

# GUIDELINES TO REQUEST AUTHORIZATION FOR COMPOSTING END OF LAY HENS

## Background

Routine mortality disposal may proceed as per the provisions of Section 15(2) by burial, burning, composting or rendering. Routine mortality is interpreted as the daily mortality rate expected at any livestock operation. It represents a very small percentage of the livestock inventories.

End of lay hen culls exceed the routine, daily mortality rate at egg laying operations and therefore disposal of end of lay hens must follow procedures intended for mass mortalities events at livestock operations. End of lay hen disposal must comply with Section 15(6) of the Livestock Manure and Mortalities Management Regulation (MR 42/98), which requires notification to Manitoba Environment and Climate Change and disposal in manner acceptable to the department.

Regardless of the disposal method chosen. producers must inform Manitoba Environment and Climate Change of their plans and obtain an authorization prior to disposing of the mortalities. Burial of end of lay culls is not an acceptable disposal method, and will only be accepted exceptional basis. Where an rendering and disposal at a licensed landfill are not possible, Manitoba Environment and Climate Change will consider for approval disposal proposals that rely on composting of mortalities.

This document is intended to facilitate producers' written submission of an end of lay cull composting plan to Manitoba Environment and Climate Change. The following procedures should be followed

to prepare a mortalities composting proposal and to obtain authorization from Manitoba Environment and Climate Change.

## Site suitability

Composting of end of lay hen culls is subject to Section 15.1(1) where:

- Composting sites must be located at least 100 m away from surface water, sinkhole, water well and property boundaries; and
- The site must provide adequate surface water, groundwater and soil protection

Acceptable composting facilities include composting treatment stations (within buildings, closed or partially closed), invessel composting systems, composting sites with engineered and impervious bases and windrow composting. Where composting is carried out on an earthen base, the soil at the site must have a hydraulic conductivity of 1x10-6 cm/sec or less. Depending on soil conditions, clay or plastic liners or a concrete base may be required to adequately protect soil and groundwater from pollution.

#### Composting process

Pursuant to Section 15.1(1) of the Regulation, the composting process must be acceptable to the Director. The general principles of composting apply, namely listing proportions of the compost "recipe", nature of each substrate, the target C:N ratio, and a design for the composting pile or windrow. Where the composting

process requires substantial amount of manure (> 15% by weight) as a primary substrate, a permit to construct a manure treatment facility is required as per Section 6 of the Regulation. For further information on composting, please refer to the document End of Lay hens Composting Guidelines or other similar information developed and published by Manitoba Agriculture.

## **Composting proposal**

The plan submitted to Manitoba Conservation and Climate must provide details regarding the composting process, including the proposed location of the facilities. Where necessary, acceptance of the plan may be contingent on construction conditions for the composting facilities to ensure that surface and groundwater protection is to or areater than egual requirements set out in Construction Requirements for Confined Livestock Areas and Collection Basins.

## The plan must include but is not limited to:

- Description of the design and management of the system to facilitate composting
- Drawings of site plan including location of composting site and distance to features including sinkholes, wells, surface watercourses and property boundaries
- Composting site soil information
- Depth to groundwater table
- Storm water and leachate management plan
- Volume of birds to be composted
- Type and volume or mass of substrate (carbon source) to be used
- Design of composting facilities (layout, shape, size and

- construction of windrow). If bins composter is used, provide dimensions, capacity etc.
- Environmental restrictions
- Equipment available for the process
- Surface gradient

#### **Proposal review**

The plan will be reviewed along with existing information by the Engineering Section of Environmental Approvals Branch, Manitoba Environment and Climate Change. Please send your completed proposal to:

Environment Approvals Branch Environment and Climate Change Box 35 - 14 Fultz Boulevard Winnipeg MB R3Y 0L6 Fax: 204-945-5229

E-mail: EABDirector@gov.mb.ca