

ICI Construction Industry and Wage Schedule

The Construction Industry Wages Act, along with *The Employment Standards Code*, sets wages and working conditions on most Manitoba construction sites. The industrial, commercial and institutional (ICI) construction sector has its own minimum standards and wage levels.

What types of construction activities are included in the industrial, commercial and institutional sector?

The industrial, commercial, and institutional sector (ICI) is defined by *The Construction Industry Wages Act*. It includes most industrial, commercial and institutional construction projects in Manitoba and is often called the building construction sector.

Activities under the ICI sector must take place onsite and include building, decorating, removing and relocating of buildings or other structures other than houses.

Employers and employees who need information about their individual situations should see the [ICI Wage Schedule](#) page or contact the Employment Standards Branch directly.

What construction activities are excluded from the ICI sector?

The following construction activities are specifically excluded:

- house building
- onsite maintenance, redecorating, renovating, remodeling and repair of an ICI building or other structure that does not require a blueprint or a structural or architectural change.
- prefabrication of structures away from the building site.
- regular maintenance and repair of buildings, which is paid by the owner, tenant or occupant
- construction of farm buildings

What is the minimum wage in the ICI construction sector?

The minimum wage depends on employees job classifications, where the jobs are located and size of the jobs. The classifications and wage rates can be found in the [ICI Wage Schedule](#).

How are the ICI classifications categorized?

1. Journeyman: anyone with a journeyman certificate from a recognized authority (usually a provincial apprenticeship branch) or anyone who has learned the skills by working in the trade, for at least six years
2. Skilled tradesperson: anyone who has worked at least 2,400 hours in one of the following trades: asbestos abatement; elevator construction; floor covering; insulating; specialty labour (assistant bricklayer); general construction; marble, tile and terrazzo installation; plastering; pre-fabricated metal building erecting; sheeting, decking and cladding; and scaffolding.
3. Trainee: anyone training to become a skilled tradesperson There are two trainee wage levels:
 - Trainee 1 for less than 1,200 hours of work in a trade
 - Trainee 2 for between 1,200 and 2,400 hours in a trade.Employers may not have more than one trainee for each skilled tradesperson.
4. Construction worker: anyone working on a construction site who is not a journeyman, skilled tradesperson, trainee, or apprentice

Can employers have unlimited numbers of trainees and construction workers on a job site?

No, legislation limits the number of trainees and construction workers. Employers can only employ one trainee for each skilled tradesperson working on a job site. They can also only employ one construction worker for every 10 employees working on a site. Staff not working in construction, (Ex: administrative or bookkeeping), should not be counted in the ratio.

For example: if an employer has three carpenters, two carpenter apprentices, two plasterers and one plasterer trainee on a worksite, there can also be one construction worker at that site.

What do trainees in the journeyman trades get paid?

People in training to become journeymen are called apprentices. The wage rates and staffing ratios are set by *The Apprenticeship and Trades Qualifications Act*. For more information contact the Apprenticeship Branch in Winnipeg at 945-3337; 1-877-978-7233 toll free, or visit their website at www.gov.mb.ca/tradecareers.

Are the minimum wages for ICI the same for all projects across Manitoba?

Yes, as of June 1, 2009 the minimum wage rates for ICI projects are the same regardless of where the project is in Manitoba.

Integrated province-wide wage schedule for 2009 and beyond

Effective June 1, 2009, all industrial, commercial and institutional (ICI) construction projects will follow the same province-wide minimum wage schedule. This eliminates the need for a rural wage schedule. No matter where a structure is built in Manitoba, the same wage schedule will apply.

The term **major building project** is still used to distinguish ICI projects from heavy construction projects.

Removal of floor coverer and insulator (heat and frost) trainee classifications

Floor covering installer and insulator (heat and frost) have become designated trades under *The Apprenticeship and Trades Qualifications Act*. The rates for trainees in these classifications have been removed. The apprentice wage rates and ratios established under that act now apply instead.

When must employees in the construction industry be paid?

Employees who work in the construction industry must be paid within 5 days after the end of the pay period for which the wages are payable.

What are the hours of work and overtime rules for the ICI sector?

The standard hours of work are 10 hours per day and 40 hours per week. All additional hours are overtime and must be paid at the overtime rate. More information on calculating the regular and overtime hours can be found on the [Overtime](#) page

Before 2006, different trade classifications and areas in Manitoba had different hours of work and overtime standards. The standards are now the same for all employees working in the industrial, commercial and institutional construction sector.

How is the termination of employment handled in the construction industry?

Employees who do construction work are excluded from the notice requirements. Construction workers and their employers, can terminate employment at any time without notice. The number of years employers and employees work together does not affect the notice requirement.

How are general holidays paid in the construction industry?

Construction employees who work on general holidays are entitled to overtime wages for all hours worked.

Unlike employees in other industries, construction employees are paid their general holiday pay as a percentage of regular earnings. Regular earnings include vacation wages but do not include overtime wages. Employers can pay the four per cent at the end of the year or on every cheque.

What are the general holidays in Manitoba?

There are eight general holidays throughout the year:

- New Year's Day
- Louis Riel Day (3rd Monday in February)
- Good Friday
- Victoria Day

- Canada Day
- Labour Day
- Thanksgiving Day
- Christmas Day

Most employees are paid general holiday pay for these days whether they work or not.

When are construction employees paid general holiday pay?

Construction employees must be paid all general holiday pay by the end of the year. Some employers give general holiday pay on every pay cheque, others pay it all at the end of the year, or in smaller amounts throughout the year. Employees who are not sure how holidays are paid should ask their employers.

Do construction employees have to work on the general holiday to get general holiday pay?

Construction employees earn general holiday pay as four percent of their regular wages. They receive this pay, even if they never work on a general holiday. For example: if employees work from June 1 to June 30, a period where there is not a general holiday, they would still receive their general holiday pay.

Can employers pay vacation pay and general holiday pay together?

Employers can pay employees vacation pay and general holiday pay once a year or on every cheque. For vacation pay, employees earn two per cent of their total wages for each week of vacation. Employees who get two weeks vacation receive four per cent of their total wages for vacation pay. Employees who get three weeks vacation earn six per cent.

For example: a construction employee earns \$10,000 in wages, not including overtime. That employee receives \$400 vacation pay and \$416 general holiday pay.

Total gross regular wages (excluding overtime)	\$10,000
Vacation allowance (6% after 5 years)	$(\$10,000 \times 4\%) + 400$
Subtotal	\$10,400
General holiday pay	$(\$10,400 \times 4\%) + 416$
Total pay	\$10,816

More information can be found on the [Vacations and vacation pay](#) page.

Are construction employees entitled to vacation or unpaid leave?

Yes, *The Employment Standards Code* does apply to employers and employees in construction.

This includes rules on [Deductions](#), [Unpaid Leave](#), [Vacations](#) and [Wages for Reporting for Work](#).

Manitoba Industrial, Commercial and Institutional Construction Sector Minimum Wage Schedules

<i>Occupation Classifications</i>	<i>June 1, 2008 Winnipeg Area and Major Building Construction Projects</i>	<i>June 1, 2008 Outside Winnipeg Area</i>	<i>June 1, 2009 Integrated Province–Wide</i>	<i>Jan. 1, 2010 Integrated Province–Wide</i>
asbestos				
• trainee 2 (1201–2400)	\$20.10	\$19.50	\$20.70	\$21.50
• trainee 1 (0–1200)	\$16.10	\$15.60	\$16.60	\$17.20
	\$12.05	\$11.70	\$12.40	\$12.90
boilermaker	\$26.60	\$25.80	\$27.40	\$28.50
bricklayer	\$27.70	\$26.90	\$29.55	\$31.00
carpenter	\$25.25	\$24.50	\$26.00	\$27.00
concrete finisher	\$21.80	\$21.15	\$22.45	\$23.35
cons. electrician	\$29.85	\$28.95	\$30.70	\$31.95
crane & hoisting				
a. mobile crane	\$26.00	\$24.20	\$27.50	\$29.00
b. tower crane	\$29.00	\$26.15	\$31.50	\$33.00
c. boom truck	\$21.65	\$21.00	\$22.30	\$23.15
elevator constructor				
• trainee 2 (1201–2400)	\$30.90	\$30.00	\$31.85	\$33.12
• trainee 1 (0–1200)	\$24.75	\$24.00	\$25.50	\$26.50
	\$18.20	\$18.00	\$18.75	\$19.55
floor coverer	\$23.20	\$22.50	\$23.90	\$24.85
glazier	\$24.10	\$23.40	\$24.85	\$25.80
industrial mechanic	\$27.50	\$26.70	\$28.35	\$29.50
insulator	\$23.80	\$23.10	\$24.50	\$25.50
ironworker:				
a. structural steel	\$27.70	\$26.90	\$28.55	\$29.70
b. reinforcing iron	\$24.05	\$23.35	\$24.80	\$25.75
c. miscellaneous/ornamental	\$27.30	\$26.49	\$28.12	\$29.25
specialty labour skilled tradesperson (assisting bricklayer)				
• trainee 2 (1201–2400)	\$20.45	\$19.85	\$21.05	\$21.89
• trainee 1 (0–1200)	\$16.35	\$15.88	\$16.85	\$17.50
	\$12.30	\$11.91	\$12.65	\$13.15
general labourer	\$19.50	\$18.90	\$20.09	\$20.89
	\$15.60	\$15.12	\$16.05	\$16.70

<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • trainee 2 (1201–2400) • trainee 1 (0–1200) 	\$11.70	\$11.34	\$12.05	\$12.50
construction worker	\$12.60	\$12.20	\$12.95	\$13.50
interior systems/lather	\$24.00	\$22.25	\$24.75	\$26.00
marble, tile, terazzo	\$21.95	\$21.30	\$22.25	\$22.25
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • trainee 2 (1201–2400) • trainee 1 (0–1200) 	\$17.55	\$17.04	\$17.80	\$17.80
	\$13.20	\$12.78	\$13.35	\$13.35
painter/decorator	\$22.00	\$21.35	\$22.90	\$23.80
plasterer	\$23.00	\$22.30	\$23.70	\$24.65
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • trainee 2 (1201–2400) • trainee 1 (0–1200) 	\$18.40	\$17.84	\$19.00	\$19.70
	\$13.80	\$13.38	\$14.25	\$14.75
plumber	\$29.45	\$28.60	\$30.35	\$31.60
pre-fab erector	\$24.00	\$24.00	\$24.75	\$25.70
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • trainee 2 (1201–2400) • trainee 1 (0–1200) 	\$19.20	\$19.20	\$19.80	\$20.55
	\$14.40	\$14.40	\$14.85	\$15.45
refrigeration & air conditioning	\$28.65	\$27.80	\$29.50	\$30.70
roofer	\$23.85	\$23.15	\$24.60	\$25.60
sheeter/decker	\$26.75	\$25.95	\$27.55	\$28.65
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • trainee 2 (1201–2400) • trainee 1 (0–1200) 	\$21.40	\$20.76	\$22.05	\$22.95
	\$16.05	\$15.57	\$16.55	\$17.20
sheet metal worker	\$30.40	\$29.50	\$31.31	\$32.56
sprinkler/pipefitter	\$32.00	\$31.05	\$32.95	\$34.25
steamfitter/pipefitter	\$29.50	\$28.60	\$30.35	\$31.60
scaffolder	\$25.25	\$24.50	\$26.00	\$27.05
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • trainee 2 (1201–2400) • trainee 1 (0–1200) 	\$20.20	\$19.60	\$20.80	\$21.65
	\$15.15	\$14.70	\$15.60	\$16.25

For more information contact the Employment Standards Branch:

Phone: 204-945-3352; or toll free in Canada 1-800-821-4307

Fax: 204-948-3046

E-mail: Employmentstandards@gov.mb.ca

Website: www.manitoba.ca/labour/standards

This is a general overview and the information used is subject to change. For detailed information, please refer to current legislation including *The Employment Standards Code* and *The Worker Recruitment and Protection Act*, or contact the Employment Standards Branch to ask for advice.

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