THE COAT OF ARMS, EMBLEMS AND THE MANITOBA TARTAN AMENDMENT ACT

BILL 200, 4th Session, 40th Legislature

WHEREAS the world's largest fossilized specimen of the prehistoric marine reptile known as Tylosaurus pembinensis was discovered near Morden in 1974; AND WHEREAS this fossilized specimen, which has been nicknamed "Bruce the mosasaur", is permanently displayed at the Canadian Fossil Discovery Centre in Morden; THEREFORE HER MAJESTY, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Assembly of Manitoba, enacts as follows:

C.C.S.M. c. C15(1 amended

- The Coat of Arms, Emblems and the Manitoba Tartan Act is amended by this Act.
- The following is added after subsection 5(5):

Fossil emblem

5(6) The mosasaur known as *Tylosaurus pembinensis* is hereby designated as the fossil emblem of Manitoba.

This Act came into force on June 30th, 2015, the day it received royal assent.



- Bruce is Manitoban.
- The Mosasaur was an aquatic reptile.
- 7/he Musasawa Mosasaurs are thought to be related to modern day Monitor Lizards.
- Mosasaurs gave birth to live young, unlike many other reptiles that lay eggs.
- Mosasaurs breathed air and were powerful swimmers.
- The smallest of the Mosasaurs were under a meter long!!!
- Mosasaurs swallowed their prey whole with their large mouths.
- The first discovery of the Mosasaurs in the fossil record was about 92 million years ago, and the last about 66 million years ago, meaning they were on the earth for 26 million years.