Sec. Qtz) <u>38</u>		Bit Type <u>455</u> Bit Size <u>12 1/4</u> In.	<input type="checkbox"/> D. Gasser
V.G. Temp. Reading - 0 F. <u>75</u>		Mud in Hole <u>470</u> bbls. Tanks <u>330</u> bbls.	<input type="checkbox"/> Adjustable Choke
Fann Viscosity (Cps) <u>14</u>		Total Mud in System <u>800</u> bbls.	<input type="checkbox"/> Super Choke
Plastic Viscosity (Cps) <u>10</u>		#1 Pump Size <u>7 x 12</u> In. Min. Strokes	<input type="checkbox"/> Monitor
Yield Point (lbs./100 Sq. Ft.) <u>8</u>		#2 Pump Size <u>x</u> In. Min. Strokes	<input type="checkbox"/> Trip Guard
Gel Strength (Initial) <u>4</u>		Bbls./Stroke Output <u>13.4</u> Bbls. Min.	<input type="checkbox"/> P.V.T.
Gel Strength (10 Min.) <u>4</u>		Mud Cycle <u>60</u> Min.	<input type="checkbox"/> Mud Weigher
API Water Loss (cc. in 30 min.) <u>75</u>		Circulating BTM Up <u>11</u> Min.	<input type="checkbox"/> Flo-Sensor
Cake Thickness (32 hrs.) <u>2</u>		Drill Pipe <u>5</u> In. Ann. Vel. <u>115</u> Ft./Min.	
API HT-HP Fluid Loss (CC 30 min.) <u>-</u>		Drill Collar <u>9 1/2</u> In. Ann. Vel. <u>105</u> Ft./Min.	
CEC (API Equip. = bot. Bent.) <u>-</u>		Drill Collar <u>9 1/2</u> In. Ann. Vel. <u>205</u> Ft./Min.	
pH, Stron <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Beckman <input type="checkbox"/> <u>11.5</u>		Circ. Pressure <u>2800</u> PSI Hydrostatic Press PSI	
P. Alkalinity (PH) <u>.4</u>		REMARKS - (Give operation, hole condition, and nature of any problems.)	
M. Alkalinity (MH) <u>-</u>		<u>Drilling</u>	
Salt <input type="checkbox"/> PPM Chloride <input type="checkbox"/> PPM <u>260000</u>		<u>(1) Last Trip no G.I.</u>	
Calcium PPM <input type="checkbox"/> <u>1000</u>		<u>(2) Hang off low weather</u>	
Oil Content (% by Vol.) <u>0</u>			
Solids Content (% by Vol.) <u>5 1/2</u>			
Sand Content (% by Vol.) <u>0</u>			

SUGGESTIONS - (To be followed only if the operator deems advisable.)

1) 4-16 Vis 40-45 w/gt.

2) DJ 11-12 with Caustic

3) 11-12 mud wt. 10.6" & 10.9" gal

MAGCOBAR WAREHOUSE	MAGCOBAR ENGINEER
ADDRESS	PHONE
ADDRESS	PHONE MOBILE

In consideration of the furnishing of this report and oral suggestions, it is agreed that DRESSER MAGCOBAR CANADA, DIVISION OF DRESSER INDUSTRIES INC. shall not be liable for any damage resulting from same and it is to be held harmless.

**MAGCOBAR**



**FIELD DRILLING MUD REPORT**

OILFIELD PRODUCTS DIVISION

(SECURITY • SWACO • GUIBERSON • MAGCOBAR)

CHECK No. 15 6000

Date 28 Aug

Well Name <u>W. 10 N. 40 W. H. Bay</u>	Legal Description <u>Natural</u>
Company <u>P. L. Co.</u>	Contractor <u>P. L. Co.</u>
Report For Mr. <u>W. J. G. G.</u>	Report For Mr. <u>C. H. W. K.</u>
Address <u>P. L. Co.</u>	Address <u>P. L. Co.</u>

Sample From: Pit <input type="checkbox"/> Flow Line <input type="checkbox"/> Frostline Temp. <u>0</u> F.	Mud Properties	Hole and Circulation Data	Swaco Equipment
Time Sample Taken <u>3:00 PM</u>		Spud Date <u>Aug 4/74</u>	<input type="checkbox"/> D. Silter
Depth <u>4341</u>		Fill Last Trip <u>11.6</u> Ft.	<input type="checkbox"/> D. Sander
Weight Flow Line <u>11.0</u>		Surface Casing <u>70</u> In. @ <u>112.3</u> Ft.	<input type="checkbox"/> Super Screen
Weight Suction <u>11.0</u>		Intermediate Casing <u>13 3/4</u> In. @ <u>1735</u> Ft.	<input type="checkbox"/> Centrifuge
Funnel Viscosity (Sec./Qt.) <u>41</u>		Bit Type <u>455</u> Bit Size <u>17 1/4</u> In.	<input type="checkbox"/> D. Gasser
V.G. Temp. Reading - 0 F. <u>—</u>		Mud in Hole <u>480</u> bbls. Tanks <u>350</u> bbls.	<input type="checkbox"/> Adjustable Choke
Fann Viscosity (Cps.) <u>16</u>		Total Mud in System <u>430</u> bbls.	<input type="checkbox"/> Super Choke
Plastic Viscosity (Cps.) <u>11</u>		#1 Pump Size <u>7 x 12</u> In. Min. Strokes	<input type="checkbox"/> Monitor
Yield Point (lbs./100 Sq. Ft.) <u>10</u>		#2 Pump Size <u>x</u> In. Min. Strokes	<input type="checkbox"/> Trip Guard
Gel Strength (Initial) <u>5</u>		Bbls./Stroke Output <u>13.4</u> Bbls. Min.	<input type="checkbox"/> P.V.T.
Gel Strength (10 Min.) <u>17</u>		Mud Cycle <u>61</u> Min.	<input type="checkbox"/> Mud Weigher
API Water Loss (cc. in 30 min.) <u>71</u>		Circulating BTM Up Min.	<input type="checkbox"/> Flo-Sensor
Cake Thickness (32nds.) <u>70</u>		Drill Pipe <u>5</u> In. Ann. Vel. <u>115</u> Ft./Min.	
API HT-HP Fluid Loss (CC/30 min.) <u>—</u>		Drill Collar <u>8 1/2</u> In. Ann. Vel. <u>185</u> Ft./Min.	
CEC (API Equip. #/bbl. Bent.) <u>—</u>		Drill Collar <u>9 1/2</u> In. Ann. Vel. <u>205</u> Ft./Min.	
pH Strip <input type="checkbox"/> Beckman <input type="checkbox"/> <u>11.5</u>		Circ. Pressure <u>2908</u> PSI Hydrostatic Press <u>2483</u> PSI	
P. Alkalinity (PH) <u>.5</u>		REMARKS - (Give operation, hole condition, and nature of any problems.)	
M. Alkalinity (MH) <u>—</u>		(1) Drilling to T.D.	
Salt <input type="checkbox"/> PPM Chloride <input type="checkbox"/> PPM <u>27400</u>		(2) Preparing to log	
Calcium PPM <u>—</u>			
Oil Content (% by Vol.) <u>0</u>			
Solids Content (% by Vol.) <u>7%</u>			
Sand Content (% by Vol.) <u>0</u>			

SUGGESTIONS - (To be followed only if the operator deems advisable.)

- (1) Hold J. 10-45 sec/L.
- (2) Bring Tank # 2 up to 13.5 gal

MAGCOBAR WAREHOUSE		MAGCOBAR ENGINEER	
ADDRESS	PHONE	ADDRESS	PHONE MOBILE

IN CONSIDERATION OF THE FURNISHING OF THIS REPORT AND CRAL SUGGESTIONS, IT IS AGREED THAT DRESSER MAGCOBAR CANADA, DIVISION OF DRESSER INDUSTRIES INC. SHALL NOT BE LIABLE FOR ANY DAMAGE RESULTING FROM SAME AND IT IS TO BE HELD HARMLESS.

FISHING OPERATION REPORT

Aquit et al Narwhal South O-58

Narwhal South O-58 was drilled with almost no trouble.

No major problems were experienced.

August 9, 1974

Loss of the Mandrel Assembly on the B.J. Subsea Cementing System

Well situation: 26" hole at 1,123'  
20" casing shoe at 1,093'

After pulling out the 20" casing running tool, the crew realized they had lost the mandrel assembly. We assume the thread was broken when the mandrel hit the 20" housing (this was due to the rig heave after releasing the casing running tool).

One recovery attempt was made, with the 14-1/2" OD Globe Junk Catcher, without success.

A 17-1/2" OSC 1G bit was run, to drill out the cement and mandrel assembly.

Four hours later, normal operations were resumed.

August 19 and 21, 1974

Well situation: #7 bit (12-1/4"; S88) pulled out at 2,058'  
Bit condition: T.7 - B.7 - G.I

The junk sub was run with bits #8 and #9, to clean the hole after loss of the bearing rollers on bit #7.

LOST CIRCULATION AND GAIN ZONES

Aquit et al Narwhal South O-58

Lost Circulation

A partial loss of 75 bbls of mud was recorded around 1,270' (siltstone and mudstone). As a steady gain (5 - 6 bbls/hour) of CaCl<sub>2</sub> was recorded at 1,335', a few hours later, it is unknown whether the thief formation was continuing to take mud.

Gain

The first gain was recorded at 1,335', in the Middle Kenogami formation (siltstone and mudstone). A steady 5 - 6 bbls/hour of heavy calcium chloride water (see water analysis) was flowing into the well until the 13-3/8" casing was set at 1,737'.

The second gain of calcium chloride water was recorded at 2,732', in the Severn River formation (dolomite and limestone) and lasted until T.D.

Remarks: Varied mud weights, between 9.8 and 10.6, seemed to have no apparent effect on the influx rate of the CaCl<sub>2</sub> water.



ABANDONMENT REPORT

Aquit et al Narwhal South O-58

Well Situation

30" casing shoe at 713'  
20" casing shoe at 1,093'  
13-3/8" casing shoe at 1,737'  
T.D. 12-1/4" hole at 1,341' *sw*

Plugging

To avoid a loss of time having to feel the cement plugs, a continuous cement plug was run in five stages, from T.D. to 700'.

First Stage

4,340' - 3,534' (806'): 500 sx of Oilwell Class B cement + 10% pre-hydrated gel. Slurry weight 13.6.

Second Stage

3,534' - 2,728' (806'): 540 sx of Oilwell Class B cement + 10% pre-hydrated gel. Slurry weight 13.6.

Third Stage

2,728' - 1,922' (806'): 540 sx of Oilwell Class B cement + 10% pre-hydrated gel. Slurry weight 13.6.

Fourth Stage

1,922' - 1,116' (806'): 540 sx of Oilwell Class B cement + 10% pre-hydrated gel. Slurry weight 13.5.

Fifth Stage

1,116' - 700' (416'): 350 sx of Oilwell Class B cement + 3% CaCl<sub>2</sub>.

## Wellhead Recovery

### Cutting Operation

The casings were cut 30' below the casing head, using the following AZ equipment:

- AZ MS10A Marine Swivel 12" OD
- AZ Three Bladed C13 Marine Cutter - 11-3/4" OD with C13-8-19 Cutter Arms to cut the 13-3/8", 68# casing.
- AZ C13 Marine Cutter with C-13-8-36 Cutter Arms to cut the 20", 94# casing.
- AZ C13 Marine Cutter with C13-8-52 Cutter Arms to cut the 30" - 1" wall, casing.

### Riser BOP Stack and Wellhead Recovery

The 16" riser and 13-5/8" BOP stack were pulled first, followed by the permanent guide base and 13-5/8", 20" - 30" housings, using an AZ Marine casing spear RSP 13. The temporary guide base was pulled using the conventional running retrieving tool. (An unsuccessful attempt was made using only the 4 guide lines).

An inspection of the recovered wellhead showed that the 13-3/8" casing was cemented up to mud line. No trace of cement in the 20" x 30" annulus.

### Timing

A total of 52 hours were spent from the time the drill pipes were run in the hole to plug, until the temporary guide base was on the spider deck and the seabed was completely cleared.

Plugging: 20.45 hours (including laying down D.P. and D.C.)

Cutting: 14 hours

Recovery: 17.15 hours

TIME ANALYSIS

Aquit et al Narwhal South O-58

1. Rigging Up and Tearing Down:	65.00 hrs	8.79%
2. Drilling:	281.00 hrs	38.02%
3. Re-drilling:	1.00 hrs	0.13%
4. Drilling Trip:	57.15 hrs	7.74%
5. Hole Opening:	2.15 hrs	0.29%
6. Coring:	3.30 hrs	0.44%
7. Coring Trip:	16.45 hrs	2.26%
8. Testing:	Nil	
9. Miscellaneous Operations:	40.00 hrs	5.41%
10. Well Completion:	Nil	
11. Casing:	129.30 hrs	17.52%
12. Circulation:	11.00 hrs	1.48%
13. Fishing Job:	0.30 hrs	0.04%
14. Abandon:	52.00 hrs	7.03%
15. Repairs:	1.00 hrs	0.13%
16. Waiting Time:	78.15 hrs	10.58%
	<hr/>	
Total:	739.00 hrs	

TIME ANALYSIS

Aquit et al Narwhal South O-58

1. Rigging Up and Tearing Down

This consumed 8.79% of time. 39.00 hours were spent for the anchoring. Four anchors were slipping at the 100 ton test and had to be picked up and re-located. Two piggy-back anchors were used on C1 and C2 anchor lines.

There were no problems in retrieving anchors and this was accomplished in 11.30 hours.

2. Drilling

281.00 hours or 38.02% of the total time.

Average drilling rate  $4,341' / 281' = 15.44' / \text{hour}$  on all diameters.

The selection of the drilling bits was good. The heavy  $\text{CaCl}_2$  water, flowing into the well and keeping the mud weight over 10 ppg, certainly impaired the penetration rate.

3. Re-drilling

0.13% - mainly for checking the hole.

4. Drilling Trip

57.15 hours for 11 bits.

A better performance could have been accomplished, if the crews (particularly the floormen) were experienced.

5. Hole Opening

2.15 hours to open 30' of cored hole, from 8-15/32" to 12-1/4".

6. Coring

3.30 hours or 0.44%.

Only one core was cut. The C-20 Christensen diamond corehead was well adapted to the limestone. 100% recovery.

7. Coring Trip

16.45 hours or 2.26%.

One extra trip was made due to circulation problems. The core barrel was plugged by some rubber pieces coming from the Dowell cement plugs.

8. Testing

None.

9. Miscellaneous Operations

40.00 hours or 5.41% of total time for electrical surveys, velocity survey and 10 deviation surveys.

10. Well Completion

None.

11. Casing

129.30 hours or 17.52% of total time for 20", 30" and 13-3/8" casings. Same as for "Drilling Trip", a better performance could have been given if the crews (particulary the floormen) were experienced.

12. Circulation

11.00 hours or 1.48%.

The circulations were reduced to their minimum as the hole conditions were very good at all times.

13. Fishing Job

0.30 hours or 0.04% was spent working the junk sub on bottom, to recover the bearing rollers lost from the #7 bit. Actually, an additional 3.45 hours were spent on this, but they are included in the casing time when the B.J. subsea mandrel assembly was lost during the 20" casing job.

14. Abandon

52.00 hours or 7.03% of total time.

This time involved plugging the well, cutting the 20", 30" and 13-3/8" casings, recovering all of the wellhead, and laying down drill pipes and drill collars.

15. Repairs

1.00 hour or 0.13%, due to a hydraulic fluid leak on the drilling motion compensator.

16. Waiting Time

78.15 hours or 10.58% of total time.

53.45 hours were lost waiting on mud products (gel and salt). As the rig arrived (from the North Sea) without any mud products on board, 22 hours were lost waiting on products to build the spudding mud. An attempt was made to spud with only sea water, but some hole cleaning problems caused a halt to the attempt.

Another 31.45 hours were spent waiting on salt, due to a lack of storage capability on the P-82 and an unexpected thickness of salt formation.

24.30 hours were lost waiting on weather and in such a rough sea, we believe that any other drilling unit would have stopped more frequently and for longer periods of time.

WELL REPORT  
NARWHAL SOUTH-1

GEOLOGY

1. Prognosis and Programme
2. Drilling Ticket  
Cutting Description
3. Geological Daily Reports
4. Core Study
  - a) geological description
  - b) colour picture
  - c) porosity permeability analysis
5. Water Analysis
6. Logging
  - a) logging record
  - b) log evaluation
  - c) Logs (in pocket)
    - Composite Wellsite Log - (Ex-log)
    - Pressure Log - (Ex-log)
    - Off Line Utilities, 2 different scales - (Ex-log)
    - Interpretative log
    - Schlumberger
      - DIL
      - FDC-CNL
      - SLC-GR
      - HDT
      - CORIBAND INTERPRETED LOG

**1. PROGNOSIS AND PROGRAMME**



AQUITAINE ET AL NARWHAL SOUTH NO. 1 N-58

Co-ordinates:

58°07'56.28"N  
84°08'16.78"W

PROGNOSIS

GEOLOGICAL AND LOGGING PROGRAM

AQUIT ET AL NARWHAL SOUTH NO. 1 N-58

PROGNOSIS AND PROGRAM

1. Section

	Sea bottom	drift	530'
Middle Devonian	Kenogami	carbonates, shale, evaporites	800'
~ ~ ~ Unconformity ~ ~ ~			
Middle Silurian	Attawapiskat	reefal limestone	1,700'
	Ekwan-Severn	fine grained tight carbonates	2,000'
Ordovician	Churchill River Bad Cache Rapids	mainly limestone	3,100'
Pre-Cambrian	Basement		4,500'

2. Sampling

Cutting samples will be collected every 5 feet unless it is physically impossible because of the penetration rate.

3. Coring

Two to three cores will be taken in the main reservoirs of the section:

- One in the middle Kenogami, only if there is a sufficient and adequate caprock and if hydrocarbon shows are detected.
- One in the Attawapiskat, at 1,700'.
- One in any significant reservoir below 3,100'.

Normally, 30 feet will be cut if the penetration rate is good or fair. Below 5 feet/hour, the total length will not exceed 15 feet.

(If a significant hydrocarbon bearing reservoir is encountered the total amount of footage cored will be increased).

A final 9 foot core will be taken in the apparent basement unless an unquestionable crystalline or metamorphosed rock can be detected in the cuttings. A minimum of 30 feet of basement rocks will be penetrated.

#### 4. Mud Logging (Exploration Logging Inc.)

The following parameters will be continuously recorded:

- penetration rate (min/foot)
- total gas content with a continuous gas detector
- chromatographic analysis of the gas: C<sub>1</sub>, C<sub>2</sub>, C<sub>3</sub>, C<sub>4</sub>, pentanes, CO<sub>2</sub>, H<sub>2</sub>
- mud weight in and mud weight out
- pits volume
- Mano-calcimetry on every 10 foot cutting sample.

Thin sections will be prepared at intervals selected by the geologist.

#### 5. Testing

All significant reservoirs will be tested with the Schlumberger F.I.T. after logging and before running casing. The F.I.T. will have to be equipped with two Amerada pressure gauges. If necessary, full D.S.T.'s will be run after completion of the well, through casing perforations.

D.S.T.'s could be run also after setting casing, in case of encountering a significant reservoir at a short distance below the shoe.

Detailed instructions for sampling the fluids will be available in the P-82 geological Lab.

6. Master Log Reports

A daily report will be passed on to the base of Churchill at 8:00 a.m. local time, either in clear if the scrambler is operating or coded if not. A weekly report will be prepared and sent to Calgary with a copy of the

- cutting descriptions
- core descriptions
- up-dated master log
- up-dated gas log prepared under the responsibility of Ex-Logging.

7. Velocity Survey

SSC Tulsa will be notified 10 days in advance of the expected completion of the well. The operator will stand-by in Churchill until requested.

8. Casing Program (All Footages include water depth)

36" hole	30"	casing to	650'
26" hole	20"	casing to	1,010'
17½" hole	13 3/8"	casing to	1,600'

9. Schlumberger Logging Program

RUN NO. 1 (Just prior to 13-3/8" casing, in 17-1/2" hole)  
=====

DIL (Dual Induction Log):

2" = 100', linear scale, 100 ohm-meters, 0-500-1000 millimhos

5" = 100', log scale

The 2" and 5" from T.D. to 100' into 20" casing.

DLL (Dual Laterolog):

2" = 100', log scale, T.D. to 100' into 20" casing

5" = 100', log scale, T.D. to 100' into 20" casing

This log will be run in an attempt to record accurate high resistivity values in the high resistivity range. The simultaneous equipment is not available but sequential equipment is. Shallow log will be recorded going in the hole and the deep laterolog will be recorded coming out.

BHC-SGR (Borehole Compensated-Sonic Gamma Ray):

2" & 5" = 100', T.D. to 100' into 20" casing

Sonic horizontal scale of 40-90-140 with selected carbonate sections of interest re-logged on a 40-60-80 scale. Gamma Ray on 0 - 100 API scale. Integrate 2" sonic. A caliper will not be run because the tool will be decentralized.

FDC/CNL/GR (Formation Density/Compensated Neutron/Gamma Ray):

5" = 100', T.D. to 100' into 20" casing, CNL/GR to top of 30"

Record 5" FDC with correction and caliper and GR on one film and record 5" CNL/FDC on limestone index on second film. CNL horizontal scale will be 3 porosity units per log division.

GR on 0 - 100 API scale.

Log data can be converted to 2" scale from taped data at some later date, if necessary.

PL/MLL (Proximity Log or Microlaterolog):

5" = 100', over porous horizons

Run only if other data indicates the presence of hydrocarbons. Pads will be provided for the PL and MLL, run the MLL for thin mud cakes, less than 1/4", and run the PL for thick mud cakes. Run in conjunction with the ML.

RUN NO. 2 (At Total Depth or prior to setting casing below the 13-3/8")  
=====

DIL:

Same program as for Run No. 1.

DLL:

Same program as for Run No. 1.

BHC-SGRC:

Same program as for Run No. 1, but horizontal scales will be different. Log on a 40-60-80 scale and re-log on a 40-90-140 scale if travel time is such that log curve does not stay on one track with the 40-60-80 scale.

FDC/CNL/GR:

Same program as for Run No. 1. Record to 100' into 13-3/8" casing.

PL/MLL:

5" = 100', T.D. to 13-3/8" casing

PL or MLL in conjunction with ML. Choice of logs will depend upon mud cake thickness.

HDT:

Log from T.D. to 13-3/8" casing.

GRN (Gamma Ray Neutron):

A set of this equipment is provided in 1-11/16" size in case it is necessary to log in limited hole or pipe sizes.

FIT (Formation Interval Tester):

A set of this equipment will be provided and can be run in hole sizes of 7" to 12-1/4". Test intervals below 13-3/8" casing will be based on log evaluation and other related data.

MCT (Multi Core Tool):

A set of this equipment will be provided and can be run in hole sizes of 6-1/8" to 15". Core intervals will be decided upon after logging.

The Run No. 2 program immediately above will occur prior to running any casing below the 13-3/8" casing and will be repeated at total depth if such is the case.

Each log run will contain a 200 foot repeat section.

All log data will be taped.

A wave train recorder, to be run in conjunction with the sonic log, to determine cement bonding or fracturing will be flown to the Hudson Bay if required. This equipment weighs 100 lbs.

Sidewall core equipment is not provided because conditions are not suitable for core recovery. Core recovery depends upon hole size, type of material and porosity. Recovery is poor when the hole size is in excess of 12-1/4" and when sandstones have a porosity of less than 10%. However, this equipment does not weigh much and can be flown to the rig if a decision is taken, prior to reaching logging point, to acquire sidewall cores.

NOTE: The logging program will be reviewed with Exploration prior to each run to determine whether or not any changes are necessary based on information obtained while drilling.



2. DRILLING TICKET  
CUTTING DESCRIPTION

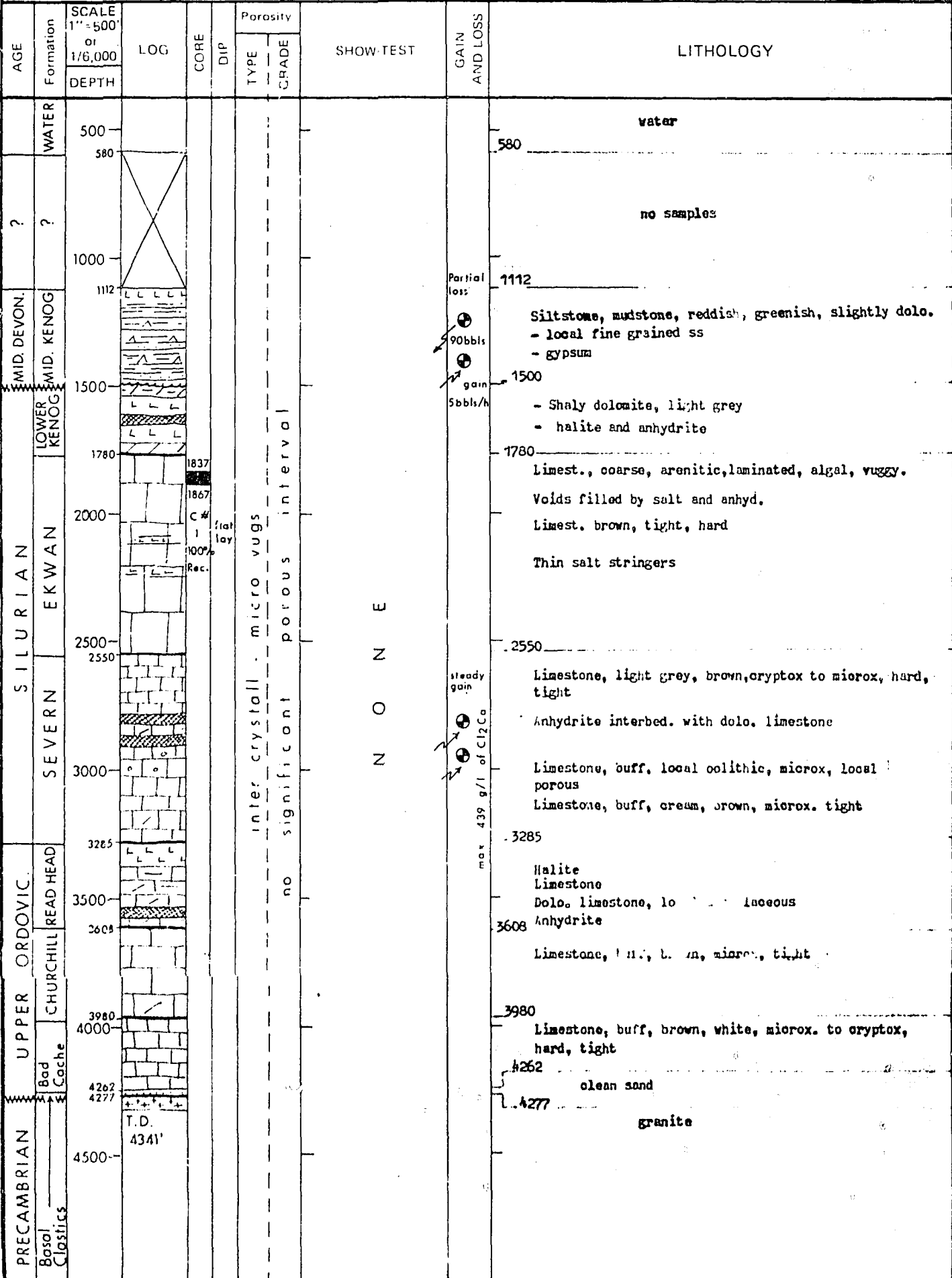


AQUITAINE

DRILLING TICKET

WELL NAME  
NARWHAL S-O 58

RIG	CO-ORDINATES	TIMING	CASING	LOGS
Pentagone 82	X 58° 07' 56.28" Y 84° 08' 16.78" Z KB 77 A.M.S.L.	Commenced Aug 4, /74 Temporary Halt Resumption of Drilling Temporary Halt Resumption of Drilling Completed Aug 28 /74	ø 30" at 672' ø 20" at 1093' ø 13 3/8" at 1737' ø at ø at	DIL 1088-4340 FDC - CNL - GR 500-4340 BHCS - GR 1088-4340 HDT 1750-4340
GEOLOGIST B. Tillement A. Pochitaloff				
Hudson Bay				
Brought up to date on November 1974		PROVINCE Federal waters		



**CONFIDENTIAL**

AUGUST 10 1974

NARWHAL SOUTH #1					
GEOLOGICAL SAMPLE DESCRIPTION					
Sheet No. <u>1</u>					
From	To	Core C Ditch D	No. of Ft. Porous	No. of Ft. Non-Porous	Showings O.G.W.
1125	1130		5		70% Reddish, rarely greyish siltstone to very fine grained ss, to soft mudstone 20% Cryptox, Whitish to light grey limestone 10% Cement
1130	1135		5		As above plus white, soft gypsum
1135	1140		5		30% Reddish to greyish siltstone to mudstone as above, slightly dolomitic 10% Whitish to light grey cryptox limestone 60% Cement
1140	1145		5		60% Siltstone and mudstone as above 10% cryptox limestone as above 30% Cement
1145	1150		5		As above
1150	1155		5		90% Variegated reddish and greyish mudstone to siltstone dark grey anhydrite 10% cement No more limestone
1155	1160		5		100% Variegated siltstone as above
1160	1165		5		100% Mostly reddish, to grey-greenish sometimes variegated siltstone (Slightly dolomitic)
1165	1170		5		100% Reddish to grey-greenish siltstone to very fine grained ss, slightly dolomitic (25%)
1170	1175		5		100% Reddish to light grey micaceous fine grained ss, locally conglomeratic (Slightly dolomitic)
1175	1180		5		100% Reddish to light grey siltstone and mudstone, locally with fine sands, slightly dolomitic plus cement
1180	1185		5		20% Red-grey siltstone as above 80% grey cryptocrystalline, silty dolomite to dolomitic siltstone

SAMPLES NOT LAGGED

SAMPLES LAGGED AT 8 INCHES MIN.

(Delete as Appropriate)

**CONFIDENTIAL**

NARWHAL SOUTH #1

GEOLOGICAL SAMPLE DESCRIPTION

Sheet No. 2

From	To	Core C Ditch D	No. of Ft. Porous	No. of Ft. Non-Porous	Showings O.G.W.	GEOLOGICAL SAMPLE DESCRIPTION
1185	1190			5		as above
1190	1195			5		70% Red-grey siltstone as above 20% grey, cryptox, silty dolomite
----- Tripping out at 1196 to change bit						

SAMPLES NOT LAGGED

SAMPLES LAGGED AT

FT. PER MIN.

(Delete as Appropriate)

## GEOLOGICAL SAMPLE DESCRIPTION

Sheet No. 3**CONFIDENTIAL**

From	To	Core C Ditch D	No. of Ft. Porous	No. of Ft. Non-Porous	Showings O.G.W.	
1,195	1,200			5		95% reddish to green-greyish slightly dolo siltstone to fine grained ss. 5% white gypsum
1,200	1,205			5		95% as above 5% as above
1,205	1,210			5		95% as above 5% as above
1,210	1,215			5		100% Mostly reddish to green-greyish siltstone to mudstone dolomitic (47%), no more gypsum
1,215	1,220			5		100% Half-half reddish and light greyish very dolomitic siltstone & gypsum (soft and white)
1,220	1,225			5		100% Mostly reddish, soft, shaly and slightly dolomitic siltstone to very fine grained ss. & gypsum
1,225	1,230					90% as above 10% white, soft gypsum
1,230	1,235					95% as above 5% as above
1,235	1,240					95% as above 5% as above

SAMPLES NOT LAGGED

SAMPLES LAGGED AT . . . FT. PER MIN.

(Delete as Appropriate)

August 10, 1974

GEOLOGICAL SAMPLE DESCRIPTION

Sheet No. 4

10:00 p.m.

**CONFIDENTIAL**

From	To	Core C Ditch D	No. of Ft. Porous	No. of Ft. Non-Porous	Showings O.C.W.	
1,245	1,250		5			90% reddish siltstone a/a (to greenish) 10% white soft gypsum
1,250	1,255		5			100% reddish to green-greyish slightly dolomitic siltstone to very fine grained ss. Locally rich in heavy minerals and micas & gypsum
1,255	1,260		5			as above Heavy minerals mostly in light grey intercalations
1,260	1,265		5			as above
1,265	1,270		5			as above
1,270	1,275		5			as above
1,275	1,280		5			as above
1,280	1,285		5			as above, but the colour is mainly green-greyish to blue-greyish
1,285	1,290		5			as above
1,290	1,300		5			Reddish to greenish... as above
1,300	1,310					as above Mainly siltstone and mudstone.
1,310	1,320					as above
1,320	1,330					as above
1,330	1,340					as above with 5% Gypsum, white soft

SAMPLES NOT LAGGED

SAMPLES LAGGED AT ... FT. PER MIN.

(Delete as Appropriate)

August 11, 1974

GEOLOGICAL SAMPLE DESCRIPTION

Sheet No. 5

early morning

**CONFIDENTIAL**

From	To	Core C Ditch D	No. of Ft. Porous	No. of Ft. Non-Porous	Showings O.G.W.	
1,340	1,350					100% reddish brown and greenish grey siltstone to vf sandstone. (Minor mudstone) v. sl dolomitic, locally micaceous, & Gypsum, soft, white
1,350	1,360					as above, sl incr in very fine sandstone, reddish brown, friable, subangular - subrounded grains, moderate to well sorted, lt brn grains, argillaceous
1,360	1,370					as above, 70% siltstone to 20% vf sandstone
1,370	1,380					10% gypsum, white, soft
1,380	1,390					as above but only trace gypsum
1,390	1,400					as above with 10% sandstone. Abundant loose sd grains vf - silt size in sample
1,400	1,410					as above
1,410	1,420					reddish to greenish siltstone and mudstone with good trace very fine sandstone. Small trace gypsum
1,420	1,430					as above becoming slight to moderately dolomitic, locally very dolomitic
1,430	1,440					reddish to greenish siltstone and increasing mudstone (50%) as above. Occ gyp.
1,440	1,450					90% mostly reddish siltstone
1,450	1,460					10% grey dolomitic shaly siltstone & gypsum (36% dolo)
1,460	1,470					100% reddish to greyish dolomitic shaly siltstone to very fine grained ss.
						Mostly reddish
						70% reddish, a/a
						30% light grey shaly dolomitic siltstone

SAMPLES NOT LAGGED

SAMPLES LAGGED AT \_\_\_\_\_ FT. PER MIN.

(Delete as Appropriate)

August 11, 1974

GEOLOGICAL SAMPLE DESCRIPTION

Sheet No. 6

**CONFIDENTIAL**

From	To	Core C Ditch D	No. of Ft. Parous	No. of Ft. Non-Parous	Showings O.G.W.	Description
1,470	1,480					Red to grey siltstone to claystone to very fine ss., dolomitic
1,480	1,490					as above
1,490	1,500					as above, but the grey fraction is more dolomitic
1,500	1,505					70% reddish to greenish as above 20% shaly cryptox, grey dolomite 10% gypsum
1,505	1,510					as above
1,510	1,520					10% reddish, as above 90% whitish to light grey shaly cryptox dolomite & gypsum
1,520	1,525					as above
————— change of bit —————						
1,525	1,530					5% reddish siltstone (cavings?) & gypsum 95% light grey to beige argillaceous cryptox dolomite
1,530	1,535					100% light grey to beige argillaceous cryptox, dolo

SAMPLES NOT LAGGED

SAMPLES LAGGED AT ..... FT. PER MIN.

(Delete as Appropriate)



August 11, 1974

GEOLOGICAL SAMPLE DESCRIPTION

Sheet No. 7

evening

**CONFIDENTIAL**

From	To	Core C Ditch D	No. of Ft. Porous	No. of Ft. Non-Porous	Showings O.G.W.	
1,535	1,540		5			as above & anhydrite
1,540	1,545		5			100% as above
1,545	1,550		5			as above & gypsum, anhydrite
1,550	1,555		5			100% as above
1,555	1,560		5			100% as above & gypsum
1,560	1,565		5			95% as above 5% white gypsum
1,565	1,570		5			anhydrite & as above
1,570	1,575		5			50% grey cryptox argillaceous dolo
			2	3		50% buff cryptox to calcarenitic limestone
1,575	1,580		1	4		70% grey to buff cryptocris, argill. dolo 30% buff cryptox to calcar and/or succronic lims, slightly porous
1,580	1,590		2	8		85% dolo, as above 15% lims, as above
1,590	1,600		10			85% dolo, as above 15% lims, tight. No more calcarenite
1,600	1,610		10			90% dolo, as above 10% lims, as above, tight Anhydrite, blueish

SAMPLES NOT LAGGED

SAMPLES LAGGED AT ..... FT. PER MIN.

(Delete as Appropriate)

August 11, 1974

Sheet No. 8

GEOLOGICAL SAMPLE DESCRIPTION

11:00 p.m.

**CONFIDENTIAL**

From	To	Core C Ditch D	No. of Ft. Porous	No. of Ft. Non-Porous	Showings O.G.W.	
1,610	1,620			10		30% dolo, as above, buff to grey 15% lms, as above, (tight) 50% bluish anhydrite 5% whitish gypsum
1,620	1,630		1	9		20% dolo, as above 40% lms, buff, cryptox to calcarenitic, slightly porous 35% bluish anhydrite 5% gypsum
1,630	1,640			10		70% light grey argillaceous dolomite 30% buff cryptox tight limestone anhydrite and gypsum
1,640	1,650			10		60% buff to light grey argil. dolo 40% lms, as above
1,650	1,660			10		65% dolo, as above 35% lms, as above, rarely calcarenitic
1,660	1,670			10		50% dolo, as above 45% lms, as above 5% anhydrite
1,670	1,680			10		60% mostly light grey, locally tan, argellaceous cryptox dolo. 40% buff, cryptox, tight limestone

SAMPLES NOT LAGGED

SAMPLES LAGGED AT ..... FT. PER MIN.

(Delete as Appropriate)

August 11, 1974

GEOLOGICAL SAMPLE DESCRIPTION

Sheet No. 9

**CONFIDENTIAL**

From	To	Core C Ditch D	No. of Ft. Porous	No. of Ft. Non-Porous	Showings O.G.W.	
1,680	1,685			5		60% light grey to buff argill. dolo. 30% buff cryptox lims, locally fragmental to pelletoidal 10% anhydrite and gypsum
1,685	1,690			5		as above
1,690	1,695			5		75% dolo, as above 20% lims, cryptox to fragmental, as above 5% anhy. and gypsum
1,695	1,700			5		65% dolo, as above 20% lims, as above 15% anhydrite and gypsum
1,700	1,705			5		60% grey dolo, argillaceous 10% grey dolomitic shale 10% buff homogeneous, cryptox, tight lims 10% buff, fragmental to bioclastic, locally slightly porous lims. 10% bluish anhydrite & gypsum
						Midnight! Logging, running casing 13 3/8"

SAMPLES NOT LAGGED

SAMPLES LAGGED AT ..... FT. PER MIN.

(Delete as Appropriate)

						GEOLOGICAL SAMPLE DESCRIPTION	Sheet No. <u>10</u>
From	To	Core C Ditch D	No. of Ft. Porous	No. of Ft. Non-Porous	Showings O.G.W.		
1,710	1,715			5		50% Dolomite, light buff, argillaceous, hard, massive, microcr. 30% Limest. white to buff, cryptocr. locally calcarenitic and slightly vuggy 20% Anhydrite and gypsum	
1,715	1,720			5		60% Dolomite a/a 20% Limestone a/a 20% Anhydrite	
1,720	1,725			5		70% Dolomite a/a 20% Limestone a/a 10% Anhydrite	
1,725	1,730			5		60% Dolomite a/a 10% Limestone a/a 30% Anhydrite	
1,730	1,735			5		50% Dolomite a/a 10% Limestone 40% Anhydrite a/a	
1,735	1,740			5		50% Dolomite a/a 20% Limestone a/a 30% Anhydrite	
1,740	1,745					60% Limestone, buff, cryptocr. to microcr. 20% Dolomite a/a, occasion. vuggy or intergran porosity (5%) 20% Anhydrite	
1,745	1,750					60% Limestone a/a 10% Anhydrite 30% Dolomite a/a	
1,750	1,755					60% Limestone a/a 30% Dolomite 10% Anhydrite a/a	
1,755	1,765					90% Dolomite, buff to light brown, microcr. tight 10% Anhydrite	
1,765	1,775					70% Dolomite 30% Anhydrite	
1,775	1,780					80% Limest. buff to light brown, microcr, occasionally porous 20% Dolomite, buff, microcr. tight	

SAMPLES NOT LAGGED

SAMPLES LAGGED AT ..... FT. PER MIN.

(Delete as Appropriate)

GEOLOGICAL SAMPLE DESCRIPTION

From	To	Core C Ditch D	No. of Ft. Porous	No. of Ft. Non-Porous	Showings O.G.W.	
1,780	1,790					90% Limest. light brown, microcr. algal, tight 10% Dolomite a/a
1,790	1,795					As above.
1,795	1,800					100% Limest., light brown, microcr., tight, occas. porous
1,800	1,810			3		Limest., light brown, reefal w/stromat, granular, coarse Porosity to 30%
1,810	1,820			6		40% Limest., white to buff, microcr. occas. porous 60% Limest., brown, reefal w/stromat, granular and coarse
1,820	1,825			3		50% Limest., white, a/a 50% Limest., brown, a/a
1,825	1,830			3		30% Limest., white, a/a 70% Limest., brown, a/a
CORE NO. 1 1,837 - 1,867 Rec. 100%						
1,870	1,875					Limest., dark buff, microcr., tight, occas. porous
1,875	1,880					Limestone a/a
1,880	1,890					Limestone a/a
1,890	1,895					Limestone, white, microcr., occas. porous, (traces)
1,895	1,900					60% Limest., white, a/a 40% Limest., dark buff, a/a
1,900	1,905			3		80% Limest., buff, microcr. 20% Limest., dark buff, microcr. tight
1,905	1,910					50% Limest., white to buff, occas. porous 50% Limest., dark brown, tight
1,910	1,915					90% Limest., white to buff, a/a 10% Limest., dark brown, a/a
1,915	1,920					90% Limest., white to buff, a/a 10% Limest., dark brown, a/a
1,920	1,925			3		80% Limest., white to buff, occas. very porous (30%) 20% Limest., dark brown, a/a
1,925	1,930			2		60% Limest., white to buff, a/a 40% Limest., dark brown, a/a

SAMPLES NOT LAGGED

SAMPLES LAGGED AT ..... FT. PER MIN.

(Delete as Appropriate)

From	To	Core C Ditch D	No. of Ft. Porous	No. of Ft. Non-Porous	Showings O.G.W.	GEOLOGICAL SAMPLE DESCRIPTION
1,930	1,935					30% Limest., white to buff, a/a 70% Limest., dark brown, a/a
1,935	1,940		1			30% Limest., white to buff, a/a 70% Limest., dark brown, a/a
1,940	1,945					40% Limest., white to buff, a/a 60% Limest., dark brown, a/a
1,945	1,950					70% Limest., buff to white, microcr., mostly tight with rare vuggy porosity
1,950	1,955		2			30% Limest., brown, micro- to cryptocr. tight 50% Limest., buff, a/a, porosity around 5%
1,955	1,960		2			50% Limest., brown, a/a 70% Limest., buff, a/a, porosity up to 10%
1,960	1,965					30% Limest., buff, a/a 80% Limest., buff to white, microcr. with rare porosity
1,965	1,970					20% Limest., brown, tight 80% Limest., buff, a/a
1,970	1,975					20% Limest., brown, a/a 80% Limest., buff, a/a
1,975	1,980					20% Limest., brown, a/a 70% Limest., buff, a/a
1,980	1,985					30% Limest., brown, a/a 50% Limest., buff, a/a
1,985	1,990					50% Limest., brown, a/a 40% Limest. buff, a/a
1,990	1,995					60% Limest., brown, a/a 20% Limest., buff, a/a
1,995	2,005					80% Limest., brown, a/a 30% Limest., buff, a/a
2,005	2,010					70% Limest., brown, a/a 40% Limest., buff, a/a 60% Limest., brown, a/a

SAMPLES NOT LAGGED

SAMPLES LAGGED AT ..... FT. PER MIN.

(Delete as Appropriate)

						Sheet No. <u>13</u>
From	To	Core C Dirch D	No. of Ft. Porous	No. of Ft. Non-Porous	Showings O.G.W.	GEOLOGICAL SAMPLE DESCRIPTION
2,010	2,015					60% Limest., buff, a/a 40% Limest., brown, a/a
2,015	2,020					Limest., white, very pure, microcr. hard, some corals. Occas. buff fragments. Calcite with vugs and bioclasts
2,020	2,025					a/a
2,025	2,030					a/a
2,030	2,035					a/a
2,035	2,040					60% Limest., white, a/a 40% Limest., brown, bioclastic and vuggy. Porous to 5%
2,040	2,045		3			60% Limest., white, a/a 40% Limest., brown a/a. Porosity to 25%
2,045	2,050					80% Limest., white a/a 20% Limest., brown a/a, rare porosity
2,050	2,055					60% Limest., white a/a 40% Limest., brown a/a
2,055	2,060					20% Limest., white a/a 80% Limest., brown a/a
2,060	2,065					50% Limest., white, a/a, trace calcite 50% Limest., brown, a/a, rare pyrite
2,065	2,070					70% Limest., white, a/a 30% Limest., brown, a/a, trace calcite
2,070	2,075					70% Limest., white to buff, microcr. cherty, very hard, local bioclastic 30% Limest., brown a/a Calcite
2,075	2,080					70% Limest., white, microcr. to cryptocr., non porous, occasion. bioclastic 30% Limest., brown, microcr. very hard, tight Calcite, translucide
2,080	2,085					60% Limest., white a/a 40% Limest. brown a/a Coral fauna; no porosity

SAMPLES NOT LAGGED

SAMPLES LAGGED AT ..... FT. PER MIN.

(Delete as Appropriate)

GEOLOGICAL SAMPLE DESCRIPTION

Sheet No. 14

From	To	Core C Ditch D	No. of Ft. Porous	No. of Ft. Non-Porous	Showings O.G.W.	
2,085	2,090					-----do-----
2,090	2,095					-----do-----
2,095	2,100					90% Limest., white a/a 10% Limest., brown a/a
2,100	2,105					-----do-----
2,105	2,110					-----do----- Abundant fauna
2,110	2,115					-----do-----
2,115	2,120					100% Limest., white, a/a Coral fauna
2,120	2,125					-----do-----
2,125	2,130					-----do-----
2,130	2,135					-----do-----
2,135	2,140					-----do-----
2,140	2,145					-----do-----
2,145	2,150					70% Limest., white, very pure, moder. hard, microcr. no porosity 30% Limest., brown, microcr. hard, non porous Calcite
2,150	2,155					-----do-----
2,155	2,160					-----do-----
2,160	2,165					90% Limest., white, a/a 10% Limest., brown, a/a
2,165	2,170					-----do-----
2,170	2,175					-----do-----
2,175	2,180					100% Limest., white, a/a
2,180	2,185					-----do-----
2,185	2,190					-----do-----
2,190	2,195					-----do-----
2,195	2,200					80% Limest., white, a/a, no porosity 20% Limest., brown, a/a
2,200	2,205					-----do-----
2,205	2,210					60% Limest., white, a/a 40% Limest., brown, a/a

SAMPLES NOT LAGGED

SAMPLES LAGGED AT ..... FT. PER MIN.

(Delete as Appropriate)



					GEOLOGICAL SAMPLE DESCRIPTION		Sheet No. <u>15</u>
From	To	Core C Ditch D	No. of Ft. Porous	No. of Ft. Non-Porous	Showings O.G.W.		
2,210	2,215					-----do-----	
2,215	2,220					-----do-----	
2,220	2,225					-----do-----	
2,225	2,230					-----do-----	
2,230	2,235					75% Limest., white, very pure, microcr., non porous 25% Limest., brown, traces of porosity Corals	
2,235	2,240					-----do-----	
2,240	2,245					-----do-----	
2,245	2,250					-----do-----	
2,250	2,255					-----do-----	
2,255	2,260					-----do-----	
2,260	2,265					-----do-----	
2,265	2,270					-----do-----	
2,270	2,275					-----do-----	
2,275	2,280					90% Limest. white, a/a 10% Limest., brown, a/a Corals	
2,280	2,285					-----do-----	
2,285	2,290					-----do-----	
2,290	2,295					-----do-----	
2,295	2,300					-----do----- slight porosity	
2,300	2,305					-----do----- slight porosity	
2,305	2,310					-----do----- no porosity	
2,310	2,315					70% Limestone., shite, very pure, predomin. microcr., locally transluc., occasion. buff and cherty. Traces of calcilutite. Rare corals. 30% Limest., brown, a/a	
2,315	2,320					-----do-----	
2,320	2,325					-----do-----	
2,325	2,330					-----do-----	
2,330	2,335					-----do-----	

SAMPLES NOT LAGGED

SAMPLES LAGGED AT ..... FT. PER MIN.

(Delete as Appropriate)

From	To	Core C Ditch D	No. of Ft. Porous	No. of Ft. Non-Porous	Showings O.G.W.	GEOLOGICAL SAMPLE DESCRIPTION
2,335	2,340					-----do-----
2,340	2,345					80% Limest., white, a/a 20% Limest., brown, a/a
2,345	2,350					-----do-----
2,350	2,355					-----do-----
2,355	2,360					90% Limest., white, a/a 10% Limest., brown, a/a
2,360	2,365					80% Limest., white, a/a 20% Limest., brown, a/a Traces of porosity. Corals
2,365	2,370					-----do-----
2,370	2,380					-----do-----
2,380	2,390					-----do-----
2,390	2,395					70% Limest., white, a/a 30% Limest., brown, a/a
2,395	2,400					60% Limest., white, a/a 40% Limest., brown, a/a
2,400	2,410					-----do-----
2,410	2,415					70% Limest., white, a/a 30% Limest., brown, a/a
2,415	2,420					80% Limest., white, a/a 20% Limest., brown, a/a
2,420	2,430					60% Limest., white, a/a 40% Limest., brown, a/a
2,430	2,435					70% Limest., white, a/a 30% Limest., brown, a/a
2,435	2,440					80% Limest., white, some rhombs of calcite, local vugs. Rare corals. No primary porosity
2,440	2,450					20% Limest., brown to dark buff, microcr., tight 60% Limest., white, a/a 40% Limest., brown, a/a
2,450	2,455					Pyrite

SAMPLES NOT LAGGED

SAMPLES LAGGED AT ..... FT. PER MIN.

(Delete as Appropriate)

						Sheet No. <u>17</u>
From	To	Core C Ditch D	No. of Ft. Porous	No. of Ft. Non-Porous	Showings O.G.W.	GEOLOGICAL SAMPLE DESCRIPTION
2,450	2,460					60% Limest., white, a/a 40% Limest., brown, a/a Some grey, cryptocr. limestone
2,460	2,470					50% Limest., white, a/a 50% Limest., brown, a/a
2,470	2,480					-----do-----
2,480	2,490					-----do-----
2,490	2,500					60% Limest., white, a/a 40% Limest., brown to dark buff, a/a
2,500	2,510					65% Limest., white, a/a 35% Limest., brown to dark buff, a/a
2,510	2,520					60% Limest., white, a/a 40% Limest., brown to dark buff, a/a
2,520	2,530					-----do-----
2,530	2,540					50% Limest., white, a/a 50% Limest., brown, a/a
2,540	2,545					60% Limest., white, a/a Traces of light grey limest., tight, hard
2,545	2,550					50% Limest., white to buff, microcr. tight 50% Limest., grey, microcr., tight, hard
2,550	2,555					20% Limest., white, a/a 80% Limest., grey, a/a Corals
2,555	2,560					20% Limest., white 80% Limest., grey/buff, very hard, microcr. glauconitic, porous, fractures, tight
2,560	2,565					40% Limest., grey, glauconitic traces of pyrite 40% Limest., dark grey to brown, thinly banded, microcr., hard 20% Limest., dark brown, soft, argillaceous
2,565	2,570					20% Limest., grey, a/a 60% Limest., dark brown banded 20% Limest., brown argillaceous

SAMPLES NOT LAGGED

SAMPLES LAGGED AT ..... FT. PER MIN.

(Delete as Appropriate)

From	To	Core C Ditch D	No. of Ft. Porous	No. of Ft. Non-Porous	Showings O.G.W.	GEOLOGICAL SAMPLE DESCRIPTION
2,570	2,575					40% Limest., grey/buff 50% Limest., dark brown, locally banded 10% Limest., brown, argillaceous
2,575	2,580					100% Limest., predominantly light brown, locally buff, moder. hard, microcr. non porous
2,580	2,585					-----do-----
2,585	2,590					-----do-----
2,590	2,595					-----do-----
2,595	2,600					80% Limest., light brown to buff, a/a 20% Limest., brown, soft, argillaceous
2,600	2,610					Limest., buff to brown, microcr., to cryptocr., hard, tight  Some argillaceous limest., a/a
2,610	2,620					-----do-----
2,620	2,630					-----do-----
2,620	2,640					-----do-----
2,640	2,650					Limest., buff to brown, a/a, with some mud balls
2,650	2,660					Limest., buff to light brown, moder. hard, microcr., non porous, locally mud balls and bioclasts Pyrite
2,660	2,670					-----do-----
2,670	2,680					-----do-----
2,680	2,690					Limest., buff to brown, micro- to cryptocr., hard, tight occasion. bioclastic
2,690	2,700					-----do-----
2,700	2,710					-----do-----
2,710	2,720					-----do-----
2,720	2,730					-----do-----
2,730	2,740					-----do-----
2,740	2,745					Limest., a/a, with gravels
2,745	2,750					60% Dolomite, light to med. grey, hard, microcr. tight 40% Limest., buff, a/a

SAMPLES NOT LAGGED

SAMPLES LAGGED AT ..... FT. PER MIN.

(Delete as Appropriate)

						GEOLOGICAL SAMPLE DESCRIPTION	Sheet No. <u>19</u>
From	To	Core C Ditch D	No. of Ft. Porous	No. of Ft. Non-Porous	Showings O.G.W.		
2,750	2,755					50% Dolomite a/a 50% Limest., a/a Traces of anhydrite	
2,755	2,760					20% Dolomite, a/a 20% Limest., a/a 60% Anhydrite, brown, translucent	
2,760	2,765					10% Dolomite, a/a 60% Limest., a/a 30% Anhydrite	
2,765	2,770					10% Anhydrite 10% Dolomite 80% Limest.,	
2,770	2,775					Limest., buff to cream, microcr., locally porous Traces of dolomite and anhydrite	
2,775	2,780		2			80% Limest., a/a, slightly porous 10% Anhydrite, a/a 10% Dolomite, a/a	
2,780	2,785					40% Limest., buff, microcr. 30% Dolomite, grey 30% Anhydrite	
2,785	2,790					Traces of Limest. 30% Dolomite, a/a 70% Anhydrite	
2,790	2,795					-----do-----	
2,795	2,800					80% Limest., buff to light brown, hard, microcr., blocky, non unporous  10% Dolomite, a/a 10% Anhydrite a/a	
2,800	2,805					100% Limest., a/a Traces of dolomite and anhydrite	
2,805	2,810					-----do-----	
2,810	2,815					-----do-----	

SAMPLES NOT LAGGED

SAMPLES LAGGED AT ..... FT. PER MIN.

(Delete as Appropriate)

From	To	Core C Ditch D	No. of Ft. Porous	No. of Ft. Non-Porous	Showings O.G.W.	GEOLOGICAL SAMPLE DESCRIPTION
2,815	2,820					-----do-----
2,820	2,830					-----do-----
2,830	2,840					Limest., cream to buff, cryptocr., fauna of lamelli, corals Some calcite
2,840	2,850					-----do-----
2,850	2,860					-----do-----
2,860	2,865					40% Limest., a/a 60% Anhydrite, buff, translucide
2,865	2,870					40% Limest., a/a 60% Anhydrite, a/a
2,870	2,875					30% Limest., a/a 70% Anhydrite, a/a
2,875	2,880					40% Limest., a/a 60% Anhydrite, a/a
2,880	2,885					70% Limest., buff to cream, microcr., tight 30% Anhydrite
2,885	2,890					50% Limest., a/a 50% Anhydrite, a/a
2,890	2,895					60% Dolomite, grey, crystalline with veins of limest., tight 20% Anhydrite, a/a 20% Limest., a/a
2,895	2,900					80% Limest., a/a 20% Dolomite, a/a
2,900	2,910					Limest., a/a
2,910	2,915					30% Limest., a/a 40% Dolomite, a/a 30% Anhydrite, a/a
2,915	2,920					60% Limest., buff, oolitic, microcr., occasion. friable and granular, some porosity 10% Dolomite, a/a 30% Anhydrite

SAMPLES NOT LAGGED  
 SAMPLES LAGGED AT ..... FT. PER MIN.  
 (Delete as Appropriate)

GEOLOGICAL SAMPLE DESCRIPTION

From	To	Core C Ditch D	No. of Ft. Porous	No. of Ft. Non-Porous	Showings O.G.W.	
2,920	2,930					85% Limest., a/a 15% Anhydrite, a/a
2,930	2,940					-----do-----
2,940	2,950					Limest., buff, microcr. to cryptocr., tight, locally porous oolitic
2,950	2,960					Limest., a/a
2,960	2,970					90% Limest., a/a 10% Anhydrite
2,970	2,980					Limest., a/a
2,980	2,990					-----do-----
2,990	3,000					Limest., buff, to light brown, microcr., bioclastic, med. hard, tight
3,000	3,010					Limest. a/a, interbedded with Limest., light to med. grey, microcr., moder. hard, non porous
3,010	3,020					-----do-----
3,020	3,030					Limest., buff to light brown, microcr., crystal, moder. hard, non porous
3,030	3,040					-----do-----
3,040	3,050					Limest. buff to light brown, microcr. to crystal, occasion. oolitic, tight
3,050	3,060					-
3,060	3,070					Limest., a/a Intercalations of grey limest., microcr. tight
3,070	3,080					-----do-----
3,080	3,090					-----do-----
3,090	3,095					Limest., medium brown to grey, microcr. dolomitic, hard, tight
3,095	3,100		2			Limest., brown to yellowish, microcr., dolomitic, tight locally porous
3,100	3,110					-----do-----
3,110	3,120					Limest., cream to buff, microcr., slightly dolomitic, hard, rare traces of porosity
3,120	3,130					-----do-----

SAMPLES NOT LAGGED

SAMPLES LAGGED AT ..... FT. PER MIN.

(Delete as Appropriate)

						Sheet No. <u>22</u>
From	To	Core C Ditch D	No. of Ft. Porous	No. of Ft. Non-Porous	Showings O.G.W.	GEOLOGICAL SAMPLE DESCRIPTION
3,130	3,140					-----do-----
3,140	3,150					-----do-----
3,150	3,160					-----do-----
3,160	3,170					70% Limest. a/a 30% Limest., med. brown, dolomitic, microcr. granular, occasion. fine grained, little porosity
3,170	3,180					50% Limest., cream to buff, a/a 50% Limest., brown, a/a
3,180	3,185					-----do-----
3,185	3,190					70% Limest., cream 30% Limest., brown, porous
3,190	3,200					-----do-----
3,200	3,205					80% Limest., cream, a/a 20% Limest., brown, a/a
3,205	3,210					Limest., cream to buff, microcr., to finely crystal, rarely sucrosic, tight, but occasion. traces of porosity
3,210	3,220					-----do-----
3,220	3,230					-----do-----
3,230	3,240					Same lithology - Presence of fossils
3,240	3,250					-----do-----
3,250	3,260					Limest., cream to buff, micro.- to cryptocr. tight
3,260	3,270					Same lithology - Presence of fossils
3,270	3,275					-----do-----
3,275	3,280					60% Limest., light grey, slightly argillaceous, slightly dolomitic, brittle 40% Limest., cream a/a
3,280	3,290					70% Limest., grey, a/a 30% Limest., cream a/a Traces of anhydrite
3,290	3,300					50% Limest., grey, a/a 40% Limest., cream, a/a 10% Anhydrite, buff, translucent

SAMPLES NOT LAGGED

SAMPLES LAGGED AT ..... FT. PER MIN.

(Delete as Appropriate)



					GEOLOGICAL SAMPLE DESCRIPTION		Sheet No. _____
From	To	Core C Ditch D	No. of Ft. Porous	No. of Ft. Non-Porous	Showings O.G.W.		
3,300	3,310					-----do-----	
3,310	3,320					-----do-----	
3,320	3,330					-----do-----	
3,330	3,340					60% Limest. Poor cuttings recovery. Dried samples salt 30% Dolomite encrusted. 10% Anhydrite	
3,340	3,350					-----do-----	
3,350	3,360					-----do-----	
3,360	3,370					Limest., light brown to cream, microcr. to cryptocr. slightly dolomitic. No porosity. Traces of anhydrite.	
3,370	3,375					-----do-----	
3,375	3,380					Limest., cream to buff, microcr. tight, occasion. slightly dolo.	
3,380	3,385					Limest., cream	
3,385	3,390					Limest., cream to white, rare porosity Traces of Anhydrite	
3,390	3,400					-----do-----	
3,400	3,410					-----do-----	
3,410	3,420					-----do-----	
3,420	3,425					-----do-----	
3,425	3,430					80% Limest., a/a 20% Limest., medium grey, microcr., hard, dolomitic	
3,430	3,435					20% Limest., cream, a/a 80% Limest., grey, a/a	
3,435	3,440					80% Limest., cream 20% Limest., grey	
3,440	3,445					30% Limest., grey 70% Limest., cream Anhydrite	
3,445	3,450					10% Limest. grey, 70% Limest. cream 20% Anhydrite	
3,450	3,460		2			Limest., cream to buff, microcr. to cryptocr. hard, locally porous	

SAMPLES NOT LAGGED

SAMPLES LAGGED AT ..... FT. PER MIN.

(Delete as Appropriate)

						Sheet No. <u>24</u>
From	To	Core C Ditch D	No. of Ft. Porous	No. of Ft. Non-Porous	Showings O.G.W.	GEOLOGICAL SAMPLE DESCRIPTION
3,460	3,470					-----do-----
3,470	3,480					Alternating: Limest., slightly dolomitic, cream to light brown and Limest., grey, microcr, no porosity, tight
3,480	3,490					-----do-----
3,490	3,495					90% Limest., grey 10% Limest., cream
3,495	3,500					70% Limest., grey 30% Limest., cream
3,500	3,505					60% Limest., grey 40% Limest., cream
3,505	3,510					80% Limest., cream to light brown, dolomitic, microcr. no por- osity
3,510	3,520					20% Limest., grey, a/a 60% Limest., cream 40% Limest., grey
3,520	3,530					Limest., buff to brown, med. hard, no porosity, microcr. to cryptocr.
3,530	3,540					-----do-----
3,540	3,550					-----do-----
3,550	3,555					60% Limest., cream, a/a 30% Limest., grey, dolo 10% Anhydrite
3,555	3,560					20% Limest., cream 20% Limest. grey, dolo 60% Anhydrite
3,560	3,565					30% Limest., cream 70% Anhydrite
3,565	3,570					30% Limest., cream 40% Limest., grey, dolo. 30% Anhydrite
3,570	3,575					40% Limest., cream 20% Limest., grey, dolo. 40% Anhydrite

SAMPLES NOT LAGGED

SAMPLES LAGGED AT ..... FT. PER MIN.

(Delete as Appropriate)

					GEOLOGICAL SAMPLE DESCRIPTION	Sheet No. _____
From	To	Core C Ditch D	No. of Ft. Porous	No. of Ft. Non-Porous	Showings O.G.W.	
3,575	3,580					90% Limest., cream to brown, dolomitic, cryptocr., medium hard, non porous 10% Anhydrite
3,580	3,590					Limest., buff to light brown, dol., microcr., tight, hard
3,590	3,600					-----do-----
3,600	3,605					40% Limest., buff a/a 60% Limest., medium grey, dol., microcr., hard, tight
3,605	3,610					20% Limest., buff a/a 80% Limest., medium grey, a/a
3,610	3,615					20% Limest., buff a/a 60% Limest., medium grey a/a 20% Anhydrite
3,615	3,620					30% Limest., a/a 70% Anhydrite
3,620	3,625		1			60% Anhydrite 30% Limest., buff to brown, microcr., slightly argillaceous, occas. porous 10% Limest., grey a/a
3,625	3,630		1			20% Anhydrite, clear, transluc. 50% Limest., buff to brown, non porous 20% Limest., cream, porous 10% Limest., grey a/a
3,630	3,635					30% Anhydrite 60% Limest., buff to brown, a/a 10% Limest., cream, porous
3,635	3,640		1			50% Anhydrite 30% Limest., buff to brown and cream, porous 20% Limest., light brown, hard, microcr., dolomitic, tight
3,640	3,645					50% Limest., buff to brown, microcr. occasion. porous 20% Limest., light brown, dolomitic 30% Anhydrite
3,645	3,650					70% Limest., buff to brown, microcr. locally porous

SAMPLES NOT LAGGED

SAMPLES LAGGED AT ..... FT. PER MIN.

(Delete as Appropriate)

						Sheet No. <u>26</u>
From	To	Core C Ditch D	No. of Ft. Porous	No. of Ft. Non-Porous	Showings O.G.W.	GEOLOGICAL SAMPLE DESCRIPTION
3,645	3,650	(contd)				20% Limest., brown, dolomitic 10% Anhydrite
3,650	3,660					Limest., buff to brown, microcr, occasion. cryptocr., hard, tight
3,660	3,670					Same lithology, but darker rock
3,670	3,680					-----do-----
3,680	3,685					Same lithology with light brown fossils
3,685	3,690					Same lithology. No fossils.
3,690	3,700					-----do-----
3,700	3,710					Limest., light brown, microcr., hard, tight, locally brecciated and slightly porous.
3,710	3,715					Limest., buff to brown, microcr. or cryptocr., little pores
3,715	3,720					Same lithology, locally brecciated, with rare pores
3,720	3,730					-----do-----
3,730	3,735					-----do-----
3,735	3,740					Limest., buff to brown, micro.- to cryptocr.
3,740	3,750					-----do-----
3,750	3,755					Limest., dark brown, micro.- to cryptocr.
3,755	3,760					-----do-----
3,760	3,765					-----do-----
3,765	3,770					Limest., medium grey, microcr., or crypto., hard, tight
3,770	3,780					-----do-----
3,780	3,790					-----do-----
3,790	3,795					-----do-----
3,795	3,800					Limest., buff to medium grey, microcr., or cryptocr., slightly translucent, hard, tight, non porous
3,800	3,810					-----do-----
3,810	3,820					-----do-----
3,820	3,830					-----do-----
3,830	3,840					-----do-----
3,840	3,850					-----do-----

SAMPLES NOT LAGGED

SAMPLES LAGGED AT ..... FT. PER MIN.

(Delete as Appropriate)

					GEOLOGICAL SAMPLE DESCRIPTION
From	To	Core C Ditch D	No. of Ft. Porous	No. of Ft. Non-Porous	Showings D.G.W.
3,850	3,860				Limest., buff, light grey to brown varicoloured and mottled, micro.- or cryptocr., hard, tight, black minor, specks of (MnO <sub>2</sub> )
3,860	3,870				Limest. brown to buff or white, microcr. tight
3,870	3,880				Limest., light brown, buff or white, micro- to cryptocr.
3,880	3,890				-----do-----
3,890	3,900				Limest., dark brown or buff, micro- to cryptocr., tight
3,900	3,910				-----do-----
3,910	3,915				-----do-----
3,915	3,920				Limest., medium grey, micro- to cryptocr., tight
3,920	3,930				Limest., brown, micro- to cryptocr., tight
3,930	3,940				Limest., buff to light brown, micro- to cryptocr., slightly translucent
3,940	3,945		2		Limest., light brown, microcr., locally slightly porous (30%)
3,945	3,950		1		Limest., light grey to buff, microcr., locally slightly porous (20%)
3,950	3,955		1		70% Limest., brown to buff or grey, microcr. tight 30% Limest., light brown, microcr., slightly porous
3,955	3,960				Limest., brown to brown - grey, microcr., tight
3,960	3,965				Limest., light grey, microcr., slightly dolomitic, tight
3,965	3,970				Limest., a/a interbedded with Limest., buff, cryptocr. tight
3,970	3,980				-----do-----
3,980	3,990				-----do-----
3,990	4,000				Same lithology - Traces of Limest., light brown, cryst. and slightly porous
4,000	4,010				Limest., medium brown to buff-brown, micro- to cryptocr., tight
4,010	4,015				Same lithology, locally white
4,015	4,020				-----do-----
4,020	4,030				-----do-----
4,030	4,040				Same lithology, but about 30% is becoming dark brown
4,040	4,050				40% Limest., dark brown, microcr. medium hard, tight black specks.
					60% Limest., buff to light brown or white, crypto- to microcr.

SAMPLES NOT LAGGED

SAMPLES LAGGED AT ..... FT. PER MIN.

(Delete as Appropriate)

non porous

From	To	Core C Ditch D	No. of Ft. Porous	No. of Ft. Non-Porous	Showings O.G.W.	GEOLOGICAL SAMPLE DESCRIPTION
4,050	4,055					50% Limest., dark brown a/a
4,055	4,060					50% Limest., buff to light brown a/a 40% Limest., dark brown a/a 60% Limest., brown to buff a/a
4,060	4,065					-----do-----
4,065	4,070					30% Limest., dark brown a/a 70% Limest., brown to buff a/a
4,070	4,080					20% Limest., dark brown a/a 80% Limest., buff to brown a/a
4,080	4,085					-----do-----
4,085	4,090					10% Limest., dark brown a/a 90% Limest. buff to light brown a/a
4,090	4,100					-----do-----
4,100	4,110					Limest., buff-white, chalky, cryptocr., occas. microcr. hard, tight
4,110	4,120					-----do-----
4,120	4,125					The Limest. becomes light brown
4,125	4,130					Limest., white, buff-brown, crypto- or microcr., tight, hard, presence of fossils
4,130	4,140					-----do-----
4,140	4,150					-----do-----
4,150	4,160					Limest., buff, cryptocr. tight. Minor white limestone
4,160	4,170					-----do-----
4,170	4,180					Limest., buff to brown, cryptocr., tight Minor white to cream limestone
4,180	4,190					-----do-----
4,190	4,200					-----do-----
4,200	4,210					Same lithology. The brown limestone is predominant
4,210	4,220					-----do-----
4,220	4,230					-----do-----

SAMPLES NOT LAGGED

SAMPLES LAGGED AT ..... FT. PER MIN.

(Delete as Appropriate)

						GEOLOGICAL SAMPLE DESCRIPTION	Sheet No. <u>29</u>
From	To	Core C Ditch D	No. of Ft. Porous	No. of Ft. Non-Porous	Showings O.G.W.		
4,230	4,240					Limest., buff-light brown or white-cream, crypto- microcr. slightly translucent, hard, tight	
4,240	4,250					-----do-----	
4,250	4,260					-----do-----	
4,260	4,270					-----do-----	
4,270	4,280					90% Limest., white-cream, crypto- to microcr., soft, tight 10% Quartz, rounded,	
4,280	4,285					Traces of pyrite	
4,285	4,290					Quartz, rounded, mica, pink and white feldspar, pyrite	
4,290	4,300					Angular Quartz, mica, feldspar: granite	
4,290	4,300					Angular Quartz, mica, feldspar: granite	
4,300	4,310					Granite	
4,310	4,320					-----do-----	
4,320	4,330					-----do-----	
4,341	4,341					-----do-----	

August 28, 1974

T.D. reached at 4:30 p.m.

SAMPLES NOT LAGGED

SAMPLES LAGGED AT ..... FT. PER MIN.

(Delete as Appropriate)

3. GEOLOGICAL DAILY REPORTS





<b>AQUITAINE</b> COMPANY OF CANADA LTD			DATE			No.			<b>DAILY REPORT</b> <b>GEOLOGY - SHOWS</b>			FOOTAGE		LAST DEPTH		WELL NAME						
			1 28/8/74			2 24						3 134 Ft. 4 14:45 Hr.		5 4236 Ft.		6 NARWHAL S						
From	To	Drilling Rate	CARBONATE W.U.W.			POROSITY			LITHOLOGY													
			1 min	3 min	15 min	Type	Grade															
7	8	9 min/f	10	11	12	13	14	15	Limestone - buff, light brown, crptoxln or fine xln tight, hard, trace methane.													
4102	4236	5-7	78	90	100																	
TYPE OF DRILLING			TYPE OF BIT			16 AGE/FORMATION			17													
OIL SHOWS							GAS SHOWS															
Depth or Time	Colour	Odour	Fluorescence				Colour Intensity	26	Gas Background				Gas Shows (Kicks)									
			Direct Mud	Extr. Cuttings	21	22			23	24	From	To	%	Ratio C1/C2 C1/C3	Depth or Time	% Max.	Nature	Ratio C1/C2 C1/C3	Duration /Choke	Kick	Density Suct. Comp.	Sample
18	19	20						27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41
25 Oil/Bitumen /Fluid-Heavy-Pasty-Dry							Constant Increasing Decreasing Regularly Irregularly															
MUD							REMARKS															
42	D	Gain			Loss																	
		From	To	bb/h	From	To	bb/h															
	V	43	44	45	47	48	49	Program														
	F																					
	NaCl							52														
	% Fuel	Total	46	Daily Total	50	53																
							Position at 8 A.M. Drilling at 4259'															



<b>AQUITAINE</b> COMPANY OF CANADA LTD.			DATE			No.			<b>DAILY REPORT</b> <b>GEOLOGY - SHOWS</b>				FOOTAGE		LAST DEPTH		WELL NAME			
			1 26/8/74			2 22							3 264 Ft. 4 24 Hr.		5 3880 Ft.		6 NARWHAL S			
From	To	Drilling Rate	CARBONATE W.U.W.			POROSITY		LITHOLOGY												
		9 min/ft	1 min	3 min	15 min	Type	Grade													
7	8		10	11	12	13	14	15												
3616	3655	4-6	19	34	42				Anhydrite limestone - dolomitic, grey, micrite, hard, tight Limestone - buff, brown, slightly dolomitic, tight, locally porous Limestone - dolomitic light brown, hard, tight											
3655	3880	4-7	83	90	95				Limestone - buff, brown or medium grey, micrite, slightly dolomitic, tight, hard, trace methane											
17																				
TYPE OF DRILLING					TYPE OF BIT					16 AGE/FORMATION										
OIL SHOWS								GAS SHOWS												
Depth or Time	Colour	Odour	Fluorescence				26	Gas Background					Gas Shows (Kicks)							
			Direct	Extr.	Colour Intensity	From		To	%	Ratio	Depth or Time	% Max.	Nature	Ratio	Duration	Density	Sample			
18	19	20	Mud	Cuttings	24	27	28	29	C1/C2	C1/C3	32	33	34	C1/C2	C1/C3	/Choke	Kick	Suct.	Comp.	41
25 Oil/Bitumen /Fluid-Heavy-Pasty-Dry								Constant Increasing Decreasing Regularly Irregularly												
MUD							REMARKS													
42 D	Gain			Loss																
	From	To	bbl/h	From	To	bbl/h														
V	43	44	45	47	48	49														
F																				
NaCl																				
% Fuel	Total		46	Daily Total		50	51													
							Program										52			
							Position at 8 A.M. 3970'										53			



<b>AQUITAINE</b> COMPANY OF CANADA LTD			DATE 24/8/74			No. 20		<b>DAILY REPORT</b> <b>GEOLOGY - SHOWS</b>			FOOTAGE 168 Ft. 11 <sup>15</sup> Hr.		LAST DEPTH 3331 Ft.		WELL NAME NARWHAL S	
From	To	Drilling Rate min/ft	CARBONATE W.U.W 1 min 3 min 15 min			POROSITY Type Grade		LITHOLOGY								
7	8		10	11	12	13	14	15								
3115	3270	3-6	75	87	90			Limestone- buff, brown, micrite or cryptoxln, hard limestone slightly dolomitic, medium brown, finexln, slightly porous								
3270	3290	5	87	93	95			Limestone as above and limestone shaly, light grey and anhydrite								
3290	3331	1-2						Salt probable trace methane								

TYPE OF DRILLING					TYPE OF BIT					AGE/FORMATION				
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OIL SHOWS							GAS SHOWS																	
Depth or Time	Colour	Odour	Fluorescence				Colour Intensity	Gas Background					Gas Shows (Kicks)											
			Direct Mud	Extr. Cuttings				From	To	%	Ratio C <sub>1</sub> /C <sub>2</sub> C <sub>1</sub> /C <sub>3</sub>		Depth of Time	% Max.	Nature	Ratio C <sub>1</sub> /C <sub>2</sub> C <sub>1</sub> /C <sub>3</sub>		Duration /Choke Kick	Density Suct. Comp.		Sample			
18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	
							25	Constant Increasing Decreasing Regularly Irregularly																

MUD							REMARKS																
42	D	Gain			Loss			Program Position at 8 A.M. Drilling at 3423'															
		From	To	bbl/h	From	To	bbl/h																
V	43	44	45	47	48	49																	
F																							
NaCl																							
% Fuel	Total	46		Daily Total		50																	

CONFIDENTIAL

AQUITAINE COMPANY OF CANADA LTD			DATE		No.		DAILY REPORT GEOLOGY - SHOWS			FOOTAGE		LAST DEPTH		WELL NAME																						
			23/8/74		19					363 Ft. 24 Hr.		3163 Ft.		NARWHAL S																						
From	To	Drilling Rate	CARBONATE W.U.W			POROSITY		LITHOLOGY																												
			1 min	3 min	15 min	Type	Grade																													
7	8	lin/Ft	10	11	12	13	14	15																												
2745	2920	3-5	78	85	86			Dolomite - med. grey, micritic, hard, tight																												
2920	3000	2-4	98	100	100			Anhydrite - limestone, buff-cream, micritic, tight, locally porous																												
3000	3095	3-7	94	97	100			Dolomite - buff, oolitic or micritic, tight, locally porous																												
								Trace anhydrite and dolomite																												
								Predominantly limestone, cream, buff, oolitic or micritic, tight or minor limestone, grey, micritic, tight																												
3095	3115	3-6	80	85	85			Limestone, dolomitic, brown cream micritic, tight, locally porous																												
3115	3163	3-5	74	85	100			Limestone buff - brown, micritic, hard																												
								Limestone not dolomitic, medium brown, fine XLN, slightly porous (from 3165 and 3185)																												
TYPE OF DRILLING			TYPE OF BIT				AGE/FORMATION					17																								
OIL SHOWS							GAS SHOWS																													
Depth or Time	Colour	Odour	Fluorescence			Colour Intensity	Gas Background					Gas Shows (Kicks)																								
			Direct Mud	Extr. Cuttings			From	To	%	Ratio		Depth or Time	% Max.	Nature	Ratio		Duration		Density		Sample															
18	19	20	21	22	23	24	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41														
							Constant Increasing Decreasing Regularly Irregularly																													
25	Oil/Bitumen/Fluid-Heavy-Pasty-Dry																																			
MUD							REMARKS																													
D	Gain			Loss			Program																													
	From	To	bbl/h	From	To	bbl/h																														
V	43	44	45	47	48	49																52														
F																																				
NaCl																																				
% Fuel	Total		46	Daily Total		50	Position at 8 A.M. 3268'																													

<b>AQUITAINE</b> COMPANY OF CANADA LTD			DATE 22/8/74			No. 18		<b>DAILY REPORT</b> GEOLOGY - SHOWS			FOOTAGE 290 Ft. 20 Hr.		LAST DEPTH 2800 Ft.		WELL NAME NARWHAL S
From	To	Drilling Rate min/ft	CARBONATE W.U.W. 1 min 3 min 15 min			POROSITY Type Grade		LITHOLOGY							
2560	2605	4-6	79	83	83			Light grey to buff micritic limestone, tight and hard Dark grey brown finely laminated micritic tight and hard limestone Minor dark brown soft, argillaceous dolomite							
2605	2745	3-5	96	100	100			Buff to brown, tight and hard, micritic to fine crystal limestone locally organic							
2745	2800	3-6						Limestone as above tight and hard dolomite							

TYPE OF DRILLING				TYPE OF BIT				AGE/FORMATION			
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OIL SHOWS							GAS SHOWS															
Depth or Time	Colour	Odour	Fluorescence				26	Gas Background					Gas Shows (Kicks)									
			Direct Mud	Extr. Cuttings	Colour Intensity	From		To	%	Ratio C1/C2	C1/C3	Depth or Time	% Max.	Nature	Ratio C1/C2	C1/C3	/Choke	Kick	Density Suct.	Comp.	Sam- ple	
19	19	20	21	22	23	24	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	
							2560	2800	Traces of C <sub>1</sub>													
25 Oil/Bitumen/Fluid-Heavy-Pasty-Dry																						

MUD							REMARKS													
42 D	Gain			Loss			<div style="font-size: 2em; opacity: 0.5;">CONFIDENTIAL</div>													
	From	To	bbl/h	From	To	bbl/h														
V	43	44	45	47	48	49														
F																				
NaCl							Program													
% Fuel	Total	46		Daily Total	50		Position at 8 A.M. Drilling at 2908'													





<b>AQUITAINE</b> COMPANY OF CANADA LTD		DATE			No.		<b>DAILY REPORT</b>				FOOTAGE		LAST DEPTH		WELL NAME																								
		1 August 20/74			2 16		<b>GEOLOGY - SHOWS</b>				3 239 Ft. 4 17:30 Hr.		5 2,272 Ft.		6 Narwhal S																								
From	To	Drilling Rate	CARBONATE W.U.W			POROSITY		LITHOLOGY																															
			1 min	3 min	15 min	Type	Grade																																
7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	Predominantly limestone, white, micrite or spar calc. Occasionally porosity, corals. Minor limestone, dark buff brown, thin, tight.																														
2,033	2,272	2' - 4'	88	100	100																																		
TYPE OF DRILLING			TYPE OF BIT			16		AGE/FORMATION				17																											
OIL SHOWS							GAS SHOWS																																
Depth or Time	Colour	Odour	Fluorescence				Colour Intensity	Gas Background					Gas Shows (Kicks)																										
			Direct Mud	Extr. Cuttings	22	23		24	From	To	%	Ratio		Depth or Time	% Max.	Nature	Ratio		Duration		Density		Sample																
18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41																
							Constant Increasing Decreasing Regularly Irregularly																																
25			Oil/Bitumen/Fluid-Heavy-Pasty-Dry																																				
MUD							REMARKS																																
42	D	Gain			Loss																		Program <span style="float: right;">Drilling</span> Position at 8 A.M. <span style="float: right;">Depth = 2,395'</span>																
		From	To	bbl/h	From	To																																	bbl/h
V		43	44	45	47	48																																	49
F																																							
NsCl																																							
% Fuel		Total		46	Daily Total		50																																

<b>AQUITAINE</b> COMPANY OF CANADA LTD		DATE			No.		<b>DAILY REPORT</b> <b>GEOLOGY - SHOWS</b>				FOOTAGE		LAST DEPTH		WELL NAME							
		August 19/74			15						196 Ft		16:15 Hr.		2033 Ft.		Narwhal S					
From	To	Drilling Rate	CARBONATE W.U.W.			POROSITY		LITHOLOGY														
		min/ft	1 min	3 min	15 min	Type	Grade															
7	8		10	11	12	13	14	15	Core #1 - recovery 30' (100%)													
1837	1867																					
1867	1937	3'to17'	92	97	99				Reefal micrite white buff irregular; Limestone Brown white buff tight often hard													
TYPE OF DRILLING			TYPE OF BIT				AGE/FORMATION															
OIL SHOWS							GAS SHOWS															
Depth or Time	Colour	Odour	Fluorescence				26	Gas Background			Gas Shows (Kicks)											
			Direct		Extr.			Colour Intensity	From	To	%	Ratio		Depth or Time	% Max.	Nature	Ratio		Duration		Density	
			Mud	Cuttings									C1/C2				C1/C3				C1/C2	C1/C3
18	19	20	21	22	23	24	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	
25 Oil/Bitumen /Fluid-Heavy-Pasty-Dry							Constant Increasing Decreasing Regularly Irregularly															
MUD						REMARKS  Core #1 description = see Annex I  Program  Position at 8 A.M.																
42	D	Gain			Loss																	
		From	To	bbl/h	From																To	bbl/h
	V	43	44	45	47																48	49
	F																					
	NaCl																					
	% Fuel	Total	46	Daily Total	50																	

DESCRIPTION OF CORE #1

- from 1837' to 1867' recovery 30'
- 1% from 1837' to 1840' Limestone reefal brown buff, local anhydrite Filled vugs finely laminated fine crystalline sucrosic structure.
- 2% from 1840' to 1851' Limestone brown buff, predominantly micro-breccia Core massive bioclastic--anhydrite filled vugs and occasional intercalations (parting). Good upper 30% - Occasional fine tight beds. Interlaminated with good traces of salt still poor - dip max. 10.
- 3% from 1851' to 1853' Limestone brown reefal finely laminated algae, structure tight dip max. 10.
- 4% from 1853' to 1856' Limestone brown core massive bioclastic, salt filled pores, horizontal fractures. Bugs filled with anhydrite occasional tight finely laminated fine crystalline dip max. 20.
- 5% from 1856' to 1863' Limestone predominantly micro-breccia consisting of large cream buff block eyes to  $\phi$  1.5". Cement dark brown bioclastic anhydrite veining and filling cavities. dip max 20
- 6% from 1863' to 1865.5' Limestone grading from micro-breccia to tight reefal, vertical fracture. Dip horizontal.
- 7% from 1865.5' to 1867' Limestone grading from reefal to bioclastic, salt often filled pores. Dip horizontal.

<b>AQUITAINE</b> COMPANY OF CANADA LTD		DATE 1 August 18/74		No. 2 14		DAILY REPORT GEOLOGY - SHOWS			FOOTAGE 3 81 Ft. 4 Hr.		LAST DEPTH 5 1,837 Ft.		WELL NAME 6 Narwhal S	
From	To	Drilling Rate	CARBONATE W.U.W.			POROSITY		LITHOLOGY						
		min/ft	1 min	3 min	15 min	Type	Grade							
7 1,760	8 1,780	9 2' to 3'	10 17	11 73	12 91	13	14	15 - Buff tight dolomite anhydrite						
1,780	1,837	2' to 4'	74	78	80			- Brown thin tight good reefal limestone						
			80	86	90			- Limestone buff micrite irregular						

TYPE OF DRILLING				TYPE OF BIT				16 AGE/FORMATION				17			
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OIL SHOWS							GAS SHOWS																		
Depth or Time	Colour	Odour	Fluorescence				26	Gas Background					Gas Shows (Kicks)												
			Direct	Extr.	Colour Intensity			From	To	%	Ratio		Depth or Time	% Max.	Nature	Ratio		Duration		Density		Sample			
18	19	20	Mud	Cuttings	23	24																			
25 Oil/Bitumen/Fluid-Heavy-Pasty-Dry							Constant Increasing Decreasing Regularly Irregularly																		

MUD						REMARKS																		51			
42 D	Gain			Loss																							
	From	To	bb/h	From	To	bb/h																					
V	43	44	45	47	48	49																					
F																											
NaCl							Program																		52		
% Fuel	Total	46			Daily Total			50 Position at 8 A.M.																		53	

<b>AQUITAINE</b> COMPANY OF CANADA LTD			DATE		No.		<b>DAILY REPORT</b> <b>GEOLOGY - SHOWS</b>			FOOTAGE		LAST DEPTH		WELL NAME	
			1 Aug. 15, 1974		2 11					3 16 Ft.	4 2:15 Hr.	5 1,756 Ft.		6 Narwhal S	
From	To	Drilling Rate	CARBONATE W.U.W			POROSITY		LITHOLOGY							
			1 min	3 min	15 min	Type	Grade								
7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15							
Sonic - GR from 1,088' to 1,756'															

TYPE OF DRILLING	TYPE OF BIT	AGE/FORMATION
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OIL SHOWS							GAS SHOWS															
Depth or Time	Colour	Odour	Fluorescence				Colour Intensity	Gas Background					Gas Shows (Kicks)									
			Direct Mud	Extr. Cuttings				From	To	%	Ratio		Depth of Time	% Max.	Nature	Ratio			Duration		Density	
16	19	20	21	22	23	24	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41
							Constant Increasing Decreasing Regularly Irregularly															
							25 Oil/Bitumen / Fluid-Heavy-Pasty-Dry															

MUD							REMARKS														
D	Gain			Loss																	
	From	To	bbl/h	From	To	bbl/h															
V	43	44	45	47	48	49															
F																					
N/GI																					
Total							Program														
Daily Total							Position at B.A.M.														

<b>AQUITAINE</b> COMPANY OF CANADA LTD			DATE			No.			<b>DAILY REPORT</b> <b>GEOLOGY - SHOWS</b>			FOOTAGE		LAST DEPTH		WELL NAME	
			1 Aug. 14			2 10						3 37 Ft		4 Hr.		5 1740 Ft.	
From	To	Drilling Rate	CARBONATE W.U.W.			POROSITY		LITHOLOGY									
			1 min	3 min	15 min	Type	Grade										
		min/ft	10	11	12	13	14										
1703	1710	1'-3'						Salt									
1710	1740	2'-7'	12	43	60 (min)			Alternating grey anhydrite & dolomite with black cryptoxin to calcarenite limestone.									
			21	49	65 (max)												
<u>Since Midnight</u>																	
1740	1756	2'-7'	25	48	66	intergran.	5	Buff cryptocrystalline limestone.									
			53	71	80												
<u>NOTE: Trace of methane from 1703' to 1756'.</u>																	

TYPE OF DRILLING	TYPE OF BIT	AGE/FORMATION
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OIL SHOWS							GAS SHOWS															
Depth or Time	Colour	Odour	Fluorescence			Colour Intensity	Gas Background					Gas Shows (Kicks)										
			Direct Mud	Extr. Cuttings			From	To	%	Ratio		Depth or Time	% Max.	Nature	Ratio		Duration		Density		Sample	
18	19	20	21	22	23	24	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41
25 Oil Bitumen / Fluid-Heavy-Pasty-Dry							Constant Increasing Decreasing Regularly Irregularly															

MUD							REMARKS																													
D	Gain			Loss			Ran SONIC-G.R. from 1756' to surface after midnight.																													
	From	To	bb/h	From	To	bb/h																														
V	43	44	45	47	48	49																														
F																																				
NaCl																																				
5 Feet	Total		46	Daily Total		50	Program Position at 8 A.M. 1756 - preparing to run casing.																													





<b>AQUITAINE</b> COMPANY OF CANADA LTD		DATE		No.		<b>DAILY REPORT</b> <b>GEOLOGY - SHOWS</b>			FOOTAGE		LAST DEPTH		WELL NAME											
		12/8/74		8					421 Ft		Hr.		1707 Ft.		NARWHAL S.									
From	To	Drilling Rate	CARBONATE W.U.W			POROSITY		LITHOLOGY																
		min/ft	1 min	3 min	15 min	Type	Grade																	
7	8		10	11	12	13	14	15	Red siltstones with minor fine grained sandstones															
1286	1465	1'-3'	1	3	9																			
1465	1510	4'-6'	10	20	40				Red siltstones as above															
1510	1707	1'-3'	7	24	53				Salt with micritic dolomite and anhydrite - total of 12'															
			43	67	77				of very poor intergranular porosity															
Caliper log and Gamma log indicate salt between the following intervals:																								
1112 - 1164													- hole size greater than 22"											
1544 - 1572													- hole size 21"											
1583 - 1611													- hole size 20"											
1640 - 1705 (Logged TD)													- hole size 19"											
TYPE OF DRILLING			TYPE OF BIT			16 AGE/FORMATION			KENOGAMI						17									
OIL SHOWS							GAS SHOWS																	
Depth or Time	Colour	Odour	Fluorescence				Colour Intensity	Gas Background					Gas Shows (Kicks)											
			Direct	Extr.	Cuttings			26	From	To	%	Ratio		Depth of Time	% Max.	Nature	Ratio		Duration		Density		Sample	
Med	Cuttings	21	22	23	24	C1/C2	C1/C3					C1/C2	C1/C3				/Choke	Kick	Suct	Comp	35	36		37
18	19	20																						
25 Oil/Bitumen/Fluid-Heavy-Pasty-Dry							Constant Increasing Decreasing Regularly Irregularly																	
MUD							REMARKS										51							
D	Gain			Loss			Trace of methane 1510' - TD																	
	From	To	bbl/h	From	To	bbl/h																		
V	43	44	45	47	48	49																		
F	1320		5																					
N/Cl							Program										52							
Fuel							Position at 8 A.M.      Waiting on mud products at 1707'										53							

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<b>AQUITAINE</b> COMPANY OF CANADA LTD		DATE			No.		<b>DAILY REPORT</b> <b>GEOLOGY - SHOWS</b>			FOOTAGE		LAST DEPTH		WELL NAME	
		11/8/74			7					163 Ft.		Hr.		1286 Ft.	
From	To	Drilling Rate	CARBONATE W.U.W.			POROSITY		LITHOLOGY							
			1 min	3 min	15 min	Type	Grade								
		min/Ft	10	11	12	13	14	15							
1123	1165	3'-4'	7	12	25			Red to grey shaley siltstone, minor fine grained siltstone							
1165	1185	6'-10'						Siltstone as above							
1185	1286	2'-4'						Siltstone as above							

TYPE OF DRILLING \_\_\_\_\_ TYPE OF BIT \_\_\_\_\_ <sup>16</sup> AGE/FORMATION \_\_\_\_\_ <sup>17</sup>

OIL SHOWS							GAS SHOWS																		
Depth of Time	Colour	Odour	Fluorescence				Colour Intensity	Gas Background						Gas Shows (Kicks)											
			Direct		Extr.	Mud		Cuttings	From	To	%	Ratio			Depth of Time	% Max.	Nature	Ratio			Duration		Density		Sample
			Mud	Cuttings								C1	C2	C3				C1	C2	C3	/Choke	Kick	Suct.	Comp.	
18	19	20	21	22	23	24	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41			
							Constant Increasing Decreasing Regularly Irregularly																		

<sup>25</sup> Oil/Bitumen/Fluo-Heavy-Pasty-Dry

MUD						
D	Gain			Loss		
	From	To	bbl/h	From	To	bbl/h
V	43	44	45	47	48	49
F						
NaCl						
Feet	Total		46	Daily Total		50

<sup>26</sup> REMARKS

Program \_\_\_\_\_ <sup>52</sup>

Position at 9 A.M. \_\_\_\_\_ Drilling at 1480' <sup>53</sup>



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<b>AQUITAINE</b> COMPANY OF CANADA LTD		DATE		No.		<b>DAILY REPORT</b> <b>GEOLOGY - SHOWS</b>		FOOTAGE		LAST DEPTH		WELL NAME	
		12/8/74		5				93 Ft.		Hr.		1123 Ft.	

From	To	Drilling Rate	CARBONATE W.U.W			POROSITY		LITHOLOGY
			1 min	3 min	15 min	Type	Grade	
7	8	9 min/ft	10	11	12	13	14	15
1030	1055	2.8/4.6						No returns
1055	1123	2/3.4						on the bit, at 1121'
Mostly: red siltstone and mudstone some greenish siltstone some gypsum, anhydrite cryptocrystalline buff to greyish limestone								

TYPE OF DRILLING	TYPE OF BIT	AGE/FORMATION Possible Kenogami, western facies
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OIL SHOWS							GAS SHOWS														
Depth or Time	Colour	Odour	Fluorescence			Colour Intensity	26	Gas Background					Gas Shows (Kicks)								
			Direct Mud	Extr. Cuttings				From	To	%	Ratio C1/C2	Ratio C1/C3	Depth or Time	% Max.	Nature	Ratio C1/C2	Ratio C1/C3	Duration /Choke	Kick	Density Suct	Comp
18	19	20	21	22	23	24	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41
Oil/Bitumen /Fluid-Heavy-Pasty-Dry							Constant Increasing Decreasing Regularly Irregularly														

MUD						REMARKS															
D	Gain			Loss			running 20" casing, shoe at 1093'    Program Position at 8 A.M.														
	From	To	bbbl/h	From	To	bbbl/h															
V	43	44	45	47	48	49															
F																					
N/C1																					
Total			46	Daily Total			50														

<b>AQUITAINE</b> COMPANY OF CANADA LTD			DATE			No.		<b>DAILY REPORT</b> <b>GEOLOGY - SHOWS</b>			FOOTAGE			LAST DEPTH		WELL NAME	
			7/8/74			4					317 Ft.			1030 Ft.		NARWHAL S.	
From	To	Drilling Rate	CARBONATE W.U.W			POROSITY		LITHOLOGY									
		min/ft	1 min	3 min	15 min	Type	Grade										
7	8		10	11	12	13	14	15	No returns								
713	730	6/10.4															
730	820	2.2/5.2															
820	905	1.8/2.6															
905	1030	1.8/6.8															

TYPE OF DRILLING			TYPE OF BIT			16 AGE/FORMATION			17		
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OIL SHOWS							GAS SHOWS																	
Depth of Tone	Colour	Odour	Fluorescence				Colour Intensity	Gas Background					Gas Shows (Kicks)											
			Direct		Extr.			From	To	%	Ratio		Depth of Time	% Max.	Nature	Ratio		Duration		Density		Sample		
			Mud	Cuttings	C1/C2	C1/C3					C1/C2	C1/C3				/Choke	Kick	Suct	Comp					
18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	
							Constant Increasing Decreasing Regularly Irregularly																	

MUD							REMARKS														
D	Gain			Loss			Drilling 26" hole from 713'														
	From	To	bbl/h	From	To	bbl/h															
V	43	44	45	47	48	49															
F																					
NaCl																					
% Fuel	Total		40	Daily Total		50	Program														
							Position at 8 A.M.														



<b>AQUITAINE</b> COMPANY OF CANADA LTD.		DATE		No		<b>DAILY REPORT</b>				FOOTAGE		LAST DEPTH		WELL NAME																																								
		5/8/74		2		<b>GEOLOGY - SHOWS</b>				97 Ft.		Hr.		713 Ft.		NARWHAL S.																																						
From	To	Drilling Rate	CARBONATE W.U.W.			POROSITY		LITHOLOGY																																														
			1 min	3 min	15 min	Type	Grade																																															
		min/ft	10	11	12	13	14	15	713'- on the bit Soft white gypsum (80%) buff, cryptocrystalline, dolomite anhydrite (20%)																																													
616	635	7/15																																																				
635	665	3.4/3.4																																																				
665	695	4/7.2																																																				
695	713	9.8/13.2																																																				
TYPE OF DRILLING			TYPE OF BIT			AGE FORMATION Paleozoic at 713'																																																
OIL SHOWS						GAS SHOWS																																																
Depth of Time	Colour	Odour	Fluorescence			Colour Intensity	Gas Background				Gas Shows (Kicks)																																											
			Direct	Extr.	Colour		From	To	%	Ratio	Depth of Time	% Max.	Nature	Rate	Duration	Density	Sam.																																					
			21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41																															
							Constant Increasing Decreasing Regularly Irregularly																																															
25 Oil/Bitumen Fluid-Heavy-Pasty-Dry																																																						
MUD						REMARKS  36" hole to 713' = 30" casing set at 672'																																																
D	Gain			Loss																		Program																																
	From	To	bbl/h	From	To																																	sc/h																
V	43	44	45	47	48																																	49	Position at 8 A.M.															
F																																																						
NaCl							52																																															
Fuel	Total			45	Daily Total		50	53																																														

AQUITAINE COMPANY OF CANADA LTD.		DATE		No.		DAILY REPORT GEOLOGY - SHOWS				FOOTAGE		LAST DEPTH		WELL NAME										
		4/8/74		1		GEOLOGY - SHOWS				36 Ft.		616 Ft.		NARWHAL S.										
From	To	Drilling Rate	CARBONATE W.U.W.			POROSITY		LITHOLOGY																
			1 min	3 min	15 min	Type	Grade																	
7	8	9 min/ft	10	11	12	13	14	15																
									Sea bottom - 503' KB - 580'															
									No returns															
580	585	11.8																						
585	616	2.4/3.8							614' - on the bit				Rounded pebbles and pellets - limestone, dolomite, granite clay											
TYPE OF DRILLING			TYPE OF BIT			16			AGE - FORMATION Glacial Drift (?) At 614'								17							
OIL SHOWS							GAS SHOWS																	
Depth or Time	Colour	Odour	Fluorescence				Colour Intensity	Gas Background					Gas Shows (Kick)											
			Direct	Extr	Colour	Ratio		Depth of Time	% Max.	Nature	Ratio	Duration	Density	Sam- ple										
18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	
							25	26																
							Constant Increasing Decreasing Regularly Irregularly																	
25	Oil/Bitumen/Fluid-Heavy-Pasty-Dry																							
MUD							REMARKS																51	
42	D	Gain			Loss			Drilling 36" hole, with sea water																
		From	To	bb/h	From	To	bb/h																	
	V	43	44	45	47	48	49																	
	F																							
	NaCl							Program																52
	% Fuel	Total	46	Daily Total			50	Position at 8 A M.																53



4. CORE STUDY  
(1837-1867)

**CONFIDENTIAL**

MEMORANDUM

TO: W. W. Taylor  
FROM: G. E. Tebbutt  
RE: Narwhal Core

DATE: September 20, 1974  
FILE: EE 825.03.07

In my opinion, the laminated features noted in preliminary examinations are not stromatoporoids but result from intimate interlayering of blue-green algal encrustations and inorganic, chemically precipitated crusts; the latter are comparable with those found in caves and on other near-surface subaerially exposed rocks traversed by fresh ground waters in the vadose zone of weathering. Although each feature can, in some cases, be distinguished (algal vs. vadose) in the Narwhal core, more typically the affinities of portions of the laminated sequences cannot be readily resolved; interlayering of the two crusts is common, and fractures in algal hummocks are commonly lined with vadose coatings.

I concur with Machielse in interpreting a supratidal to shallow subtidal depositional environment; the scanty biotope seems to have been dominated by supratidal blue-green algal growth, with a few gastropods, perhaps thrown in from the sea, being the only obvious faunal constituents. By the nature of their position above mean sea level, these sediments were exposed, for substantial periods of time, to the effects of subaerial dessication and of percolation of ground waters which deposited surficial crusts as well as linings within gaps and cavernous voids. Such crusts are now being deposited in tropical carbonate terrains as normal marginal marine (e.g. island) sequences, and crusts of caliche incorporating some of these features are common in hot arid regions today. Typical in the laminated zones of the Narwhal core are heterogeneous assortments of broken fragments of laminated crusts which have been torn up and redeposited within subsequent laminations. Near the bottom of the core, several large blocks of dolomite (penecontemporaneous?) have been broken up and redeposited within spongy algal limestone. These features reveal that the crusts were accessible to surficial environmental stresses during their development (i.e. not appreciably buried). Appearance of septarian-like polygonal fractures where fragments are not rotated or greatly disturbed indicates dessication, i.e. above sea level, in the vadose zone. A thin interval of reverse graded bedding appears at the base of a laminated and nodular sequence near the top of the core; this too is common in modern caliche.

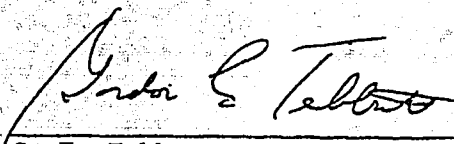
Approximately one half of the total 29 feet of core consists of medium and coarse grained lime arenites of moderately well sorted, sub-angular to subrounded nonskeletal grains; these grains may be termed "lumps" or intraclasts, and normally appear to be clastic rather than accretionary. They rest in part in a micritic matrix which sporadically has either been removed by early washing or never deposited, leaving voids. Some of these voids have been modified by secondary leaching, many are lined with drusy calcite or dolomite, and some are true fenestrae, forming a fenestral or laminoid-fenestral fabric with high potential porosity (10-15%). In this core, most pores, whatever their genesis, have been plugged by halite, or less commonly anhydrite, which reduces

# CONFIDENTIAL

- 2 -

effective porosity to a very low value. Dolomite appears throughout the core, generally in small proportions as disseminated or locally concentrated small crystals which have selectively replaced certain calcitic features, in some cases clearly outlining laminations or bedding surfaces. The only recognized fauna in these intraclastic arenites (intramicrite/sparite, or intraclastic packstone/grainstone) were a few high-spined gastropods and a few algal flakes, either of which could have originated either in the marine or terrestrial environment and furthermore could have been transported from one to the other, in either direction. Since the intraclastic arenites seem to be fairly extensive, one can favour the assumption that they were deposited under shallow subtidal marine conditions, possibly in submarine sand banks. The presence of fenestral voids in parts of the arenitic sequence suggest intertidal deposition, where variable conditions of hydraulic pressure, winnowing effects, and perhaps algal intercalations permitted preservation of anomalously large "unsupported" fenestrae. Because the halite and anhydrite crystals appear to be dominantly simple infillings of pre-existing pores rather than primary (e.g. nodular) accretions, there seems no strong necessity to elicit a "sebkha" explanation for the deposit. These salts could have been introduced at some later time unrelated to primary deposition. Incipient replacement crystals of anhydrite which transect the surrounding limestone are normal diagenetic features which could develop at any time after lithification where introduction of highly saline brines elevate salinity of formation fluids to such an extent that calcite is dissolved and gypsum or anhydrite immediately deposited in its place.

In conclusion, the entire sequence represented in the core appears to have been deposited and diagenetically modified within a few feet of sea level, with several cyclic oscillations evident.

  
G. E. Tebbutt

GET/cg  
attach.

c.c. B. A. Tillement

CONFIDENTIAL

Core Description

Feet from top

- 0 - 5 Limestone, vadose pisolite (to  $\frac{1}{2}$ cm) alternating w/laminated crusts (spongy algae + vadose cavern fill); interpisolite salt plugging 10 - 15%; variable concentrations dolomite, minor interstitial anhydrite; nuclei of pisoliths are commonly broken frags of laminated crusts which in turn are encrusted and are accompanied by small flakes and chips of microcrystalline material; laminated crusts are part algal (blue-green), part inorganic vadose; interpisolite drusy rims; anhydrite felted grey fill & dark amber secondary blades
- 5 - 11.5 Thin zone of reverse graded bedded vadose aggregates at top of sequence of medium brown lst, detrital aggregate of consolidated mg-cg amorphous grains (lumps, intraclasts), apparently nonskeletal & subangular, cemented by microcrystalline calcite, fenestral & l-f voids are common, lined w/druse which is partly dolomite, & generally filled w/halite; tr small gastropod; shows intergranular leaching & later drusification; arenite bcms finer (mg) & better sorted downward, also lighter brown; few algal flakes & plates, toward base more nearly pelletoidal, then less porous & less distinct grains, few blades  
2ndary anhydrite
- 11.5 - 13.5 Becomes med. brown, more porous (leached?) & slightly more coarsely grained w/salt fill
- 13.5 - 13.9 Zone of fine vadose (?) lamination, broken & recemented crusts
- 13.9 - 14.5 Buff milky calcareous dolomite w/v hazy ghosts of ~2-5 mm lumps, lg patches anhydrite.
- 14.5 - 15 Disturbed & recemented laminated crusts, lst w/laminae outlined by minute dol crystals, etc.
15. - 18.5 Becomes mg crust-arenite w/common fenestral & laminoid - fenestral fabric (salt plugged), leached in part, w/microcryst mx & subsequent vugs coated w/laminae & druse; some zones dense & well cemented, others have matrix removed erratically (or non dep?); includes minor fill & replacement anhydrite @ 18'
- 18.5 - 19.5 Grades into darker brown, strongly laminated blue-green algae with evident tufts & columns, etc.
- 19.5 - 22 Zone of "case-hardened" septarian-like heterogeneous frags of crusts & amorphous material, cemented in situ by vadose crusts; lg patches coarse felted dark grey anhydrite

# CONFIDENTIAL

- 2 -

- 22 - 23 Zone highly chaotic & heterog; variable crusts & vadose pisoliths, uncertain algal (?) laminations, breccia
- 23 - 24 Mottled, spongy, algal (?) material & interspersed vadose crusts
- 24 - 25 "Megabreccia", incorporating blocks of dolomite (lt gy microcryst w/lg clasts & crusts) in spongy dark brown mottled crusts; anhydrite fills voids & grows beyond
- 25 - 26 Chaotic light grey calcareous dolomite w/fracture fillings & crusts of spongy dark brown mottled lsts, caliche nodules
- 26 - 27 Caliche crusts & dolomite crusts (calcareous), nodules, etc., v. heterogeneous
- 27 - 28 Dark brown spongy, mottled lst crusts, strongly modified by calichification; lumps & granules
- 28 - 29 Medium brown limestone, mg-cg, granular, variable fenestrae - some leached, etc.; salt plugging, weak bedding

Core #1 18370

AQUITAINE ET AL NARUNAL S N-58

18370

CORE #1

18570'

AQUITAINE ET AL NARVAL S N-58

18660'

5

CORE LABORATORIES - CANADA, LTD.

Company AQUITAINE COMPANY OF CANADA LTD.  
 Well AQUITAINE ET AL NARWHAL S N-58  
 Field WILDCAT - NARWHAL SOUTH  
 Location 58° 07' 56.00" N. LAT.  
 84° 08' 16.00" W. LONG.

Formation  
 Drilling Fluid WATER BASE MUD  
 Elevation  
 Analysis FULL DIAMETER  
 Remarks

Page 1 of 2  
 File 7004-4479  
 Date Report SEPT. 30/74  
 Analysts SP NR

AST - APPEARS SIMILAR TO  
 \* - BADLY ENCLOSED  
 \*\* - PERMEABILITY > 3000 MD  
 - PERMEABILITY \*  
 FS - FINE SAND  
 MS - MEDIUM SAND  
 CS - COARSE SAND  
 CONG - CONGLOMERATE  
 DOL - DOLOMITE  
 SH - SHALE  
 LM - LIMY  
 SHY - SHALY  
 BK - BREAK  
 BIT - BITUMINOUS  
 CARB - CARBONACEOUS  
 A - ANHYDRITE  
 FOSS - FOSSILIFEROUS  
 XLT - CRYSTALLINE  
 LAM - LAMINATIONS  
 V - VUGULAR  
 LV - LARGE VUGS  
 SV - SMALL VUGS  
 PPV - PIN POINT VUGS  
 I - INTERPLANAR  
 STY - SYNCLINIC  
 HF - HORIZONTAL FRACTURE  
 VF - VERTICAL FRACTURE  
 SP - SMALL PLUG SAMPLE  
 ST - STROM  
 V - VUGS  
 W - WELLS

Sample Number	Interval Represented, Feet		Permeability to Air, Millidarcys			Permeability Feet	Porosity, Per Cent	Porosity Feet	Density, gm/cc		PLUG LENGTH IN CM.	VELOC EXAMINATION
	Depth	Thick	K Max	K90°	KV				Bulk	Grain		
CORED INTERVAL 1837' - 1867'												
CORE NO. 1 1837' - 1867' (REC. 29') (11 BOXES)												
1	1837.0-37.7	0.7	-0.1	-0.1	-0.1	-	1.2	0.84	2.63	2.67	13.46	FEW SV PPV STROM
2	1837.7-38.6	0.9	1.72	0.32	-0.1	1.55	2.5	2.25	2.59	2.66	20.29	SV PPV
3	1838.6-39.7	1.1	4.90	3.84	-0.1	5.39	1.4	1.54	2.63	2.67	13.04	FEW SV PPV
4	1839.7-40.7	1.0	0.02	-0.1	-0.1	0.02	1.8	1.80	2.60	2.65	15.55	SV PPV STROM
5	1840.7-41.5	0.8	-0.1	-0.1	-0.1	-	0.8	0.64	2.65	2.68	17.51	FEW SV FEW PPV
6	1841.5-42.4	0.9	-0.1	-0.1	-0.1	-	1.0	0.90	2.67	2.70	18.82	SV PPV
7	1842.4-43.4	1.0	-0.1	-0.1	-0.1	-	1.4	1.40	2.62	2.65	14.13	SV PPV
8	1843.4-44.2	0.8	47.70	38.20	-0.1	38.16	2.9	2.32	2.55	2.62	14.13	SV PPV
9	1844.2-44.9	0.7	492.00	339.00	54.20	344.40	2.8	1.96	2.50	2.57	11.71	SV PPV
10	1844.9-45.7	0.8	206.00	187.00	15.70	164.80	2.6	2.08	2.51	2.57	19.48	FEW SV PPV
11	1845.7-46.8	1.1	226.00	208.00	152.00	248.60	2.7	2.97	2.49	2.56	23.56	FEW SV PPV
12	1846.8-47.9	1.1	0.29	0.29	-0.1	0.32	1.7	1.87	2.57	2.61	23.13	PPV
13	1847.9-48.9	1.0	-0.1	-0.1	-0.1	-	0.6	0.60	2.61	2.62	14.20	DENSE
14	1848.9-49.7	0.8	2.93	1.65	-0.1	2.34	1.4	1.12	2.58	2.62	20.70	FEW SV PPV
15	1849.7-50.7	1.0	208.00	193.00	73.80	208.00	2.8	2.80	2.50	2.58	11.72	SV PPV
16	1850.7-51.2	0.5	13.30	8.45	-0.1	6.65	2.0	1.00	2.59	2.64	9.78	SV PPV
17	1851.2-52.0	0.8	0.42	0.24	-0.1	0.34	2.5	2.00	2.63	2.70	8.85	FEW SV PPV
18	1852.0-52.9	0.9	-0.1	-0.1	-0.1	-	0.9	0.81	2.65	2.68	21.04	PPV
19	1852.9-53.8	0.9	2390.00	534.00	94.40	2151.00	3.5	3.15	2.47	2.56	19.20	SV PPV
20	1853.8-54.5	0.7	376.00	198.00	5.01	263.20	2.8	1.96	2.52	2.60	17.15	SV PPV
21	1854.5-55.8	1.3	1420.00	1200.00	-0.1	1846.00	3.2	4.16	2.48	2.56	20.47	SV PPV
22	1855.8-57.3	1.5	19.10	0.18	-0.1	28.65	0.9	1.35	2.63	2.65	24.68	FEW SV FEW PPV
23	1857.3-58.7	1.4	-0.1	-0.1	-0.1	-	1.4	1.96	2.64	2.67	15.70	FEW SV FEW PPV
24	1858.7-60.0	1.3	0.06	-0.1	-0.1	0.08	1.2	1.56	2.65	2.68	28.05	FEW SV FEW PPV



CORE LABORATORIES - CANADA, LTD.

Company AQUITAINE COMPANY OF CANADA LTD.  
Well AQUITAINE ET AL NARWHAL S N-58

Formation  
Drilling Fluid WATER BASE MUD

Page 2 of 2  
File 7004-4479

Sample Number	Interval Represented, Feet		Permeability to Air, Millidarcys			Permeability Feet	Porosity, Per Cent	Porosity Feet	Density, gm./cc.		PLUG LENGTH IN CM.	Visual Examination
	Depth	Thick	K Max	K90 <sup>P</sup>	KV				Bulk	Grain		
CORE NO. 1 (CONT'D)												
25	1860.0-60.6	0.6	135.00	82.40	10.00	81.00	3.4	2.04	2.49	2.58	13.36	SV PPV
26	1860.6-61.5	0.9	1.67	-0.1	-0.1	1.50	0.8	0.72	2.61	2.63	17.69	SV PPV
27	1861.5-63.2	1.7	-0.1	-0.1	-0.1	-	0.6	1.02	2.66	2.68	27.81	SV PPV
28	1863.2-64.4	1.2	-0.1	-0.1	-0.1	-	0.9	1.08	2.62	2.65	14.36	SV PPV
29	1864.4-65.0	0.6	-0.1	-0.1	-0.1	-	0.7	0.42	2.58	2.60	12.52	FEW SV PPV
30	1865.0-65.5	0.5	290.00	120.00	0.06	145.00	3.3	1.65	2.49	2.57	12.57	SV PPV
31	1865.5-66.0	0.5	0.42	-0.1	-0.1	0.21	1.9	0.95	2.57	2.62	12.23	SV PPV
-	1866.0-67.0	1.0	-1.0	-1.0	-1.0	-	-1.0	-1.0	-1.0	-1.0	-	LOST CORE

NOTE: SALT WASHED OUT DURING CORING HAS ADDED TO THE PORE VOLUME OF THESE SAMPLES.  
THEREFORE POROSITIES REPORTED MAY NOT REPRESENT TRUE RESERVOIR VALUES.



5. WATER ANALYSIS



Plastic

WATER ANALYSIS

7021-41202

CONTAINER IDENTITY

LABORATORY NUMBER

Aquitaine Company of Canada Ltd.

1 of 2

58° 07' 56.00 N.L.  
 84° 08' 16.00 W.L.

OPERATOR

Aquitaine et al Narwhal S N-58

PAGE

77' 503'  
KB-SELEV. CHD-SELEV.

LOCATION

WELL OR SAMPLE LOCATION NAME

Narwhal South, Atlantic Offshore

KB-Sea level Water depth

FIELD OR AREA

POOL OR ZONE

SAMPLER

TEST TYPE & NO.

TEST RECOVERY

Water Flow (Base)

POINT OF SAMPLE

AMT. & TYPE CUSHION

MUD RESISTIVITY

1700' - 2300'

PUMPING

FLOWING

GAS LIFT

SWAB

WATER

BBLS/D.

OIL

BBLS/D.

GAS

MFC/D.

TEST INTERVALS OR PERFS.

SEPARATOR RESERVOIR

CONTAINER WHEN SAMPLED

CONTAINER WHEN RECEIVED

SEPARATOR

PRESSURES, PSIG

TEMPERATURES, °F

Sept. 6/74

Sept. 9/74

AA

DATE SAMPLED (D/M/Y)

DATE RECEIVED (D/M/Y)

DATE ANALYSED (D/M/Y)

ANALYST

REMARKS

ION	MG/L	MG%	MEQ/L
Na+K	6864	1.6	298.6
K			
Ca	118364	28.4	5906.4
Mg	18112	4.3	1488.7
Ba			
Sr			
Fe		TRACE	

ION	MG/L	MG%	MEQ/L
Cl	272146	65.3	7676.2
Br			
I			
HCO <sub>3</sub>	1167	0.3	19.1
SO <sub>4</sub>	0	0.0	0.0
CO <sub>3</sub>	0	0.0	0.0
OH	0	0.0	0.0
H <sub>2</sub> S	NOT DETECTED		

TOTAL SOLIDS MG/L

BY EVAPORATION @ 110°C

BY EVAPORATION @ 180°C

416653

AT IGNITION

CALCULATED

1.3267 @ 60°F

1.4211 @ 21°C

SPECIFIC GRAVITY

REFRACTIVE INDEX

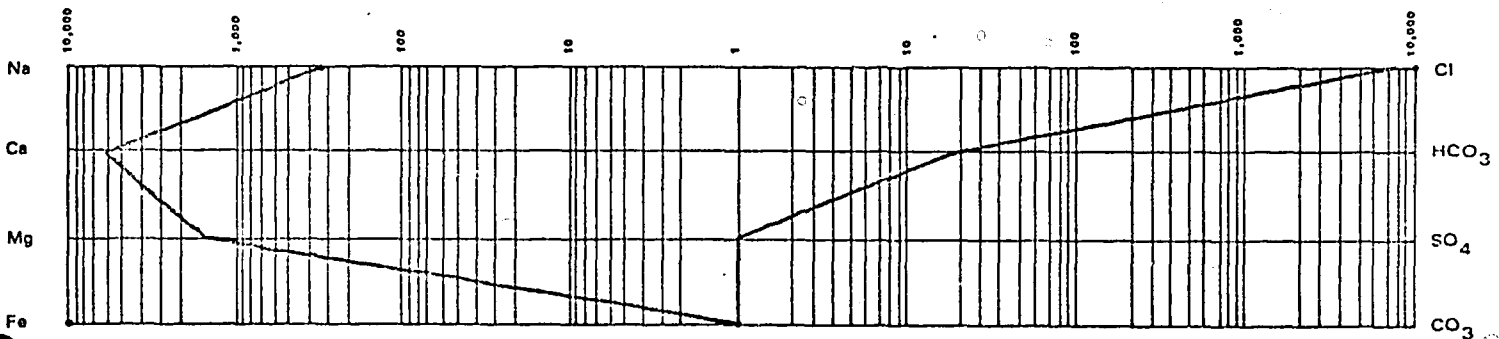
6.6

0.084

pH

RESISTIVITY (OHM/METERS) @ 25°C

LOGARITHMIC PATTERN MEQ PER LITER



REMARKS

NaCl equiv 427995



Plastic

WATER ANALYSIS

7021-41202

CONTAINER IDENTITY

LABORATORY NUMBER

Aquitaine Company of Canada Ltd.

2 of 2

58° 07' 56.00 N.L.

OPERATOR

PAGE

84° 08' 16.00 W.L.

Aquitaine et al Narwhal S N-58

77'

503'

LOCATION

WELL OR SAMPLE LOCATION NAME

NO. FEET

CAL. FEET

Narwhal South, Atlantic Offshore

KB - sea level water depth.

FIELD OR AREA

POOL OR ZONE

SAMPLER

TEST TYPE & NO.

TEST RECOVERY

Water Flow (Top)

@ OF

POINT OF SAMPLE

AMT. & TYPE CUSHION

MUD RESISTIVITY

1700' - 2300'

PUMPING

FLOWING

GAS LIFT

SWAB

TEST INTERVALS OR PERFS.

WATER

BBL/D.

OIL

BBL/D.

GAS

MFC/D.

SEPARATOR RESERVOIR

@ OF CONTAINER WHEN SAMPLED

@ OF CONTAINER WHEN RECEIVED

SEPARATOR

PRESSURES, PSIG

TEMPERATURES, °F

Sept. 6/74

Sept. 9/74

AA

DATE SAMPLED (D/M/Y)

DATE RECEIVED (D/M/Y)

DATE ANALYSED (D/M/Y)

ANALYST

REMARKS

ION	MG/L	MG%	MEQ/L
Na+K	24864	5.1	1081.5
K			
Ca	127951	26.5	6384.8
Mg	16547	3.4	1360.1
Ba			
Sr			
Fe		TRACE	

ION	MG/L	MG%	MEQ/L
Cl	312298	64.7	8808.8
Br			
I			
HCO <sub>3</sub>	1162	0.2	19.0
SO <sub>4</sub>	6	0.0	0.1
CO <sub>3</sub>	0	0.0	0.0
OH	0	0.0	0.0
H <sub>2</sub> S		NOT DETECTED	

TOTAL SOLIDS MG/L

BY EVAPORATION @ 110°C

BY EVAPORATION @ 110°C

482828

AT IGNITION

CALCULATED

1.3446 @ 60°F

1.4256 @ 21°C

SPECIFIC GRAVITY

REFRACTIVE INDEX

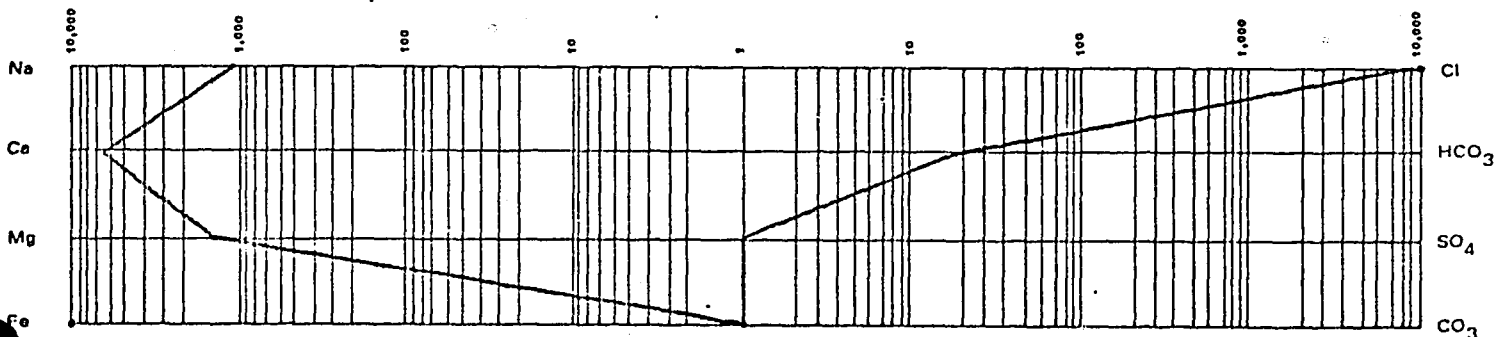
5.8

0.085 @ 25°C

pH

RESISTIVITY (OHM/METERS)

LOGARITHMIC PATTERN MEQ PER LITER



REMARKS

NaCl equiv 492127

6. LOGGING



TO: M. E. Hriskevich  
FROM: A. J. Brinker  
RE: Aquitaine et al Narwhal N-58  
Log Evaluation

DATE: September 10, 1974  
FILE: W. F. (Narwhal N-58)

**CONFIDENTIAL**

Well Data

Elevation, K.B.:	77'
K.B. to Sea Floor:	580'
Casing:	30" to 672' K.B. 20" to 1093' K.B. 13 3/8" to 1,737' K.B.
Total Depth:	4,341' ✓
Logs:	DLL, CNL/FDC to 1,706' BHC-SGR to 1,756' DLL, CNL/FDC, BHC-SGRC, HDT to 4,341'

Summary of Log Evaluation

A complete suite of logs were run with the exception of a DLL and MLL. The DLL equipment failed at the time of running and delay in bringing in another tool made it necessary to waive the operation. The MLL was not run because there did not appear to be any potential hydrocarbon reservoirs and it would not be of much value anyway without the DLL.

A GR and CNL was run through 20" casing with the GR indicating increasing shaliness below 797'. The CNL is useless because of casing/large hole effect.

Logs of 17 $\frac{1}{2}$ " intermediate hole indicate: shale, 1,090' - 1,112'. Salt 1,112 - 1,165'. Shale/Siltstone 1,165 - 1,495' with a band of Sandstone 1,350 - 1,370, porosity of 5-8%, logs indicate some salt or gypsum within the sandstone. Shaly dolomite 1,495 - 1,544'. Salt 1,544 - 1,710' with bands of salt infilled dolomite. Dolomite 1,710' - 1,752' (sonic log only).

Logs for the 12 $\frac{1}{4}$ " hole from 1,756 to 4,262 indicate the interval to be primarily a tight limestone with bands of dolomite, anhydrite, salt and shaly material, some salt and gypsum infilling. Porosity is intermittent and generally in the dolomitic rock. Complex mixtures of rock make it difficult, in some cases, to determine the difference between porosity and lithology change. Resistivities are low and are generally depressed opposite effective porous intervals indicating all effective porosity to be water bearing. The interval 4,262 to total depth is a porous conglomerate for 14' and granite for remainder. Circulation after logging indicated calcium chloride water from 1,900' to 2,900' which may have come from intervals 2,823' - 2,852' and 2,884' - 2,930'.

The following is a summary of major lithology changes and location of porous intervals for 12 $\frac{1}{4}$ " hole below 13 3/8" casing, see Details of Log Evaluation for additional information.

The interval 1,756' - 2,550' is primarily a tight limestone, some salt and gypsum infilling, thin bands of poor porosity. Dipmeter indicates base of reefal material to be at 2,550'.

The interval 2,550' - 2,823' is a tight limestone with shaly material 2,550' - 2,600' and anhydrite 2,740' - 2,755'.

The interval 2,823' - 2,930' is dolomitic limestone, dolomite and limestone with anhydrite 2,856' - 2,884'. The dolomite and dolomitic limestone has approximately 40' of effective porosity, 6 - 12%, and a water saturation of 65% if  $R_w$  is .040 at BHT.

The interval 2,930' - 3,286' is primarily a limestone, dolomitic in part, some gypsum infilling, band of anhydrite, intermittent poor porosity.

The interval 3,286' - 3,362' is salt, dolomite bands in bottom 14'.

The interval 3,362' - 3,637' is tight limestone, porous dolomite with gypsum infilling and bands of anhydrite. The dolomite porosity over approximately 60' of the interval ranges from 6 to 14% with water saturation of 40 to 70% using an  $R_w$  of .035 at BHT.

The interval 3,637' - 4,262' is a tight limestone, slightly dolomitic in part with some poor porosity in the dolomitic sections. Dolomite with gypsum infilling from 3,938' - 3,976', porosity in dolomite is 3-13% from CNL/FDC but sonic generally indicates poor porosity.

The interval 4,262' - 4,276' is conglomerate from samples. Porosity of 17% from logs and  $S_w$  of 40% if  $R_w$  is .035 at BHT and if  $R_t$  from deep induction is correct.

#### Details of Log Evaluation

- 500' - 1,088' Ran GR and CNL through casing. GR indicates increasing shaliness below 797'. The CNL is useless because of casing effect.
- 1,088' - 1,112' Logs indicate shale.
- 1,112' - 1,165' Salt, hole size in excess of 22", logs indicate wall face to be rough which is probably due to the presence of some argillaceous dolomite.
- 1,165' - 1,200' Shaly dolomite, minor salt infilling.



- 1,200' - 1,350' Shale/Siltstone, dolomitic stringers, minor salt infilling, hole conditions are good, very slightly oversize.
- 1,350' - 1,370' Sandstone, shaly in part, slightly dolomitic, some salt or gypsum infilling, porosity of 5 - 8%.
- 1,370' - 1,495' Shale/Siltstone, dolomitic in part, hole conditions are good.
- 1,544' - 1,710' Salt with bands of dolomite and salt infilled dolomite; hole is only 1/2" to 2 1/2" oversize in salt sections indicating that drilling fluid is almost saturated at this point.
- 1,710 - 1,752' Dolomite/Limestone (sonic log only).
- 1,756' - 1,774' Dolomite and Anhydrite, 4' of porosity otherwise tight.
- 1,774' - 1,779' Limestone,  $\phi$  6%, drop in resistivity indicating a permeable, water bearing horizon, Sw is 70% if Rw is .040 and if Rt from DIL is correct.
- 1,779' - 2,336' Limestone, intermittent salt infilling, tight except for interval 1,988' - 1,995 which has a porosity of 6 - 8%, Sw is 40% if Rw is .040 and Rt is correct. Bands of salt? 2,206' - 09' and 2,226' - 29', CNL/FDC effected by rough hole.
- 2,336' - 2,390' Limestone, dolomitic? or gypsum? intermittent porosity of 6 - 8%, drop in Rt opposite porous horizons, Sw indicated to be 50 - 60%. Hole is oversize and rough indicating some leaching from drilling fluid.
- 2,390' - 2,474' Limestone, tight.
- 2,474' - 2,550' In part similar to interval 2,336' - 2,390'. Dipmeter indicates a change of formation at 2,550', possibly base of reefal material.
- 2,550' - 2,600' Limestone, shaly, thin band of dolomite 2,572' - 2,577', tight.
- 2,600' - 2,740' Limestone, generally tight, 3 - 6% porosity 2,610' - 2,620' and 2,700' - 2,720'.
- 2,740' - 2,755' Anhydrite, some dolomite.
- 2,755' - 2,780' Limestone, slightly dolomitic,  $\phi$  9%, Sw 65% using Rw of .040. Location of calcium chloride water after logging might indicate that this interval is the source of this water.

- 2,780' - 2,795' Limestone, some anhydrite? tight.
- 2,795' - 2,823' Limestone, tight.
- 2,823' - 2,852' Limestone, slightly dolomitic,  $\phi$  9%, Sw 65% using Rw of .040. Location of calcium chloride water after logging might indicate that this interval is the source of the water.
- 2,852' - 2,856' Probably limestone and gypsum.
- 2,856' - 2,884' Anhydrite, some dolomite.
- 2,884' - 2,930' Dolomite, limestone and some gypsum? then bands of porosity, 6 - 12%, drop in resistivity opposite porous intervals, also possible source of calcium chloride water.
- 2,930' - 3,003' Limestone tight.
- 3,003' - 3,037' Limestone/Dolomite,  $\phi$  of 6%, probably a fine porosity, water bearing.
- 3,037' - 3,082' Limestone, gypsum at 3,055', poor porosity?
- 3,082' - 3,093' Dolomite and anhydrite, gypsum infilling in the dolomite.
- 3,093' - 3,108' Dolomite, gypsum, possibly porous with a porosity of 3 - 4%.
- 3,108' - 3,273' Limestone, dolomitic in part, essentially tight except for thin band of dolomite 3,199' - 3,204',  $\phi$  15%, Sw 45% (Rw .035).
- 3,286' - 3,348' Salt, oversize hole with relatively smooth bore hole face except for bottom 14', some dolomite in bottom 14'.
- 3,348' - 3,362' Dolomite and salt.
- 3,362' - 3,380' Dolomite, porosity 6%, Sw 70%.
- 3,380' - 3,436' Limestone, dolomitic, shaly 3,431'-36' tight.
- 3,436' - 3,440' Anhydrite.
- 3,440' - 3,448' Dolomitic limestone, tight.
- 3,448' - 3,480' Limestone, poor fine porosity.
- 3,480' - 3,510' Dolomite, argillaceous in part, band of anhydrite, possibly some gypsum porosity intermittent at 8 - 14%, drop in resistivity opposite porous intervals.
- 3,510' - 3,545' Limestone, tight.

- 3,545' - 3,568' Anhydrite, dolomite bands.
- 3,568' - 3,584' Dolomite, minor porosity.
- 3,584' - 3,598' Limestone, tight.
- 3,598' - 3,608' Dolomite, shaly,  $\phi$  10%, Sw 40%.
- 3,608' - 3,617' Anhydrite.
- 3,617' - 3,626' Limestone, tight.
- 3,626' - 3,632' Anhydrite.
- 3,632' - 3,637' Dolomite limestone, poor porosity.
- 3,637' - 3,660' Limestone, tight.
- 3,660' - 3,670' Dolomite/limestone, poor porosity?
- 3,670' - 3,938' Limestone, tight, dolomitic 3,870' - 3,903' with some poor porosity.
- 3,938' - 3,976' Dolomite and limestone, porosity of 3 - 13%, drilling times do not indicate good porosity, sonic log does not indicate good porosity except in the lower 4' where there is a drop in resistivity in high porosity from CNL is probably due to inclusions of gypsum.
- 3,976' - 3,988' Limestone, tight.
- 3,988' - 3,993' Dolomitic limestone,  $\phi$  5%.
- 3,993' - 4,262' Limestone, tight.
- 4,262' - 4,276' Sandstone,  $\phi$  17%, Sw 40% (Rw .035)  
Sw 73% (Rw .10)

Formation water is probably in the order of 100,000 ppm NaCl for an Rw of .035 to .04 at BHT of 150°F. Relationship of deep and medium resistivity measurements opposite porous horizons indicate the formation water salinity to be slightly lower than the mud filtrate salinity.

4,276' - T.D. Precambrian.

AJB/dl

AQUITAINE & AL. - NARWHAL SOUTH nr.1 - N 58

(HUDSON BAY, CANADA)

- GEOLOGICAL AND GEOCHEMICAL STUDY -

Note R/GEO n°48/75

February 19, 1975

COLOURED PAPER  
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SOCIETE NATIONALE DES PETROLES D'AQUITAINE  
DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY AND MINES  
C. R. P. - GEOLOGY

AQUITAINE & AL. - NARWHAL SOUTH nr.1 - N 58  
(HUDSON BAY, CANADA)  
- GEOLOGICAL AND GEOCHEMICAL STUDY -

Note R/GEO n°48/75

February 19, 1975

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**MAIN RESULTS**

The various formations intercepted in the borehole can be stratigraphically compared with those known elsewhere in Hudson Bay, on the basis of microfauna and microflora : their attributions have been summarized in figure 2. The most surprising fact is the occurrence of Permian and/or Carboniferous palynomorphs in the upper part of the section, under glacial drift.

The source-rock potential of the whole section must be regarded as low, due to insufficient maturation, in spite of some organic matter enrichments in the Severn and Bad Cache Rapids Formations.

The present report is a tentative synthesis of all stratigraphic, petrographic, mineralogical and geochemical analyses made by the geological staff of the S.N.P.A. Research Centre on the Narwhal South well. The preliminary results exposed in the note R/GEO n° 268/74 of October 28, 1974 ("flash study nr. 7") have been thus completed and updated hereafter.

## 1. / BIOSTRATIGRAPHY /

### 1.1. PALYNOPLANKTOLOGY

Between 614' and 4,280', fifty-two palynological slides were made. The samples were almost exclusively cuttings except for the core n° 1 (1,837'-1,867') and the materials recovered on the bit at 614' and 713'. The maximum spacing between each composite sample is 100'.

The analysis of these slides has shown that this well is very irregularly fossiliferous from the palynoplanktological point of view. It is possible to distinguish three main and very different intervals on the basis of kinds and abundance of microfossils.

- 1/ from 614' to 1,790' : Spores and saccate Pollens are present but rather scarce.
- 2/ from 1,837' to 2,390' : interval devoid of palynoplanktological material.
- 3/ from 2,480' to 4,280' : Acritarchs, Chitinozoans and Scolecodonts are very abundant.

The observation of all these categories of microorganisms has given palynostratigraphical subdivisions derived from our Canadian scale established for these regions (Note R/GEO n° 354/70) on one hand, and the paper 67-11 of MS. BARSS (1967) "Carboniferous and Permian Spores of Canada" on the other hand. Seven of these eight subdivisions are positive ; one is negative and mainly corresponds to the Silurian (in these regions, the Silurian is generally very poor to barren from the palynoplanktological point of view).

We describe hereafter the different intervals which can be recognized, their palynoplanktological contents and their assumed age.

1.1.1. 614'

Very poor and disparate association composed of :

Disaccate Pollens  
 Punctate periporate Pollen  
 Cicatricosisporites aff. dorogensis  
 Granulate spore type 22 (Devonian)  
 Hymenozonotriletes variabilis (Devonian)

Some of them are certainly reworked (Devonian) because they are incongruous ; but it seems normal in a glacial drift to contain mixed associations of different age.

Assumed age : "Cretaceous to Oligocene ?"

1.1.2. 713'

The Spores and saccate Pollens in this assemblage are very scarce. There are :

Disaccate Pollens  
 Nusko'sporites sp.  
 Spore type 1067

It is not possible to secure the datation but we propose :

Assumed age : "Permian to Carboniferous"

for this evaporite (gypsum and anhydrite).

1.1.3. 1,135'-1,160'

This level is fairly fossiliferous. The Spores and Saccate Pollens are numerous enough and various. It is possible to recognize :

Florinites sp.  
 Limitisporites sp.  
 Lophotriletes microsaetosus  
 Punctatisporites staplini  
 Convolutispora sp.  
 Lycospora brevijuga  
 Reticulatisporites mediareticulatus  
 Triquitrites bransonii  
 Verrucatosporites sp. 16 231 (BARSS)  
 Densosporites sp. 16 411 (BARSS)  
 Laevigatosporites desmoinensis



Leiotriletes adnatus  
 Lycospora pseudoannulata  
 Endosporites globiformis

Following the paper of M.S. BARSS relative to Canada, the date-  
 tion of this sample may be secured.

Assumed age : "Westphalian B-C"

Remarks -

It is the first time that we find sediments of Carboniferous  
 age in the Hudson Bay.

The "Kenogami" name which has been assigned to this interval  
 seems to be improper in our opinion.

1.1.4. 1,220'-1,250'

This composite sample includes only some species of Spores, but  
 they are very characteristic :

Leiotriletes sp. (Sr 14)  
 Leiozonotriletes laurelensis (Sr 54)  
 Geminospora lemurata (Sr 129)  
 Stenozonotriletes simplex (Sr 137)

According to our studies of these regions, this assemblage  
 corresponds to the units 3-4 of our scale.

Assumed age : "Eifelian to Emsian"

The name "Kenogami" seems to be appropriate for this interval.

1.1.5. 1,837'-2,390'

Interval absolutely barren : might be of Silurian age with  
 regard to the fact that palynoplanktological microorganisms are often  
 lacking in this stratigraphic unit in Hudson Bay. The attribution to  
 the Ekwan Formation would therefore be consistent with previous obser-  
 vations.

1.1.6. 2,480'-2,510'

This interval has only provided some Acritarchs belonging to the family of Tasmanaceae ; their stratigraphic range is large.

Assumed age : "Eifelian to Ashgillian"

1.1.7. 2,570'-3,290'

This is the first interval containing an abundant and various assemblage of Acritarchs, Chitinozoans and Scolecodonts. The major species or types are :

- Among the Acritarchs :

Hy 121

Hy 178 - *Baltisphaeridium* aff. *dilatispinosum*

Hy 180

Hy 205 - *Veryhachium* sp.

Hy 321

Hy 326

Hy 355 - *Polygonium* sp.Hy 358 - *Polygonium* sp.

which are restricted to this interval, and the appearance of :

Hy 10 - *Combazia* cf. *sampetrensis*Hy 318 - *Veryhachium* sp.

There are also many Tasmanaceae, but as it has been mentioned above, these ones have little stratigraphic importance.

- Among the Chitinozoans :Cz 11b - *Desmochitina oblonga*Cz 93b - *Desmochitina* sp.Cz 131 - *Sphaerochitina sphaerocephala*Cz 151 - *Desmochitina sulcata*Cz 182 - *Ancyrochitina aculeata*Cz 220b - *Rhabdochitina claviformis*Cz 301 - *Conochitina micracantha comma*Cz 340 - *Conochitina tomentosa*Cz 346 - *Conochitina gordonensis*

Cz 347 - *Conochitina* sp.

Cz 349 - *Conochitina probocifera*

which are restricted to the interval, and the appearance of :

Cz 39b - *Conochitina brevis*

Cz 126 - *Sphaerochitina schwalbi*

Cz 132 - *Ancyrochitina fragilis*

Cz 189 - *Sphaerochitina pilosa*

Cz 220a - *Conochitina decipiens*

Cz 303 - *Sphaerochitina macrostoma*

Cz 332 - *Conochitina simplex*

Cz 358 - *Ancyrochitina* sp.

- Among the Scolecodonts :

D 18 - *Oenonites fornicatus*

D 20 - *Paleoenonites delae*

D 42 - *Eunicites mutabilis*

D 55 - cf. *Polychaetaspis* sp.

D 136 - *Polychaetaspis wyszogradensis*

D 174

which are restricted to this interval.

The combined ranges of all these microorganisms nearly fit with the units 7/8 and 7 C.UP-PA of our scale and we can assume that their age is :

"Ashgillian"

Remarks -

According to the palynoplanktological analysis, the major biostratigraphic limit in this well is situated between 2,510' and 2,570' and the base of the Ekwan Formation placed at 2,545' on the log seems to be very accurate.

The interval numbered 7 (2,570'-3,290') is already "Upper Ordovician" in age : this is not in agreement with the attribution to the Severn Formation and the Conodont results. One can assume that a particular environment or a facies variation might explain this discrepancy.

1.1.8. 3,320'-4,280'

As in the preceding interval, Acritarchs, Chitinozoans and Scolecodonts are numerous and various. But if some species are the same, some other ones appear. We can quote :

- Acritarchs :

- Hy 3 - *Veryhachium lairdi*
- Hy 36 - *Veryhachium subglobosum*
- Hy 78 - *Dasydiacrodium* sp.
- Hy 81 - *Baltisphaeridium klabavensis*
- Hy 82 - *Veryhachium* sp.
- Hy 83 - *Peteinosphaeridium bergströmi*
- Hy 87 - *Baltisphaeridium saharicum*
- Hy 101
- Hy 212 - *Baltisphaeridium*
- Hy 266 - *Polygonium spinosum*
- Hy 320 - *Baltisphaeridium* sp.
- Hy 359

- Chitinozoans :

- Cz 20 - *Conochitina* cf. *decipiens*
- Cz 35 - *Cyathochitina calix*
- Cz 39c - *Conochitina micracantha*
- Cz 89 - *Conochitina aculeata*
- Cz 94 - *Hoegisphaera complanata*
- Cz 163c - *Ancyrochitina ancyrea*
- Cz 229 - *Cyathochitina campanulaeformis*
- Cz 302 - *Cyathochitina stentor*
- Cz 311 - *Desmochitina minor*
- Cz 314 - *Desmochitina erinacea*
- Cz 317 - *Conochitina cactacea*
- Cz 318 - *Conochitina micracantha micracantha*
- Cz 324 - *Ancyrochitina* sp.
- Cz 325 - *Hercochitina* sp.
- Cz 326 - *Hercochitina* sp.
- Cz 327 - *Hercochitina* sp.
- Cz 328 - *Hercochitina crickmayi*
- Cz 336 - *Conochitina* sp.
- Cz 338 - *Conochitina* sp.
- Cz 342 - *Conochitina* sp.

- Scolecodonts :

- D 5 - Eunicites denticulatus
- D 18 - Oenonites fornicatus
- D 26 - Paulinites paranaensis
- D 39 - Paleoenonites angiportus
- D 53 - Oenonites kopfi
- D 61 - Eunicites alveolaris
- D 68 - Arabellites sp.
- D 97 - Oenonites orthodontus
- D 104 - Oenonites sp.
- D 120 - Paleoenonites armigerus
- D 122 - Oenonites crepitus
- D 125 - Diopatraites sulcatus
- D 134 - Staurocephalites aequilateralis
- D 148 - Pollagenys sp.
- D 162 - Anisocerasites acanthophorus
- D 164 - Oenonites grandidentatus
- D 165
- D 167 - Oenonites canaliculatus
- D 175
- D 176 - Lumbriconercites hibbardi
- D 201
- D 218

The combined vertical distributions of all these microfossils correspond to the units 5-7, 3,320'-3,440'/3,470' and 5-6, 3,440'/3,470'-4,280' of our canadian scale.

Assumed age : "Ashgillian to Upper Caradocian"

This stratigraphic attribution is in agreement with the Churchill River and Bad Cache Rapid Formations but we cannot separate them from each other on the basis of palynoplanktology.

## 1.2. MICROFAUNA (CONODONTS AND OTHER MICROFOSSILS)

By means of the acid treatment carried out on 47 samples grouped every 50' between 1,125' and 4,280', we have been able to satisfactorily identify most of the Ordovician and Silurian biozones previously worked out in the Hudson Bay wells (cuttings apparently in situ). A complementary analysis allowed to observe a mixture of Recent and Devonian forms between 614' and 713'.

Below, we shall readopt for each biozone the denomination and colour code used in Note R/GEO n° 130/74. Plate II presents the biozones and the correlations between Narwhal and the other wells. Plate I shows the specific distributions observed in the Narwhal section.

### 1.2.1. Principal results

#### 1.2.1.1. Interval 614'-713'

A mixture of Recent species (Ostracodes, Foraminifera) and of Devonian Crinoids and Tentaculitids (equivalent with those observed in 2,200'-3,050' interval of Walrus A-71 : Middle to Upper Devonian) has been observed.

#### 1.2.1.2. Silurian

- Interval 1,130'-1,550' : the 5 samples taken in this interval have proved to be completely barren.
- Undetermined biozone : between 1,550' and 1,730', Conodonts and Ostracodes are present, apparently of Silurian age, but which we could not definitely ascribe to biozone SC 7 or SC 6.
- Note on core sample 1 (1,837'-1,867') : "Attawapiskat Formation" : The 7 samples taken in the various facies of this core did not show any Conodonts (too restricted environment ?).
- Biozone SC 6 (orange code) : this biozone is determined between 2,120' and 2,300' and, as the previous wells, appears to correspond to the "sole" of the Attawapiskat and to the lower part of this formation.
- Biozone SC 5 (red code) : the presence of this biozone has been recognized between 2,550' and 2,660'.

- Biozone SC 4 (green code) : the microfauna characteristic of this biozone has been identified between 2,690' and 3,050' (and occasionally down to 3,110'). One should note the presence of a monospecific association of Ostracodes (lagoonal tendency) between 2,870' and 2,930', formerly recognized in core sample 93 (2,185'-2,200') of the Pen Island 1 well.

#### 1.2.1.3. Ordovician (+ Ordovician/Silurian limit)

- Undetermined biozone : we have attributed an Ordovician age to the interval comprised between 3,260' and 3,300', due to identification of the Drepanodus type and a possible fragment of Amorphognathus type. This association, as yet unknown in the Hudson Bay above biozone OC 2b, could be caused by the reoccurrence of the environment corresponding to this biozone.
- The Ordovician/Silurian limit can therefore be placed between 3,050' (or 3,110') and 3,260'. We are unable to be more precise, as biozones SC 1 (yellow code) and SOC 2/3 (blue/black codes) are unidentifiable.
- Biozone OC 3 (mauve code) : we can identify this biozone between 3,500' and 3,570', and probably down to 3,680'.
- Biozone OC 2b (brown code) : this biozone can be clearly recognized between 3,800' and 3,980'.
- Biozone OC 2a (mauve striped code) : same environment as in biozone OC 3 ; the range of this biozone is limited to the interval 3,980'-4,040'.
- Biozone OC 1 : the presence of this biozone, which has been recognized between 4,130' and 4,220', seems probable down to 4,280'.

#### 1.2.2. Remarks

We can tentatively compare the thickness of the Ordovician and Silurian series in Narwhal with that of the previous wells.

- The thickness of the interval comprising biozones OC 1 + OC 2a is almost similar to that of the other wells.

- That of the interval comprising biozones OC 2b + OC 3 is slightly more important than that of the other onshore wells (+ 200').

- A greater thickness can be observed at the top of the Ordovician of Narwhal 1 through the existence of an unknown series in the other onshore wells (+ 200').

- The interval including biozones SC 4 and SC 5 is comparable in thickness to that of the other onshore and offshore wells (Walrus A-71).

- The thickness of biozone SC 6 is equally comparable to that of these wells.

- That of the Silurian interval found between 1,550' and 2,120' is superior by at least 400' to the corresponding interval in the other wells (onshore and offshore).

- The total thickness of the Ordovician and Silurian series at Narwhal seems to be superior to that observed in the other onshore wells by about 400'-650' (interval between top of biozone SC 6 and base of biozone OC 1) or 1,000' (interval between first probable Silurian Conodonts and base of Ordovician, and interpretative logs). This thickness increase appears to be located mainly at the top of both the Ordovician and the Silurian.

## 2. / LITHOLOGICAL AND MINERALOGICAL DATA / (Pl. IV)

### 2.1. KENOGAMI FORMATION (1,135'±-1,775')

This formation is chiefly composed of reddish to greyish silty mudstones and fine-grained sandstones alternating with dolomites and anhydrite ; minor calcareous and salt layers also occur.

The clay fraction is basically composed of illite and chlorite with sporadic sepiolite in the evaporitic layers : the presence of the latter mineral implies a very restricted environment.



## 2.2. EKWAN FORMATION (1,775'-2,545')

Biosparitic or reefal limestones are predominant, with a minor proportion of microcrystalline limestone and dolomite.

In the clay fraction, which represents quite a small part of the rock, illite is the major component, associated with a small percentage of chlorite. Cryptocrystalline silica has been also detected by X-Ray diffraction, especially in the lower part of the interval.

## 2.3. SEVERN FORMATION (2,545'-3,290')

Microcrystalline limestones prevail ; they are associated with dolomite, which is in increasing proportion downward ; in addition, anhydrite is frequently interbedded in the lower part.

Clay minerals are very badly crystallized ; they are mostly composed of illitic minerals, including mixed-layered structures.

## 2.4. CHURCHILL RIVER FORMATION (3,290'-3,975')

This interval is constituted of dolomite and limestone; the proportion of dolomite is the highest in the upper part, where it is associated with anhydrite. A small proportion of secondary silica is also noticeable.

Badly crystallized illitic minerals are the major components of the clay fraction, as in the above interval.

## 2.5. BAD CACHE RAPIDS FORMATION (3,975'-4,285')

Microcrystalline limestones are dominant, associated with minor dolosparite or microdolosparite. Secondary silica is still frequent.

Chlorite reappears in the clay fraction, which is still dominated by poorly crystallized illitic minerals.

### 3. / MICROFACIES OBSERVATIONS /

The observed materials are generally devoid of significant elements ; they chiefly involve dolosparites, dolomicrosparites and dolomicrites frequently associated with anhydrite. Some calcareous horizons also occur, occasionally including rounded intraclasts, but they do not support valuable comparisons between Narwhal and the previously studied wells of Hudson Bay (Pen 1, Kaskattama 1, Walrus A-71), on the basis of their microfacies.

### 4. / MINERAL GEOCHEMISTRY /

#### 4.1. BORON AND PALEOSALINITY (Pl. IV)

Boron concentrations indicate :

- normal marine salinity in the Kenogami Formation,
- a hypersaline environment throughout the underlying deposits, with a maximum in the Bad Cache Rapids Formation.

However, it can be suspected that the low boron concentrations recorded in the Kenogami Formation would be related to the occurrence of particular clay minerals (i.e. sepiolite) which are unable to fix boron in a large amount. This assumption is supported by the instability of sepiolite in normal marine conditions.

#### 4.2. STATISTICAL STUDY OF MAJOR AND TRACE ELEMENTS

The records of trace and major element concentrations have been processed by factor analysis, in order to find out the significant geochemical associations. With regard to the relatively low number of samples and to the similar behaviour of these elements in the Narwhal and Polar Bear wells, the sets of values from the two wells have been treated together, because this attenuates the influence of analytical fluctuations and favours the comparisons between the two well sections. Four major factors have been displayed by this statistical analysis, as shown in Figure 3.

Factor 1, which represents over 30 % of the total variance, is a dilution one, opposing silica and organic carbon to lithophile and

"siderophile" elements. The latter ones are particularly enriched in the lower part of the Ekwan Formation (maybe due to sulphide concentrations), whereas the first ones are chiefly represented by magnesium which is highly concentrated in the Kenogami Formation : factor 1 expresses the fact that these two intervals have relatively lower concentrations in silica and organic carbon than the remainder of the section.

Factor 2 clearly reflects an organophile association principally including organic carbon, loss at ignition, molybdenum and copper. It means that the organic matter was deposited in a reducing environment enabling the formation of organo-metallic complexes. This factor is evidenced by Figure 4 and its variations are represented in Plate IV showing that organophile concentrations are particularly developed in the Bad Cache Rapids Formation, the lower Severn Formation and some horizons of the Ekwan Formation. These concentrations generally correspond with a relatively high Mo/Cu ratio (0.3 - 0.7), reflecting the reducing environmental conditions.

Factor 3 is a lithophile association chiefly influenced by the aluminum-bearing minerals, as opposed to the magnesium-bearing ones (see Figure 4).

Factor 4 is principally induced by Ba and Sr which are particularly abundant in the Ekwan Formation, presumably due to diagenetical processes in reefal and bioclastic carbonates.

The statistical analysis also shows that increases in insoluble residue are related with increases in magnesium, zinc and manganese ; these elements are generally linked with chlorite which would have a detrital origin in the present case, as opposed to illitic minerals which would be rather authigenic. In addition, it is clearly demonstrated that the ratio of organic carbon of fine-grained fraction versus that of total residue has no relationship with organic matter nature or concentration (such a correlation has been sometimes observed in other basins). In the section under study, this ratio would rather be influenced by variations in the insoluble residue, i.e. the proportion of detrital materials, irrespectively of the quality of organic matter.

## 5. / STUDY OF THE ORGANIC MATTER /

### 5.1. QUANTITY OF ORGANIC MATTER (Fig. 5, Pl. V)

The organic matter contents are relatively high in certain horizons of the Severn and Bad Cache Rapids Formations only, but they are rather poor or, at most, average, in the remainder of the section.

### 5.2. QUALITY OF ORGANIC MATTER

Several data contribute in the definition of the quality of organic matter :

- Optical observation of organic components in transmitted and reflected light (see Plate V) : an idea of the representativity of this observation is given by the ratio of recovered organic matter in the preparations versus total organic carbon.

- Scores of the "organophile factor" from factor analysis.

- Yields and composition of chloroform extractable organic matter (particularly the chromatographical patterns, Fig. 6 and Pl. V).

- Carbon-ratio.

It appears that the quality of organic matter is generally fair in most of the section, especially in the Severn and Bad Cache Rapids Formations ; however it seems to be rather mediocre in the Ekwan Formation, with regard to chloroform extract and carbon-ratio values : this is a possible explanation for the abnormal records of the states of preservation as previously suggested in the note R/GEO n° 268/74.

### 5.3. MATURATION

This parameter has been determined by means of :

- optical study of the organic matter in transmitted and reflected light (states of preservation, vitrinite reflectance, intensity of fluorescence).

- study of the chloroform extractable organic matter (including chromatography of total alkanes, Fig. 6)

- amount and composition of sorbed gases (Fig. 7)

- carbon-ratio.

All these data confirm the immaturity of the sediments under study, as previously assumed in the note R/GEO n° 268/74. The relatively rich organic matter bearing horizons of the Severn and Bad Cache Rapids Formations cannot be valorized accordingly.

## 6. / CONCLUSIONS /

### 6.1. BIOSTRATIGRAPHY

The biostratigraphic attributions have been summarized in Fig.2. It appears that Permian and/or Carboniferous microfloras have been found in sediments attributed to the Kenogami Formation (713' and 1,135'-1,160'). These elements are not ascertained to be autochthonous but, even so, their occurrence is a puzzler as far as neither Carboniferous nor Permian deposits were known, up to now, in the Hudson Bay area.

Another problem is the discrepancy between the data from microfauna and microflora in the Severn Formation (2,545'-3,290'). According to the reliability of the Conodont and Ostracod scales in the studied province, as shown in Plate II, we can assume that the interval in question is more probably Silurian than Ordovician.

### 6.2. ENVIRONMENTAL REMARKS

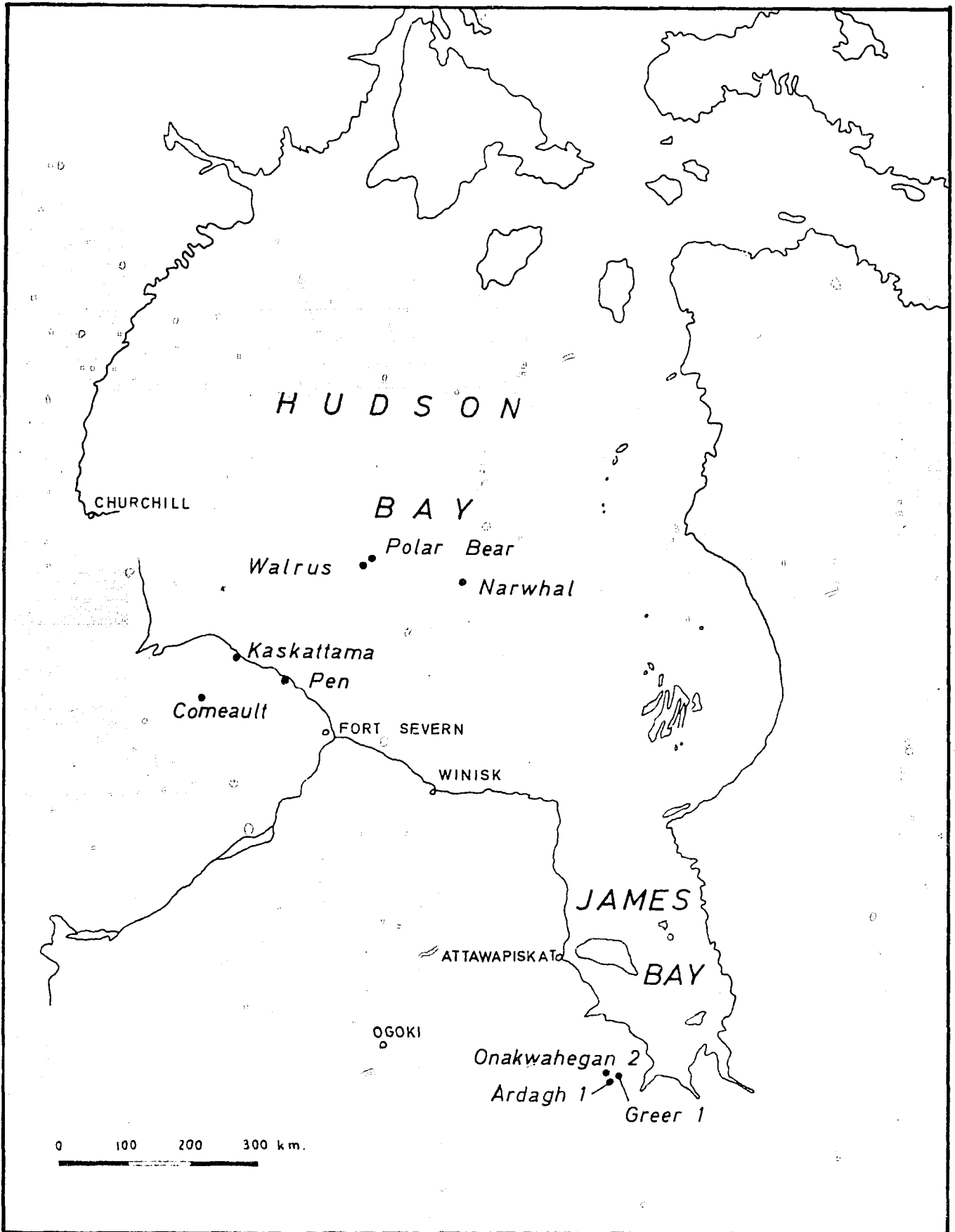
A hypersaline and reducing environment has been found throughout the Ordovician-Silurian interval. The paleosalinity is lower in the Kenogami Formation, probably due to an increase in the continental supply, but restricted conditions seem to persist, as shown by the occurrence of sepiolite in certain horizons.

This leads to the conclusion that sebkha-like conditions were almost constant in the Hudson Bay basin during the Lower Paleozoic.


### 6.3. SOURCE-ROCK POTENTIAL


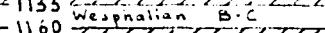
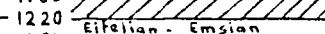
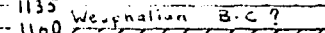
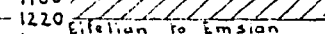
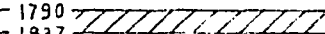
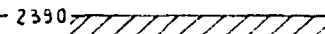
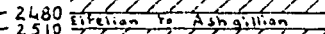
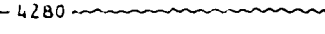
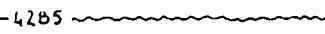
In spite of some organic matter enrichments in the Severn and Bad Cache Rapids Formations and of a relatively fair quality of this organic matter, the degree of maturation remains quite inconsistent with the generation of liquid hydrocarbons and the source-rock potential must be therefore regarded as low in the whole investigated section.

# LOCATION MAP



NARWHAL - TENTATIVE SYNTHESIS OF STRATIGRAPHICAL DATA

 non-investigated intervals

Depths	Well data	Conodonts - Ostracods	Palynoplanktology	Assumed attributions
	Glacial drift		Cretaceous to Oligocene ? some scarce Devonian microfloras	Glacial drift with various reworked materials
614-713		Mixing of Recent and Devonian microfossils		
	Kenogami ?		Permian and Carbon. microfloras	Questionably Permian or Carboniferous
1135	Kenogami	No data	1135 Westphalian B-C 1160  1220 Eifelian - Emsian 1250  1310	1135 Westphalian B-C ? 1160  1220 Eifelian to Emsian 1250 
		1550 Silurian ?	Barren, except for probably reworked or caved materials	Questionably Devonian
1775	Ekwan	1730 Barren	1790  1837	Questionably Silurian
		2120	Barren	Lower Silurian
2545	Severn	Lower Silurian	2390  2480 Eifelian to Ashgillian 2510  2570	2545
		3110 Non diagnostic microfossils		Silurian to Ordovician (more probably Silurian)
3290	Churchill river	3260 } 3300 }	3290 3320	3290
		Middle to upper Ordovician	Ashgillian to Upper Caradocian	Middle to upper Ordovician
3975	Bad Cache Rapids			
4285	Precambrian		4280 	4285 
TD 4341				Precambrian

FACTORS	1	2	3	4	
% Variance	30.67	20.95	12.98	14.63	

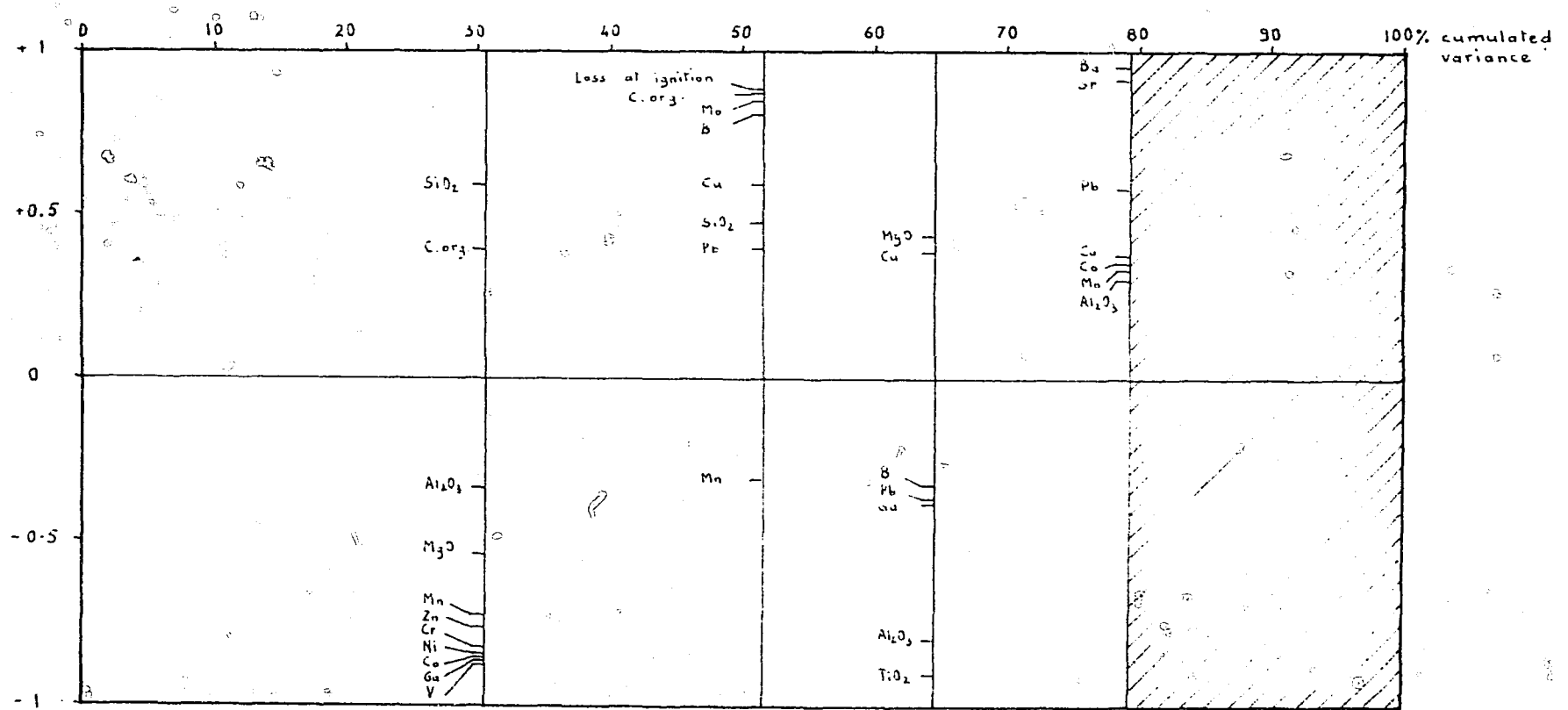


Fig. 3 FACTOR ANALYSIS (VARIMAX MATRIX)

Major factors and weights of variables in the combined set of samples of NARWHAL and POLAR BEAR



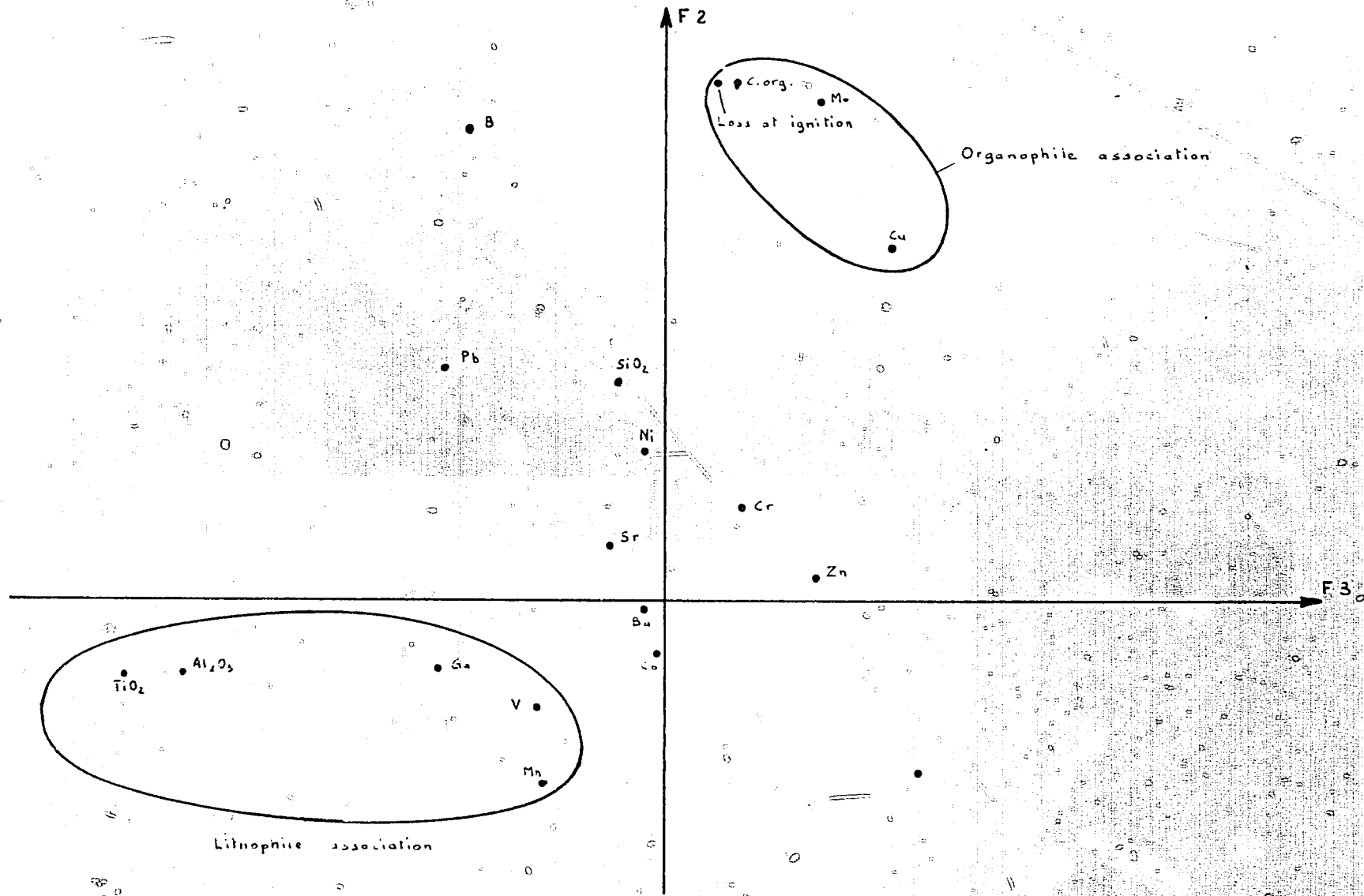
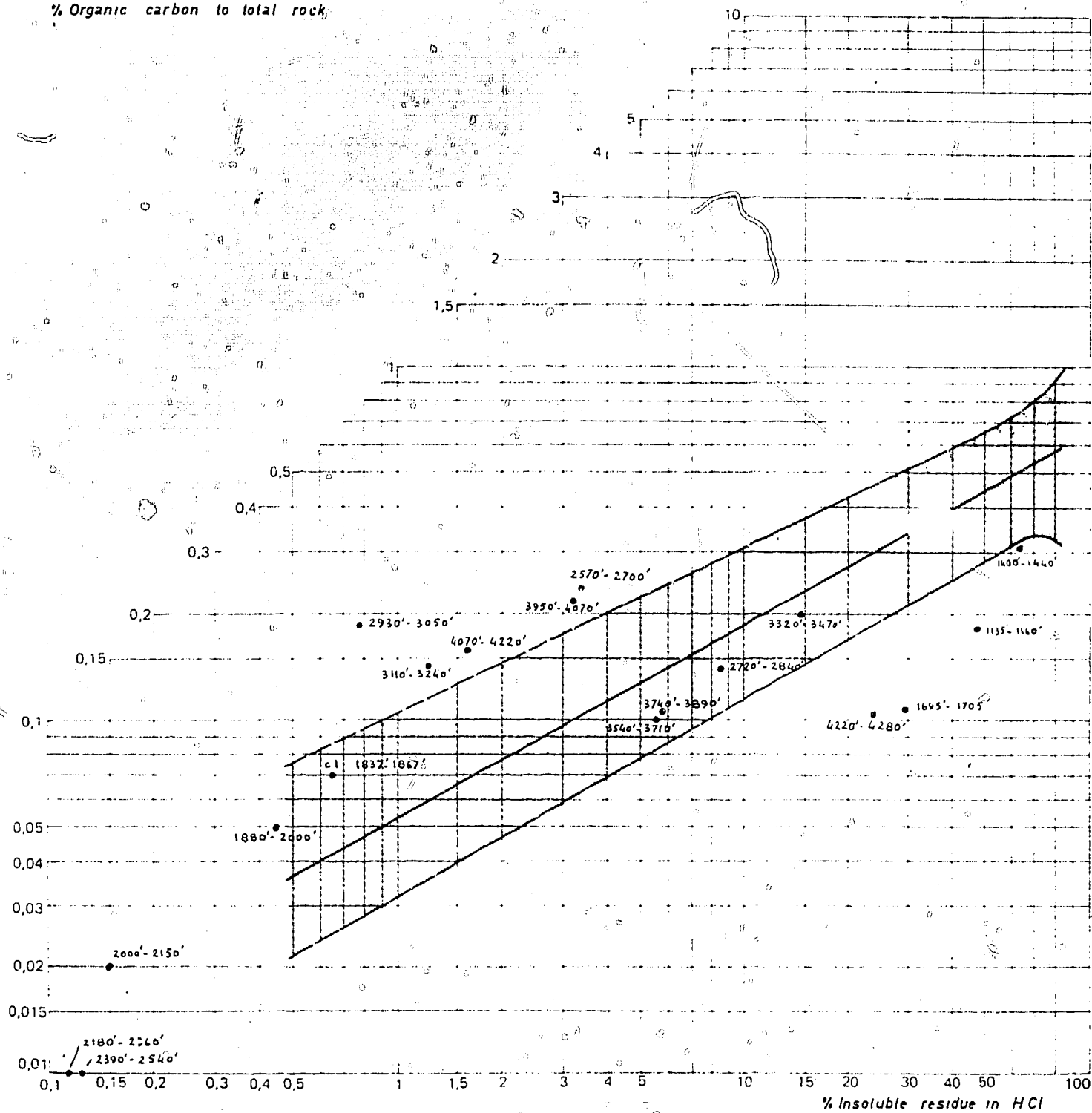


Fig: 4 FACTOR ANALYSIS - Distribution of variables in the plane of factors 2 and 3 - combined set of samples of NARWHAL and POLAR BEAR

% Organic carbon to total rock



ORGANIC CARBON CONTENTS

The shaded area represents the carbon concentration of 50% of the samples in a statistical set of random sedimentary rocks

NARWHAL 1

2,930' - 3,050'

The gas chromatogram of total alkanes contains high proportion of n-alkanes, especially in the range n-C<sub>22</sub> - n-C<sub>28</sub>. Steranes and triterpanes, occurring in the branched and cyclic alkanes, mean that the organic matter is obviously immature. On the basis of the n-alkane pattern, one can assume that land-derived material may be predominant. This conclusion, in good agreement with the gross composition of the organic extract, is not consistent with the low carbon ratio of the kerogen. Consequently, at this stage, it seems preferable not to come to a decision upon the nature of the organic matter present in this sample.

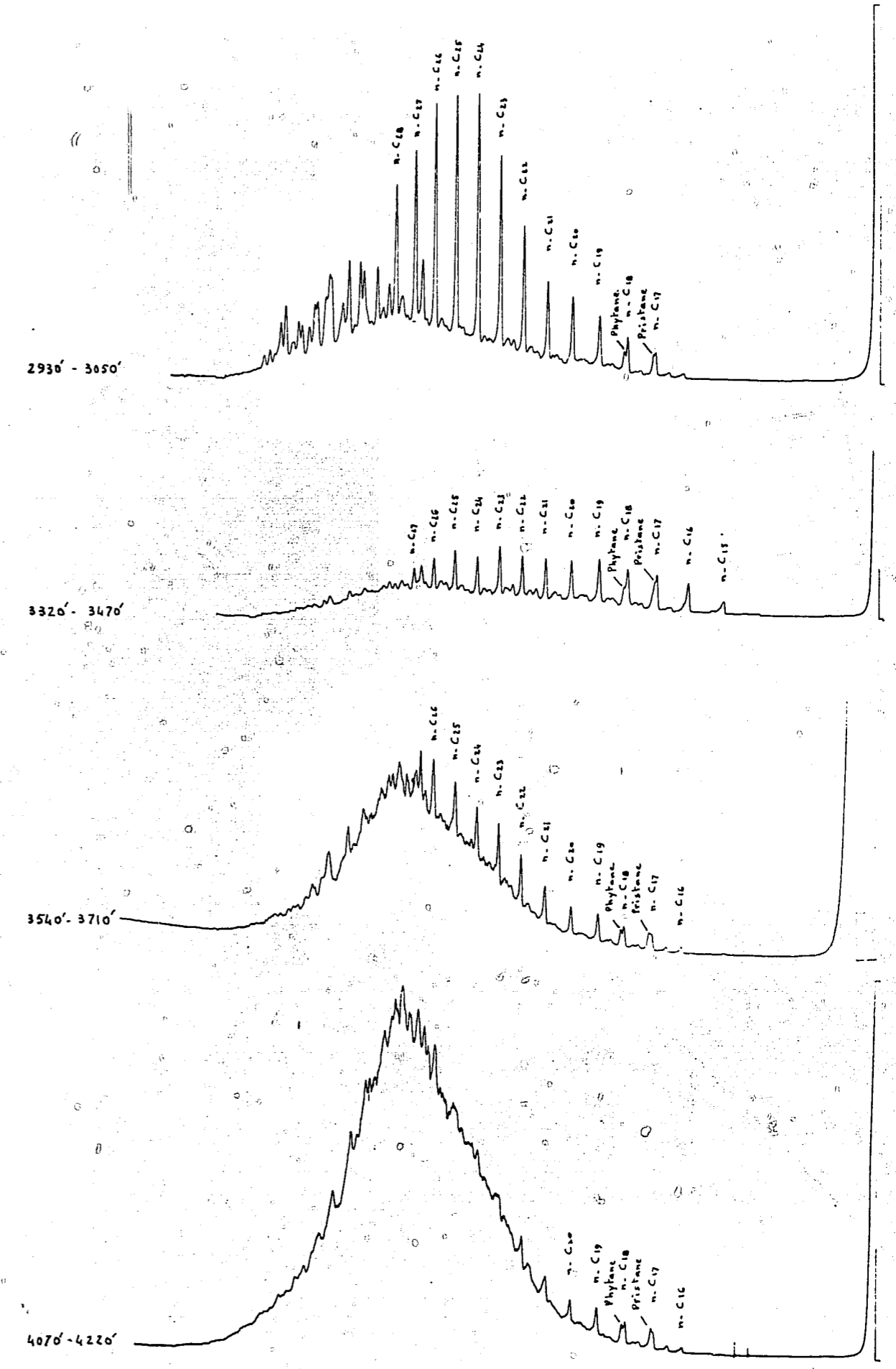
3,320' - 3,470'

The gas chromatogram of total alkanes and the all sets of organic geochemical data are very close to those of the previous sample. The apparent discrepancy between the carbon-ratio of kerogen and the n-alkane pattern may only be explained by considering that the organic matter is mostly composed of microscopic algae (Botryococcus type). This hypothesis seems to be confirmed by microscopic observations of the organic matter (III<sub>A</sub> type).

3,540' - 3,710'

4,070' - 4,220'

The two gas chromatograms of total alkanes are mostly composed of branched and cyclic molecules, especially in the high molecular range. The bump pattern of the branched and cyclic fraction is quite frequent in pollutants such as drill pipe grease, wonder seal, lubricating oils... Consequently, the two corresponding samples seem to be contaminated by such a type of product. The deeper sample appears to be the most affected.

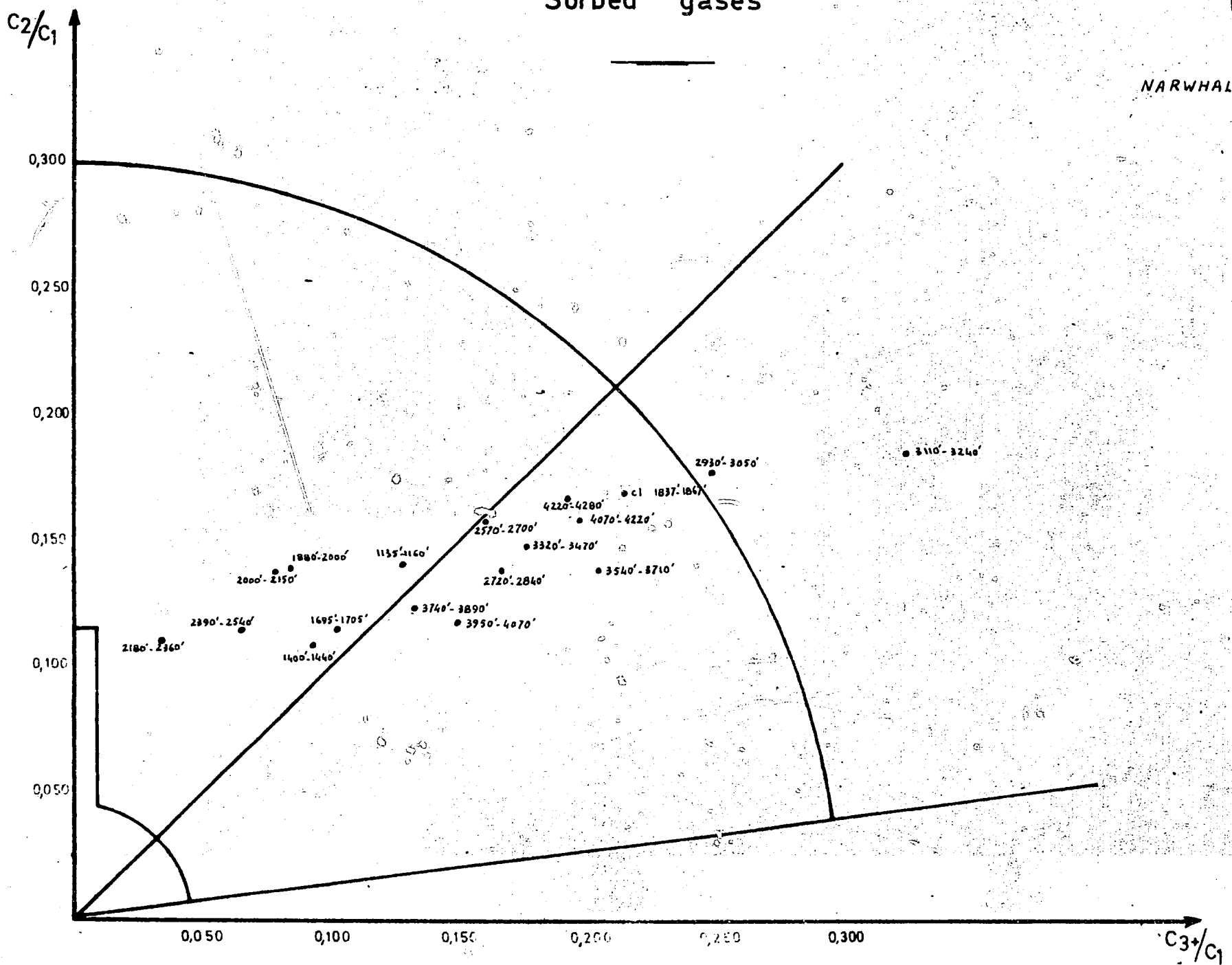


NARWHAL Chromatograms of total alkanes

Sorbed gases

Fig. 7

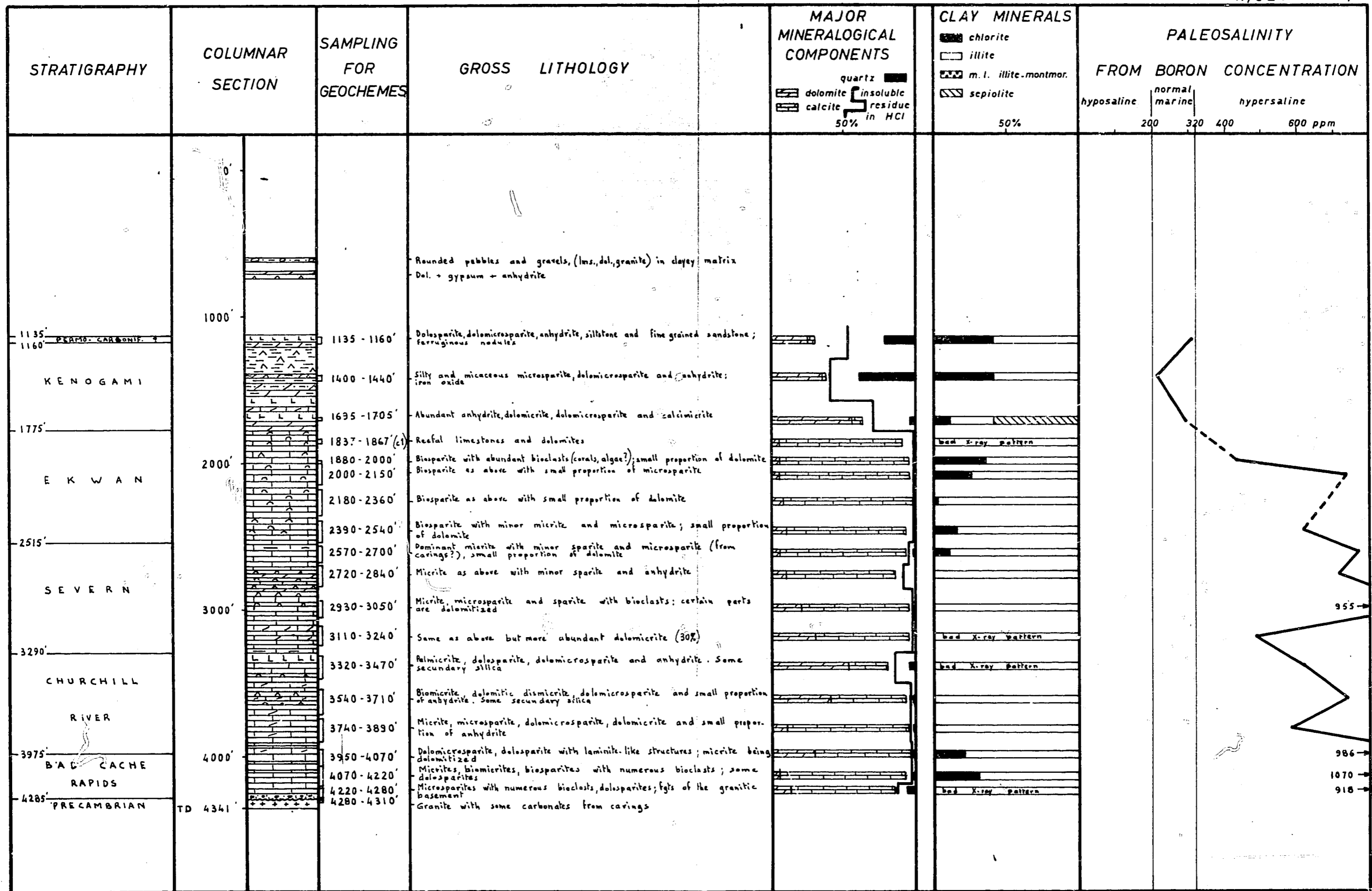
NARWHAL 1



NARWHAL SOUTH nr 1

Major mineralogical and mineral chemical data

R/GEO n° 48/75



**NARWHAL 1 - N58**  
HUDSON BAY - CANADA

VERTICAL DISTRIBUTION OF  
POLLENOSPORES, ACRITARCHS,  
CHITINOZOANS AND SCOLECODONTS.

R/GEO n° 48/75

ANALYSED SAMPLES (depths in feet)	POLLENOSPORES	POLLENOSPORES AGE AND/OR UNITS	ACRITARCHS	UP-HY
	<i>Disaccates</i> <i>Pollen periparè punctuè</i> <i>Cicatricosisporites aff. dorq- gensis</i> <i>Nuskoisporites</i> <i>Florinites sp.</i> <i>Limitisporites sp.</i> <i>Lophotriletes microsætosus</i> <i>Punctatisporites staplini</i> <i>Convolutispora sp.</i> <i>Lycospora brevijuga</i> <i>Reticulatisporites medietati-</i> <i>culatus</i> <i>Triquirites bansonii</i> <i>Verrucosisporites sp. 16231</i> <i>Laevigatisporites desmoingii-</i> <i>S5</i> <i>Densosporites sp. 16411</i> <i>Leiotriletes adnatus</i> <i>Lycospora pseudoannulata</i> <i>Endosporites globiformis</i> <i>Monoleites verruquætes</i> Sr 14 22 54 129 137 266(?) 1048 1067 1128		Hy 3 10 36 50 78 81 82 83 87 101 115 118 119 121 127 131 151 156 177 178 180 205 212 266 318 320 321 326 337 355 358 359	
614' - 713'	X	PERMIAN TO OLIGOCENE PERMO-CARBONIFEROUS		
1130 - 1160'	X	WESTPHALIAN B-C	X	
1160 - 1220'	X	3-4		
1220 - 1250'	X			
1250 - 1280'	X			
1310 - 1340'	X			
1400 - 1440'	X			
1460 - 1490'	X			
1580 - 1610'	X			
1695 - 1705'	X			
1760 - 1790'	X			
1837 - 1867'	X			
1850 - 1880'	X			
1880 - 2000'	X			
1970 - 2000'	X			
2000 - 2150'	X			
2060 - 2090'	X			
2150 - 2180'	X			
2180 - 2360'	X			
2270 - 2300'	X			
2360 - 2390'	X			
2390 - 2540'	X			
2480 - 2510'	X			
2570 - 2600'	X		X	
2570 - 2700'	X		X	
2630 - 2660'	X		X	
2720 - 2840'	X		X	
2780 - 2810'	X		X	
2870 - 2900'	X		X	
2930 - 3050'	X		X	
2960 - 2990'	X		X	
3080 - 3110'	X		X	
3110 - 3240'	X		X	
3170 - 3200'	X		X	
3260 - 3290'	X		X	
3320 - 3470'	X		X	
3350 - 3380'	X		X	
3440 - 3470'	X		X	
3540 - 3570'	X		X	
3540 - 3710'	X		X	
3650 - 3680'	X		X	
3740 - 3770'	X		X	
3740 - 3890'	X		X	
3860 - 3890'	X		X	
3950 - 4070'	X		X	
3980 - 4010'	X		X	
4070 - 4100'	X		X	
4070 - 4220'	X		X	
4190 - 4220'	X		X	
4220 - 4280'	X		X	
				3a-6
				3a
				1-2
				Cz 11b 20 35 39b 39c

1 of 4

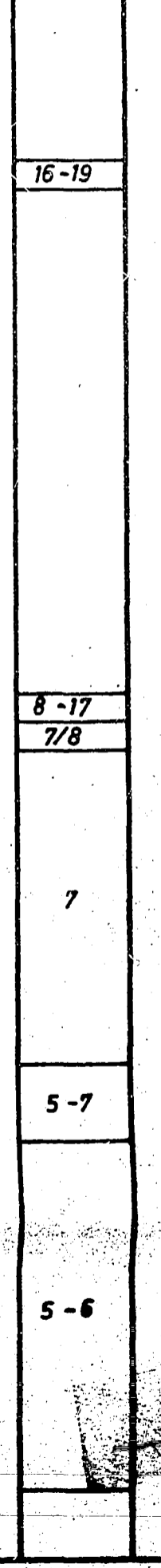
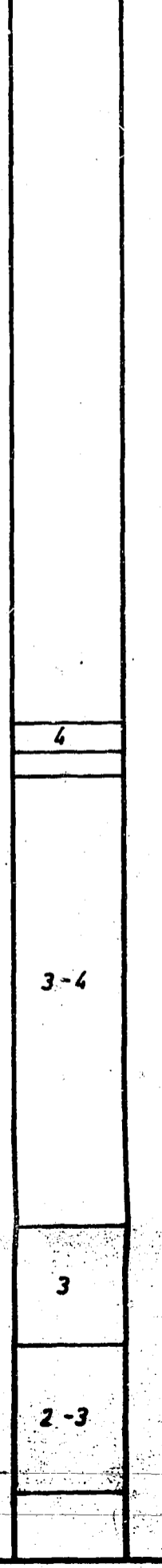
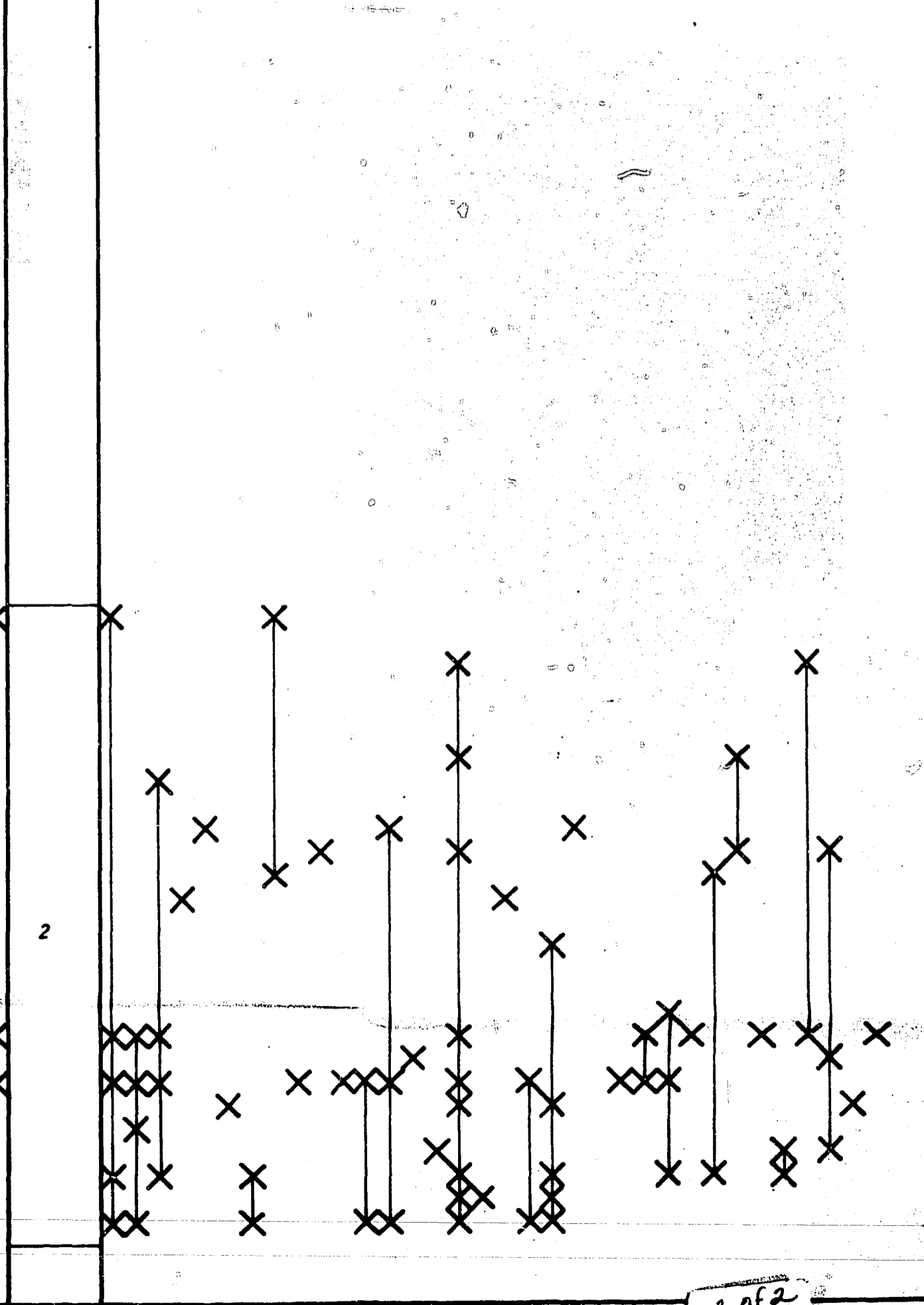
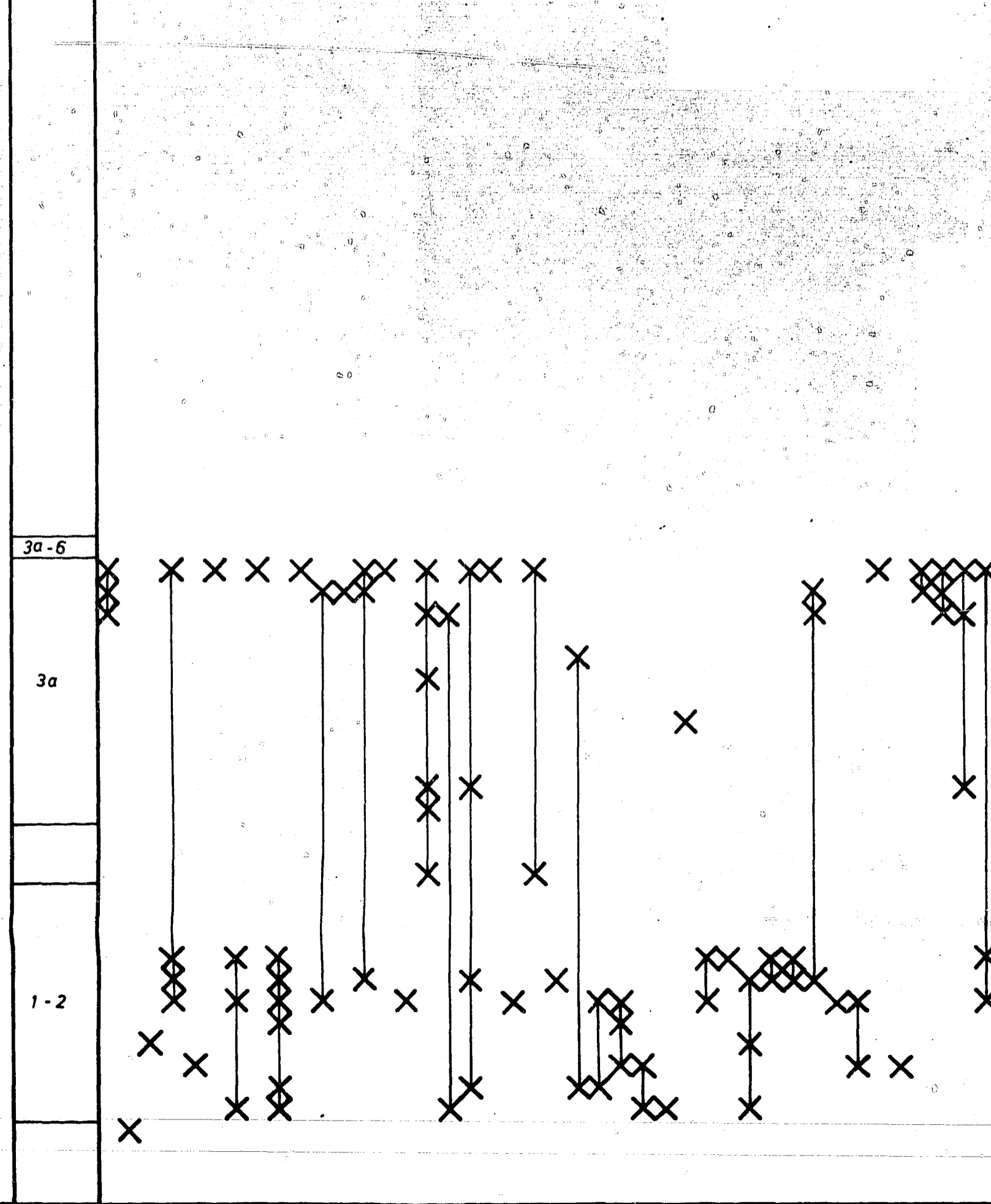
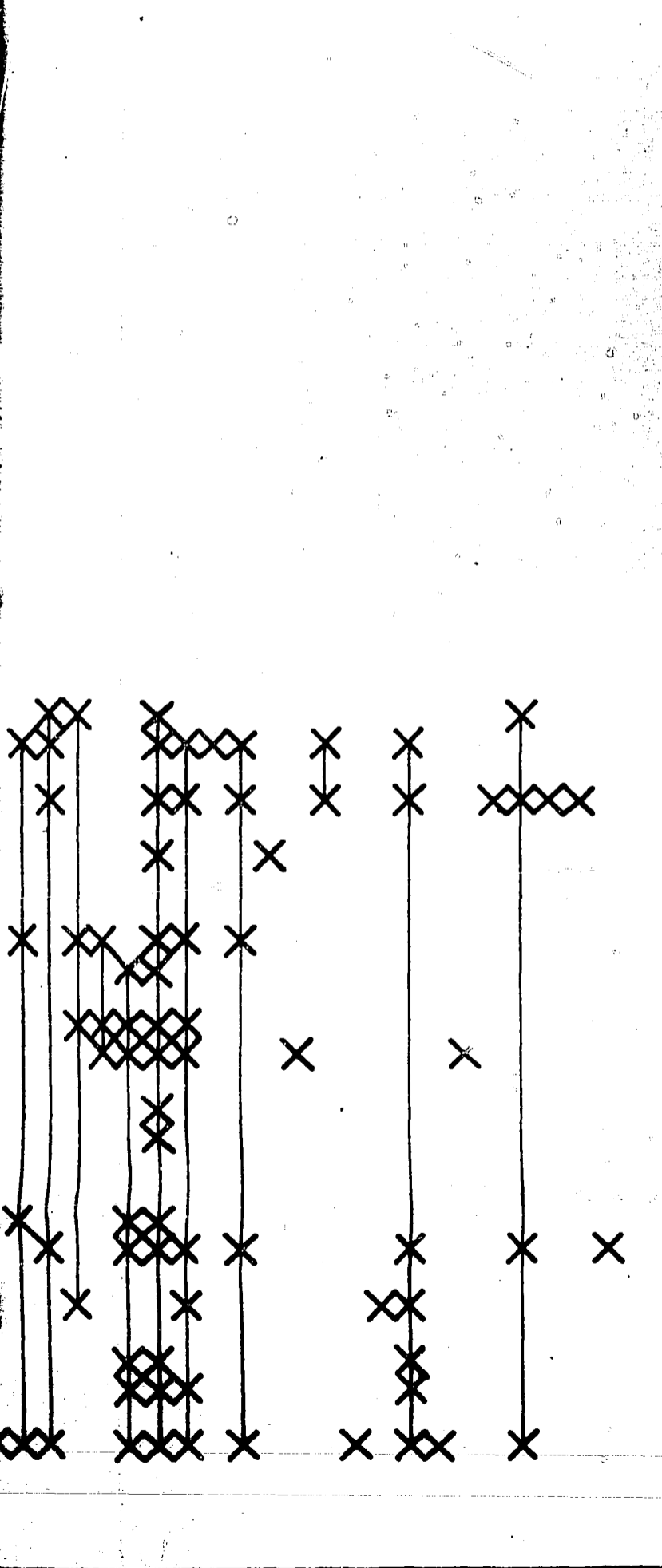
ACRITARCHS	
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CHITINOZOANS	
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163c	
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220a	
220b	
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319(?)	
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SCOLECODONTS	
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201	
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UP-D
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C UP-PA
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ASSUMED PALYNOPLANKTONOLOGICAL AGE  
 PREVALENT to OLIGOCENE  
 PREMAN to CARBONIFEROUS  
 WESTPHALIAN B-C  
 EIFELIAN to TRIASSIC  
 EIFELIAN to CARBONIFEROUS  
 ASHELLIAN  
 ASHELLIAN to UPPER CARBONIFEROUS

# AQUITAINE AND AL NARWHAL SOUTH

## ORDOVICIAN and SILURIAN MICROFAUNAS

Note R/Geo n° 48 /75

BIOZONES	DEPTH (feet)	CUTTING SAMPLING CORE		C O N O D O N T S	O S T R A C O D E S
		Washing Acid attack	PROCESSING		
	1100				
	1200				
	1300				
	1400				
	1500				
	1550				
	1600				
	1700				
	1730				
	1800				

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# AQUITAINE AND AL NARWHAL SOUTH

Pl: 1

## ORDOVICIAN and SILURIAN MICROFAUNAS

### C O N O D O N T S

Lonchodina sp.
«Drepanodus subaequus» sensu MEXROAD
Undet. fragment Na 2550 (= K1/1617)
Roundya sp.
Roundya sp.
Neopriodontus ? sp.
Neopriodontus sp. (Kentuckyensis ?)
Neospathognathodus caratolides ?
Meriodella ? sp. fragment
«Oncotodus» (sensu JENTZSCH) aff. K 453 )
«Oncotodus» sp. (sensu JENTZSCH)
Undet. simple cone
Simple cone K1/1349
Ozarkodina n. sp. A Pol. REX. NI.
Ozarkodina hanovgranae ?
Spathognathodus sp. cf. K1/1783-1795
Meriodella Pen C 80
Trichonodella cf.
Undet. Pen C 89
Ozarkodina aditensis ?
Ozarkodina ? CN 468
Syntrichonodina ? sp.
Meriodella sp. CM 11-14
Simple cone sp.
Ozarkodina aff. hanovgranae
Trichonodella sp.
Lonchodina sp.
Undet. element
Undet. fragment
Undet. fragment
Ozarkodina n. sp. B. Pol. REX. NI.
Lonchodina sp.
Hindodella n. sp.
Neospathognathodus K1/2010
Neopriodontus costatus paucidentatus ?
Drepanodus sp. sp.
Undet. branch
Coryliodus sp.
Amarphognathus sp.
Simple cone undet ? (Acontodus ? sp.)
Plectodina undulata
Zygonathus pyramidalis
Undet. branch
Rhipidognathus sp.
Rhipidognathus paucidentatus ? (fragment)
Ozarkodina sp.
Undet. fragment
Ambalodus sp.
Belodina sp.
Belodina sp.
Ombodus sp.
Roundya sp.
cf. Eoligonodina delicata (Tetrapriodontus delicatus)
Undet. branch
Cyrtionodus sp.
Ozarkodina conigma ?
Simple cone N 3880/K 2602
Simple cone N 3920
Undet. branch
Undet. branch
Plegagnathus nekoni/dartoni
Eoligonodina ? sp.
Zygonathus cf. plebia } Plectodina undulata sp.
Trichonodella undulata }
Zygonathus like = Plectodina undulata sp.
Belodina sp.
Coryliodus sp.
Roundya sp.
Oulodus sp.
Coryliodus (subcoryliodus sp.)
Belodina sp.
Neospathognathodus buljatus ? (Pen C 86 ?)

### OSTRACODES

Ostracode sp. Na 1.
Ostracode sp. K 42 Var. 1
Ostracode sp. Na 2
Ostracode sp. Na 3
Ostracode sp. Na 4
Ostracode sp. Na 6
Aechmina ? sp. Na 1
Ostracode sp. Na 5
Ostracode sp. Na 7
Ostracode sp. Na 8

### VARIOUS ORGANISMS

Foram. ?
Bryozoa ?
Tentaculites P 32 ?
Echinid spine
spicule (pyrite)
spicule (silica)
Bryozoa ?
crinoid (yellow)
crinoid (white)
Holothurian
Massive phosphate element.
Phosphate element Na 1
Phosphate element
Thin phosphate element
«aff. egg case ?»
Phosphate element Na 2
«aff. egg case»
Conularia
Conularia
Phosphate element Na 3
Phosphate plate
«Oncotodus» like element
Phosphanulus unyensis ?
Phosphate ? element Na 4
«Baculum ethiopiense»
Phosphate Bactropon

### PHOSPHATE ORGANISMS

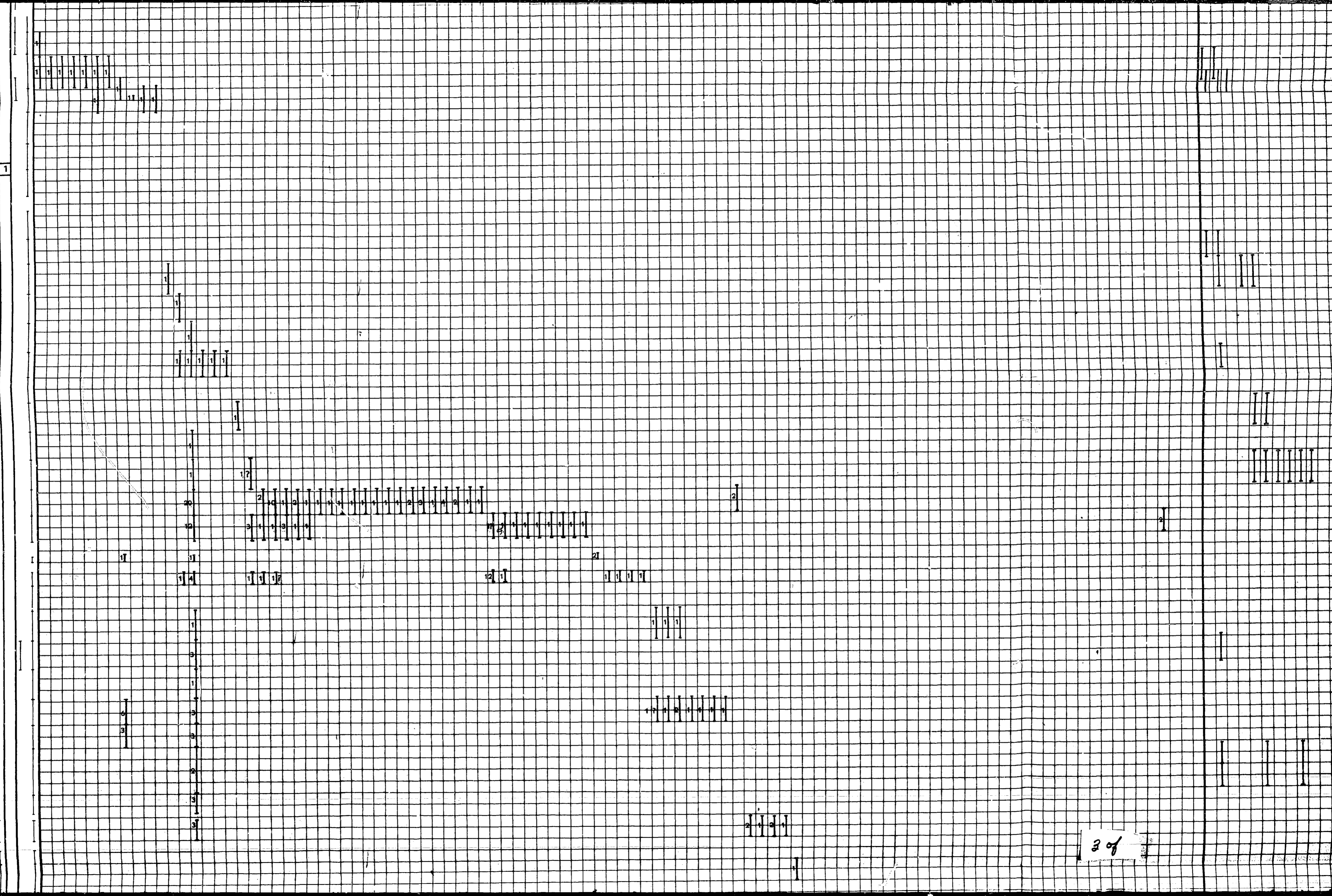
Foram. ?
Bryozoa ?
Tentaculites P 32 ?
Echinid spine
spicule (pyrite)
spicule (silica)
Bryozoa ?
crinoid (yellow)
crinoid (white)
Holothurian
Massive phosphate element.
Phosphate element Na 1
Phosphate element
Thin phosphate element
«aff. egg case ?»
Phosphate element Na 2
«aff. egg case»
Conularia
Conularia
Phosphate element Na 3
Phosphate plate
«Oncotodus» like element
Phosphanulus unyensis ?
Phosphate ? element Na 4
«Baculum ethiopiense»
Phosphate Bactropon

### STAGES

?

1560

1550  
1600  
1700  
1730  
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3050  
3110  
3100  
3200  
3260  
Ordovician  
3300  
3300  
3400



2 of





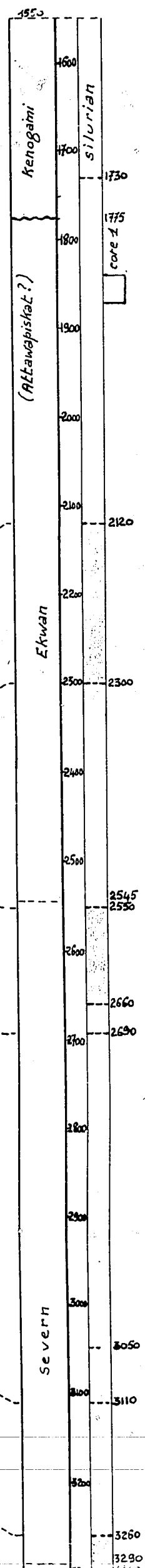


WALRUS A71

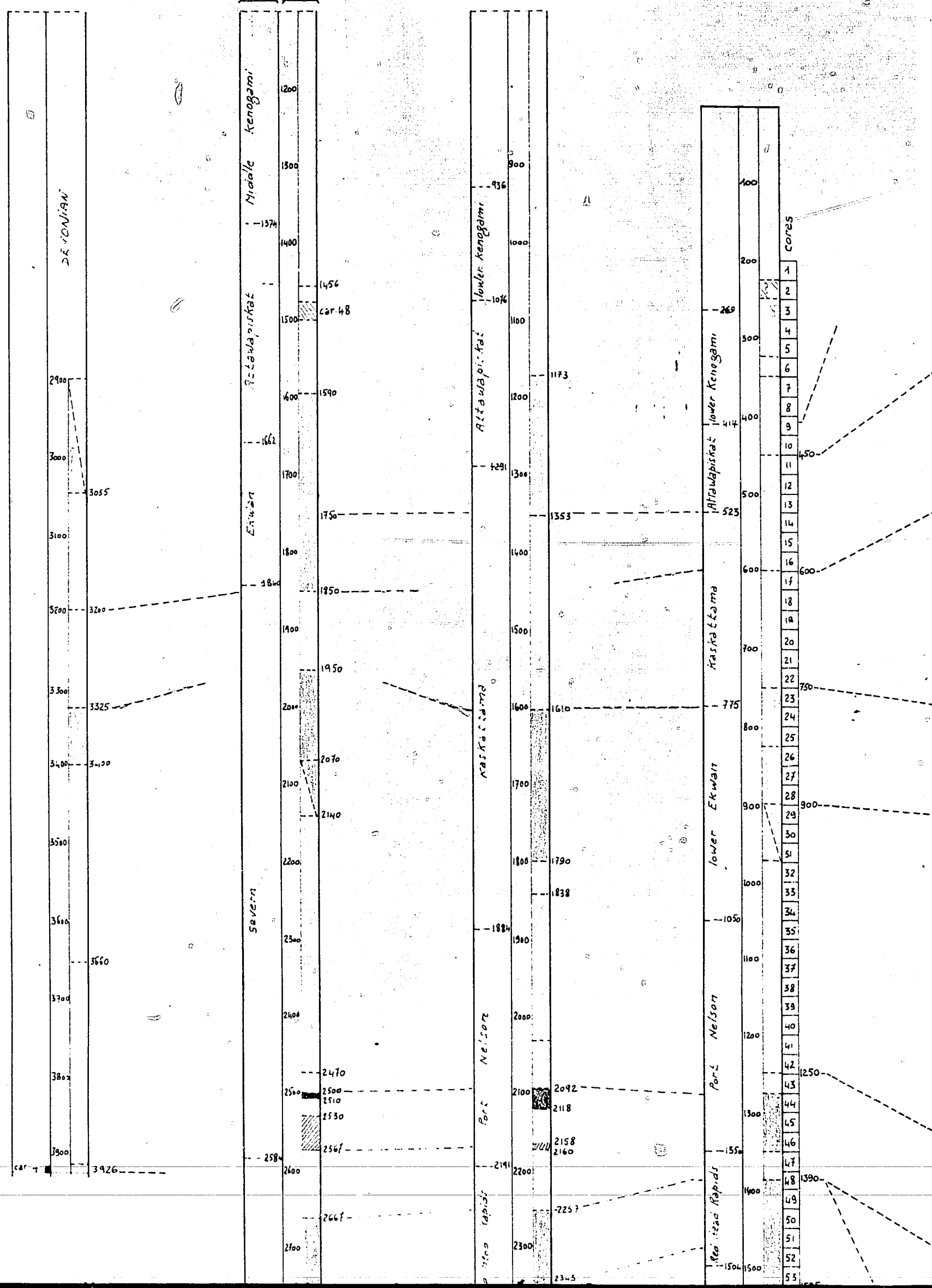
PEN ISLAND 1

KASKATTAMA 1

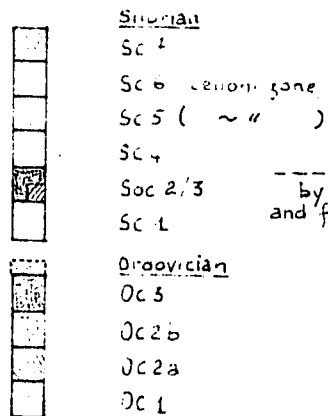
HOUSTON COMEAULT 1



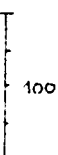
Interpr. biozones  
log. conodontes



**BIOZONES**



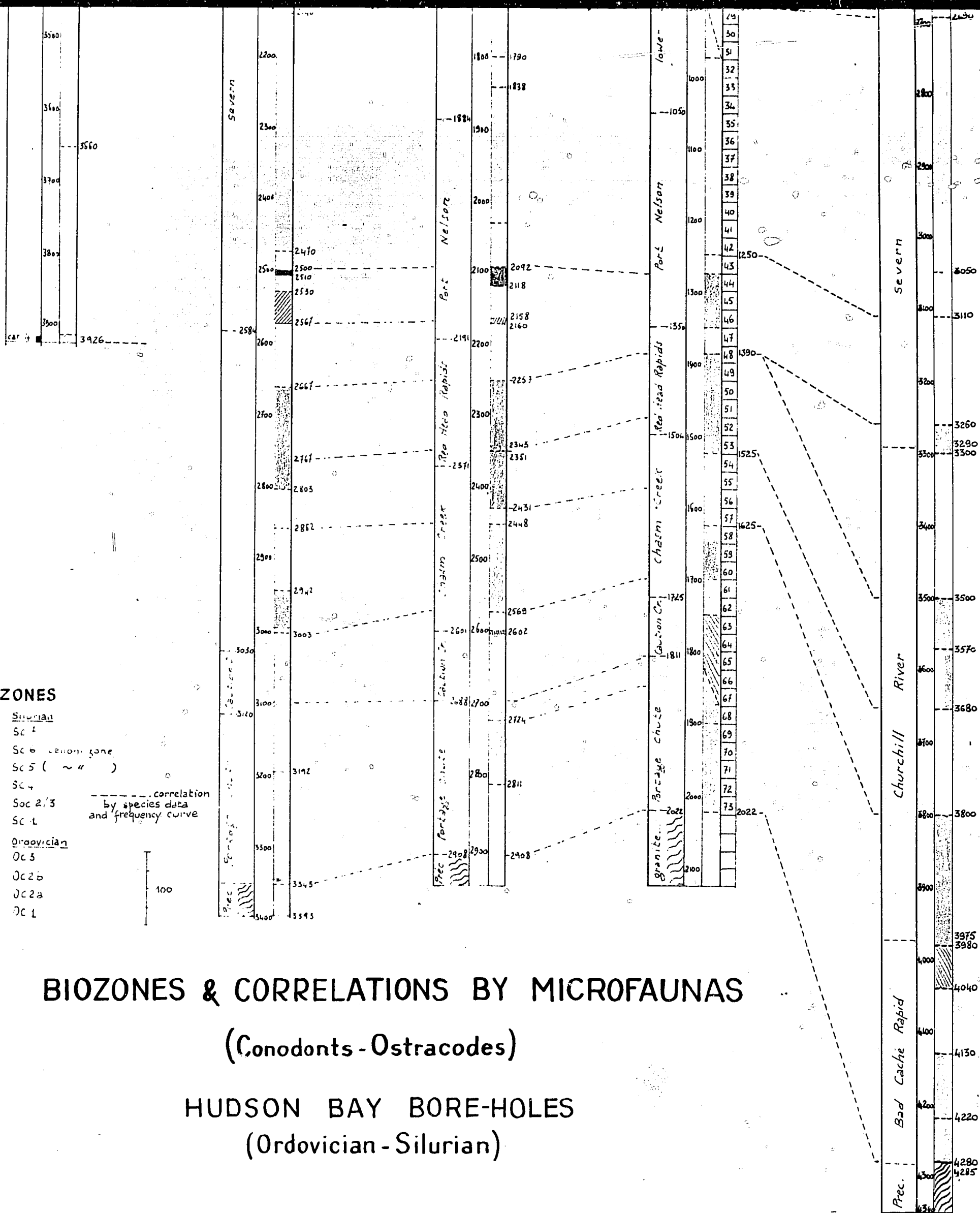
----- correlation  
by species data  
and frequency curve



**BIOZONES & CORRELATIONS BY MICROFAUNAS**

(Conodonts - Ostracodes)

HUDSON BAY BORE-HOLES  
(Ordovician - Silurian)







# ORGANIC ANALYTICAL DATA

Pl: V

## SECTION NARWHAL

R/GEO n° 48/75

R: Rare  
S: Some  
C: Common  
F: Frequent  
A: Abundant

MOL (ligneous organic matter)  
MOT (tracheids)  
MOV (cellular vegetal organic matter)  
MOC (colloidal organic matter)

CHLOROFORM EXTRACT										SORBED GASES			TRACE ELEMENTS					OPTICAL STUDY OF ORGANIC MATTER										SAMPLE IDENTIFICATION					
GROSS COMPOSITION								CHROMATOGRAPHY			ORGANOPHILE ASSOCIATION					Recovered OM %		TYPE OF ORGANIC MATTER					DIAGENETIC EVOLUTION										
% ext. Org. C	Sat.	Arom.	NSO'S	Asph.	Arom. Sat.	HC Arom. + Sat.	HC Org. C	ml/kg total rock	% HC % org. C	% CH <sub>4</sub>	FROM FACTOR ANALYSIS (scores of factor 2)					Recovered OM %	Recovered OM total organic C	MOL	MOT	MOV	MOC	others	Resulting type	Fluor.	Lipinite	Exinite	Huminite		Vitrinite	Inertinite	States of preservation	Light absorption	Fluorescence
4.7								3.19	1.77	73.48	-2	-1	0	+1	+2	0.04	0.22	S	R	R	R		Indet.						Indet.				1135-1160
0.8								1.88	0.61	79.02						0.04	0.13	R	-	-	R		Indet.					Indet.				1400-1440	
*								10.00	9.09	79.56						0.03	0.27	R	-	C	S		III B					150/200				1695-1705	
*								1.89	2.70	71.88						0.01	0.14	R	-	S	-		Indet.					300/275				cl 1837-1867	
*								0.98	**	81.42						0.01	0.20	S	-	C	C		III A					300/325				1880-2000	
*								0.68	3.40	81.90						0.01	0.50	C	-	S	S		II				300/325?				2000-2150		
*								0.12	**	87.10						0.01	1.00	C	-	C	R		II				300				2180-2360		
*								1.07	**	84.50						0.01	1.00	R	-	S	R		Indet.				325/300?				2390-2540		
6.1								4.49	1.87	75.56						0.01	0.04	S	-	R	F		III A	70	10	20		300	3.50	0.48		2570-2700	
11.9								1.73	1.24	76.52						0.01	0.07	R	-	S	C		III B		?			300	4.00	0.30		2720-2840	
2.4	1.2	11.0	70.8	17.0	8.99	12.2	1.5	3.88	2.16	70.22					0.01	0.06	-	-	S	R		Indet.					300				2930-3050		
0.2								1.48	1.06	66.06						0.01	0.07	C	-	-	C		II					300				3110-3240	
3.4	3.7	15.4	65.9	15.0	4.12	19.1	2.5	5.46	2.74	73.39					0.01	0.05	S	-	-	F		III A					225				3320-3470		
11.2	8.2	65.0	15.6	0.73	19.4	**	**	4.13	4.13	73.95					0.01	0.10	C	-	C	S		II <sub>A</sub> -III <sub>A</sub>		?			225	.00	0.42		3560-3710		
*								2.41	2.19	79.05						0.06	0.55	C	-	F	S		II <sub>B</sub> -III <sub>A</sub>	25	25	50		200/225	4.00	0.46		3740-3890	
4.9								5.90	2.68	78.34						0.12	0.55	S	-	-	F		III A	60	10	25	5	200	3.50	0.53		3950-4070	
4.3	32.0	14.4	40.9	12.7	0.45	46.4	6.5	7.08	4.42	73.03					0.01	0.06	C	-	C	C		II <sub>B</sub> -III <sub>A</sub>	25	15	60		225/200	3.00	0.48		4070-4220		
*								5.74	5.21	73.06						0.01	0.09	S	-	F	S		II <sub>A</sub>	40	10	50		225/200	3.00	0.45		4220-4280	
																																4280-4310	

\*\* insignificant results

# Schlumberger Synergetic Log Systems



## Computer Processed Interpretation

USING THE FOLLOWING LOGS:

FDC-CNL-GR, SLC-GR, DIL

COMPANY AQUITAINE COMPANY OF CANADA LTD.

WELL AQUITAINE ET AL NARWHAL SOUTH #1 N-58

FIELD WILDCAT

PROVINCE FEDERAL WATERS

DATE 29 AUG 74 RUN NO. TWO

LOCATION 58° 07' 56.28" N LAT

84° 08' 16.78" W LONG

ELEV. KB 77 DF GL 0

FOLD HERE

The well name, location and borehole reference data were furnished by the customer.

All interpretations are opinions based on inferences from electrical or other measurements and we cannot, and do not, guarantee the accuracy or correctness of any interpretations, and we shall not, except in the case of gross or willful negligence on our part, be liable or responsible for any loss, costs, damages or expenses incurred or sustained by anyone resulting from any interpretation made by any of our officers, agents or employees. These interpretations are also subject to Clause 7 of our General Terms and Conditions as set out in our current Price Schedule.

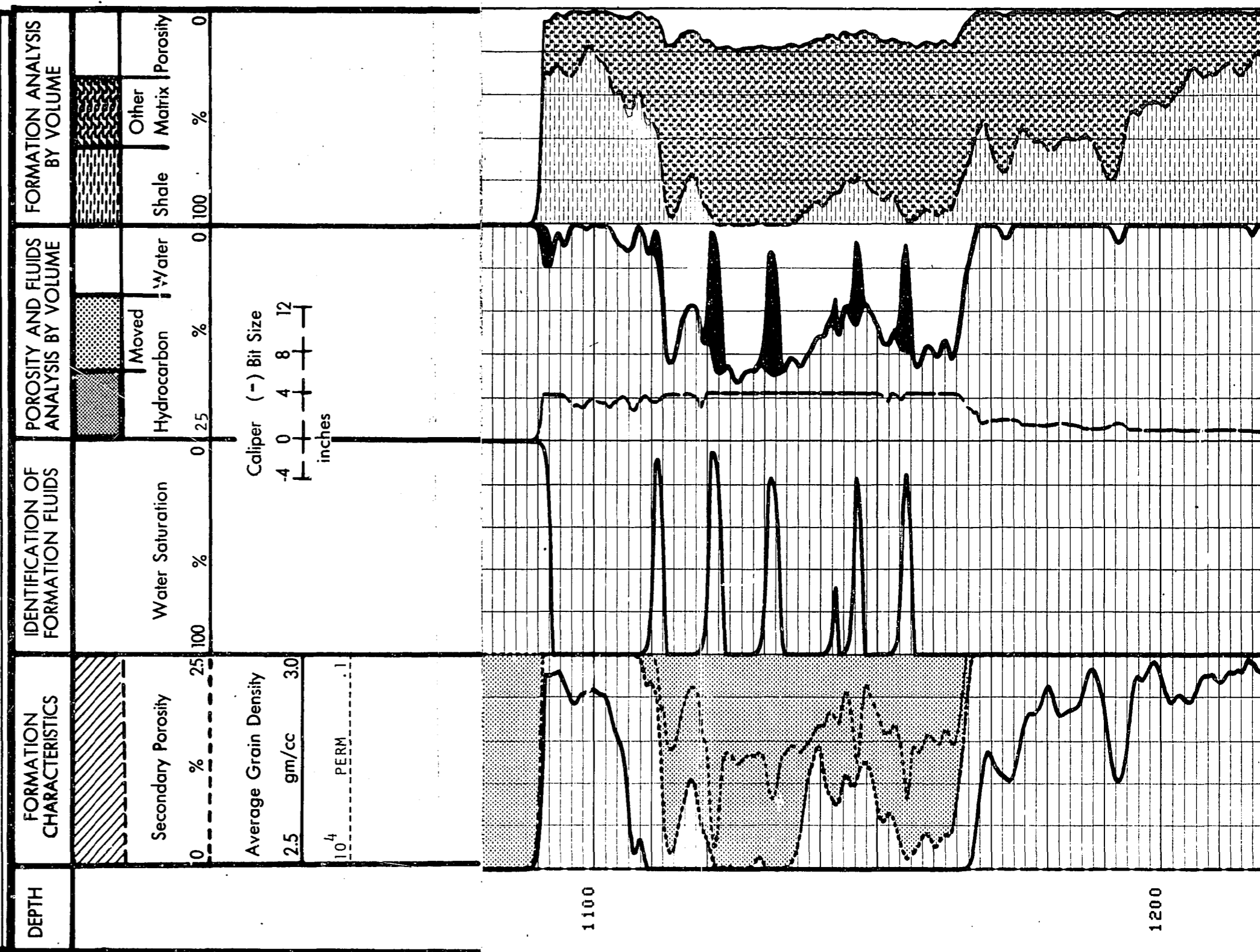
### This SYNERGETIC LOG presentation was computed using CORIBAND — Analysis of Complex Reservoirs.

Field Recording Engineer: NICKERSON Truck No: 05U-C1327 Location: FRONT LER TTR No: E- 904  
Office Recording Comp. Center: HLIC Program No: 11 Analyst: HENDERSON Job No: L-3335  
Mud Measurements  $R_m = 0.833 @ 62^\circ F$   $R_{mf} = 0.695 @ 64^\circ F$  BHT = 88

#### COMPUTATION PARAMETERS

Depth Interval	To	Rw
From 1090	1170	1.50
1170	1690	0.09
1690	1734	100.00
1734	4310	0.08

Remarks





1700

1800

1900

2000

2100



1700

1800

1900

2000

2100



2100

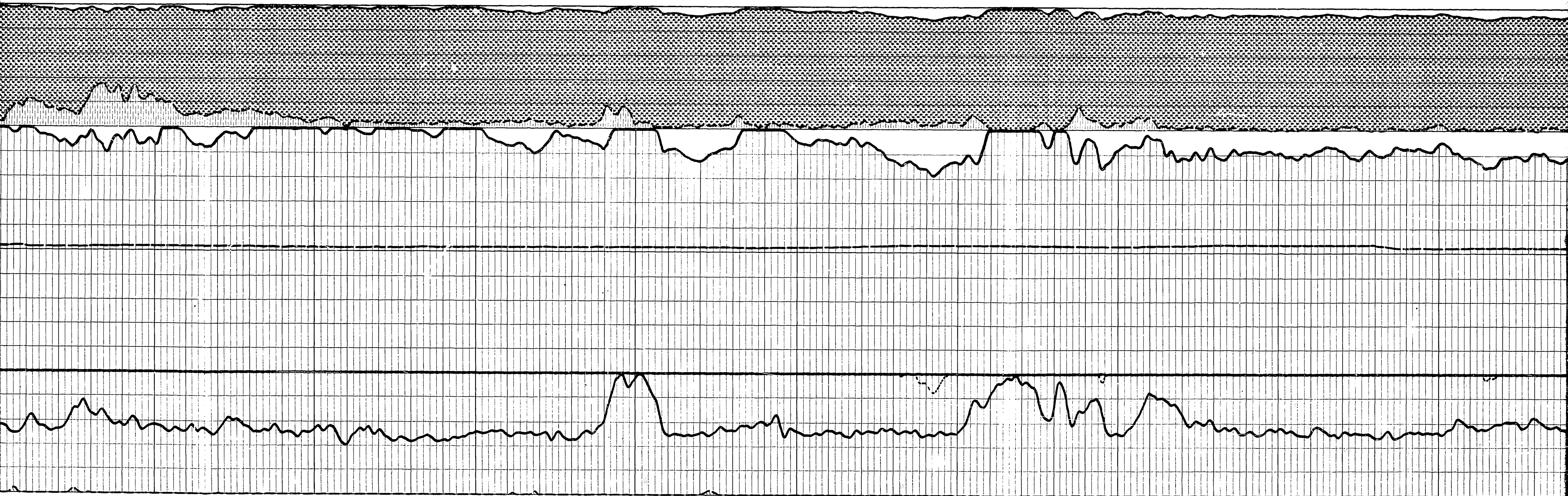
2200

2300

2400

2500

H of



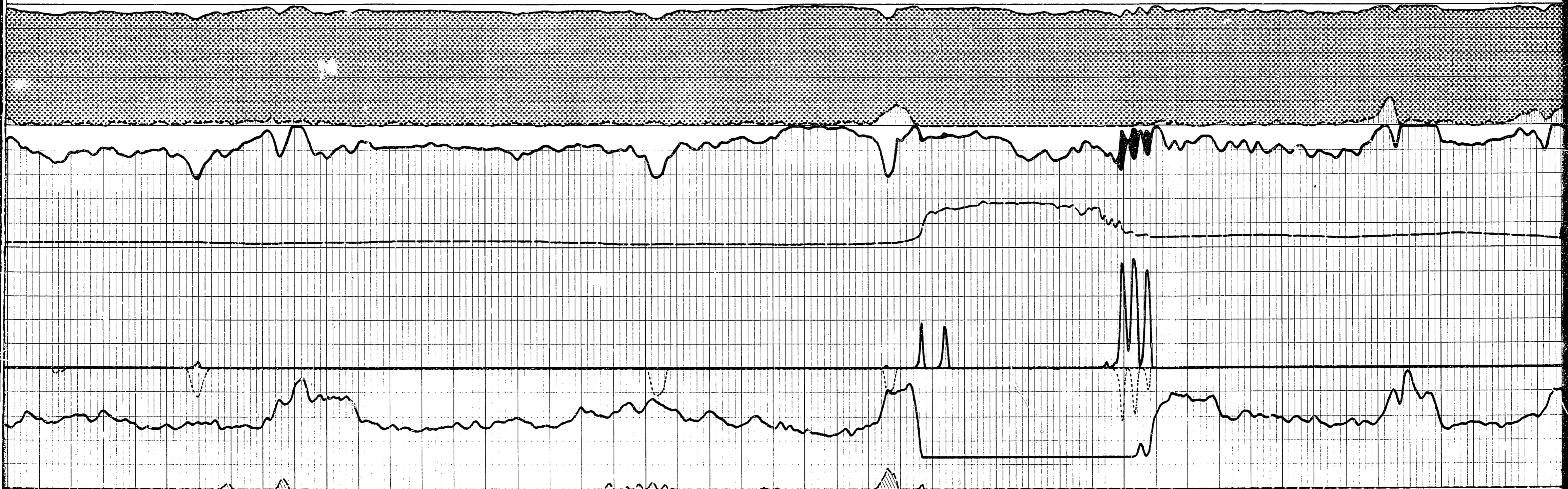
2600

2700

2800

2900

3000

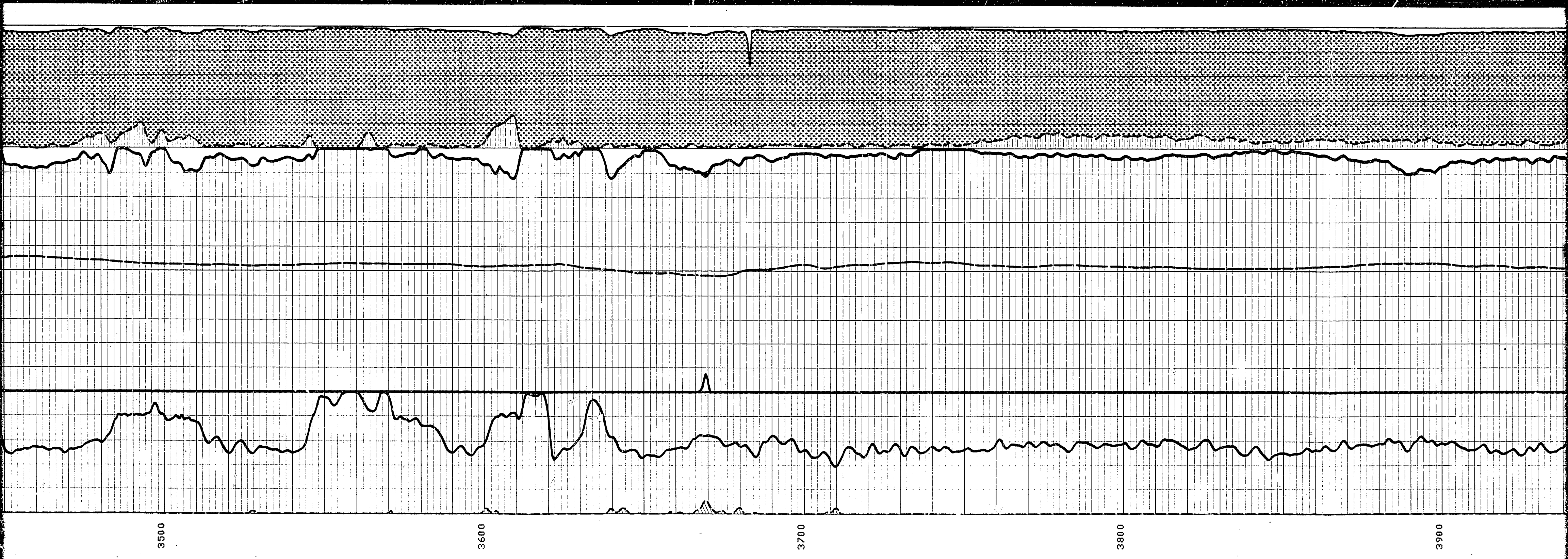


3100

3200

3300

3400



3500

3600

3700

3800

3900

70F



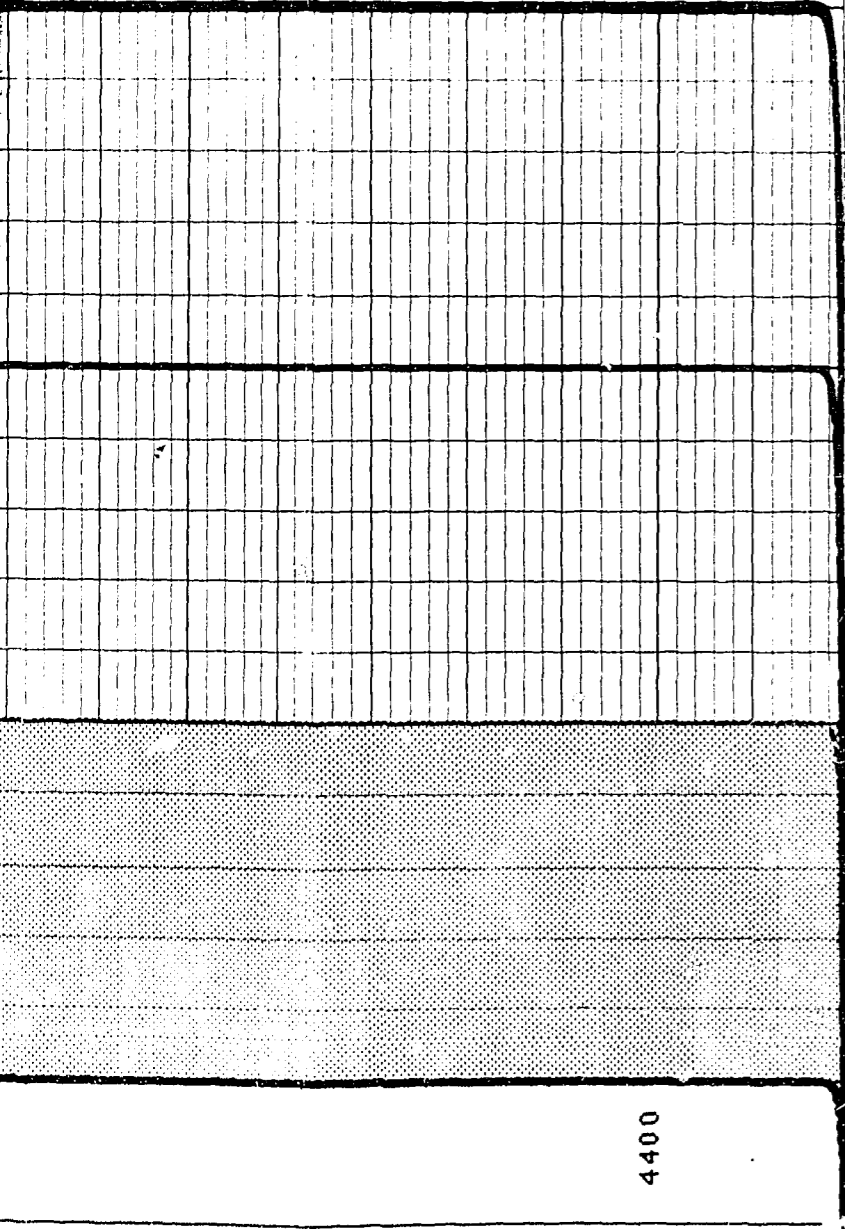


4000

4100

4200

4300



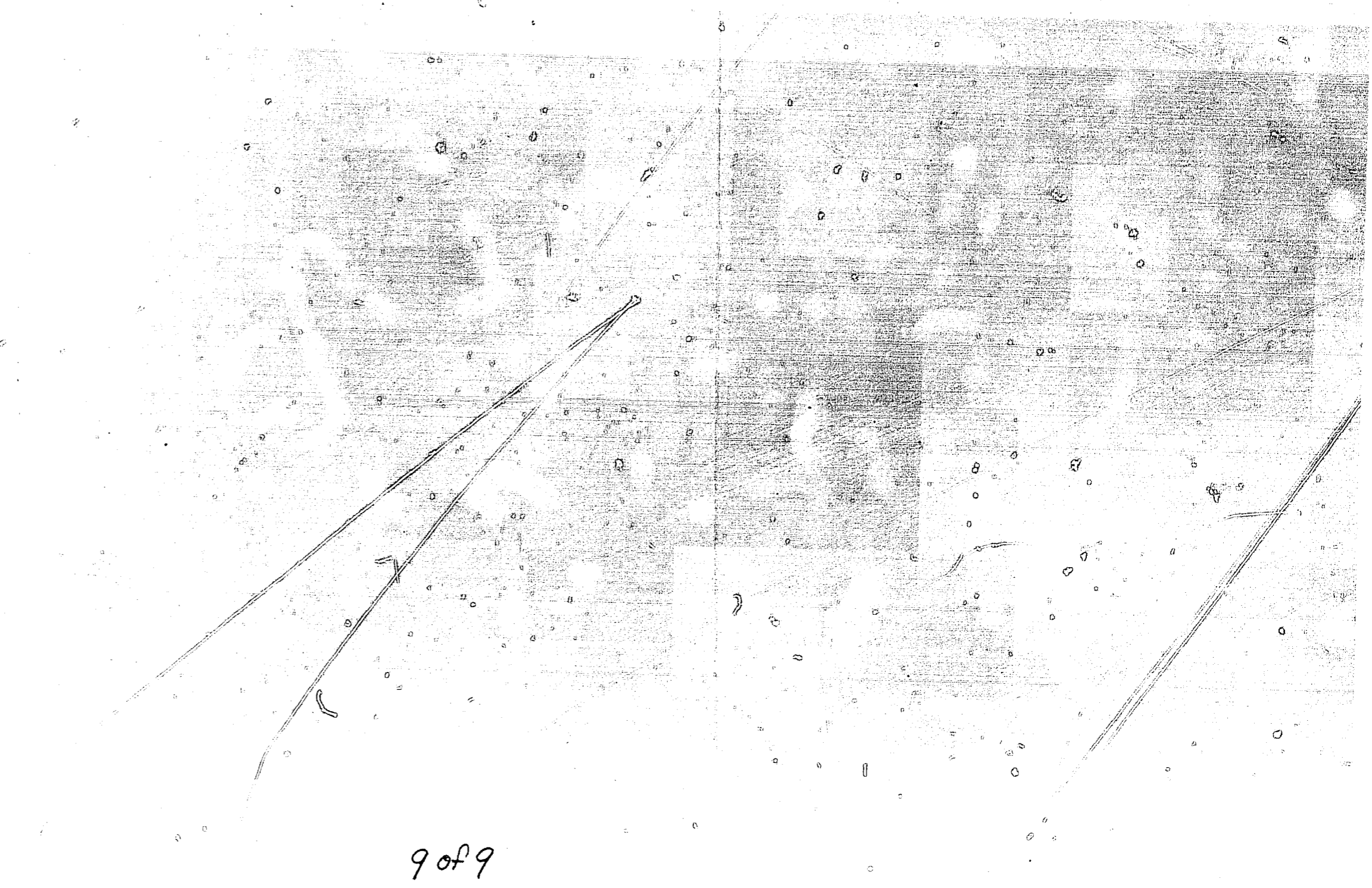
4400

COMPANY AQUITAINE COMPANY OF CANADA LTD.

WELL AQUITAINE ET AL NARWHAL SOUTH #1 N-58

FIELD WILDCAT PROVINCE FEDERAL WATERS

Schlumberger



9 of 9

Schlumberger

FOUR-ARM  
HIGH-RESOLUTION  
**CONTINUOUS DIPMETER**  
COMPUTED

PROVINCE FEDERAL WATERS  
FIELD AQUITAINE ET AL NARWHAL  
WELL S NO.1 N58  
COMPANY AQUITAINE COMPANY OF CANADA LTD.

COMPANY AQUITAINE COMPANY OF CANADA LTD.

WELL AQUITAINE ET AL NARWHAL S NO.1 N58

FIELD

PROVINCE FEDERAL WATERS

LOCATION 58° 97' 56" NORTH LAT  
84° 8' 16" WEST LONG

Other Services: SIC-GR  
DIL, FDC-CNL,

Permanent Datum SC Elev. 0  
Log Measured From KB 77 Ft. Above Perm. Datum  
Drilling Measured From

ELEV: KB 77  
GL 0  
CBF

Date	28 AUG 74
Run No.	ONE
Depth Driller	4341
Depth Logger	4340
Btm. Log Interval	4340
Top Log Interval	1731
Casing Driller	1734
Casing Logger	1731
Bit Size	12 1/4"
Type Fluid in Hole	SALT SAT GEL CHEM
Dens.	10.6
Visc.	36
pH	
Fluid Loss	
Source of Sample	MUD PIT
Rm @ Meas. Temp.	0.078 @ 58 °F
Rmf @ Meas. Temp.	0.066 @ 62 °F
Rmc @ Meas. Temp.	@ °F
Source: Rmf	
Rm @ BHT	@ °F
Time Since Circ.	
Max. Rec. Temp.	°F
Equipment	HNT-D
Truck No.	OSU-C 1327
Location	FRONTIER
Recorded By	NICKERSON
Witnessed By	TILLEMENT

FOLD HERE THIS HEADING AND LOG CONFORMS TO API RP 31

Run No.	Tool Type	HDM No.	HDE No.	HDP No.	HDS No.	DPI No.	DDR No.	Computed By	Correlation Interval	Step	Search
ONE	HDT-C			C782		X2	C784	EMR 6050			

REMARKS 1st Run Service Order # 24943  
Magnetic Declination 18° W

"Any directional computations made from the dipmeter must be regarded as approximate only. This is because the dipmeter log indicates the orientation of the instrument itself, rather than the direction and amount of the well drift. Therefore, we do not and cannot guarantee the accuracy of such directional computations, and we shall not be liable nor responsible for any loss, costs, damages or expenses incurred or sustained that may result from any such computations."

TABLE OF VERTICAL DISPLACEMENT IN FEET CORRESPONDING TO VARIOUS HORIZONTAL DISTANCES AND ANGLES OF DIP

DIP ANGLES (degrees)	VERTICAL DISPLACEMENT FOR HORIZONTAL DISTANCES	
	100'	1000'
1	1.75	17.5
2	3.5	35
3	5.2	52
4	7.0	70
5	8.8	88
6	10.5	105
7	12.3	123
8	14.1	141
9	15.8	158
10	17.6	176
11	19.4	194
12	21.3	213
13	23.1	231
14	24.9	249
15	26.8	268
16	28.7	287
17	30.6	306
18	32.5	325

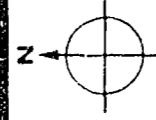
DIP ANGLES (degrees)	VERTICAL DISPLACEMENT FOR HORIZONTAL DISTANCES	
	100'	1000'
19	34.4	344
20	36.4	364
21	38.4	384
22	40.4	404
23	42.5	425
24	44.5	445
25	46.6	466
30	57.7	577
35	70.0	700
40	83.9	839
45	100.0	1000
50	119.2	1192
55	142.8	1428
60	173.2	1732
65	214.4	2144
70	274.8	2748
75	373.2	3732
80	567.1	5671

DIP ANGLES (degrees)	VERTICAL DISPLACEMENT FOR HORIZONTAL DISTANCES	
	100'	1000'
1 mile (5280')	92.2	922
	184	1844
	277	2777
	369	3699
	462	4622
	555	5555
	648	6488
	742	7422
	836	8366
	931	9311
	1026	10266
	1122	11222
	1219	12199
	1316	13166
	1415	14155
	1514	15144
	1614	16144
	1716	17166

To obtain vertical displacements corresponding to multiples of hundreds of feet, thousands of feet or miles, multiply the number found in the table by the number of hundreds, thousands or miles.

Example: The formation dip is 16 degrees. The vertical displacement occurring at a spot 660 feet away from the well is desired. The table shows 28.7 feet per 100 feet for 16° dip. Therefore 28.7 x 6.60 = 189.42, or 189. feet.



**GRAPHIC PRESENTATION**

CORRELATION RATING:  
● GOOD  
○ FAIR  
× POOR

