



Objectives

- CFIA's food regulatory framework and benefits of Safe Food for Canadians Regulations (SFCR)
- SFCR requirements for food businesses
 - Licensing
 - Preventive controls
 - Traceability
- Information for importers and exporters
- Overview of the resources available

CFIA's food regulatory framework

Food and Drugs Act & Regulations

- Prohibit sale of unsafe food
- Apply to all food sold in Canada

Safe Food for Canadians Act & Regulations

Interprovincial trade, import and export:

Food for human consumption

(including ingredients)

Food animals from which meat products may be derived

Intraprovincial trade:

traceability (e.g., retail)

labelling and advertising

Incorporated by Reference documents

FDA & FDR

January 2019 SFCA & SFCR

Benefits of the SFCR

- Consistent, prevention-focused food safety requirements that apply to all food, industry wide
- More efficient and effective recalls and investigations for food safety
- Level playing field for imported and domestic food
- Outcome-based requirements provide more opportunity for innovation
- Improved market access

SFCR at a glance

- Applies to most manufactured foods for human consumption (including ingredients) that are imported, exported and traded interprovincially
- Some requirements also apply to foods traded intraprovincially (e.g. traceability, packaging and labelling)

Key elements

LICENSING

Clear mechanisms for identification and oversight of regulated parties

PREVENTIVE CONTROLS

Industry documentation of hazards, and measures to address them in **preventive control plans** (PCPs)

TRACEABILITY

response in case of non-compliance

Licensing SFCR Part 3

- Manufacture, process, treat, preserve, grade, package or label food for interprovincial trade or export
- Import food
- Export food, if an export certificate or other export permission is requested



Licensing SFCR Part 3

Licensing does not apply to:



- activities conducted on food to be sold and consumed within a province or territory
- the act of moving food from one province/territory to another (conveying or transporting)
- activities conducted at the retail grocery store (for example, packaging/ labelling food at the retail grocery store for sale to consumers)
- restaurants or similar enterprises (for example, caterers, food stands)



Fee

- As of March 31, 2024 the fee for an SFC licence is \$287.22
 - Fees are <u>adjusted annually for inflation</u>
 - SFC licences are valid for 2 years
- All fees related to licensing and CFIA services (for example, inspection) under the SFCR are detailed in the <u>CFIA fees notice</u>

Non-mandatory licensing

- For storing food that is subject to the SFCR
- To meet foreign country requirements for exported foods
- To meet provincial requirements, even if the food is only traded intraprovincially
- To conduct business with a distribution centre or wholesaler who will sell the food inter-provincially and must source the food from a licence holder
- There is reasonable belief that the food business will expand to trade food between provinces or begin exporting a food to a country that requires an export certificate within the two year period that a licence is valid

How to apply for an SFC licence

- To apply for your licence, you need to use the My CFIA portal
 - Everyone who uses My CFIA must first create
 a Contact Profile to identify themselves
 - Once you've created your Contact Profile, you can create a **Party Profile** that you can use to request services on behalf of a business, such as an SFC licence
- Need help using My CFIA?
 - Visit My CFIA User guidance for detailed instructions and videos to help you through the process



Preventive controls

SFCR Part 4

- Preventive controls (PCs) help prevent food safety hazards and reduce the likelihood of contaminated food entering the market
 - They are based on the internationally recognized principles of food hygiene, including Good Manufacturing Practices (GMPs) and the principles of Hazard Analysis Critical Control Point (HACCP)
- Operators and licence holders who import food must meet requirements related to PCs
- PC requirements are generally <u>outcome-based</u> to allow for flexibility and innovation

Preventive control plan SFCR Part 4

- A preventive control plan (PCP) is a written document that demonstrates how hazards that present a risk to food are identified and controlled
- The following businesses are required to have a PCP:
 - Businesses who manufacture, process, treat, preserve, grade,
 package or label food to be exported or traded between provinces/territories
 - Importers
 - Exporters who require an export certificate or other export permission from CFIA
- Exception: Some businesses that generate \$100,000 or less in gross annual food sales for food (requirements related to food safety preventive controls still apply, even if a written plan is not required)

Useful resource: PCP interactive tool

Traceability SFCR Part 5

- Aligns with international standards, such as Codex
- Supports food safety investigations, including recalls
- Aims to trace the food one step forward and one step back through the supply chain
- Applies to a broader scope of food businesses than licensing and preventive controls
- Does not apply to restaurants and similar enterprises

Importing food

Importers are required to:

- have an SFC licence to import
- prepare, implement and maintain a written PCP (there are certain exceptions)
- ensure their foreign supplier is manufacturing, preparing, storing, packaging and labelling the food under the same conditions as food prepared in Canada (section 47-81 of the regulations)
- maintain procedures and processes for handling and investigating complaints and recalls
- keep clear and complete traceability records that show where food came from (the supplier) and to whom it was provided

Exporting food

Exporters are required to:

- make sure the food they export is manufactured, processed, treated, preserved, graded, packaged or labelled by a licence holder or imported by a licence holder
- meet both Canadian and foreign country requirements
- have written documents for food that does not meet Canadian requirements to substantiate the foreign requirements are met, and ensure the food is clearly labelled "For Export Only"
- keep clear and complete traceability records

CFIA is now issuing the *Certificate of Free Sale* to licensed food businesses when a certificate or commercial document is required for export

❖ If you need a CFIA export permission, you <u>must</u> have a licence and a written preventive control plan – even if the food you are exporting is <u>normally</u> exempt from these requirements

Foreign Country Requirements

- Know your foreign market
 - be aware of the importing country's requirements
- Export Requirements Library
 - Requirements by Country or by food product sector
 - Where the foreign country requirements are unclear, the CFIA or the <u>Market Access Secretariat</u> or the <u>Trade Commissioner's</u>
 Office can seek clarification from the overseas government concerned.

Export Certification

Types of certificates:

- Health or sanitary certificates (negotiated)
- Inspection certificates
- Certificates of Free Sale
- Radiation Certificates
- Online or paper based application
- Keep in mind, countries may have plant or animal health requirements, as well as food

Food exports - Canadian Food Inspection Agency (canada.ca) 17

Let's recap...

- Use CFIA's interactive tools to determine if the licensing, preventive controls, PCP and traceability requirements apply to your business.
- Prepare for the start of CFIA compliance activities in the manufactured food sector

How to get started:

- ✓ read the regulations and guidance material
- ✓ enrol in My CFIA after reviewing what information and documents you need for enrollment
- ✓ review the information on licensing, including What to consider before applying for a Safe Food for Canadians licence and the licence application on My CFIA
- ✓ ensure your PCP is up to date by consulting the guides for preparing a preventive control plan for <u>importers</u> and for <u>domestic businesses</u>.

SFCR getting started

Have questions?

- After consulting the web resources, if you have an immediate question on Licensing, call 1-800-442-2342 or visit inspection.gc.ca/MyCFIA
- For all other inquiries, use the <u>Contact</u> us form on the CFIA website

Stay up to date

- 1. Sign up to receive email notifications:

 <u>Email notification subscription self-service</u>
- 2. Follow the CFIA on <u>Twitter</u>, <u>LinkedIn</u>, <u>Instagram</u>, <u>Facebook</u> and <u>YouTube</u>
- 3. Subscribe to the <u>CFIA Chronicle 360</u>, our newsletter

Resources: Licensing

Topics	Guidance Tools available at inspection.gc.ca/SafeFood
Do you require a licence?	Licensing interactive tool
Videos on licensing	Requesting a Safe Food for Canadians licence My CFIA: Licensing considerations My CFIA: Single profile My CFIA: Multiple profiles
Additional information to help you determine whether the activities you conduct require a licence	Food business activities that require a licence under the Safe Food for Canadians Regulations
Key considerations to help you prepare to apply for a licence	What to consider before applying for a Safe Food for Canadians licence Annex A: Food categories identified in the licence application Annex B: Licensable activities
Licensing application (including step by step user guide, instructions and walk through videos)	My CFIA
List of food businesses with an SFC licence	Safe Food for Canadians licence registry

Resources: Preventive controls

Topics	Guidance on CFIA's website
Explanation of the preventive controls requirements	Regulatory requirements: Preventive controls
Outcome-based regulations fact sheet	Fact sheet: Outcome-based regulations under the Safe Food for Canadians Regulations
Preventive control landing pages	 Preventive controls for establishments and food Controls for establishments Controls for food
Information regarding hazard analysis/ validation	Conducting a hazard analysis Reference database for hazard identification Evidence showing a control measure is effective
Preventive controls for low-acid canned food	Commercial sterilization of low-acid food in hermetically sealed containers: retort systems
Food recall procedure	Recall procedure: A guide for food businesses

Resources: Preventive control plan

Topics	Guidance on CFIA's website	
Do you need a written PCP?	Preventive control plan interactive tool	
Video on creating a PCP	Creating a preventive control plan (PCP) under the Safe Food for Canadians Regulations	
Explanation of the PCP requirement	Regulatory requirements: Preventive control plan (PCP)	
PCP development	Guide for preparing a preventive control plan for domestic food businesses	
PCP templates	Preventive control plan templates for domestic food businesses Preventative control plan templates for importers	
Elements of the PCP	Conducting a hazard analysis Evidence showing a control measure is effective Determining critical control points and their critical limits Monitoring procedures for your preventive control plan Corrective actions procedures for your preventive control plan Verification procedures for your preventive control plan Record keeping for your preventive control plan	

Resources: Traceability

Topics	Guidance on CFIA's website
Do you need traceability?	Traceability interactive tool
Traceability for food landing page	Traceability for food
What are traceability requirements that need to be met?	Regulatory requirements: Traceability
Video on traceability	<u>Traceability requirements under the Safe Food for</u> <u>Canadians Regulations</u>
Additional questions and answers on traceability	Questions and answers: Traceability
How to select a lot code	What to consider when selecting a lot code to meet traceability requirements under the Safe Food for Canadians Regulations

Resources: Importing food

Topics	Guidance on CFIA's website
Step-by-step guide to importing food into Canada	Importing food to Canada: A step-by-step guide
General requirements for importers and imported food	Importing food to Canada: General requirements
Search engine for import requirements for all CFIA-regulated commodities	Automated Import Reference System (AIRS)
Requirements for importing specific food to Canada	Food-specific import requirements
Requirements for importing food from specific countries with CFIA-recognized food safety systems	Importing from specific countries
Submit import documentation and ask questions about import requirements for CFIA-regulated commodities	National Import Service Centre (NISC)
Requirements for non-resident importers importing food into Canada	Non-resident importers

Resources: Importing food

Topics	Guidance on CFIA's website
Information on how to properly declare an SFC licence number on food import declarations	How to properly declare a Safe Food for Canadians licence number on food import declarations
A list of the possible SFC licence number reject messages, the reason for the messages and how they can be corrected	Validation of the Safe Food for Canadians licence to import
A guide for importers that require a PCP under the SFCR	Importer guide: prepare your preventive control plan
Notices for food importers and brokers	Food import notices for industry

Resources: Exporting food

Topics	Guidance on CFIA's website
General requirements for exporters	Exporting food: General requirements
Guide to export food out of Canada	Exporting food: A step-by-step guide
Steps needed to be taken to export food	Checklist for food exporters
Information on export certifications	Food export certification
Information on foreign country export requirements	Food-specific export requirements
Lists of exporters eligible to export food out of Canada	Food export registers and lists
Notices of changes to foreign market export requirements	Food export notices
Information on exporting food, including guides and export policies	Exporting food: policies and guidance





Maidyl Abello, Inspection Advisor Manitoba Region Gabrielle Nowakowski, Inspection Advisor Manitoba Region

