



Construction Electrician Level 3

Construction Electrician

Unit: C1 Industrial Electrical Code

Level:	Three		
Duration:	80 hours		
	Theory:	75	hours
	Practical:	5	hours

Overview:

This unit is designed to provide the apprentice with the knowledge about the industrial electrical code. The unit begins with coverage of industrial wiring methods and devices. Part of the unit covers other industrial components and concepts, including overcurrent and lightning protection and lighting applications. Finally, the unit covers main service and feeder sub-panel requirements, and interpretation of plans, drawings and specifications.

Objec	tive	s and Content:	Percent of <u>Unit Mark (%)</u>
1.	De	scribe industrial wiring methods and practices.	15%
	a.	CEC requirements	
	b.	Single conductors, cables, busways and raceways	
		Ampacities	
		Derations	
		Conditions of use	
		 Metallurgy (compatibility of materials) 	
	C.	Bonding and grounding	
	d.	Underground ampacities and installations	
	e.	Startup (commissioning) and shutdown procedures	
	f.	Perform related calculations	
		Voltage drop calculations	
		Raceway fill calculations	
	g.	Grounded and ungrounded systems	
2.	De	scribe industrial wiring devices and applications.	5%
	a.	CEC requirements	
	b.	Outlet boxes	
		• Sizes	
		• Types	
		Applications	
		Box fill calculations	
	C.	Receptacles	
	d.	Switches and disconnects	
	e.	Specialty outlets	
3.	De	scribe industrial overcurrent protection.	10%

	a. b.	 CEC requirement Breaker fundamentals Low and medium voltage breakers Characteristics and operation (ARC Extinguishing media) 	
	C.	 Selective coordination Fuse fundamentals Types and applications Characteristics and operation Selective coordination 	
	d.	Short circuit calculation	
4.	Des	cribe metal clad switch gear.	5%
	a.	CEC requirement	
	b.	Breaker installations	
	C.	Switch gear breaker characteristics	
5.	Des	cribe lightning protection.	5%
	a.	CEC requirement	
	b.	Describe the lightning process	
	C.	Identify the requirements for protecting a building	
	d.	List lightning safety rules	
6.	Des	cribe industrial lighting applications.	5%
	a.	CEC requirement	
	b.	Types, including:	
		Incandescent	
		Fluorescent	
		High-intensity discharge (HID)	
		Light emitting diode (LED)	
	C.	Considerations in lamp selection	
		Colour rendition	
		Efficacy	
		Maintenance	
		Purpose and location	
	d.	Control options	
7.	Des	cribe transformers and capacitors.	15%
	a.	CEC requirements for transformer and capacitor installations	
		• Dry	
		Liquid-filled	
		Single phase	
		Three phase	
	b.	Perform related calculations	
8.	Des	cribe the installation of single motors and groups of motors.	15%
	a.	CEC requirements	
	b.	Single phase AC	
	C.	Three phase AC	
	d.	DC	
	e.	Hermetic motor compressors (for HVAC and refrigeration applications)	

- f. Various duty cycles
 - Continuous
 - Intermittent

	g.	 Varying Periodic Short-time Perform related calculations (including tap conductors) 	
9.	De	scribe main service and feeder sub-panel requirements.	15%
	a.	CEC requirements	
	b.	Installation and maintenance	
	C.	Perform main service and feeder sub-panel calculations (single and three phase)	
		Small industrial buildings	
		Schools	
		Hospitals	
		Motels/Hotels	
10.	De	scribe welder installations.	5%
	a.	CEC requirements.	
	b.	Perform related calculations	
11.	Inte	erpret plans, drawings and specifications for industrial applications.	5%
	a.	Symbols and terminology	
	b.	Specifications	
	C.	Scaling	

Construction Electrician

Unit: C2 Three Phase Theory and Transformers

Level:	Three		
Duration:	90 hours		
	Theory:	85	hours
	Practical:	5	hours

Overview:

This unit is designed to provide the apprentice with the knowledge about three phase theory and transformers. The unit begins with coverage of three phase systems and loads in wye and delta configurations. Part of the unit covers transformers and transformer connections. Finally, the unit covers transformer testing and connection techniques.

Objec	Objectives and Content:		Percent of <u>Unit Mark (%)</u>
1.	De a.	 fine and describe three phase systems in wye and delta configurations. Relationship between phase and line Voltage Current 	10%
	b. c.	Vector relationship (current and voltage) Connections	
_			
2.		fine and describe three phase loads in wye and delta configurations.	15%
	а.	Perform related calculations	
		Balanced and unbalanced loads	
	b.	Draw and interpret vector diagrams	
		Unity and non-unity power factor loads	
	C.	Effects of a broken neutral	
3.	De	termine the power draw and power ratings of three phase loads and sources.	15%
	а.	Power factor	
	b.	Perform related calculations	
		Balanced and unbalanced loads	
		Power factor correction	
		 Power measurement (two and three wattmeter method) 	
4.	De	scribe principles of transformers.	20%
	а.	Purpose	
	b.	Basic components	
	C.	Operation	
		Transformer action	
		 Regulated and non-regulated transformers 	
		Cooling methods	

	 d. Nameplate data e. Types, application and maintenance Isolation Auto transformer 	
	 f. Transformer polarity Inductive kick test Low voltage polarity test 	
	g. ParallelingPercent impedancePolarity	
	h. Efficiency	
	Types of losses Perform related calculations	
	Percent impedance and fault current	
	Rated primary and secondary currents (based on nameplate data)	
	Efficiency calculations	
	 Determine primary and secondary currents under various loads 	
5.	Describe instrument transformers.	10%
	a. Current transformers (CT)	
	Connection and safety	
	b. Potential transformers (PT)	
	Connection	
	c. Perform related calculations for metering	
6.	Describe and draw three phase transformers and transformer banks.	10%
	a. Connections	
	• Wye	
	Delta (3 and 4 wire)	
	Open delta	
7.	Describe special transformer connections.	5%
	a. Applications	
	b. Connections	
	 Scott T-connection 	
	 I-connection Zig zag (ground bank) 	
8.	Demonstrate principles of three phase systems in wye and delta configurations.	5%
	a. Verify phase and line relationship by connections and measurements.	
	b. Verify power measurement	
9.	Perform transformer testing to verify nameplate data.	5%
	a. Verify polarity of transformers	
	Low voltage polarity test	
	b. Verify primary and secondary voltages	
10.	Demonstrate connections of three phase transformer banks.	5%
	a. Wye	
	b. Delta	
	Delta closure test	

Construction Electrician

Unit: C3 Electronic Concepts II

Level:	Three		
Duration:	45 hours		
	Theory:	25	hours
	Practical:	20	hours

Overview:

This unit, which builds on *B5 Electronic Concepts I*, is designed to provide the apprentice with additional knowledge about electronic concepts. The unit begins with coverage of filtration and percent ripple in a circuit. Part of the unit covers silicon controlled rectifiers, triacs, diacs and transistors. Finally, the unit covers additional applications of electronic concepts.

Object	Objectives and Content:	
1.	Describe filtration and percent ripple in a circuit. a. Perform related calculations	20%
2.	 Describe a silicon controlled rectifier (SCR). a. Purpose and applications DC circuits AC circuits b. Phase shifting c. Identify the schematic symbols and terminal connections d. Perform related calculations 	20%
3.	 Describe a triac and a diac. a. Purpose and applications b. Phase shifting c. Identify the schematic symbols and terminal connections d. Perform related calculations 	20%
4.	 Describe a transistor. a. Purpose and applications Switching Amplification b. Types Bi-polar Junction field effect transistor (JFET) Metal oxide semiconductor field effect transistor (MOSFET) Depletion enhancement metal oxide semiconductor field effect transistor (DEMOSFET) 	25%

- Unijunction transistor (UJT)
- c. Identify and label schematic symbols and terminals
- d. Describe transistor characteristics
 - Operating point
 - Current gain
 - Voltage gain
 - Load lines
- e. Perform related calculations

5. Demonstrate and apply electronic concepts.

- a. Measure the voltages and verify the percent ripple
- b. Test an SCR.
- c. Connect an SCR to control a DC circuit.
- d. Connect an SCR to control a single phase AC circuit.
- e. Analyze the operation of SCR and triac phase control.
- f. Test a transistor in a circuit and out of a circuit.
- g. Use an oscilloscope to demonstrate transistor characteristics.

15%

Construction Electrician

Unit: C4 Industrial Control Systems

Level:	Three		
Duration:	95 hours		
	Theory:	60	hours
	Practical:	35	hours

Overview:

This unit is designed to provide the apprentice with the knowledge about industrial control systems. The unit begins with coverage of industrial control system components, including sensors, detectors and control transformers. Part of the unit covers advanced control circuits and heating, ventilating and air conditioning systems. Finally, the unit covers installation, testing and troubleshooting techniques using wiring diagrams.

Objec	Perc Objectives and Content: Unit	
1.	Describe sensors and detectors.	10%
	a. Purpose and application	
	Hall effect	
	Proximity	
	Photo	
	Temperature	
2.	Describe reduced voltage starting methods.	15%
	a. Purpose and application	
	Resistor and reactor	
	Autotransformer	
	Wye – Delta	
	Variable frequency drives (VFD)	
	Soft starters	
3.	Describe control transformers.	5%
	a. Purpose and application	
4.	Describe solenoids and motor operated valves.	10%
	a. Purpose	
	b. Types and application	
5.	Design and interpret advanced control circuits.	10%
	a. Purpose	
	b. Applications (such as conveyors, alternating pumps and other automated equipmen	t)
6.	Describe heating, ventilating and air conditioning (HVAC) systems.	10%

- a. Purpose
- b Cycle of operations
- c. Types and applications
 - Gas furnaces
 - Electric furnaces
 - A/C units
 - Heat recovery ventilator (HRV)

7.	De	scribe testing and troubleshooting of control circuits using hand held devices.	10%
	a.	Purpose	
	b.	Types	
		• Ohmmeter	
		Ammeter	
		Voltmeter	
		Megohmmeter	
	C.	Operation and applications	
		Meter selection	
		Meter placement	
		Meter reading	
	d.	Logical testing procedure	
	e.	Grounded and ungrounded control circuits	
	f.	Common circuit problems.	
8.	De	scribe plugging and dynamic braking.	5%
	a.	Purpose and application	
9.	Pe	rform installation, testing and troubleshooting techniques using schematic or	25%
	wir	ing diagrams.	
	а.	Design and wire advanced control circuits	
		Timing sequence	
		Order of operation	
		Counters	
		Memory circuits	
	b.	Design and wire HVAC systems	

- c. Design and wire reduced voltage starters, such as:
 - VFD
 - Soft start
 - Autotransformer
 - Wye-delta

Construction Electrician

Unit: C5 AC Machines and Maintenance

Level:	Three		
Duration:	40 hours		
	Theory:	30	hours
	Practical:	10	hours

Overview:

This unit is designed to provide the apprentice with the knowledge about AC machines and maintenance. This unit covers three phase motors, single phase motors and AC generators. Part of the unit covers reactive, preventive and predictive practices for electrical apparatus. Finally, the unit covers insulation tests on electrical systems and apparatus.

Object	ives and	Content:	Percent of <u>Unit Mark (%)</u>
1.	Describe three phase motors.		25%
	а. Туре		
		uirrel cage induction motors	
		ound rotor induction motors	
		nchronous motors	
	•	ose and applications	
	•	ating characteristics	
		construction	
		inal markings	
		eplate ratings	
	g. Perfo	orm related calculations	
2.	Describe	single phase motors.	25%
	а. Туре	S	
	• Sp	blit phase induction motors	
	• Al	ternating current series motors	
	 Sh 	naded pole motors	
	b. Purp	ose and applications	
	c. Oper	ating characteristics	
	d. Basio	construction	
	e. Term	inal markings	
	f. Nam	eplate ratings	
	g. Perfo	orm related calculations	
3.	Describe	AC generators.	20%
		s and construction details	

b. Operating characteristics and losses

- c. Paralleling requirements
- d. Installation and maintenance

4. Describe and compare reactive, preventive and predictive practices for electrical 20% apparatus.

- a. Purpose
- b. Considerations
 - Effects of temperature and correction factors
 - Effects of moisture
 - Effects of contamination
- c. Procedures for megohmmeter testing
 - Lockout / tag out procedures
 - Equipment grounding
 - Maximum test voltages
 - Meter lead connections
 - IEEE standards
- d. Test methods using a megohmmeter
 - Sixty second test (including for commissioning and decommissioning)
 - Step voltage test
 - Dielectric absorption test
- e. Thermal imaging
- f. Maintenance schedule and records

5. Perform insulation tests on electrical systems and apparatus.

- a. Sixty second test
- b. Ohmmeter test
- c. Potential test

10%