



**2008 – 2009  
ANNUAL REPORT**



**Public Trustee  
of Manitoba**





**ATTORNEY GENERAL  
MINISTER OF JUSTICE**

Room 104  
Legislative Building  
Winnipeg, Manitoba, CANADA  
R3C 0V8

His Honour the Honourable Philip S. Lee  
Lieutenant-Governor of Manitoba  
Room 235 Legislative Building  
Winnipeg MB R3C 0V8

May it Please Your Honour:

I have the privilege of presenting for the information of Your Honour the Annual Report of  
The Public Trustee Special Operating Agency for the fiscal year ending March 31, 2009.

Respectfully submitted,

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read 'Dave Chomiak', written over the printed name.

Honourable Dave Chomiak



Justice

Deputy Minister of Justice and Deputy Attorney General  
Room 110 Legislative Building, Winnipeg, Manitoba, Canada R3C 0V8

Honourable Dave Chomiak  
Minister of Justice  
Attorney General  
Room 104 Legislative Building  
Winnipeg MB R3C 0V8


Dear Minister:

I submit for your consideration the Annual Report of The Public Trustee Special Operating Agency for the fiscal year ending March 31, 2009.

The results of the 2008/09 fiscal year indicate that the SOA continues to be effective in meeting client needs and in its planning for the future.

The Advisory Board is pleased with the success of The Public Trustee and encouraged by the ongoing commitment of its employees.

Respectfully submitted,



Jeffrey A. Schnoor, Q.C.  
Deputy Minister of Justice  
Deputy Attorney General





# Public Trustee of Manitoba

---

155 Carlton St, Suite 500  
Winnipeg, MB R3C 5R9  
CANADA

Jeffrey Schnoor, Q.C.  
Deputy Minister of Justice and  
Deputy Attorney General  
110 Legislative Building  
Winnipeg, Manitoba R3C 0V8

Dear Sir:

In accordance with the provisions of Section 19 of *The Public Trustee Act* and the requirements of a Special Operating Agency, I submit the Annual Report of The Public Trustee for the fiscal year ending March 31, 2009.

Yours truly,

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read 'JK' with a large flourish.

Joanna K. Knowlton  
Public Trustee



# TABLE OF CONTENTS

## **INTRODUCTION ----- 1**

- ❖ Profile of The Public Trustee
- ❖ Principles by which we Operate to Achieve our Mission
- ❖ Statutory Mandate

## **ABOUT THE PUBLIC TRUSTEE ----- 2 – 6**

- ❖ Creation of The Public Trustee
- ❖ Special Operating Agency Status
- ❖ The Public Trustee Advisory Board
- ❖ The Public Trustee Organization
- ❖ Organization Chart

## **WHAT DOES THE PUBLIC TRUSTEE DO? ----- 7**

### **Client Administration ----- 7 – 9**

- ❖ Committee
- ❖ Consent to Treatment for Patients in Psychiatric Facilities
- ❖ Substitute Decision Maker
- ❖ Attorney Pursuant to Enduring Power of Attorney
- ❖ Delegation of Authority

### **Estates and Trusts ----- 10**

- ❖ Deceased Estates
- ❖ Children’s Trusts

## **DEPARTMENTAL ACCOMPLISHMENTS ----- 11 – 17**

- ❖ Client Administration
- ❖ Estates and Trusts
- ❖ Financial Administration
- ❖ Inspection Services
- ❖ Legal

# TABLE OF CONTENTS

**BUSINESS PLAN GOALS** ----- 18 – 25

- ❖ Long-term Business Goals
- ❖ Short-term Business Goals

**INTERNAL AUDITOR AUDIT REPORT HIGHLIGHTS** -----26 - 27

**PUBLICATIONS** -----28 - 29

**PERFORMANCE FRAMEWORK** ----- 30 -37

**SUMMARY OF FINANCIAL RESULTS (SOA)** -----38

**FINANCIAL STATEMENTS:**

- ❖ The Public Trustee of Manitoba  
An Agency of the Special Operating Agencies  
Financing Authority - Province of Manitoba -----39 - 54
- ❖ The Public Trustee of Manitoba  
Estates and Trusts under Administration -----55 - 62

# INTRODUCTION

## PROFILE OF THE PUBLIC TRUSTEE

The Public Trustee (PT) provides services for a fee to the people of Manitoba in accordance with its statutory mandate and existing policies. The PT operates with a high level of accounting, legal and professional expertise, which is necessary for the management of approximately 5,615 clients, estates and trusts. Assets under administration are currently valued at approximately \$203 million.

### THE MISSION OF THE PT IS:

TO PROTECT THE INTERESTS OF MANITOBANS BY PROVIDING PROFESSIONAL AND COST-EFFECTIVE TRUSTEE SERVICES OF LAST RESORT THAT MEET THE NEEDS OF ITS CLIENTS.

### THE PRINCIPLES BY WHICH WE OPERATE TO ACHIEVE OUR MISSION ARE:

- Our service is client focused;
- Our service is cost-effective; and
- Services that must be provided by statutory mandate are provided and if fees cannot be charged, the costs are covered by the revenue earned in other areas of our operation.

## STATUTORY MANDATE

The PT is statutorily mandated to provide the following services to Manitobans:

- a) Acts as Committee for mentally incompetent persons under *The Mental Health Act*;
- b) Acts as Substitute Decision-Maker for adults living with a mental disability under *The Vulnerable Persons Living with a Mental Disability Act*;
- c) Gives or refuses consent to psychiatric treatment for mentally incompetent patients who cannot give or refuse consent themselves, and who have no other proxy or relative able to consent;
- d) Acts as Official Administrator for the province;
- e) Acts as Official Guardian for the province;
- f) Acts as Litigation Guardian for children and mentally incompetent persons who have no one else competent to represent their interests;
- g) Administers trust funds for children, and for adults with mental disabilities;
- h) Reviews all infant (children's) settlements; and
- i) Reviews all applications for private committeehip.

# **ABOUT THE PUBLIC TRUSTEE**

## **CREATION OF THE PUBLIC TRUSTEE**

The PT is a corporation sole. It was created by the enactment of *The Public Trustee Act* on February 1, 1973. The PT has a corporate seal and perpetual succession and functions separately from government. It is capable of suing or being sued on behalf of its clients, or the trusts and estates which it administers. *The Public Trustee Act* requires that the Auditor General audit the books and accounts of The PT. As well, the Act requires that an annual report be filed including an audited balance sheet and an audited statement of receipts and expenditures for the fiscal year. Since its inception, The PT has charged fees for its services in order to meet its salary and operating expenditures.

The current Public Trustee is Joanna K. Knowlton who was appointed by Order in Council effective July 3, 2007.

## **SPECIAL OPERATING AGENCY STATUS**

Effective April 1, 1996 The PT commenced operation as a Special Operating Agency (SOA). Prior to this conversion, The PT had been operating on a full cost recovery (revenue) basis. The advantages of SOA status have assisted The PT to increase its services. These advantages include:

- The flexibility to hire staff as required to provide service levels appropriate to the fees charged;
- The ability to carry forward surpluses to subsequent years; and
- The ability to plan on a long-term basis.

The increased management authority and more rigorous planning and reporting requirements afforded by Special Operating Agency status have assisted The PT in increasing the quality of services to its clients.

The PT remains a branch within the Department of Justice of the Province of Manitoba and is accountable to the Deputy Minister and the Minister for operational performance. The PT is accountable to Treasury Board for its financial performance. The PT operates outside the Consolidated Fund under the Special Operating Agencies Financing Authority, which holds title to The PT's assets, provides financing for operations and is responsible for The PT's liabilities. Accountability is supported by The PT's compliance with its Operating Charter, transfer agreement, management agreement, applicable General Manual of Administration Policies and by *The Special Operating Agencies Financing Authority Act*.

## THE PUBLIC TRUSTEE ADVISORY BOARD

The PT provides a business plan and quarterly reports to its Advisory Board. The Board was established by The Public Trustee Operating Charter for review and consultation on short and long-term strategic planning, management, and operating issues of concern to the private and public sectors. Its members are appointed by the Minister of Justice and it is chaired by the Deputy Minister. The Board meets quarterly to provide advice to The PT on its direction, the annual business plan and its financial reporting requirements.

<b>CHAIR</b>	Jeffrey A. Schnoor, Q.C. Deputy Minister of Justice and Deputy Attorney General	
<b>MEMBERS</b>	Joanna K. Knowlton Public Trustee	ex officio
	Richard Sohor Chief Financial Officer Public Trustee	ex officio
	Doreen Kelly General Counsel The College of Physicians & Surgeons of Manitoba	Private Sector Representative
	L. Jean Sikomas Manager, Personal Trusts Scotia Private Client Group	Private Sector Representative
	Marie O'Neill Associate Deputy Minister Primary Care and Healthy Living Department of Health and Healthy Living	Client Representative
	Grant Doak Assistant Deputy Minister Services for Persons with Disabilities, Employment and Income Assistance Department of Family Services & Housing	Client Representative
	Brian Stephenson Inspector Public Trustee	Employee Representative

## **THE PUBLIC TRUSTEE - ORGANIZATION**

The PT's staff are assigned in 6 distinct sections:

### **Administration:**

This section is responsible for the administration of the entire program. It is composed of:

- The Public Trustee
- Internal Auditor
- Administrative Assistant - .5

### **Client Administration:**

This section manages the personal and financial affairs of vulnerable persons and mentally incompetent adults. The Winnipeg office is composed of:

- Deputy Public Trustee
- Senior Client Administration Officers – 2
- Client Administrative Officers – 12
- Administrative Assistants – 12.5
- Deceased Estates Clerk

The Brandon office is composed of:

- Client Administration Officer
- Administrative Assistant
- Clerk - .28

### **Estates and Trusts Administration:**

This section administers deceased estates, and adult and children's trusts. This section is composed of:

- Manager, Estates and Trusts
- Estates Officers – 4.6
- Administrative Assistants - 2
- Trust Administration Clerk

## **Financial Administration:**

This section manages the financial administration services for all clients, estates and trusts, the Common Fund, and the revenues and operating budget of the office.

This section is composed of:

- Chief Financial Officer
- Senior Accountant
- Accountant
- Investment Officer
- Senior Systems Analyst
- Senior Application Developer
- Accounting Staff – 14.5

## **Inspection Services:**

This section provides all field services for clients, estates and trusts. The section is composed of:

- Manager, Inspection Services
- Inspectors – 3
- Chattel Clerk

## **Legal:**

This section has several mandates including:

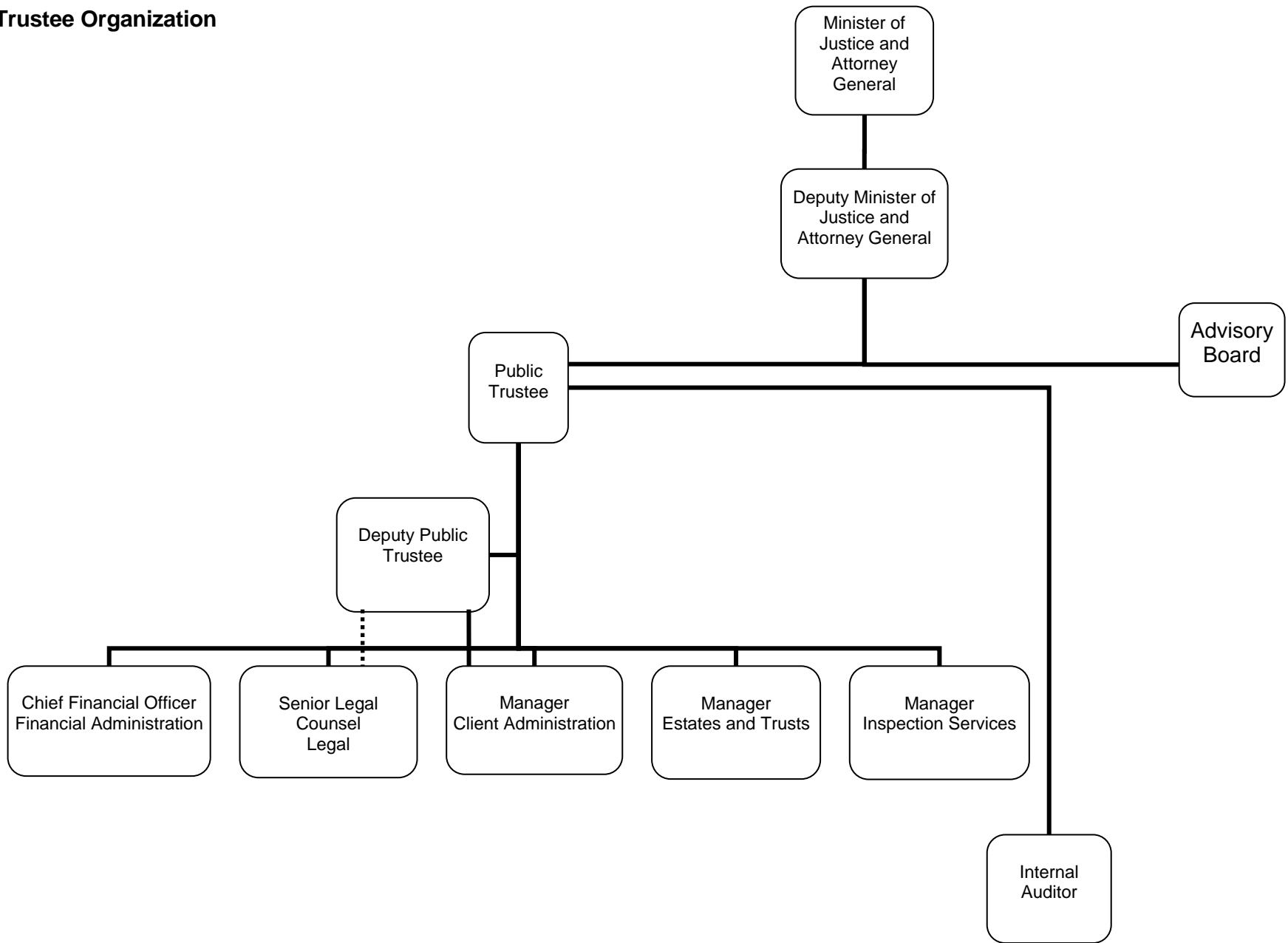
1. Providing the necessary legal representation for clients, estates, and trusts;
2. Ensuring the protection of rights and assets;
3. Fulfilling statutory duties as required and providing advice to the court as required; and
4. Providing advice to The PT.

This section is composed of:

- Senior Counsel
- Legal Counsel – 2
- Administrative Assistants - 2

Each section Manager is part of the management team and all report to The PT. As well, the Internal Auditor reports to The PT. The PT periodically employs seasonal STEP students.

# The Public Trustee Organization



# WHAT DOES THE PUBLIC TRUSTEE DO?

## CLIENT ADMINISTRATION SECTION

The Client Administration Section has several functions. They are described below.

### 1. **Committee of people who have been found incapable of managing their own property or personal decisions pursuant to *The Mental Health Act*.**

There are three ways The PT may be appointed as committee:

#### a) *By an Order of Committeeship* issued by the Director of Psychiatric Services

This is an administrative process that does not require a court order. The process begins when a person who is usually a medical professional or social worker, identifies a need for The PT's involvement as committee for a mentally incompetent person. The person is examined by a physician. If the physician agrees that the person is mentally incompetent and requires the services of The PT, a Certificate of Incapacity is completed, and sent with background information about the person to the Director of Psychiatric Services for Manitoba.

The Director of Psychiatric Services gives notice to the person and involved family that he is considering issuing an Order of Committeeship. They then have an opportunity to object in writing. The Director may also request further information, or meet with interested persons. He will consider any objections together with all information received, and make a decision whether or not to issue an Order of Committeeship.

If the Order of Committeeship is issued, The PT is appointed to manage the person's personal and financial affairs until the person is declared mentally competent, or The Court of Queen's Bench makes an order removing The PT.

The appointment of The PT as committee pursuant to an Order of Committeeship is always an appointment of last resort, where there is no one else willing, able or suitable to act, and there is a demonstrated need for the appointment.

#### b) *By a Certificate of Incompetence to Manage Property* issued for a patient in a psychiatric facility

Upon admission to a psychiatric facility, a patient is examined by a physician to determine whether the patient is able to manage his or her financial affairs. If not, the physician completes a certificate appointing The PT to manage the financial affairs while the patient remains in hospital. Upon the person's discharge from hospital, The PT's jurisdiction as committee ends.

c) By an order of The Court of Queen's Bench

The Court of Queen's Bench may grant an order appointing The PT as committee of property and personal care. This may happen when the court is not satisfied that a private applicant for committeehip is a suitable person to be appointed, or where an existing committee is no longer willing, able or suitable to act, and there is no one else the court can appoint. The PT's appointment continues unless or until the court makes an order removing The PT as committee.

**2. Provides consent (or refusal) to psychiatric or medical treatment for patients in psychiatric facilities who have been declared by their doctor to be incapable of consent on their own and have no family who can consent for them.**

Upon admission to a psychiatric facility, patients are examined by a physician to determine whether or not they are capable of consenting or refusing to consent to medical or psychiatric treatment. If not, a Certificate of Incompetence to Make Treatment Decisions is completed. If there is no proxy appointed in a Health Care Directive, no court appointed committee or family members willing, suitable or able to give substituted consent to treatment, The PT will be asked to make treatment decisions for the patient.

The PT's authority to make treatment decisions will last only until the person becomes capable of making the decisions or is discharged from the psychiatric facility, whichever happens first.

**3. Acts as Substitute Decision Maker (SDM) for people who have been found incapable of managing their own property or personal decisions under *The Vulnerable Persons Living with a Mental Disability Act*.**

The PT may be appointed by the Vulnerable Persons Commissioner (VPC) as SDM for adults living with a mental disability. The process begins when a person applies to the VPC for the appointment of an SDM for property and/or personal care of a person who falls within the jurisdiction of *The Vulnerable Persons Living with a Mental Disability Act*. The person, family and other interested persons receive notice of the application, and have the right to appear before a hearing panel.

The hearing panel's duty is to decide if a SDM is necessary, and if so, what authority it should have. After hearing all the information from interested parties, the hearing panel makes a recommendation to the VPC. If the VPC is satisfied that a SDM is required, and there is no one else willing, able or suitable to act, it may appoint The PT. The appointment will clearly state what authority The PT has, and how long the authority lasts, to a maximum of five years. The VPC will only appoint The PT as SDM as a last resort, and will only grant authority to make decisions in areas where there is a demonstrated need.

**4. Acts as attorney pursuant to an enduring power of attorney given to The PT by a mentally competent adult.**

The PT has discretion to accept powers of attorney from mentally competent Manitobans who have estates of \$250,000 or less, and who require assistance administering their financial affairs. The PT's authority continues until the donor revokes the power of attorney, The PT is appointed as committee, or the donor dies.

## 5. Delegation of Authority

The PT acts as committee, SDM or attorney for approximately 3,270 adult clients. It is not possible for its staff to meet with or provide direct service to each of these clients. As a result, The PT delegates certain authority to:

- a) Manitoba Family Services and Housing: Specifically the delegation is to the Executive Director of Disability Programs, the Executive Director of Winnipeg Services or the Executive Director of Rural and Northern Services. This does not include clients in Manitoba Developmental Centre (see (b) below) or St. Amant. The PT provides services directly to clients at St. Amant with the assistance of social workers and other St. Amant staff;
- b) Manitoba Developmental Centre (MDC): Delegated authority to MDC is limited to minor medical procedures and authority to apply to a Justice for an order for apprehension of a resident who has absconded from the centre.
- c) The Regional Health Authority in which the clients in question reside: However, if a client resides in a personal care home in Brandon or Winnipeg, there is no delegation of authority. Authority is also not delegated for clients in psychiatric facilities, including Selkirk Mental Health Centre. In those cases, The PT provides services directly to the client with the assistance of the personal care home or psychiatric facility social worker or other appropriate staff member.

Delegated Decisions	Decisions not Delegated
1. Identify and facilitate appropriate residence;	1. Administration of financial affairs, including the filing of income tax returns, applying for pensions and other financial benefits, and estate planning.
2. Identify and facilitate appropriate day services;	2. Administration of legal affairs;
3. Facilitate the provision of regular medical and dental care;	3. Consent to psychiatric or medical treatment;
4. Facilitate the planning of leisure time for the person;	4. Consent to release contents of confidential files or clinical records, and
5. Coordinate the provision of individual support services;	5. Decisions affecting the person's human rights.
6. Communicate with the person's family members;	
7. Monitor and/or oversee the management of personal allowances in accordance with the Department of Family Services and Housing's policy on Management of Personal Funds of Clients in the Community; and	
8. Apply for and enforce an Order of Apprehension pursuant to s.62 of <i>The Vulnerable Persons Living with a Mental Disability Act</i> .	

## **ESTATES AND TRUSTS SECTION**

The Estates and Trusts section has two major functions.

### **1. Administers estates of persons who die in Manitoba where there is no one willing, able or suitable to administer their estates.**

The PT is an administrator of last resort, and does not actively seek to administer estates. However, The PT may administer an estate in the following circumstances:

- a) Upon a court order to do so where:
  - The deceased has no family in Manitoba willing, able or suitable to act as administrator;
  - There is a dispute among various parties as to who should act as administrator; or
  - The executors named in the will are unwilling, unable or unsuitable to act.
- b) Upon the death of a client for whom The PT acted as committee or SDM. The PT has limited authority to continue acting until a personal representative is appointed by the court to administer the estate; or
- c) When The PT is named as executor in a will.

The PT's duty as executor or administrator is to properly gather in the estate assets, pay debts and distribute the estate to those entitled in accordance with the will or the laws of Manitoba.

### **2. Administers Trusts for Children**

As the Official Guardian for children in Manitoba, The PT administers trusts when required by court order or legislation. Although there are many reasons why The PT may be appointed to manage a trust for a child, some common reasons are as follows:

- A court ordered payment, settlement or insurance payment for a child. This may result from personal injury, death of a parent or family member, or if a child is the victim of a crime;
- A child is named as beneficiary of a registered investment, pension or life insurance policy or receives some other benefit or windfall, and there is no person authorized to manage the funds during the child's minority; or
- A child is a beneficiary or heir of an estate and there is no trustee to administer the assets during the child's minority.

The PT's duty as trustee of children's trusts is to protect the trust assets and to ensure they are properly invested and disbursed in accordance with the trust instrument or applicable legislation.

# DEPARTMENTAL ACCOMPLISHMENTS

## CLIENT ADMINISTRATION ACCOMPLISHMENTS - 2008/2009

### 1. Speaking Engagements

In addition to the quarterly education seminars, smaller presentations are made at the request of agencies, service groups, various government departments and the general public. The presentations made during the year were:

<u>Topic</u>	<u>Group</u>	<u>No. of Attendees</u>
Committeeship – Power of Attorney	Masonic Temple – CP Pensioners	50
Career as a Lawyer	Winnipeg – Career Fair at Tec Voc	20
VPA Workshop in conjunction with VPPC and Family Services	Winnipeg – Quarterly Seminar	100
Vulnerable Persons	Portage la Prairie – MDC Staff	25
Law Day - Booth	General Public	25
Committeeship – Power of Attorney	Boundary Trails Health Centre	92
The Role of The Public Trustee	101 Marion Street – Elderly Persons Housing	20
Committeeship and POA	Brandon/Assiniboine – Quarterly Seminar	54
Litigation Guardians & Small Claims	Law Society of Manitoba – lawyers	45
Role of The Public Trustee	Donwood Manor – Elderly Persons Housing	15
Financial Abuse	Dauphin/Parklands – Quarterly Seminar	66
Role of PT as Substitute Decision Maker	Brandon – Association for Community Living	16
Protection Order Designates	Law Society of Manitoba – lawyers	20
Booth providing information on PT	Winnipeg – Elder Abuse Conference	46
Financial Abuse	Winnipeg – Elder Abuse Conference	75
Disabled Beneficiaries		
Dispute Resolution	MB. Bar Assoc. – Mid-Winter Conference	51
Role of Public Trustee	Winnipeg – Community & Youth – Corrections	26
Committeeship and POA	Winnipeg – Quarterly Seminar	218
Financial Abuse	Brandon – Knox United Church	30
Residential School Claims presentation	SOA Advisory Board Meeting	10
Role of The Public Trustee	U. of M. – Wills & Estates Course	40
Financial Abuse	Winnipeg	160
Estates and Trusts	Winnipeg – Continuity Care Inc.	45
TOTAL		1,249

### 2. Registered Disability Savings Plan (RDSP)

In 2008, the Federal Government introduced the new Registered Disability Savings Plan (RDSP). The plan provided for bonds and grants payable by the Federal Government to eligible disabled individuals. Eligible individuals are entitled to an annual bond of \$1,000 until they reach 49 years of age, to a maximum payment of \$20,000.

In addition, individuals who make annual contributions to the RDSP will receive Federal grants of three times the contribution, to an annual amount of \$3,500 and a lifetime amount of \$70,000.

The first day for applications for the 2008 bonds and grants was December 22, 2008. Applicants had until December 31, 2008 to make the application (this deadline was later extended). Notwithstanding the very short period of time in which to make applications, The PT completed and filed 840 applications for its eligible clients between December 22 and December 31, 2008. PT clients will receive an estimated total of approximately \$840,000 in bonds and \$1,000,000 in grants for 2008. This will be a significant financial benefit to PT clients.

### 3. Indian Residential School Claims (Common Experience Payments)

The Indian Residential Schools Settlement Agreement provided for Common Experience Payments (CEPs) to former Indian Residential School students to recognize the experiences these students endured. Eligible applicants were entitled to \$10,000 for the first school year (or partial school year) of residence at one or more residential schools, plus an additional \$3,000 for each subsequent school year or partial school year.

The PT conducted investigations to determine which of its clients appeared eligible to submit a claim. 99 applications were submitted. During 2008/2009, 36 claims were accepted, resulting in payments to our clients totaling \$905,000.

### 4. Client Administration Section – Activity for Year Ending March 31, 2009

	March 31, 2008	Files Opened in Year	Files Closed in Year	March 31, 2009 End of Year
<b>Assets under Administration *</b> (\$000's)	\$ 112,988			\$ 120,082
<b>Number of Clients</b>	<b>3,305</b>	<b>395</b>	<b>426</b>	<b>3,274</b>

\*Note: Assets under Administration are shown at values recorded on the client accounts and not as presented in the financial statements (see Notes 2c and 2d in Notes to Financial Statements).

## ESTATES AND TRUSTS ACCOMPLISHMENTS - 2008/2009

### 1. Policy and Procedure Review

The PT, Manager of Estates and Trusts and Senior Legal Counsel began a review of policies and procedures for the administration of estates. The purpose of the review was to streamline and update policies and procedures with a view to improving efficiencies and service to creditors, beneficiaries and heirs of estates. Some examples of amendments that were made included reducing the requirements for authenticating foreign documents to be more in line with other provinces and territories, updated timelines for steps in the process of administering estates and setting guidelines for more efficient distribution of small estates.

### 2. Calculation of Fractional Shares of Estates

Pursuant to *The Intestate Succession Act*, some estates may be payable to multiple heirs in different fractional amounts. Manual calculation of these shares was time consuming and could be subject to error. During the year, the calculation of fractional shares was automated, thereby decreasing the time spent by staff on this task, and significantly increasing the accuracy of the calculation.

### 3. Estates and Trusts Section – Activity for the year ending March 31, 2009

	March 31, 2008	Files Opened in Year	Files Closed in Year	March 31, 2009 End of Year
<b>Assets under Administration *</b> (\$000's)	\$ 78,969			\$ 81,761
<b>Deceased Estates caseload</b>	393	77	86	384
<b>Children's Trusts caseload</b>	1,435	249	204	1,480

\*Note: Assets under Administration are shown at values recorded on the client accounts and not as presented in the financial statements (see Notes 2c and 2d in Notes to Financial Statements).

## **FINANCIAL & ADMINISTRATION ACCOMPLISHMENTS - 2008/2009**

### **1. In-House Cheque Reconciliation**

An in-house cheque reconciliation process was designed and implemented. The new programs saved The PT approximately \$1,500.00 per month in bank service charges.

### **2. New Program in Access**

A program was developed in Access to display prior year client fees dating back to 1999. This program allowed financial administration staff to verify fee charges on the computer, replacing a cumbersome paper process.

### **3. Improved Recording System**

Information Services worked with Estates and Trusts to improve the system of tracking and recording time spent searching for heirs of estates. The improved system resulted in increased revenues from the services provided.

### **4. Automation of Fee Compensation Reporting**

The fee compensation reporting process for children and adults was automated. The programming streamlined the process of producing a fee compensation report, and significantly reduced the time spent by staff manually calculating fees.

### **5. Modification of ISM System for tracking T1 Finals**

The ISM system was modified to track T1 Final due dates and CRA Clearance Certificates. The tracking information will strengthen internal controls over the processing of CRA information.

### **6. Implementation of a System to Record/Track RDSP Applications**

The Investment Officer coordinated the application process for the RDSP program. She worked with Financial Administration staff to implement a system of recording and tracking client participation in the program. Training was also provided to staff about the program and its importance to disabled clients.

**7. Financial Administration (Trust) Section –  
Activity for the year ending March 31, 2009**

<b>Magnitude (\$000's)</b>	<b>2007/2008</b>	<b>2008/2009</b>
<b>Total Assets under Administration *</b>	<b>\$ 191,958</b>	<b>\$ 202,969</b>
<b>Receipts for year</b>	<b>\$ 124,865</b>	<b>\$ 111,704</b>
<b>Disbursements for year</b>	<b>\$ 124,952</b>	<b>\$ 108,500</b>
<b>Total Accounts/Files</b>	<b>5,569</b>	<b>5,615</b>
<b>Total Financial Transactions</b>	<b>317,948</b>	<b>324,915</b>

\*Note: Assets under Administration are shown at values recorded on the client accounts and not as presented in the financial statements (see Notes 2c and 2d in Notes to Financial Statements).

## **INSPECTION SERVICES ACCOMPLISHMENTS - 2008/2009**

### **1. Electronic Inspection Instruction Form**

An Electronic Inspection Instruction Form was developed for use by PT staff to request tasks and services from the Inspection Services Section. Use of this form will provide enhanced tracking of work assignments which will result in more efficient use of staff time.

### **2. Time Keeping System**

A new timekeeping system was developed and implemented on February 1, 2009 to record Inspectors' time on a daily basis. This has improved tracking of time spent by Inspectors, and will be linked electronically to the new Electronic Inspection Instruction Form.

### **3. Handling and Storage of Identification Documents**

A new procedure was developed regarding the handling and storage of identification belonging to PT clients. Identification documents are now recorded and securely stored to prevent the opportunity for identity theft.

## LEGAL ACCOMPLISHMENTS - 2008/2009

### 1. Public Education

One of our lawyers sat on the committee for Will Week. Will Week conducts a series of public seminars on Wills, Powers of Attorney, and Health Care Directives. The lawyer was involved in the preparation of materials for the public lectures which took place in both Winnipeg and rural areas.

The Public Trustee operates an information booth at Law Day in which one of our lawyers participates.

Lawyers presented numerous education seminars to the public on topics including financial abuse, powers of attorney, capacity and the role of litigation guardians. In addition, lawyers have presented to professional groups on topics including the role of The PT in obtaining Protection Orders on behalf of incapable persons. A lawyer participated in Career Day at a local high school as well as in a high school mentorship program.

### 2. Indian Residential Schools Settlement

A lawyer designed and coordinated the Indian Residential Schools Common Experience Payment claim process. In addition, the lawyer has been instrumental in identifying clients who are entitled to claim compensation for abuse suffered while attending an Indian Residential School. Claims will be made on behalf of all eligible clients.

### 3. Legal Section – Activity for the year ending March 31, 2009

	March 31, 2008	Files Opened in Year	Files Closed in Year	March 31, 2009 End of Year
<b>Number of Files at beginning of year</b>	<b>436</b>	<b>468</b>	<b>427</b>	<b>477</b>

## **BUSINESS PLAN GOALS**

Each year in the Business Plan, The PT identifies long and short-term business goals. The long-term goals are global and ongoing and do not require specific reporting. The short-term goals are specific and change every year. A report on those goals follows below.

### **LONG-TERM BUSINESS GOALS**

1. To efficiently and effectively provide a service for a fee to the people of Manitoba by:
  - Administering property, and where required, making personal decisions on behalf of people who are not mentally capable of doing so;
  - Administering property for people who have granted a Power of Attorney to The PT;
  - Administering the estates of people who have died in Manitoba with no one else capable or willing to act as administrator;
  - Administering trust monies on behalf of children and administering testamentary and inter vivos trusts;
  - Supporting all of these functions with legal, financial and accounting expertise;
  - Fulfilling additional roles pursuant to legislation or as ordered by the court.
2. To enhance the level of service provided to the clients, estates and trusts administered by the office.
3. To ensure the efficient use of resources by reviewing administrative policies and procedures and the financial results in our service and support areas.
4. To improve communication with all individuals and agencies with whom we have contact, and with the general public.
5. To approach recovery of the allocated costs of operations.

## SHORT-TERM BUSINESS GOALS

1. **To continue regular education seminars throughout the province regarding services offered by The PT's Client Administration Section and related topics of interest to stakeholders and the community at large.**

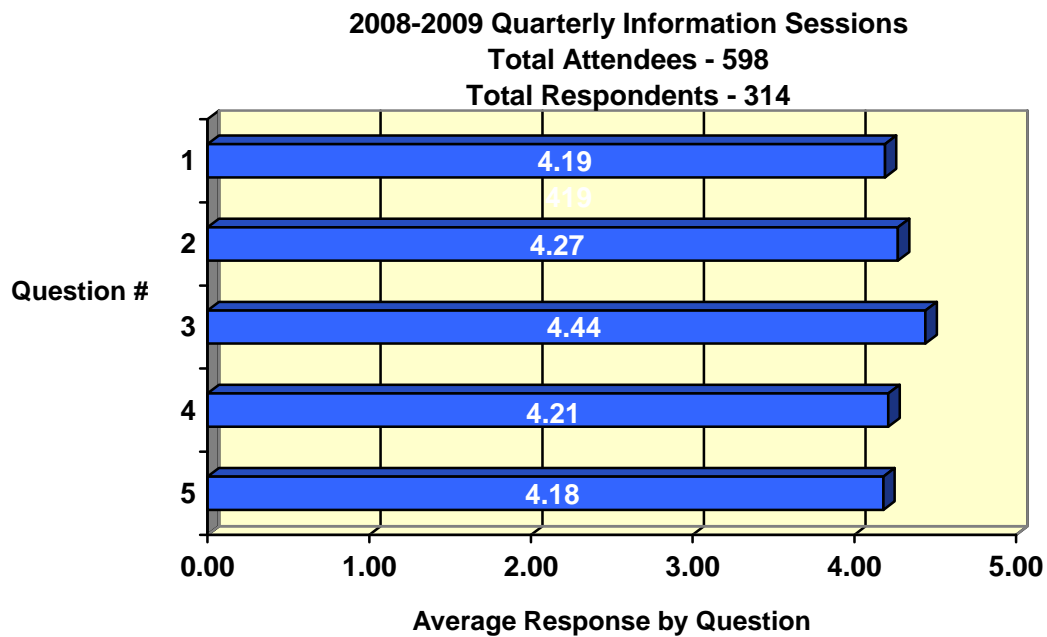
Particulars of these seminars are contained in the chart below.

Participants in the seminars were asked to evaluate the content and format of the presentation. The data from the questionnaires was analyzed to provide an objective assessment of the seminars. This analysis is used to fine tune or otherwise adjust the quality and frequency of the seminars.

The participants were asked to rate various aspects of the seminars, including the quality of the presentations, materials and locations. The participants were asked to use ratings from 1 to 5, with 1 showing the lowest level of satisfaction, and 5 showing the highest level. A summary of the average rating for each seminar is included in Column 4 in the chart below.

<b>Date</b>	<b>Location</b>	<b>Number of Respondents</b>	<b>Average Seminar Rating out of 5</b>
April 15, 2008	Winnipeg	43 of 100 attendees	3.94 – VPA Workshop
June 24, 2008	Brandon	45 of 54 attendees	4.53 – Committeeship and POA
Sept. 9, 2008	Dauphin	54 of 66 attendees	4.50 – Financial Abuse
Jan. 29, 2009	Winnipeg	83 of 218 attendees	3.90 – Committeeship and POA
Mar. 17, 2009	Winnipeg	89 of 160 attendees	4.41 – Financial Abuse
<b>Total</b>		<b>314 of 598 attendees 52%</b>	<b>4.26</b>

The overall ratings for all seminars, and the questions asked in the evaluation form are set out below.



Questions:

1. I received the information I needed on the topic of the seminar;
2. The information was provided clearly and in an understandable manner;
3. There was sufficient opportunity for me to ask questions;
4. My questions were answered clearly and to my satisfaction; and
5. The format of the informational session met my needs.

2. **To continue as a major organizational participant in “Will Week – Estate Planning for Your Future” in conjunction with the Manitoba Bar Association and the Winnipeg Foundation.**

The PT continues to be a partner with the Manitoba Bar Association and the Winnipeg Foundation in “Will Week”, which takes place annually in April. In April 2008, there were 621 participants who participated in Will Week events throughout Winnipeg.

3. **To continue the financial education program for children prior to the receipt of trust payments.**

During 2005/2006, a Children’s Trust Education Program was developed. This program included 6 educational pamphlets and a video, all of which are now available on The PT’s Website.

Prior to reaching their 18<sup>th</sup> birthdays, children are sent an informational package and invited to participate in the program by reviewing the brochures, completing an enclosed quiz, watching the video, and/or arranging a meeting with the Investment Officer for The PT. These meetings serve as a review of the program and provide the children with an opportunity to discuss questions or concerns they may have about their trust funds and money management. The program has been well received.

The following chart shows the number of meetings that have taken place since the program was established. During the 2008/2009, 19 meetings took place with children. Those who have participated in the meetings have indicated that the information provided was relevant and that it enabled them to think more seriously about making money management decisions.

<b>Year</b>	<b>Number of Meetings</b>
2006/07	6
2007/08	11
2008/09	19

**4. To obtain information about Stakeholders’ perceptions of the services provided to them by The PT by Conducting a Stakeholder Survey.**

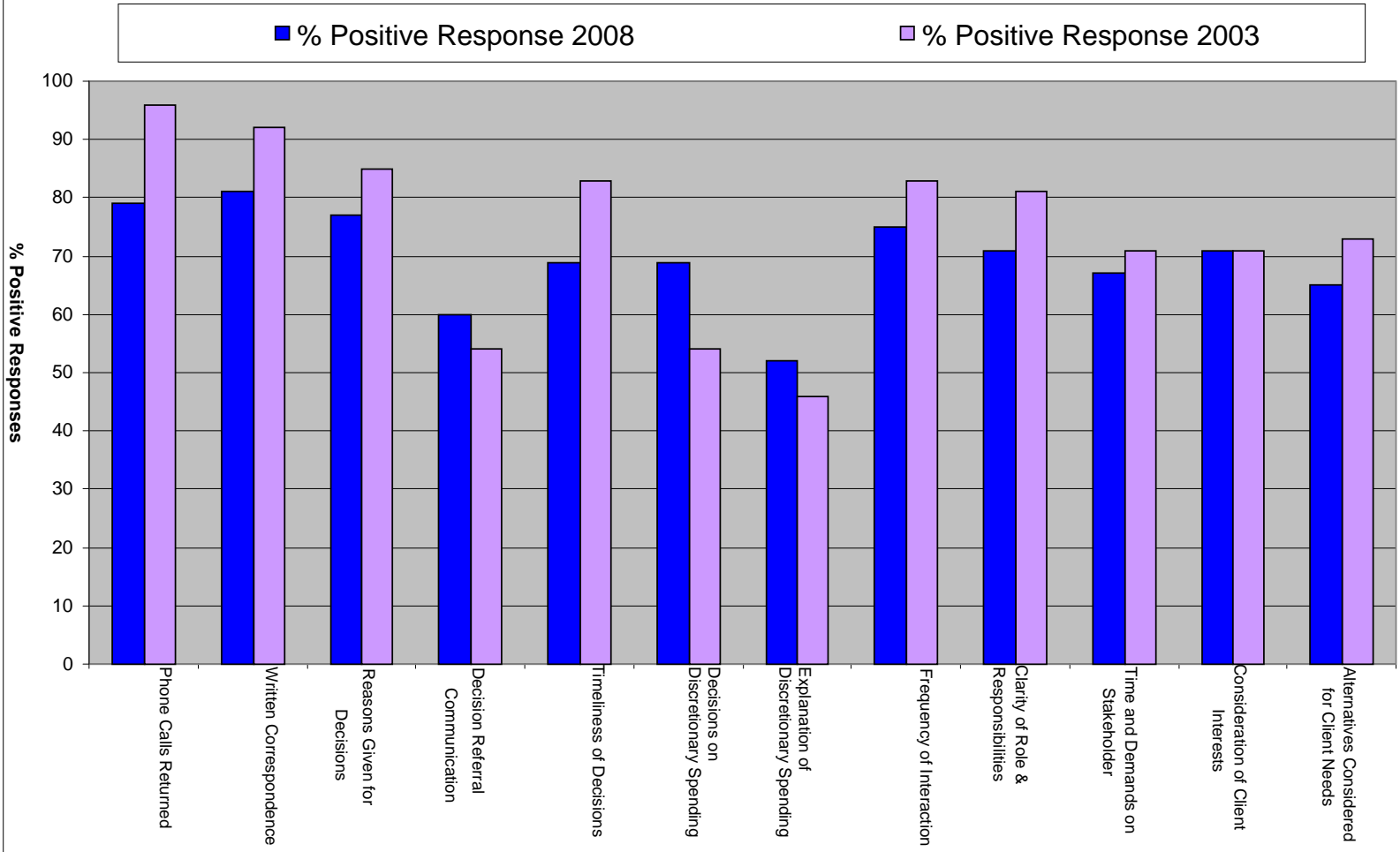
Every five years, The PT commissions Organization and Staff Development to conduct a Stakeholder Survey. Previous surveys took place in 1998 and 2003. The results of the 2008 survey were provided to The PT on April 15, 2008. Six stakeholder categories were identified as follows:

<b>Category Code</b>	<b>Number Surveyed</b>	<b>Number of Responses</b>	<b>Percentage</b>
1. Family Services	17	9	53%
2. Other Government Offices	16	6	38%
3. Regional Health Authorities	17	10	59%
4. Psychiatric Facilities	16	9	56%
5. Service Agencies	18	9	50%
6. Personal Care Homes	16	9	56%
<b>Total</b>	<b>100</b>	<b>52</b>	<b>52%</b>

Respondents rated their experience with The PT in four major areas. These areas, and the questions related to them are contained in the following chart:

<b>Service</b>	<b>Aspect</b>	<b>Expectations Met or Exceeded</b>
<b>Communications</b>	How phone calls are returned.	87%
	How written correspondence is handled.	89%
<b>Decision Making</b>	The reasons given for decisions that are made.	89%
	How and when decisions are referred to someone else within the Office of The Public Trustee are referred to that person, and the final decision communicated.	80%
	The timeliness of decisions.	78%
	How decisions are made on discretionary spending, that is, spending other than that which is required to meet basic needs.	92%
<b>Interaction</b>	The explanation given when there is a difference of opinion about a discretionary spending decision.	87%
	The frequency of interaction with the Office of the Public Trustee	85%
	Being clear about the responsibilities of and the role played by the Office of the Public Trustee	79%
	The time and demands placed upon you by the processes and procedures used by the Office of The Public Trustee.	83%
<b>Client Concern</b>	How the interests of the client are taken into account.	84%
	The consideration given to a range of alternatives when discussing client needs.	85%

## Public Trustee Stakeholder Survey Results Comparison: 2008, 2003



Respondents rated their experience with The PT an average of 7.8 on a scale of 1-10, with 10 being excellent. This compared to an average rating of 8.6 in 2003. Although this was a reduction of .8 from the 2003 score, the score was interpreted by the surveyor as being relatively high.

**5. To enhance the education and training provided to staff, both during orientation and on an ongoing basis.**

During the year, the Client Administration Section developed a series of training modules to provide standardized training to new Client Administration staff. These consist of 32 modules in PowerPoint format. The modules contain sufficient detail to guide and support staff on topics relevant to their duties.

Features of the modules include:

- One-on-one trainer instruction;
- A “training completion checklist” which lists each PowerPoint training module and cross-references the individual training module to an appropriate written reference;
- Searchable procedure manual; and
- Checklists and forms for all pertinent tasks to be performed by Client Administration Officers.

In addition to the training modules, standardized orientation sessions about each section of the office are delivered for new and other interested staff twice per year. Staff are also encouraged to participate in activities of other sections, such as Searches and Inventories, and an orientation to the Financial Administration Section.

Staff are also encouraged to participate in both internal and external training opportunities. Some examples of internal training opportunities offered throughout the year are:

- Annual Business Plan Seminar;
- Internal orientation sessions about each section;
- Presentations about The PT’s blanket insurance policy; and
- Alzheimer Society of Manitoba: Virtual Dementia Tour.

Examples of external training opportunities offered during the year include:

- End of Life Decision Making – St. Boniface General Hospital;
- Fraud Seminar – City of Winnipeg Police Commercial Crime Unit;
- Representing Clients with Disabilities – Canadian Bar Association; and
- CPR and First Aid Training.

The average number of hours of training per employee was 6.41, at an average cost of \$58.21 per employee.

**6. To develop an Electronic Inspection Instruction Form to direct and document Inspection Services tasks and services.**

An Electronic Inspection Instruction Form was developed and tested during the year. Use of the form will improve tracking of inspection work assignments. The form will be put into use in 2009/2010. It will also be linked to an electronic timekeeping system, to better track the time spent by Inspectors providing services to clients.

- 7. To develop a comprehensive guidebook for distribution to clients and support networks outlining the services provided by the Agency's Client Administration Section.**

A guidebook for clients and support networks in plain language has been developed. Its purpose is to answer most questions new clients or their families might have about the role of The PT as committee, SDM or attorney pursuant to a power of attorney. The guidebook will be available in both English and French for distribution in 2009/2010.

- 8. To investigate a system of monitoring compliance by private committees of court orders requiring them to file inventories and pass accounts in court.**

This matter continues to be under investigation.

# **INTERNAL AUDITOR AUDIT REPORT HIGHLIGHTS**

The Internal Auditor position was vacant from July 10, 2007 to September 1, 2008. As a result, internal audit activities were limited to the last seven months of the year.

## **COMPLIANCE AUDITS**

Internal Audit conducted compliance audits of 49 files. In addition, The Public Trustee conducted 12 compliance audits. These audits have the following functions:

1. To assess whether all procedures are followed and internal controls are adequate; and
2. To identify and mitigate financial and reporting risks.

All findings were reported to the Deputy Public Trustee.

## **OPERATIONAL AUDITS**

### **Audits of Transactions**

Internal Audit conducted audits of transactions of clients:

1. With low cash balances;
2. Receiving Employment and Income Assistance (EIA), but carrying balances in excess of \$4,000.00; and
3. Receiving EIA top-up and living in Selkirk Mental Health Centre.

These areas were previously identified as areas of financial risk for clients. Therefore, the Internal Auditor conducts extensive audits. Findings were reported to the Deputy Public Trustee.

### **Audits of Cheque Disbursements**

In December 2008, a sample of 50 cheque disbursements was tested to verify compliance with cheque disbursement procedures. The cheque requisitions were reviewed to ensure:

1. Proper authorization;
2. Accuracy of payment with supporting documentation;
3. The payment was reasonable in nature; and
4. The payment was timely.

The findings verified that the disbursements were made in compliance with the procedures in place.

## **Audits of Real Estate Value**

In January 2009, the Internal Auditor reviewed real estate values to ensure property was recorded at its appraised or assessed value. This audit confirmed that client real estate was properly recorded, insured, and appropriate procedures were being followed.

## **Encroachment Audit**

Internal Audit conducted a review of client accounts with cash balances that had declined more than \$4,000.00 in a one year period. The purpose of this audit was to:

1. Determine that Client Administration Officers are aware of a decline in assets;
2. Determine that encroachment applications had been completed; and
3. If necessary, determine that plans of action were in place to manage client spending.

The audit revealed that proper procedures were being followed to protect the clients' assets.

## **Registered Disability Saving Plan Audit**

The Government of Canada began offering Registered Disability Savings Plans (RDSPs) to eligible disabled Canadians in December 2008. This is a new program to assist persons with disabilities to save for a long-term financial security. The Internal Auditor systematically verified applications for clients' eligibility for benefits.

## **Creation of Infrastructure to Facilitate Performance Measurement**

Over the past several years, The Public Trustee has been creating infrastructure to facilitate the collection of data required for performance measurement. The Internal Auditor will continue looking for ways to present management with relevant and timely data required for performance measurement, subsequent decision making and strategic mapping.

## **PUBLICATIONS**

The PT has a number of publications available to individuals who come in contact with the office. They are:

**1. The Committeeship Guidebook (Bilingual)**

This booklet provides general guidance to private committees on their duties and responsibilities. It also provides examples of the required accounting as well as opening and closing inventories.

**2. The PT Fee Brochure (Bilingual)**

This brochure details the fees charged for the services provided by The PT.

**3. The Powers of Attorney Pamphlet (Bilingual)**

This pamphlet outlines The PT's services regarding powers of attorney. It also includes the fee brochure and details of how the power of attorney document will be reviewed and signed.

**4. Operation of Client Administration Section (Bilingual)**

This pamphlet provides details on how the officers will manage the personal and financial affairs of clients. It is presented in a question-and-answer format.

**5. Enduring Powers of Attorney Guidebook (Bilingual)**

This is a detailed guidebook outlining the responsibilities and duties of an attorney together with a sample accounting.

**6. Deceased Estates (Bilingual)**

This is a detailed pamphlet in a question-and-answer format which outlines standard information regarding The PT's services in administering deceased estates.

**7. Children's Trusts (Bilingual)**

This is a detailed pamphlet in a question and answer format which outlines standard information regarding The PT's services in administering children's trusts.

**8. Legal Guide for Seniors (Bilingual)**

The PT co-operated with the Manitoba Seniors and Healthy Aging Secretariat in the reprinting of a booklet providing estate planning information for seniors. This booklet is valuable for all age groups in the adult population.

**9. Children's Trusts Education Program (Bilingual)**

The content of this program includes a video entitled "Trust" used as an educational tool for young adults who are beneficial recipients of trust payouts. In addition, we have six pamphlets and one quiz on the subjects:

1. Banking 101;
2. Budgeting;
3. Costs of Living;
4. Credit & Credit Cards;
5. Goal Setting;
6. Investment Options; and
7. Quiz: How are you with Money?

**10. A Client Guide to The Public Trustee's Client Administration Section**

This comprehensive guidebook was developed for clients of The Public Trustee, their families and care providers. It will be available for distribution during 2009/2010. It will also be translated and published in French.

# PERFORMANCE FRAMEWORK

## CLIENT ADMINISTRATION

### 1. Objective:

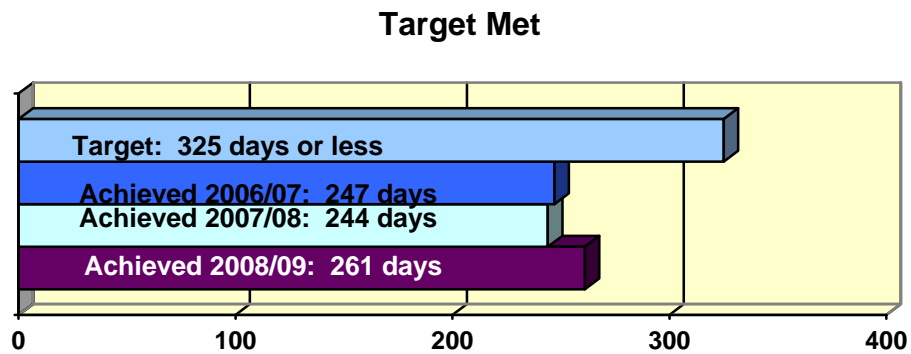
**Estates of former clients will be paid out to the Executor or Administrator in a timely manner.**

When a client dies, The PT retains authority over the estate of the client until the estate is paid out to an Executor or Administrator. During this period of time, the estate is managed by a Deceased Estates Clerk.

This performance measure may be affected by third party actions which The PT cannot control. However, we believe that a general performance target can be set for this activity which is reflective of active due diligence by The PT. We do not expect performance to vary greatly in ensuing years.

### Performance Target:

**To close deceased client files at a rate each year which reflects an average of 325 days or less.**



## CLIENT ADMINISTRATION continued

### 2. Objective:

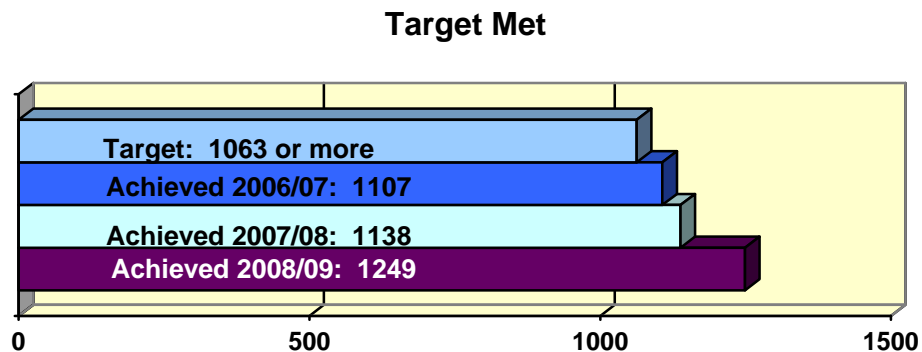
**To ensure that information regarding The PT's programs and services is disseminated appropriately through the community.**

The PT's programs and services are critical to a certain segment of society's functioning. Its programs and services are not widely understood by the general public and we realize that even stakeholders and service providers in the field need regular education about The PT's programming and such topics as financial abuse, services for vulnerable adults, etc.

### Performance Target:

**To maintain the number of persons who are educated with respect to The PT at 10% over those educated in 2004/2005 (967 persons). Therefore the target for each year is 1,063 or more.**

In 2008/2009, The Public Trustee exceeded the base education target by 186 in providing education to 1,249 people.



## CLIENT ADMINISTRATION continued

### 3. Objective:

**To ensure that we maintain contact with our clients and service providers in the community, personal care homes, developmental centres, and mental health centres.**

During 2005/2006 and 2006/2007 baseline information was collected. Targets were established for the minimum number of visits each Client Administration Officer was to make to clients in the community, in personal care homes, developmental centres and mental health centres.

The target number is calculated based on the number of clients in a year and the number of different facilities and types of residences. The target will change each year. In determining the performance target, we took into account only the minimum number of visits made by each Client Administration Officer rather than the total number of visits made. This ensures that performance for each Client Administration Officer is measured rather than the total of all.

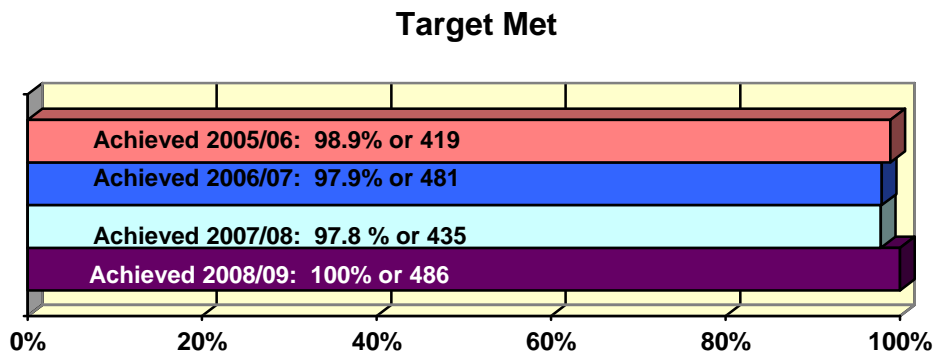
Failure to complete 100% of the target number of visits is a result of periodic vacancies in Client Administration Officer positions.

We possess the following information in this area:

Year	Target Number of Visits Required	Number Made	Percentage
2005/06	424	419	98.9
2006/07	491	481	97.9
2007/08	445	435	97.8
2008/09	486	486	100%

#### Performance Target:

**Client Administration Officer's will complete at least 97% of the target number of visits to clients in each year.**



## ESTATES AND TRUSTS ADMINISTRATION

### 1. Objective:

**Children's trusts will be paid out in a timely fashion upon children achieving the age of majority.**

The PT seeks to pay out children's trusts as soon as possible after a child achieves the age of majority. These children or their families can slow the process by failing to respond to requests to sign releases, or by failing to respond to correspondence in a timely fashion.

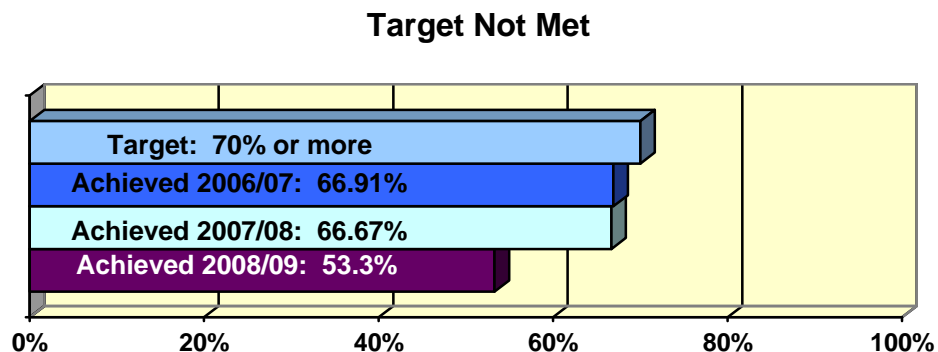
#### a) Performance Target:

**To payout 70% of children's trusts within 21 days of the child achieving the age of majority.**

The PT paid out 188 children's trusts in 2008/2009. The service level was not met in 84 cases or 44.68%. This was due, in most cases, to proper documentation not being received from children or their families in a timely manner. In a number of instances, the children and their families had moved without providing The PT with an updated address, and it was difficult to locate them.

The following steps have been taken to correct this:

- Proof of birth date is obtained as soon as the file is opened;
- Policies and procedures have been updated to ensure that the nature of the documentation required by the children or their families at the time of payout reflects the value of the trust;
- The PT has established a procedure for proactively seeking updated address information for children and their families, to ensure the payout takes place within the target date.

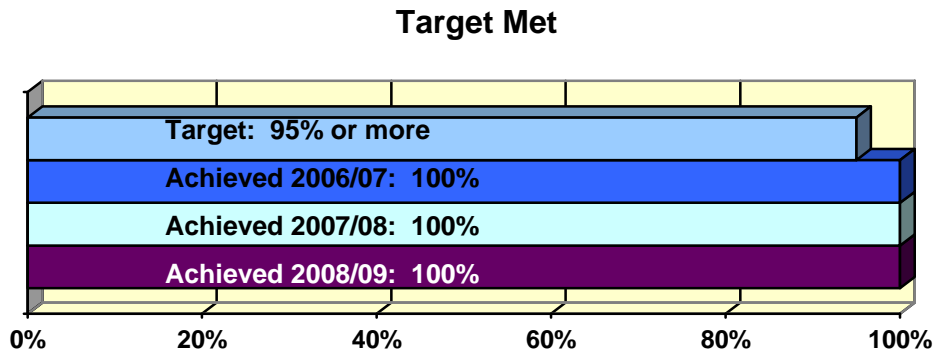


## ESTATES AND TRUSTS ADMINISTRATION continued

### b) Performance Target:

To payout 95% of children's trusts within 5 business days of receiving all necessary documentation from third parties.

In all cases, once the proper documentation was received, payout was made within 5 business days.



### 2. Objective:

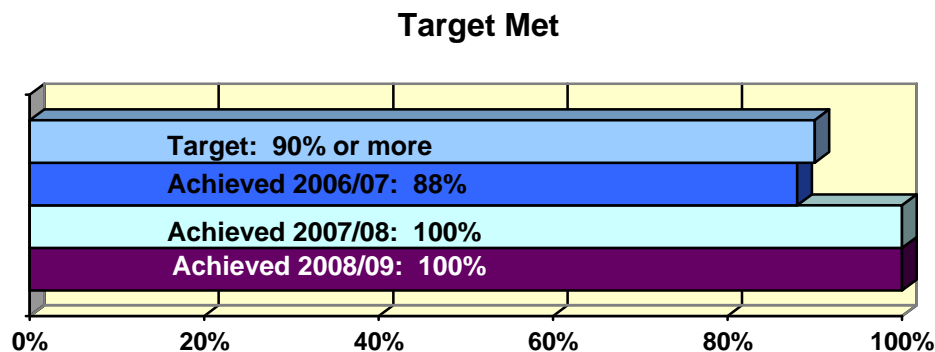
Decisions regarding disbursements from childrens' trusts will be made in a timely fashion.

Decisions include decisions to approve or deny payment, or to request clarification or further information in support of the request for payment.

### Performance Target:

That 90% of decisions regarding disbursements from trusts will be completed within 10 days of the guardian/client request.

In 2008/2009, 193 decisions were made. All were made within 10 business days of receipt of the request.



## FINANCIAL ADMINISTRATION

### 1. Objective:

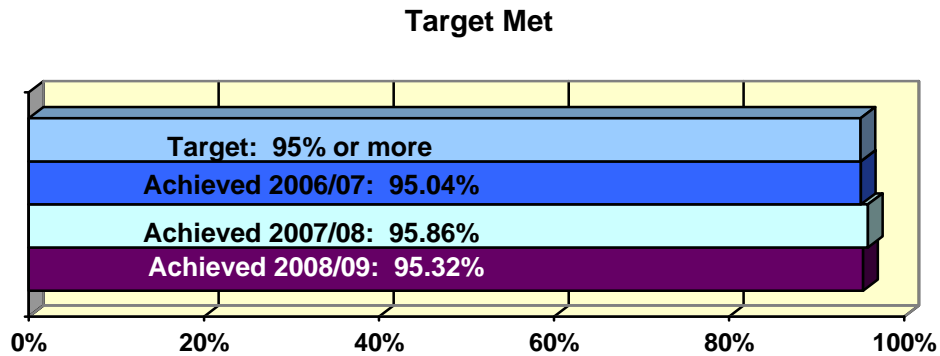
**The PT will process authorized payments from clients', estates', and trusts' accounts in an efficient manner.**

Efficient turnaround of disbursement requests is important as it allows clients, estates and trusts obligations and maintenance to be met in a timely fashion.

### Performance Target:

**That 95% of all requests will be met within a 5 day turnaround.**

The PT processed 61,994 cheque requisitions during 2008/2009. Of these, 2,897 were prepared more than 5 days prior to the due date in order to facilitate payment of regular monthly PCH invoices. Although they were technically not disbursed within 5 days of the request, the request was intentionally made early to even out the workflow. Taking this into account, 59,097 cheques or 95.32% were processed within a 5 day turnaround.



## FINANCIAL ADMINISTRATION continued

### 2. Objective:

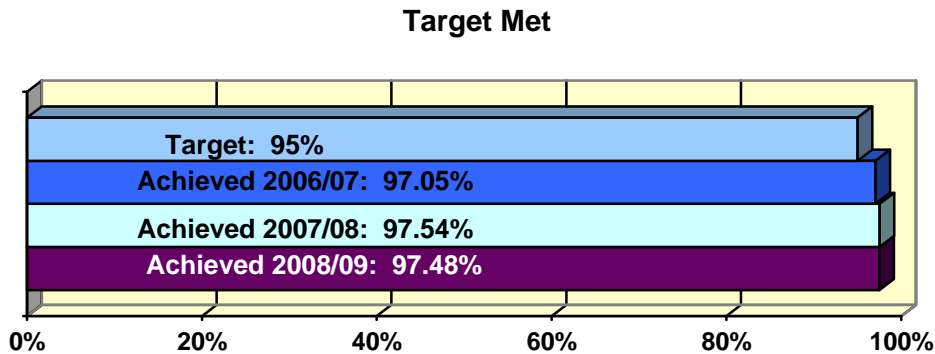
**The PT will process cheques and cash receipts received for clients', estates' and trusts' accounts in an efficient manner.**

Efficient turnaround of receipts is critical to clients', estates', and trusts' best interests as posting affects the ability to meet financial expectations for the individual accounts and interest allocation.

#### **Performance Target:**

**That 95% of all receipts will be processed in a 2 day turnaround.**

The PT processed 8,902 receipts during 2008/2009. Of those receipts, 8,678 or 97.48% were processed in a 2 day turnaround.



## INSPECTION SERVICES

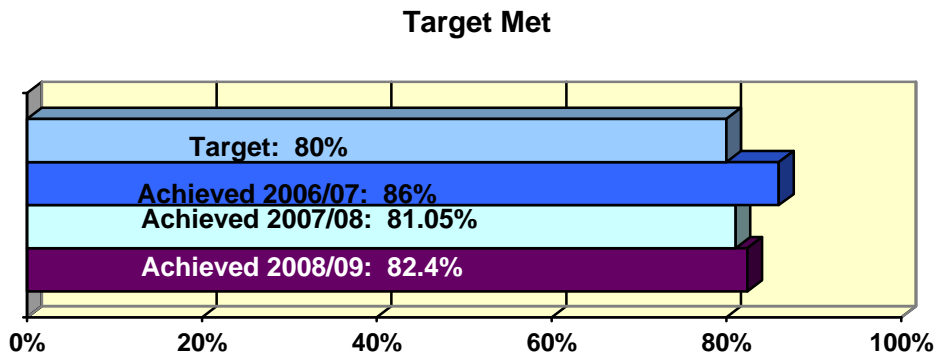
### 1. Objective:

**Clients' and estates' assets will be inventoried and secured in a timely fashion.**

### Performance Target:

**To complete 80% of Winnipeg search and inventories within 7 days of assignment.**

During 2008/2009, 85 search and inventory procedures were completed. Of those, 70 or 82.4% were completed within 7 days.



**SOA**  
**Summary of Financial Results**  
**(\$000's)**

	<b>Actual 2007/08</b>	<b>Actual 2008/09</b>	<b>Budget 2008/09</b>	<b>% Variance</b>
<b>Total Revenue</b>	<b>5,329</b>	<b>5,699</b>	<b>5,403</b>	<b>5.48%</b>
<b>Salaries &amp; Benefits</b>	<b>4,023</b>	<b>4,148</b>	<b>4,164</b>	<b>0.38%</b>
<b>Employee Pension Costs</b>	<b>139</b>	<b>133</b>	<b>146</b>	<b>8.90%</b>
<b>Accommodation Costs</b>	<b>356</b>	<b>362</b>	<b>363</b>	<b>0.28%</b>
<b>Other Administration Costs</b>	<b>884</b>	<b>964</b>	<b>847</b>	<b>-13.81%</b>
<b>Amortization: Capital Assets</b>	<b>37</b>	<b>34</b>	<b>38</b>	<b>10.53%</b>
<b>Total Expenses</b>	<b>5,439</b>	<b>5,641</b>	<b>5,558</b>	<b>-1.49%</b>
<b>NET INCOME (Loss)</b>	<b>(110)</b>	<b>58</b>	<b>(155)</b>	<b>137.42%</b>

**Variance Analysis (Actual to Budget)**

**Fees:** Changes to income tax fees and improved time billing processes increased total revenues.

**Other Admin. Costs:** Charges from other government departments for computer services continue to escalate.

**The Public Trustee of Manitoba  
An Agency of the  
Special Operating Agencies  
Financing Authority  
Province of Manitoba**

**Financial Statements  
March 31, 2009**



## MANAGEMENT REPORT

The accompanying financial statements are the responsibility of management and have been prepared in accordance with Canadian generally accepted accounting principles. In management's opinion, the financial statements have been properly prepared within reasonable limits of materiality, incorporating management's best judgment regarding all necessary estimates and all other data available up to June 25, 2009. The financial information presented elsewhere in the Annual Report is consistent with that in the financial statements.

Management maintains internal controls to provide reasonable assurance that the financial information is reliable and accurate and that the assets of The Public Trustee are properly safeguarded.

The responsibility of the Auditor General is to express an independent, professional opinion on whether the financial statements are fairly stated in accordance with the accounting policies stated in the financial statements. The Auditor's Report outlines the scope of the audit examination and provides the audit opinion.

The Public Trustee has reviewed and approved these financial statements and the Annual Report in advance of its release and has approved its content and authorized its release.

Joanna K. Knowlton  
Public Trustee



## AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Legislative Assembly of Manitoba,  
To the Public Trustee of Manitoba, and  
To the Special Operating Agencies Financing Authority

We have audited the balance sheet of the Public Trustee of Manitoba, an Agency of the Special Operating Agencies Financing Authority, Province of Manitoba as at March 31, 2009, and the statements of income, comprehensive income and retained earnings and cash flows for the year then ended. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Public Trustee's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Those standards require that we plan and perform an audit to obtain reasonable assurance whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation.

In our opinion, these financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Agency as at March 31, 2009, and the results of its operations and cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian generally accepted accounting principles.

Office of the Auditor General

Winnipeg, Manitoba  
June 25, 2009

**PUBLIC TRUSTEE OF MANITOBA**  
(An Agency Of The Special Operating Agencies Financing Authority - Province of Manitoba)

**BALANCE SHEET**  
**(In Thousands)**  
**AS AT MARCH 31, 2009**

ASSETS

	2009	2008
Current		
Cash	\$ 254	\$ 91
Accounts receivable (Note 5)	807	751
Prepaid expenses	4	4
Short-term investments with Minister of Finance	1,370	1,420
Receivable from Province of Manitoba (Note 6)	<u>          </u>	<u>515</u>
	2,435	2,781
Long-Term Investment (Note 6)	515	
Capital Assets (Note 7)	<u>107</u>	<u>139</u>
	<u>\$ 3,057</u>	<u>\$ 2,920</u>

LIABILITIES

Current		
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities (Note 8)	\$ 530	\$ 480
Severance pay benefits (Note 17)	<u>453</u>	<u>424</u>
	<u>983</u>	<u>904</u>

EQUITY

Revenue stabilization reserve (Note 16)	500	500
Retained earnings	<u>1,574</u>	<u>1,516</u>
	<u>2,074</u>	<u>2,016</u>
	<u>\$ 3,057</u>	<u>\$ 2,920</u>

**PUBLIC TRUSTEE OF MANITOBA**

(An Agency Of The Special Operating Agencies Financing Authority - Province of Manitoba)

**STATEMENT OF INCOME, COMPREHENSIVE INCOME AND RETAINED EARNINGS**  
**(In Thousands)**  
**YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2009**

	2009	2008
Revenue		
Fees (Note 10)	\$ 5,560	\$ 5,174
Interest	41	68
Other	<u>98</u>	<u>87</u>
	<u>5,699</u>	<u>5,329</u>
Expenses		
Amortization of capital assets	34	37
Accommodation costs (Note 12)	362	356
Other administration expenses (Note 11)	964	884
Salaries and benefits	4,148	4,023
Pension benefits (Note 18)	<u>133</u>	<u>139</u>
	<u>5,641</u>	<u>5,439</u>
Net Income (Loss) and comprehensive Income (Loss)	58	(110)
Retained earnings, beginning of year	<u>1,516</u>	<u>1,626</u>
Retained earnings, end of year	<u>\$ 1,574</u>	<u>\$ 1,516</u>

**PUBLIC TRUSTEE OF MANITOBA**  
(An Agency Of The Special Operating Agencies Financing Authority - Province of Manitoba)

**STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS**  
**(In Thousands)**  
**YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2009**

	2009	2008
Cash derived from (applied to)		
Operating		
Net income and comprehensive income	\$ 58	\$ (110)
Items not involving cash		
Amortization of capital assets	<u>34</u>	<u>37</u>
	92	(73)
Change in		
Accounts receivable	(56)	105
Prepaid expenses	0	(1)
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	50	57
Severance pay benefits	<u>29</u>	<u>(44)</u>
	<u>115</u>	<u>44</u>
Investing		
Acquisition of capital assets	<u>(2)</u>	<u>(32)</u>
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	113	12
Cash and cash equivalents		
Beginning of year	<u>1,511</u>	<u>1,499</u>
End of year	<u>\$ 1,624</u>	<u>\$ 1,511</u>
Cash and cash equivalents consist of:		
Cash	\$ 254	\$ 91
Short-term investments with Minister of Finance	<u>1,370</u>	<u>1,420</u>
	<u>\$ 1,624</u>	<u>\$ 1,511</u>

## **1. Nature of Organization**

The Public Trustee protects the interests of Manitobans by providing trust, legal, financial and personal services on a last resort basis to people who are mentally incompetent, under the age of majority, or whose estates would otherwise be unadministered upon their death.

Effective April 1, 1996, The Public Trustee was designated as a Special Operating Agency pursuant to The Special Operating Agencies Financing Authority Act, Cap. s185, C.C.S.M. and operates under a charter approved by the Lieutenant Governor in Council.

The Public Trustee is financed through the Special Operating Agencies Financing Authority (SOAFA). SOAFA has the mandate to hold and acquire assets required for and resulting from Public Trustee operations. It finances The Public Trustee through repayable loans and working capital advances. The financial framework provides increased management authority which, coupled with more rigorous planning and reporting requirements afforded by Special Operating Agency status, assists The Public Trustee to sustain the provision of high quality service to her clients.

A Management Agreement between SOAFA and the Minister of Justice assigns responsibility to The Public Trustee to manage and account for Public Trustee related assets and operations on behalf of SOAFA.

The Public Trustee continues to be part of Manitoba Justice. The Public Trustee is a corporation sole with perpetual succession. As a corporate entity, The Public Trustee functions separately from government and is capable of suing or being sued on behalf of the clients, trusts and estates which are administered by her.

The Public Trustee remains bound by relevant legislation and regulations. The Public Trustee is also bound by administrative policy except where specific exemptions have been provided for in her charter in order to meet business objectives.

## **2. Change in Accounting Policies**

Effective April 1, 2008, the Agency adopted the following new handbook sections issued by the Canadian Institute of Chartered Accountants (CICA):

### **Section 1535 Capital Disclosure**

Section 1535 establishes standards for disclosing information about an entity's capital and how it is managed. These standards require an entity to disclose its objectives, policies and processes for managing capital, a summary of quantitative data about what it manages as capital and whether it complied with any externally imposed capital requirements to which it is subject and, if not, the consequences of such non-compliance. (See Note 3e)

### **Section 3862 Financial Instruments – Disclosure**

Section 3862 modifies the disclosure requirements for financial instruments that were included in Section 3861, Financial Instruments – Disclosures and Presentation. The new standards require an entity to provide disclosures in its financial statements that enable users to evaluate the significance of financial instruments on its financial position and performance, the nature and extent of the risks to which it is exposed during the period and at the balance sheet date, and how those risks are managed.

### **Section 3863 Financial Instruments – Presentation**

Section 3863 carries forward the presentation requirements of Section 3861, Financial Instruments – Disclosure and Presentation, unchanged.

The above noted new standards have no impact on the recognition, measurement or presentation of financial instruments in the Agency's yearend financial statements.

## **3. Significant Accounting Policies**

### **a) Basis of reporting**

The financial statements of the Agency are presented in accordance with Canadian generally accepted accounting principles.

### **b) Revenue recognition**

- i. Administration fees are charged to client accounts quarterly based on the anniversary date of the account in accordance with provisions of The Public Trustee Act. The fees revenue recognized in a year consists of all fees charged, accruals and adjustments made to accounts.
- ii. Other fees are recognized as revenue when charged to an account and could be subject to adjustment on closing.
- iii. Statutory fees are recognized as revenue when received

c) Capital assets

Capital assets are recorded at cost and are amortized annually at the following rates and methods:

Furnishings and equipment	- 20%, declining balance
Computer equipment and software	- 20%, straight-line, 10% in year of acquisition, software purchases less than \$1 are expensed in year of acquisition
Leasehold improvements	- 20%, straight-line

d) Use of estimates

In preparing the Agency's financial statements, management is required to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the period. Actual results could differ from these estimates.

e) Capital disclosures

The Agency's capital consists of retained earnings provided from operations and revenue stabilization reserve funds allocated from retained earnings.

The Agency's capital management policy is to maintain sufficient capital to meet its objectives through its retained earnings and revenue stabilization reserve. The Agency has developed appropriate risk management strategies, as described in Note 4, to preserve the retained earnings and revenue stabilization reserve of the Agency. There were no changes in the Agency's approach to capital management during the period.

The Agency is not subject to externally imposed capital requirements.

#### 4. Financial Instruments and Financial Risk Management

Financial assets and liabilities are initially recorded at fair value. Measurement in subsequent periods depends on the financial instrument's classification. Financial instruments are classified into one of the following five categories: held for trading; available for sale; held to maturity; loans and receivables; and other financial liabilities. All financial instruments classified as held for trading or available for sale are subsequently measured at fair value with any change in fair value recorded in net earnings and other comprehensive income, respectively. All other financial instruments are subsequently measured at amortized cost.

The financial assets and liabilities of Agency are classified and measured as follows:

<u>Financial Asset/Liability</u>	<u>Category</u>	<u>Subsequent Measurement</u>
Cash and Short Term Investments	Held for trading	Fair value
Long Term Investments	Held for trading	Fair value
Accounts receivable	Loans and receivables	Amortized Cost
Accounts payable	Other financial liabilities	Amortized Cost
Accrued liabilities	Other financial liabilities	Amortized Cost

Amortized cost is determined using the effective interest rate method.

Gains and losses on financial instruments subsequently measured at amortized cost are recognized in the statement of income, comprehensive income and retained earnings in the period the gain or loss occurs. Changes in fair value on financial instruments classified as held for trading are recognized in the statement of income, comprehensive income and retained earnings for the current period. Changes in fair value on financial instruments classified as available for sale would be recorded in a statement of changes in net assets or other comprehensive income until realized, at which time they recorded in the statement of income, comprehensive income and retained earnings

#### Fair Value of Financial Instruments

The fair values of accounts receivable, accounts payable and accrued liabilities approximates their carrying values due to their short-term maturity.

#### Financial Risk Management - Overview

The Agency has exposure to the following risks from its use of financial instruments:

- credit risk;
- liquidity risk
- market risk
- Interest risk; and
- Foreign currency risk

The Agency manages its exposure to risks associated with financial instruments that have the potential to affect its operating performance. The Agency's management has overall responsibility for the establishment and oversight of the Agency's objectives, policies and procedures for measuring, monitoring and managing these risks.

The Agency has exposure to the following risks associated with its financial instruments. Analysis of sensitivity to specified risks is provided where there may be an effect on the results of operations or financial position. Sensitivity analysis is performed by relating the reasonably possible changes in risk variables as at March 31, 2009 to the financial instruments outstanding on that date.

## Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that one party to a financial instrument fails to discharge an obligation and causes financial loss to another party. Financial instruments which potentially subject the Agency to credit risk consist principally of cash and term deposits and accounts receivable.

The maximum exposure of the Agency to credit risk at March 31, 2009 is:

Cash and funds on deposit	\$1,624
Accounts receivable	807
Long Term Investment	<u>515</u>
	<u>\$ 2,946</u>

Cash and funds on deposits: Agency is not exposed to significant credit risk as the cash and term deposits are primarily held by the Minister of Finance.

Accounts receivable: The Agency is not exposed to significant credit risk as the receivable is composed of fees due from clients and payment in full is typically collected when it is due. The Agency establishes an allowance for doubtful accounts that represents its estimate of potential credit losses. The allowance for doubtful accounts is calculated at 5% of accrued fees.

The aging of accounts receivable and allowance for doubtful accounts as at March 31, 2009 was:

	Gross	Allowance
Current	\$842	\$ 35
30-60 days past billing date	-	-
61-90 days past the billing date	-	-
Greater than 90 days past the billing date	-	-
	<u>\$842</u>	<u>\$ 35</u>

Long-Term Investment: Agency is not exposed to significant credit risk as the trust account is held by the Minister of Finance.

## Liquidity Risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Agency will not be able to meet its financial obligations as they come due.

The Agency manages liquidity risk by maintaining adequate cash balances. The Agency prepares and monitors detailed forecasts of cash flows from operations and anticipated investing and financing activities. The Agency continuously monitors and reviews both actual and forecasted cash flows through periodic financial reporting.

## Market Risk

Market risk is the risk that changes in market prices, such as foreign exchange rates, interest rates and equity prices will affect The Agency's income or the fair values of its financial instruments. The significant market risks the Agency is exposed to is: interest rate risk.

## Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. The interest rate exposure relates to funds on deposit.

The interest rate risk on funds on deposit is considered to be low because of their short-term nature.

## Foreign Currency Risk

Foreign currency risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in foreign exchange rates. The Agency is not exposed to significant foreign currency risk as it does not have any financial instruments denominated in foreign currency.

## 5. Accounts Receivable

	2009	2008
Fees receivable	\$ 829	\$ 767
Allowance for doubtful accounts	<u>(35)</u>	<u>(33)</u>
	794	734
Interest receivable	2	5
Miscellaneous receivable	0	3
Advances to client accounts	5	3
Cost recoveries	<u>6</u>	<u>6</u>
	<u>\$ 807</u>	<u>\$ 751</u>

## 6. Long-Term Investment: Receivable from Province of Manitoba

The Province of Manitoba accepted responsibility for the severance pay benefits accumulated to March 31, 1998 for certain of its employees. Accordingly, the Agency recorded a receivable of \$515 from the Province of Manitoba, which is an amount equal to the estimated liability for accumulated severance pay benefits at March 31, 1998.

Effective March 31, 2009 the Province of Manitoba has paid the receivable balances related to the funding for these severance pay liabilities and has placed the amount of \$515 into an interest bearing trust account to be held on the Commission's behalf until the cash is required to discharge the related liabilities.

## 7. Capital Assets

	<u>Cost</u>	<u>2009 Accumulated Amortization</u>	<u>Cost</u>	<u>2008 Accumulated Amortization</u>
Furnishings & equipment	\$ 308	\$ 238	\$ 308	\$ 220
Computer equipment & software	118	96	116	87
Leasehold Improvements	<u>34</u>	<u>19</u>	<u>34</u>	<u>12</u>
	<u>\$ 460</u>	<u>\$ 353</u>	<u>\$ 458</u>	<u>\$ 319</u>
Cost less accumulated amortization		<u>\$ 107</u>		<u>\$ 139</u>

## 8. Accounts Payable and Accrued Liabilities

	2009	2008
Operating expenses payable	\$ 126	\$ 108
Salaries and benefits payable	32	18
Vacation entitlements earned	346	332
GST payable to Canada Revenue Agency	<u>26</u>	<u>22</u>
	<u>\$ 530</u>	<u>\$ 480</u>

## 9. Working Capital

The Agency has an authorized line of working capital of \$1,000 through SOAFA, which was unused and available at March 31, 2009.

## 10. Fees Revenue

	2009	2008
Administration	\$ 4,741	\$ 4,533
Legal	333	275
Income tax	304	200
Inspection	<u>182</u>	<u>166</u>
	<u>\$ 5,560</u>	<u>\$ 5,174</u>

## 11. Other Administration Expenses

	2009	2008
Computer expenses	\$ 508	\$ 449
Courier charges	6	5
Insurance, loss, damage	85	40
Office supplies	60	46
Other	11	3
Personnel	21	27
Photocopy	10	10
Postage	56	50
Professional fees	37	75
Publications	7	5
Public communications	7	13
Records Centre Charges	26	19
Rentals, equipment	3	4
Repairs and maintenance	5	9
SAP costs	8	6
Support services - Department of Justice	21	21
Telephone	49	49
Travel	<u>44</u>	<u>53</u>
	<u>\$ 964</u>	<u>\$ 884</u>

## 12. Commitments

The Public Trustee has an arrangement with the Province of Manitoba, through the Department of Infrastructure and Transportation, for rental of its facilities at 155 Carlton Street in Winnipeg and its facility in the Provincial Building in Brandon. Accommodation costs are estimated to be \$366 for the year ended 2009/2010.

## 13. Related Party Transactions

The Agency is related in terms of common ownership to all Province of Manitoba created departments, agencies and Crown corporations. The Agency enters into transactions with these entities in the normal course of business. These transactions are recorded at the exchange amount.

## 14. Escheats to the Crown

Escheats to the Crown, received by The Public Trustee during the year and remitted to the Minister of Finance, amounted to \$221 (2008 - \$75). These amounts are not reflected in these financial statements.

## 15. Estates and Trusts under Administration

The client assets under administration at March 31, 2009 total approximately \$203,000 (2008 - \$192,000). The trust activities of The Public Trustee are reported in separate Estates and Trusts under Administration financial statements.

## 16. Revenue Stabilization Reserve

The Public Trustee has allocated a reserve out of retained earnings to provide for short-term fluctuations in revenue due to changes in revenue patterns or extraordinary expenses.

## 17. Severance Pay Benefits

Effective April 1, 1998, the Agency began recording accumulated severance pay benefits for its employees. The amount of severance pay obligations is based on actuarial calculations. The periodic actuarial valuations of these liabilities may determine that adjustments are needed to the actuarial calculations when actual experience is different from that expected and/or because of changes in actuarial assumptions used. The resulting actuarial gains or losses are amortized over the expected average remaining service life of the related employee group.

An actuarial report was completed for the severance pay liability as of March 31, 2005. The report provides a formula to update the liability on an annual basis. The Agency's' actuarially determined net liability for accounting purposes as at March 31, 2009 was \$453 (2008 - \$424). Commencing in the 2006 fiscal year the actuarial loss of \$113 is being amortized over the 15 year expected average remaining service life of the employee group.

Significant long-term actuarial assumptions used in the March 31, 2005 valuation, and in the determination of the March 31, 2009 present value of the accrued severance benefit obligation were:

Annual rate of return	
inflation component	2.50%
real rate of return	4.00%
	6.50%
Assumed salary increase rates	
annual productivity increase	0.75%
annual general salary increase	3.25%
	4.00%

## 18. Pension Benefits

Employees of The Public Trustee are eligible for pension benefits in accordance with the provisions of the Civil Service Superannuation Act (CSSA), administered by the Civil Service Superannuation Board. The CSSA established a defined benefit plan to provide benefits to employees of the Manitoba Civil Service and to participating agencies of the Government, including The Public Trustee, through the Civil Service Superannuation Fund.

Effective March 31, 2001, pursuant to an agreement with the Province of Manitoba, The Public Trustee transferred to the Province the pension liability for her employees. Commencing April 1, 2001, The Public Trustee was required to pay to the Province an amount equal to her employees' current pension contributions. The amount paid at March 31, 2009 was \$133 (2008 - \$139). Under this agreement, The Public Trustee has no further pension liability.

## 19. Contingent Liabilities

The Public Trustee has identified an issue which may result in liability on the part of the SOA. Certain payments have been made by way of an advance on the anticipated settlement or award. The claim amount can not be reasonably estimated at the year end.

## 20. Public Sector Compensation Disclosure Act

It is a requirement of *The Public Sector Compensation Disclosure Act* that annual public disclosure be made of individual compensation in an amount exceeding \$50 annually to any officer or employee of the Agency. For the year ended March 31, 2009, the following employees received compensation in excess of \$50:

<u>Employee</u>	<u>Position</u>	<u>Amount</u>
Carroll, Jori	Investment Officer	55
Clark, Dwane	Estates Officer 3	54
Darrach, Bruce	Information Technologist 3	73
Derwin, George	Legal Counsel 3	52
Fergusson, John	Legal Counsel 3	126
Fredborg, Darren	Estates Officer 3	55
Henderson, Karen	Estates Officer 3	58
Hyman, Brian	Legal Counsel 1	84
Inouye, Donna	Finance Officer 2	51
Lelond, Lorie	Estates Officer 3	51
Kihn, Shirley	Estates Officer 3	55
Knowlton, Joanna	Public Trustee	130
Kozusko, Norman	Information Technologist 4	80
Lacroix, Paul	Estates Officer 3	55
Matyszewski, Cindy	Audit Accountant 3	59
Mosley, James	Estates Officer 3	55
Ranson, Kerri	Legal Counsel 3	87
Regier, Barbara	Estates Officer 3	54
Samagalski, Michelle	Estates Officer 4	60
Sohor, Richard	Finance Officer 6	74
Taylor, Jana	Legal Counsel 1	89
Tessier, Rachelle	Estates Officer 4	61
Winning, Marla	Estates Officer 4	61

**The Public Trustee of Manitoba  
Estates and Trusts  
under Administration**

**Financial Statements  
March 31, 2009**



## MANAGEMENT REPORT

The accompanying financial statements are the responsibility of management and have been prepared in accordance with the accounting policies stated in the financial statements. These accounting policies have been applied on a basis consistent with the prior year. In management's opinion, the financial statements have been properly prepared within reasonable limits of materiality, incorporating management's best judgment regarding all necessary estimates and all other data available up to June 25, 2009. The financial information presented elsewhere in the Annual Report is consistent with that in the financial statements.

Management maintains internal controls to provide reasonable assurance that the financial information is reliable and accurate and that the assets of The Public Trustee are properly safeguarded.

The responsibility of the Auditor General and his staff is to express an independent, professional opinion on whether the financial statements are fairly stated in accordance with the accounting policies stated in the financial statements. The Auditor's Report outlines the scope of the audit examination and provides the audit opinion.

The Public Trustee has reviewed and approved these financial statements and the Annual Report in advance of its release and has approved its content and authorized its release.

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read 'Joanna K. Knowlton'.

Joanna K. Knowlton  
Public Trustee



## AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Legislative Assembly of Manitoba, and  
To the Public Trustee of Manitoba

We have audited the balance sheet of the Public Trustee of Manitoba, Estates and Trusts under Administration as at March 31, 2009, and the statement of cash receipts and disbursements for the year then ended. These financial statements have been prepared to comply with Section 19 of The Public Trustee Act. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Public Trustee's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Those standards require that we plan and perform an audit to obtain reasonable assurance whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

In our opinion, these financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Public Trustee, Estates and Trusts under Administration as at March 31, 2009, and the cash receipts and disbursements for the year then ended in accordance with the basis of accounting described in Note 2 to the financial statements.

These financial statements which have not been, and were not intended to be, prepared in accordance with Canadian generally accepted accounting principles, are solely for the information and use of the Public Trustee and the Members of the Legislative Assembly for purposes of complying with Section 19 of The Public Trustee Act. The financial statements are not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than those specified users or for any other purpose.

Office of the Auditor General

Winnipeg, Manitoba  
June 25, 2009

GOVERNMENT OF THE PROVINCE OF MANITOBA

The Public Trustee of Manitoba  
Estates and Trusts under Administration

---

Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2009

<b>ASSETS</b>	<b>2009</b>	<b>2008</b>
Cash on hand and in bank	\$ 3,919,523	\$ 715,248
Investments - Common Fund (Notes 2(a) and 3)	152,937,333	147,115,438
- Specific Estates and Trusts (Notes 2(b) and 4)	28,428,595	28,499,992
Accrued interest receivable on common fund investments (Note 2(a))	2,000,874	1,949,978
Other assets at nominal value (Note 2(c))	<u>1</u>	<u>1</u>
	<u>\$187,286,326</u>	<u>\$178,280,657</u>
 <b>LIABILITIES</b>		
Other liabilities at nominal value (Note 2(d))	\$ 1	\$ 1
Public Trustee- Fees payable (Note 1)	21,493	24,621
- Expenditures payable (Note 5)	<u>10,747</u>	<u>6,397</u>
	32,241	31,019
Estates and trusts under administration:		
Excess of recorded value of assets over liabilities		
<i>The Mental Health Act</i>	108,067,448	101,529,991
<i>The Public Trustee Act</i>	<u>79,186,637</u>	<u>76,719,647</u>
	<u>\$187,286,326</u>	<u>\$178,280,657</u>

GOVERNMENT OF THE PROVINCE OF MANITOBA

The Public Trustee of Manitoba  
Estates and Trusts under Administration

Statement of Cash Receipts and Disbursements  
for the year ended March 31, 2009

<b>RECEIPTS</b>	<b>2009</b>	<b>2008</b>
Funds held by estates and trusts brought under administration	\$ 15,142,321	\$ 12,013,957
Realization of equities in other estates	2,565,989	1,615,249
Pensions, compensation and assistance	28,683,273	27,251,385
Sickness, disability and other insurance benefits	6,359,686	8,744,179
Investment income	7,915,930	8,185,815
Sale of estate property	4,073,496	3,080,222
Collections on accounts receivable	<u>1,897,850</u>	<u>1,698,988</u>
Total receipts, before sale or redemption of securities	66,638,545	62,589,795
Sale and redemption of securities - Common Fund	40,100,000	50,900,000
Sale and redemption of securities - Specific Estates and Trusts	<u>4,965,868</u>	<u>11,375,843</u>
Total Receipts	<u>111,704,413</u>	<u>124,865,638</u>
 <b>DISBURSEMENTS</b>		
Room, board and other maintenance expense	26,112,927	25,604,574
Preservation of estates	4,344,347	4,632,014
Other estate expense	1,635,992	1,714,163
Administration and passing of accounts (Note 1)	5,301,486	4,888,414
Estates and trusts released from administration	<u>22,213,115</u>	<u>23,307,090</u>
Total disbursements, before purchase of securities	59,607,867	60,146,255
Purchase of securities - Common Fund	46,722,000	59,835,480
Purchase of securities - Specific Estates and Trusts	<u>2,170,271</u>	<u>4,970,035</u>
Total Disbursements	<u>108,500,138</u>	<u>124,951,770</u>
Excess cash receipts (disbursements)	3,204,275	(86,132)
Cash position at start of year	<u>715,248</u>	<u>801,380</u>
Cash position at end of year	<u>\$ 3,919,523</u>	<u>\$ 715,248</u>

## GOVERNMENT OF THE PROVINCE OF MANITOBA

### The Public Trustee of Manitoba Estates and Trusts under Administration

#### Notes to Financial Statements March 31, 2009

#### 1. Role and Objective

The Public Trustee administers estates of mentally disabled persons, estates of deceased persons, and infant trusts. The Public Trustee is considered to be an appointment of last resort. The Public Trustee provides a public service, generally where there is no other competent or acceptable person available to provide the required service.

Under Section 14 of *The Public Trustee Act*, The Public Trustee may charge fees for the services provided to the estates and trusts under her administration. Fees are charged quarterly to each estate and trust based on its anniversary date. Those estates and trusts which do not have sufficient funds may have the fees reduced or waived.

Effective April 1, 1996, The Public Trustee became a Special Operating Agency. The operations of The Public Trustee are reflected in a separate Special Operating Agency financial statement.

#### 2. Significant Accounting Policies

##### Basis of Accounting

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the significant accounting policies set out below in detail, to comply with the accounting requirements prescribed by Section 19 of *The Public Trustee Act*. The basis of accounting used in these financial statements differs materially from Canadian generally accepted accounting principles because they are prepared essentially on a cash basis to reflect only the custodial activities of The Public Trustee.

##### Statement of Cash Receipts and Disbursements

The Statement of Cash Receipts and Disbursements reflects cash transactions which have occurred during the year for estates and trusts under administration.

##### Balance Sheet

The Balance Sheet reflects the financial position of estates and trusts under administration in accordance with the following significant accounting policies:

GOVERNMENT OF THE PROVINCE OF MANITOBA

The Public Trustee of Manitoba  
Estates and Trusts under Administration

Notes to Financial Statements  
March 31, 2009

a) Investments - Common Fund

Investments of the common fund, established pursuant to Section 11(1) of *The Public Trustee Act*, are restricted to securities and loans authorized under *The Trustee Act*. Common fund investments are recorded at cost, adjusted for the amortization of premiums or discounts on purchase on a straight-line basis over the remaining term to maturity of the security. Interest is accrued on these investments. Earnings are distributed monthly to the individual estates and trusts on a pro rata basis.

b) Investments - Specific Estates and Trusts

Investments held for specific estates and trusts are recorded at the following values:

Investments purchased by The Public Trustee are recorded at cost.

Bonds, term deposits, investment certificates and treasury bills assumed under administration are recorded at par value.

Shares of capital stock and mutual funds assumed under administration are recorded at the market value as at the date of death for estates of deceased persons or as at the date of assumption for all other estates. If market value is not available, shares of capital stock and mutual funds are recorded at a nominal value of \$1.

c) Other Assets

Other assets which include bank accounts, accounts receivable, mortgages, notes receivable, real estate and other tangible assets are recorded for these financial statements at an aggregate nominal value of \$1 as valuation of these assets is not readily determinable. These assets are recorded on the client accounts at estimated market value for administrative purposes.

d) Other Liabilities

Other liabilities which include accounts payable, mortgages and notes payable are recorded for these financial statements at an aggregate nominal value of \$1 as valuation of these liabilities is not readily determinable. These liabilities are recorded on the client accounts at estimated market value for administrative purposes.

GOVERNMENT OF THE PROVINCE OF MANITOBA

The Public Trustee of Manitoba  
Estates and Trusts under Administration

Notes to Financial Statements  
March 31, 2009

3. Investments - Common Fund

	<u>2009</u> <u>Par Value</u>	<u>2009</u> <u>Book Value</u>	<u>2008</u>
Term deposits & investment certificates	\$ 11,000,000	\$ 11,000,000	\$ 12,600,000
Government of Canada bonds	9,800,000	9,827,891	9,866,115
Province of Manitoba bonds	48,500,000	49,180,534	37,276,000
Province of Quebec bonds	21,000,000	21,504,513	21,693,139
Province of Ontario bonds	27,300,000	28,057,877	19,623,443
Province of New Brunswick bonds	1,900,000	1,897,982	4,384,412
Canada Mortgage & Housing bonds	18,500,000	19,165,735	19,375,755
Canada Housing Trust bonds	<u>12,300,000</u>	<u>12,302,801</u>	<u>22,296,574</u>
	<u>\$ 150,300,000</u>	<u>\$ 152,937,333</u>	<u>\$ 147,115,438</u>

4. Investments - Specific Estates and Trusts

	<u>2009</u>	<u>2008</u>
Term deposits, investment certificates and treasury bills	\$ 22,472,105	\$ 21,939,197
Government of Canada and other bonds	310,760	250,589
Shares of capital stock and mutual funds	<u>5,645,730</u>	<u>6,310,206</u>
	<u>\$ 28,428,595</u>	<u>\$ 28,499,992</u>

5. Expenditures Payable to The Public Trustee

Expenditures payable to The Public Trustee represent disbursements made on behalf of estates or trusts for which funds were not immediately available. These expenditures will be recovered from the estates or trusts concerned by The Public Trustee in due course when funds become available. If funds do not become available, these expenditures are recovered from operating funds of The Public Trustee.