## **PORK PRODUCTION TECHNICIAN**

# Provincial Occupational Analysis

2013



## ACKNOWEDGEMENTS

Thanks go to the Provincial Advisory Committee (PAC) for their contribution to the editing of the Provincial Occupational Analysis for Pork Production Technician. They are:

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## TABLE OF CONTENTS

	Page
ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS	2
GUIDE TO ANALYSIS	
DEVELOPMENT OF ANALYSIS	5
STRUCTURE OF ANALYSIS	5
VALIDATION METHOD	6
SCOPE OF TRADE	7
OBSERVATIONS AND TRENDS ARISING FROM ANALYSIS	8

### ANALYSIS

BLOCK A	OCCUPATIONAL SKILLS	

Task 1 10 Follows bio-security protocol. Works co-operatively in team environment. Task 2 12 Task 3 Follows basic safety practices. 13 Follows quality assurance requirements. Task 4 16 Task 5 Maintains records. 17 Task 6 Assists in improving production performance. 18

### BLOCK B PIG HEALTH CARE

Task 7Follows health protocol.19Task 8Assesses animal health.20Task 9Administers and handles animal health products.22Task 10Disposes of mortalities.23

19

10

## Page

BLOCK C	BARN ENVIRONMENT		24
	Task 11	Performs basic maintenance.	24
	Task 12	Maintains and monitors heating/cooling and ventilation systems.	26
	Task 13	Maintains sanitation standards for the facility.	28
BLOCK D	STOCKM	ANSHIP	31
	Task 14	Handles stock.	31
	Task 15	Breeds sow and monitors pregnancy.	32
	Task 16	Cares for sows in farrowing barn.	35
	Task 17	Cares for boars.	36
	Task 18	Cares for piglets in farrowing barn.	37
	Task 19	Cares for the growing pig.	39
	Task 20	Markets pigs.	40
BLOCK E	FEEDING	AND WATERING	42
	Task 21	Condition scores stock.	42
	Task 22	Feeds according to strategy.	42
	Task 23	Operates the feed and water delivery system.	45
		APPENDICES	
Appendix "A"		Tools and Equipment	47

Appendix A		47
Appendix "B"	Glossary	48
Appendix "C"	Block Percentages	51
Appendix "D"	Task Profile Chart	52

## **GUIDE TO ANALYSIS**

#### **DEVELOPMENT OF ANALYSIS**

A draft analysis is developed by a knowledgeable consultant who, with the assistance of a committee of industry experts, identifies all the tasks performed in the occupation.

The analysis is forwarded to specialists in the field for validation. Their recommendations are assessed and incorporated into the final draft which also includes the identification of the common core tasks performed in the occupation.

#### STRUCTURE OF ANALYSIS

To facilitate the understanding of the nature of the occupation, the work performed is divided into the following divisions:

#### BLOCK

Is the largest division within the analysis and reflects a distinct operation relevant to the occupation.

#### TASK

Is the distinct activity that, combined with others, makes up the logical and necessary steps the worker is required to perform to complete a specific assignment within a "BLOCK."

#### SUB-TASK

Is the smallest division into which it is practical to subdivide any work activity and, combined with others, fully describes all duties constituting a "TASK."

#### Supporting Knowledge and Abilities

The element of skill and knowledge that an individual must acquire to perform the task adequately.

#### Trends

Any shifts or changes in technology or the working environment which affect the block are identified under this heading.

#### Terminology

A Glossary of terms in this occupational analysis is provided in Appendix "B" on page 49. Terms that are introduced for the first time in the analysis will be indicated in *italics* and their definitions can be found in the Glossary. Thereafter throughout the analysis, the terms will be in normal type.

#### VALIDATION METHOD

A draft of the analysis is sent to a representative number of trade experts in Manitoba for validation. The trade expert reviews each sub-task in the analysis and provides feedback on whether it is performed by workers in the occupation in Manitoba.

The Provincial Advisory Committee (PAC) applies percentage ratings to the blocks and tasks. This method for validation identifies common core tasks across Manitoba and establishes the relative importance of the blocks and tasks for the creation of a provincial certification examination.

#### DEFINITIONS

- **YES:** the sub-task is performed by workers in the occupation.
- **NO:** the sub-task is not performed by workers in the occupation.
- **BLOCK %:** the average number of questions (items), derived from the collective decision made by the Provincial Advisory Committee, which will be placed on a provincial examination to assess each block of the analysis.
- **TASK %:** the average number of questions (items), derived from the collective decision made by the Provincial Advisory Committee, which will be placed on a provincial examination to assess each task of the analysis.

#### PIE CHART (APPENDIX "C")

The pie chart depicts the percentages the Committee assigned to blocks in the analysis during validation.

#### SCOPE OF THE TRADE

A pork production technician is responsible for the general care of pigs in a pork production facility. Overall duties include the care of the breeding herd and of the growing pigs in their development from birth to market. Specific duties include feeding and watering of the pigs, pig health care and stockmanship. The pork production technician also ensures the barn environment is maintained, safe and sanitary. Good observation skills, teamwork skills, and careful recordkeeping are essential for the effective functioning of the facility.

Further training is required for working with the collection and processing of semen for the purposes of artificial insemination. Also, a pork production technician working in a pig research facility will need further training.

Some of the duties of animal health technicians overlap with the skills identified for this occupation, specifically pig health care and basic care for animals. The animal health technician (vet assistant) is an example of an occupation which may have duties similar to those analyzed in this document.

The analysis is not a course of study and it is not intended that the tasks and sub-tasks be mastered in the sequence shown. The primary purpose is to serve as an indication of the skills and abilities of a journeyperson. The document may be used as a basis for setting the expected outcomes of institutional and on-the-job training programs.

#### **OBSERVATIONS AND TRENDS ARISING FROM ANALYSIS**

The Canadian pork production industry is constantly changing due to fluctuating market demands and supply, hog prices, Canadian dollar value (relative to U.S.), input costs, government legislation, and availability of skilled labour. A recent trend has been toward larger, more modern and efficient hog barns. These modern barns have improved conditions for both the worker and the animals. Efforts to improve production and efficiency have also resulted in a more cost effective, high quality product. Manitoba remains a competitive source of high quality pork to the domestic and world market. It is the largest pig-producing and pig-exporting province in Canada.

A number of issues are at the forefront of the pork production industry. First, protection of the environment continues to be a priority for the industry. Despite this high level of stewardship from the industry, the Manitoba government has implemented additional acts and regulations that have limited growth. For example, in the last six to eight years environmental concerns in the Lake Manitoba watershed, which were found to be a result primarily of human waste issues, has led to the S.E. Manitoba Moratorium on Buildings which has resulted in reduced unit numbers of pig production facilities. The Livestock Manure and *Mortalities* Management Regulation (M.R. 42/98) under *The Environment Act* (C.C.S.M. CE 125) ensures the sustainability of the environment through enforcement capabilities (minimum requirements for storage, handling and application of livestock waste and the proper way of dealing with dead animals).

Second, quality assurance standards and consumer preferences are leading to reduced antibiotic use and, in general, the control of medications in the pork industry. Testing for *drug residues* ensures the product does not reach the marketplace if it exceeds the national drug residue standards.

Third, animal welfare issues for pork producers deal with a number of issues. *The Recommended Code of Practice for the Care and Handling of Animals: Pigs*, outlines recommendations for livestock housing and handling practices which are monitored by the swine industry. In addition, the introduction of an *Animal Care Assessment (ACA)* has led to audits being conducted to ensure the acceptable and appropriate housing of pigs and further awareness of animal welfare in general.

*Bio-security* has become an increasingly important concern for the health of the animals. The controlled entry to barns reduces the risk of disease and benefits the animal, producer and consumer.

The industry is currently experiencing a large increase in the number of foreign workers entering the trade. These foreign workers have experience as swine technicians in their country of origin. When recruiting local workers, wherever possible, workers with farm backgrounds are preferred. However, with the significant need for workers, organizations are recruiting and training more workers with limited farm backgrounds.

The hog industry has experienced challenges in the last number of years in the form of the global recession, U.S. implementation of the *Country of Origin Labeling* (COOL) policy, the misnomer of the H1N1 virus as the "swine flu", the weak U.S. dollar relative to the Canadian dollar, and the record-high feed costs due to rising corn and grain prices. However, hog producers have reworked their businesses and have adapted to these challenges by working together progressively and cooperatively. Recent trends in the areas of the progression of genetics, evolving products and production methods, advances in technology, globalization in the industry, recruitment of highly skilled workers, and feed nutrition have led to improved efficiency and sustainability in the industry.

## ANALYSIS

## **BLOCK A**

## **OCCUPATIONAL SKILLS**

Trends: There have been advancements in bio-security in the industry in recent years. There is also an increased importance in animal and worker safety as well as higher standards in quality control. The trade is also becoming more of a skilled trade, requiring higher education levels of the workers entering the industry.

#### TASK 1 FOLLOWS BIO-SECURITY PROTOCOL.

1.01	Follows barn entry procedure.	Supporting Knowledge and Abilities
		Knowledge of bio-security issues and barn policy
		Ability to follow barn's bio-security procedures
		Ability to observe barn's pig-free time
		Ability to follow barn entry policy
1.02	Follows transportation protocol.	Supporting Knowledge and Abilities
		Knowledge of bio-security
		Knowledge of causes of disease transfer
		Knowledge of transportation of market or cull animals
		Knowledge of procedures for receiving stock
		Ability to maintain <i>disease barrier</i> during receiving or shipping
		Ability to coordinate traffic flow outside the barn

1.03	Follows quarantine procedures.	Supporting Knowledge and Abilities
		knowledge of causes of disease transfer
		knowledge of acclimatization and immunity
		ability to receive new stock
		ability to isolate new stock
		ability to sequence work activities to maintain disease barrier
1.04	Maintain disease barrier.	Supporting Knowledge and Abilities
		knowledge of disease vectors
		knowledge of quarantine procedures
		ability to apply quarantine procedures
		ability to keep vermin out
		ability to recognize signs of vermin
		ability to avoid cross contamination between barns or areas of the barn
		ability to use foot baths
		ability to sequence work activities to minimize disease transfer

## TASK 2 WORKS CO-OPERATIVELY IN TEAM ENVIRONMENT.

2.01	Shares in housekeeping chores.	Supporting Knowledge and Abilities
		Knowledge of scheduling teamwork activities
		Knowledge of benefits/advantages of teamwork in the barn
		Knowledge of importance of housekeeping
		Ability to share duties
		Ability to perform housekeeping chores
		Ability to communicate with co-workers
2.02	Prioritizes work tasks.	Supporting Knowledge and Abilities
		Knowledge of critical control points
		Ability to be flexible
		Ability to think critically
		Ability to prioritize
2.03	Assists where needed.	Supporting Knowledge and Abilities
		Knowledge of teamwork
		Knowledge of production cycle
		Ability to be flexible
		Ability to recognize when assistance is needed
		Ability to communicate with co-workers

2.04	Communicates with co- workers and supervisors.	Supporting Knowledge and Abilities	
		Knowledge of interpersonal skills	
		Knowledge of organizational structure	
		Knowledge of resolving conflicts	
		Knowledge of communications and reporting structure	
		Ability to communicate effectively	
		Ability to listen	
		Ability to resolve conflicts	
		Ability to accept direction	
		Ability to be inclusive of other races/cultures and appreciative of diversity	

## TASK 3 FOLLOWS BASIC SAFETY PRACTICES

3.01	Performs CPR.	Supporting Knowledge and Abilities
		Knowledge of CPR
		Ability to perform CPR
3.02	Performs basic first aid.	Supporting Knowledge and Abilities
		Knowledge of basic first aid
		Knowledge of intervention methods and how to access them
		Ability to perform basic first aid, as required
		Ability to ensure first-aid kit is stocked and easily accessible
		Ability to determine when further intervention is required

3.03	Follows WHMIS regulations.	Supporting Knowledge and Abilities
		Knowledge of up-to-date Workplace Hazardous Materials Information Systems (WHMIS)
		Knowledge of up-to-date Material Safety Data Sheets (MSDS)
		Ability to follow WHMIS regulations
		Ability to use MSDS sheets when needed
3.04	Follows barn's confined space protocol.	Supporting Knowledge and Abilities
		Knowledge of confined spaces
		Knowledge of working in confined spaces
		Ability to identify a confined space
		Ability to assist certified confined space entry personnel
		Ability to use self-contained breathing apparatus equipment
3.05	Follows emergency response plans.	Supporting Knowledge and Abilities
		Knowledge of fire prevention, storage and handling of flammable materials
		Knowledge of potential hazards
		Knowledge of emergency response plans
		Ability to locate fire fighting equipment
		Ability to use fire fighting equipment
		Ability to follow emergency response plan

3.06	Follows barn's safety protocol.	Supporting Knowledge and Abilities
		Knowledge of barn safety protocol
		Ability to wear protective equipment when required
		Ability to work safely around hazards
3.07	Practices safe work habits.	Supporting Knowledge and Abilities
		Knowledge of importance of barn safety committees
		Knowledge of safety risks
		Knowledge of correct methods of lifting and bending
		Knowledge of necessity to wear personal protective equipment
		Knowledge of safe use and operation of equipment and tools
		Knowledge of proper storage procedures for all tools
		Ability to follow safe working procedures (SWP)
		Ability to follow procedures for reporting accidents
		Ability to participate in barn safety committee
		Ability to check equipment and hand tools for wear and deterioration
		Ability to maintain cleanliness and order in workplace and lunchroom
		Ability to recognize hazardous situations
		Ability to dispose of hazardous materials
		Ability to keep walkways clear
		Ability to ensure first aid and fire protection equipment are accessible
		Ability to identify when to wear protective equipment

Ability to demonstrate safe and proper methods of using and carrying tools

Ability to assess personal and co-worker risks

#### TASK 4FOLLOWS QUALITY ASSURANCE REQUIREMENTS.

#### Sub-task

4.02

Follows barn's

assurance.

procedures for quality

4.01	Demonstrates knowledge of the <i>Canadian Quality</i> Assurance (CQA)	Supporting Knowledge and Abilities
	program.	

Knowledge of CQA program

Knowledge of Animal Care Assessment (ACA)

Knowledge of food safety issues

Knowledge of animal welfare issues

Knowledge of good production practices

REMOVE: Knowledge of Hazard Analysis Critical Control Points (HAACCP)

#### **Supporting Knowledge and Abilities**

Knowledge of barn's quality assurance protocol

Knowledge of treatment, vaccination and injection techniques

Knowledge of the procedures to collect and maintain biological samples

Ability to recognize and act on quality assurance concerns

Ability to treat, vaccinate and inject pigs

Ability to collect and maintain biological samples

Ability to understand drug withdrawal times

Ability to identify treated pigs

4.03	Reviews files.	Supporting Knowledge and Abilities
		Knowledge of purging files according to government regulations
		Ability to analyze files for current data

## TASK 5 MAINTAINS RECORDS.

5.01	Records pig events.	Supporting Knowledge and Abilities
		Knowledge of importance of accurate recordkeeping
		Knowledge of the barn's recordkeeping system
		Ability to identify pig events
		Ability to record event details
		Ability to record legibly and clearly
5.02	Records pig inventory.	Supporting Knowledge and Abilities
		Knowledge of importance of inventory
		Ability to count animals
		Ability to identify pigs
		Ability to identify pig's stage of production cycle
5.03	Records inventory of supplies.	Supporting Knowledge and Abilities
		Knowledge of barn supplies
		Ability to count feeds, medications, tools, and other supplies
		Ability to communicate need for re-ordering supplies to supervisor

## TASK 6 ASSISTS IN IMPROVING PRODUCTION PERFORMANCE.

6.01	Compares actual performance with production targets.	Supporting Knowledge and Abilities
		Knowledge of production cycle
		Knowledge of production targets
		Knowledge of average daily gain and feed conversion
		Knowledge of sow productivity
		Knowledge of boar productivity
		Ability to compare targets with productivity
6.02	Assists in determining improvements.	Supporting Knowledge and Abilities
		Ability to report observations
		Ability to think critically
		Ability to problem-solve
		Ability to identify problem areas in production
6.03	Implements revised procedures.	Supporting Knowledge and Abilities
		Ability to follow recommendations for improvement
		Ability to re-evaluate improvements and communicate results to supervisor

## **BLOCK B**

## **PIG HEALTH CARE**

Trends: Future aims are to reduce or eliminate biological threats to animals and for increased attention to be paid to animal welfare.

### TASK 7 FOLLOWS HEALTH PROTOCOL.

7.01	Sanitizes health and treatment equipment.	Supporting Knowledge and Abilities
		Knowledge of importance of soaps and disinfection
		Knowledge of disease transmission
		Knowledge of Farm-Required Sanitation Procedures(FRSP)
		Knowledge of sanitation techniques
		Ability to follow FRSP
		Ability to clean equipment
		Ability to disinfect equipment
7.02	Follows pig health care procedures.	Supporting Knowledge and Abilities
		Knowledge of vaccination program
		Knowledge of deworming program
		Knowledge of barn's treatment protocols
		Ability to administer health care products
		Ability to record treatments
		Ability to follow barn's health care program

## 7.03 Euthanizes pig following Supporting Knowledge and Abilities employer's policy.

Knowledge of humane handling practices

Knowledge of humane euthanasia techniques

Knowledge of the *Recommended Code* of *Practice for the Care and Handling of Animals: Pigs* for pig euthanasia

Ability to keep records on pig euthanasia

Ability to euthanize pigs

Ability to recognize when euthanasia is required

#### TASK 8 ASSESSES ANIMAL HEALTH.

8.01	Identifies characteristics and behavior of a healthy pig.	Supporting Knowledge and Abilities
		Knowledge of pig anatomy and physiology
		Knowledge of pig behavior
		Ability to identify characteristics of a healthy pig
8.02	Identifies characteristics and behavior of an unhealthy or injured pig.	Supporting Knowledge and Abilities
		Knowledge of pig anatomy and physiology
		Knowledge of pig behavior
		Knowledge of symptoms of pig diseases
		Ability to recognize symptoms of disease
		Ability to recognize pain or illness
		Ability to recognize abnormal behavior

8.03	Monitor pig's physical condition.	Supporting Knowledge and Abilities
		Knowledge of characteristics of healthy pigs
		Ability to record treatments and reactions to treatments
		Ability to recognize results of treatments
		Ability to measure and monitor animal temperature
		Ability to use thermometers
8.04	Identifies when intervention is required.	Supporting Knowledge and Abilities
		Knowledge of symptoms of disease
		Knowledge of characteristics of a healthy pig
		Knowledge of characteristics of an unhealthy or injured pig
		Knowledge of barn's health protocol
		Knowledge of <i>farrowing</i> event
		Ability to recognize herd health concerns
		Ability to follow barn's health protocol for specific symptoms
		Ability to recognize when intervention is needed
		Ability to assist in farrowing
		Ability to foster piglets from unhealthy sows
		Ability to isolate sick or injured animals from healthy animals
		Ability to identify animals that need to be euthanized
		Ability to refer difficult situations to management

## TASK 9 ADMINISTERS AND HANDLES ANIMAL HEALTH PRODUCTS.

9.01	Uses appropriate animal health product administration technique.	Supporting Knowledge and Abilities
		Knowledge of administration methods
		Knowledge of animal health products
		Knowledge of broken needle protocol
		Knowledge of safety hazards and implications in handling drugs
		Ability to administer animal health products
		Ability to choose needle size
		Ability to follow barn's health protocol
		Ability to estimate weight of animal
		Ability to determine stage in production cycle
		Ability to record treatments
		Ability to mark and identify treated animal
		Ability to follow prescription drug directions
9.02	Adheres to drug withdrawal times.	Supporting Knowledge and Abilities
		Knowledge of drug residues from water feed, or direct treatment
		Knowledge of residue issues
		Knowledge of effect of residues on marketing
		Ability to identify treated animals
		Ability to record and refer to drug withdrawal times
		Ability to use appropriate drug
		Ability to read drug labels

Ability to hold treated animals from market

9.03	Stores and handles animal health products.	Supporting Knowledge and Abilities
		Knowledge of feed and oral product distribution and storage
		Knowledge of injectable project storage
		Knowledge of product expiry dates
		Knowledge of personal health risks when handling products
		Ability to dispose of bio-hazardous materials
		Ability to use personal protective equipment

## TASK 10 DISPOSES OF MORTALITIES.

10.01	Follows carcass disposal policy.	Supporting Knowledge and Abilities
		Knowledge of Manitoba's Livestock Manure and Mortalities Management Regulation (M.R. 42/98)
		Knowledge of acceptable carcass disposal methods
		Ability to follow barn's carcass disposal protocol
10.02	Removes carcass from barn.	Supporting Knowledge and Abilities
		Knowledge of personal protective clothing
		Knowledge of disease transmission
		Ability to isolate carcasses from live animals
		Ability to store carcasses
		Ability to remove carcass from barn following bio- security protocols
		Ability to use dead pig removal equipment

## **BLOCK C**

## **BARN ENVIRONMENT**

Trends: Increased attention is being paid to barn environment due to its importance in sustainability and productivity of the farm.

### TASK 11 PERFORMS BASIC MAINTENANCE.

11.01	Performs regular barn inspections.	Supporting Knowledge and Abilities
		Knowledge of barn equipment and tools
		Knowledge of ideal environment indicators
		Ability to recognize evidence of vermin
		Ability to inspect barns on a daily/monthly basis
		Ability to report details of inspection to supervisor
11.02	Follows preventative maintenance schedule.	Supporting Knowledge and Abilities
		Knowledge of maintenance schedule
		Knowledge of maintenance techniques for equipment and tools
		Ability to apply maintenance techniques within government regulations and limitations
		Ability to grease equipment
		Ability to clean system components
		Ability to adjust ventilation equipment
		Ability to change water filters
		Ability to tighten bolts in penning, feeders and alley gates

#### 11.03 Identifies facility hazards. Supporting Knowledge and Abilities

Knowledge of ideal barn environment

Knowledge of potential risks or hazards to animals or humans

Knowledge of dangerous gases

Ability to document and report potential hazards

Ability to prioritize hazards and take appropriate action

11.04 Performs minor repairs. Supporting Knowledge and Abilities

Knowledge of hand tools

Knowledge of minor repair requirements

Ability to recognize repairs that require expert attention

Ability to perform minor repairs within government regulations and limitations

Ability to evaluate success of completed repairs

## 11.05 Organizes tools and equipment.

#### Supporting Knowledge and Abilities

Knowledge of storage of tools and equipment

Knowledge of disposal requirements

Knowledge of the importance of an organized workplace

Ability to organize tools and equipment

Ability to *return* used equipment to the designated location

Ability to ensure that tools and equipment are in good working order

Ability to maintain an organized and clean workspace

## 11.06 Uses power and hand Supporting Knowledge and Abilities tools.

Knowledge of storage of power and hand tools

Ability to follow the manufacturers' recommended operating procedures

Ability to identify and perform minor repairs using power and hand tools

## TASK 12MAINTAINS AND MONITORS HEATING/COOLING AND<br/>VENTILATION SYSTEMS.

12.01	Sets the heating/cooling and ventilation program.	Supporting Knowledge and Abilities
		Knowledge of basic heating/cooling and ventilation systems
		Knowledge of the settings required for optimal performance
		Knowledge of system calibration methods
		Ability to set ventilation controls
		Ability to set heating/cooling systems
12.02	Monitors temperature and air quality.	Supporting Knowledge and Abilities
	an quanty:	Knowledge of temperature and air quality required for optimal performance
	an quanty:	
	an quany.	optimal performance Knowledge of air flow requirements and air flow

Knowledge of nuisance odor guidelines

Knowledge of odor reduction techniques

Ability to recognize poor air quality

Ability to identify ventilation conditions

Ability to identify heating/cooling system

Ability to document and report major repair requirements

Ability to report odors beyond acceptable guidelines

## 12.03 Checks system Supporting Knowledge and Abilities components.

Knowledge of all system components

Knowledge of the correct function of all components

Ability to recognize abnormalities of the environment

Ability to read and assess monitors

Ability to recognize and report abnormalities of the environment

## 12.04 Identifies system Supporting Knowledge and Abilities malfunctions.

Knowledge of system component's function

Knowledge of alarm indicators

Knowledge of system failure implications

Knowledge of emergency procedures relating to system malfunctions

Ability to recognize, respond to and report alarm indicators

Ability to assess the implications of system failure

12.05 Reports/repairs Supporting Knowledge and Abilities malfunctions according to employer's policy.

Ability to document details of malfunction

Ability to communicate

### TASK 13 MAINTAINS SANITATION STANDARDS FOR THE FACILITY

13.01	Performs general cleaning.	Supporting Knowledge and Abilities
		Knowledge of sanitation requirements
		Knowledge of cleaning products and supplies
		Knowledge of washing products and supplies
		Knowledge of disinfectant
		Knowledge of systematic washing procedure
		Ability to disassemble penning, feeders and heat lamps
		Ability to sweep the floors and scrape alleys and pens
		Ability to dispose of debris
		Ability to clean according to barn schedule
		Ability to dust fans, heating/cooling equipment, electrical motors
		Ability to mix and use disinfectant and detergents
		Ability to use pressure washer
		Ability to use and clean chemical backpack sprayer
		Ability to perform general cleaning of the facility

13.02	Prepares for the arrival of new pigs.	Supporting Knowledge and Abilities
		Knowledge of room preparation requirements
		Knowledge of the purpose of cleaning
		Knowledge of disease control
		Knowledge of the environmental requirements for incoming pigs
		Ability to scrape excess fecal matter
		Ability to reassemble penning, feeders and heat lamps as needed
		Ability to operate soaking system
		Ability to operate pressure washing system
		Ability to apply detergent and/or disinfectant
		Ability to organize washing procedure to allow for drying and to <i>equilibriate</i> temperature
		Ability to set and adjust ventilation controls, lighting, water delivery system, feeders and feed system, sprinkler system
		Ability to install additional equipment needed for transition period
13.03	Performs a clean-out routine and operates the manure handling system.	Supporting Knowledge and Abilities
		Knowledge of Manitoba's Livestock Manure and Mortalities Management Regulation
		Knowledge of manure removal schedule
		Knowledge of hazardous gases.
		Knowledge of pit capacity and acceptable fill level
		Knowledge of potential malfunctions and prevention procedures

Knowledge of priming the pits

Knowledge of manure flow system

Knowledge of nuisance odor guidelines

Knowledge of odor reduction techniques

Ability to follow schedules

Ability to determine pit level and assess need for action

Ability to pull and replace pit plugs in required sequence

Ability to prime pits

Ability to identify system malfunction and to take action

Ability to rinse main sewer line

Ability to operate a pressure washer and perform periodic service

Ability to report odors beyond acceptable guidelines

Ability to follow safety procedures regarding hazardous gases

## **BLOCK D**

## **STOCKMANSHIP**

*Trends:* Animal care and protection form the heart of the industry and is a growing concern.

### TASK 14 HANDLES STOCK.

14.01	Establishes pig groups.	Supporting Knowledge and Abilities
		Knowledge of the pig grouping techniques
		Knowledge of pig space requirements
		Knowledge of pig flow requirements
		Knowledge of barn flow requirements
		Knowledge of growth and development requirements
		Knowledge of pig behavior when regrouping
		Ability to establish effective pig groups
		Ability to assess size of the pigs
		Ability to remove sick or injured animals from groups
		Ability to determine the space available and appropriate stocking density
		Ability to sort according to pre-determined priorities
		Ability to count and divide
14.02	Moves animals.	Supporting Knowledge and Abilities
		Knowledge of animal behavior when being moved
		Knowledge of equipment and its appropriate use for herding pigs
		Knowledge of hindrances to moving pigs

Knowledge of facility design requirements for pig handling

Ability to use moving equipment

Ability to select workable group size

Ability to take advantage of pig behavior when moving pigs

Ability to follow appropriate code of practices when moving animals

Ability to move pigs with minimal stress to pigs and workers

Ability to recognize and deal with frustrated pigs

Ability to remain calm during stressful situations

#### TASK 15 BREEDS SOW AND MONITORS PREGNANCY.

15.01	Detects estrus.	Supporting Knowledge and Abilities
		Knowledge of the role of natural and synthetic hormones in the breeding process
		Knowledge of effect of boar's presence on sow in heat
		Knowledge of physical signs of estrus
		Knowledge of estrus cycle
		Knowledge of reproductive anatomy and physiology
		Knowledge of heat detection procedures and equipment in barn
		Knowledge of which sows require a heat check i.e., gilts, weaned sows and gestating sows
		Ability to recognize signs of a sow in heat
		Ability to determine which sows need to be heat detected

Ability to apply *boar exposure* Ability to assess when the sow should be bred Ability to maintain a heat detection routine

#### 15.02 Selects breeding group. Supporting Knowledge and Abilities

Knowledge of breeding targets Knowledge of which sows are in heat Knowledge of selecting physically sound gilts and sows Knowledge of culling policy Knowledge of *gilt pool* requirements Ability to recognize sows in heat Ability to recognize sows in heat Ability to assess physical condition of sows and gilts Ability to cull according to barn protocol Ability to meet breeding targets Ability to assist in determining the gilt pool requirements Ability to utilize gilt pool in meeting the breeding targets Ability to select gilts for breeding

#### 15.03 Co-ordinates breeding. Supporting Knowledge and Abilities

Knowledge of estrus detection

Knowledge of courtship and mating behavior and procedures

Knowledge of breeding facility requirements and usage

Knowledge of boar usage

Knowledge of daily routine in breeding barn

Ability to organize breeding procedure

Ability to recognize sow and/or gilt in heat

		Ability to follow recommended breeding procedure
		Ability to move animals
		Ability to ensure boar exposure during and after mating
		Ability to clean breeding pens
		Ability to ensure stress-free environment
		Ability to record breeding information
15.04	Performs breeding.	Supporting Knowledge and Abilities
		Knowledge of selecting pairs for natural or artificial
		breeding
		breeding Knowledge of artificial insemination equipment and
		breeding Knowledge of artificial insemination equipment and procedures
		breeding Knowledge of artificial insemination equipment and procedures Knowledge of semen handling
		breeding Knowledge of artificial insemination equipment and procedures Knowledge of semen handling Ability to assist with natural breeding

## 15.05 Assesses breeding Supporting Knowledge and Abilities success.

Knowledge of successful breeding process

Knowledge of timing of breeding

Knowledge of pregnancy detection equipment and procedures

Knowledge of ultrasound principles

Knowledge of pregnancy failure signs

Knowledge of the role of natural and synthetic hormones in the breeding process

Ability to recognize successful breeding Ability to record breeding information Ability to recognize and respond to breeding activity Ability to identify and move sows that have returned Ability to identify boar problems Ability to identify boar problems Ability to detect heat on presumed pregnant sows Ability to use pregnancy detection equipment Ability to check visually for pregnancy Ability to detect pregnancy failure

#### TASK 16 CARES FOR SOWS IN FARROWING BARN.

16.01	Cares for sows through the farrowing process.	Supporting Knowledge and Abilities
		Knowledge of moving pregnant sows
		Knowledge of gestation cycle length
		Knowledge of breeding group location
		Knowledge of visual signs of sow beginning the farrowing process
		Knowledge of farrowing intervention techniques and associated barn policy
		Knowledge of the farrowing process
		Ability to determine due date from records
		Ability to locate and move sows due to farrow from gestation barn to farrowing barn
		Ability to recognize the onset of farrowing
		Ability to identify farrowing difficulties
		Ability to intervene according to protocol

Ability to determine the completion of farrowing

Ability to record farrowing information

16.02	Weans sows.	Supporting Knowledge and Abilities
		Knowledge of <i>lactation</i> length as determined by barn protocol
		Knowledge of pig flow schedule
		Knowledge of moving weaned sows
		Knowledge of specific work requirements on weaning day
		Ability to determine weaning day
		Ability to prepare for weaning sows
		Ability to weigh sows
		Ability to move weaned sows
		Ability to follow work routine

## TASK 17 CARES FOR BOARS.

17.01	Uses boars for breeding.	Supporting Knowledge and Abilities
		Knowledge of boar handling techniques
		Knowledge of boar development
		Knowledge of training boars
		Knowledge of breeding protocol
		Knowledge of mating behavior
		Ability to move boars
		Ability to determine boar usage
		Ability to train boars

Ability to assess boars physical capabilities for breeding

Ability to follow breeding protocol

Ability to assist boars

## 17.02 Performs boar specific Supporting Knowledge and Abilities husbandry.

Knowledge of housing boars and space requirements

Knowledge of environmental factors affecting boar fertility

Ability to determine boar stall requirements

Ability to organize and manage groups of boars

Ability to assess boar's micro-environment and make necessary changes

### TASK 18CARES FOR PIGLETS IN FARROWING BARN.

#### Sub-task

18.01	Cares for piglet immediately after birth.	Supporting Knowledge and Abilities
		Knowledge of colostrum requirements
		Knowledge of piglet environment needs
		Knowledge of barn's post-natal care policy
		Knowledge of teat selection
		Knowledge of newborn piglet behavior
		Knowledge of sow's rearing ability
		Ability to provide nurturing environment
		Ability to determine if piglet has suckled and acquired colostrum

Ability to assess the well-being of the piglet and intervene as required
18.02	Processes piglets.	Supporting Knowledge and Abilities
		Knowledge of piglet processing techniques
		Knowledge of piglet processing protocol
		Knowledge of piglet processing tools
		Knowledge of handling piglets
		Ability to clip teeth, castrate, inject iron, dock tails, treat navels, tattoo/notch ears
		Ability to identify and report physical abnormalities
		Ability to maintain processing schedule
		Ability to weigh piglets
		Ability to record required information
18.03	Fosters piglets.	Supporting Knowledge and Abilities
10.00		Knowledge of fostering principles and protocol
		Knowledge of sow's rearing ability and corresponding piglet needs
		Knowledge of <i>piggy deck</i> use
		Knowledge of purpose for nurse sows
		Ability to establish sow's rearing capacity
		Ability to determine number of piglets to be fostered
		Ability to foster according to piglets' needs
		Ability to coordinate sow's rearing capabilities with piglets' needs
		Ability to count and organize fostering procedure
		Ability to record fosters
		Ability to set-up piggy decks
		Ability to prepare nurse sow

18.04	Weans piglets.	Supporting Knowledge and Abilities
		Knowledge of weaning principles and procedures
		Knowledge of piglet selection for weaning
		Knowledge of moving piglets
		Knowledge of weighing piglets
		Knowledge of pig flow schedule
		Knowledge of specific work requirements on weaning day
		Ability to catch and handle piglets
		Ability to count and track piglets
		Ability to weigh piglets

## TASK 19 CARES FOR THE GROWING PIG.

Sub-task

19.01	Sorts pigs.	Supporting Knowledge and Abilities
		Knowledge of barn protocol for establishing groups
		Knowledge of grouping priorities
		Knowledge of special requirements of grouping
		Ability to follow sorting protocol
		Ability to assess size of pigs
		Ability to determine the space available and appropriate stocking density
		Ability to count and divide
19.02	Monitors pig growth.	Supporting Knowledge and Abilities
		Knowledge of growth standards
		Knowledge of anatomy and physiology of the growing pig
		Knowledge of monitoring procedures

Knowledge of contingency plans

Knowledge of feed intake requirements

Knowledge of the impact of the barn environment on pig growth

Ability to weigh pigs and feed

Ability to compare actual performance to target

Ability to record and report performance

Ability to assist in correcting performance concerns

Ability to implement procedure changes

Ability to maintain an environment required for optimal growth

Ability to evaluate effectiveness of procedures

#### TASK 20 MARKETS PIGS

#### Sub-task

20.01 Selects pigs to market Supporting Knowledge and Abilities standards.

Knowledge of desired product

Knowledge of production process

Knowledge of CQA requirements for shipping pigs

Knowledge of specifications determined by the client

Knowledge of barn's requirements for exporting pigs

Ability to catch and handle piglets

Ability to load piglets into boxes and/or onto truck

Ability to prepare piglets for shipment

Ability to cord shipment information

### 20.02 Ships pigs.

#### **Supporting Knowledge and Abilities**

Knowledge of bio-security requirements Knowledge of loading requirements Knowledge of transportation recommendations Knowledge of moving pigs Knowledge of pig identification procedures Ability to identify pigs for shipping Ability to load pigs on truck Ability to maintain disease barrier at shipping Ability to comply with CQA requirements for shipping pigs

## **BLOCK E**

## FEEDING AND WATERING

Trends: There is an increase in the application of electronics and technology in the feeding and watering of stock. There are also increasing advances in feed analysis and nutrition requirements.

### TASK 21 CONDITION SCORES STOCK.

#### Sub-task

21.01	Determines stock's body condition score.	Supporting Knowledge and Abilities
		Knowledge of body condition scoring
		Knowledge of back fat testing
		Knowledge of pig nutrition
		Knowledge of pig digestive system
		Knowledge of energy input/output
		Ability to rate sow's condition score
		Ability to perform back fat testing
21.02	Adjusts feed allowance.	Supporting Knowledge and Abilities
		Knowledge of barn's feeding protocol
		Ability to adjust feeders
		Ability to monitor and re-assess body condition score
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### TASK 22 FEEDS ACCORDING TO STRATEGY.

Sub-task

22.01	Feeds gilts.	Supporting Knowledge and Abilities
		Knowledge of gilt growth and development
		Knowledge of barn's feeding protocol

Knowledge of nutritional requirements Ability to feed according to regimen Ability to monitor feed quality Ability to estimate animal's weight Ability to observe gilt's condition 22.02 Feeds sows. Supporting Knowledge and Abilities Knowledge of nutritional requirements of sows Knowledge of physiology of weaned, gestating and lactating sows Knowledge of fetus development Ability to monitor feed consumption Ability to monitor feed quality Ability to body condition score or back fat test Ability to adjust feed as required for body condition Ability to monitor behavior of sows Ability to monitor sow's feces condition Ability to record feed consumption for lactating sows Ability to follow barn's feeding protocol 22.03 Feeds boars. **Supporting Knowledge and Abilities** Knowledge of boar growth and development Knowledge of barn's feeding protocol Knowledge of nutritional requirements Ability to feed according to regimen Ability to observe condition of boar and adjust feed accordingly

Ability to monitor boar appetite Ability to monitor feed quality Ability to estimate animal's weight

## 22.04 Feeds piglets. Supporting Knowledge and Abilities

Knowledge of piglet growth and development Knowledge of nutritional requirements Knowledge of need for colostrum Knowledge of barn's creep feeding protocol Knowledge of production targets Ability to maximize nutritional intake Ability to administer colostrum Ability to identify runts Ability to follow barn's creep feeding protocol Ability to monitor feed quality

#### 22.05 Feeds growing pigs. Supporting Knowledge and Abilities

Knowledge of growth and development of growing pigs Knowledge of nutritional requirements Ability to estimate weight Ability to monitor pig behavior Ability to keep feeders clean Ability to feed according to strategy Ability to monitor feed quality

## TASK 23 OPERATES THE FEED AND WATER DELIVERY SYSTEM.

Sub-task

23.01	Monitors water flow rates.	Supporting Knowledge and Abilities
		Knowledge of water requirements
		Knowledge of water quality
		Knowledge of need for water
		Ability to check and maintain water delivery system
		Ability to check and adjust water flow rate
23.02	Checks wet or dry feeders.	Supporting Knowledge and Abilities
		Knowledge of feed quality
		Knowledge of feed delivery system
		Ability to adjust feeders according to production stage and pig inventory
		Ability to operate the feed delivery system
		Ability to ensure feeders are working
		Ability to ensure all animals are fed

APPENDICES

# Appendix "A"

# **Tools and Equipment**

Pork Production technicians commonly use the following tools and equipment:

A.I. Catheter Air compressor **Backpack sprayers** Barn files **Bio-hazard container Boards** Brooms Brushes Carts Chains Computer Crow bar Dead cart Drills Dust mask Ear notcher Ear tagger **Euthanizing Tool** Extension cords Eye Wash Station Files/rasps Fire extinguisher First aid kit Flashlight/Trouble light Generator Gloves Grease gun Grinder Hammer Hearing protection device Ladder Marker Measuring tape Microscope Nails Needle-less injection units **Obstetrical glove** Office supplies

Pails Pig snare Plastic ties Pliers **Pregnancy Checker** Pressure washer Protective clothing Punch Rags Respirators Ropes Safety footwear Safety glasses or goggles Saws Scales Scalpel Scissors Scoops Scraper Screwdriver Shovels Storage boxes Semen collection container Syringe Tail docking equipment Tape Tattoo equipment **Teeth clipper** Tool box Towels Vermin traps Vacuum Water hose Wheel barrow Winch Wire Wrench

# Appendix "B"

# Glossary

Animal Care Assessment (ACA)	Administered as part of CQA, ACA is a system of documenting animal welfare practices in the hog production industry.
Bio-security	Measures used to protect a herd against the introduction or the spread of disease.
Boar exposure	Nose-to-nose contact between the sow and boar.
Breed	Producing pigs from existing ones in order to produce animals with particular characteristics.
Canadian Quality Assurance (CQA)	A system of requirements administered by the Canadian Pork Council and provincial representatives to ensure effective hog production and food safety procedures in farm operations.
Cull	Removing animal from the herd due to inability to produce according to standard.
Disinfection	Cleanse of disease causing organisms.
Disease barrier	Physical barrier in facility used to protect pig from disease transfer.
Drug residue	Medicinal substance, what is left over or remains in body tissues.
Dunging	Act of excreting manure from pig's body.
Estrus	The period of sexual receptivity in the female.
Equilibriate	Make or become equal, uniformity.
Farrow	Giving birth.
Finishing pig	A pig being raised from 22 kg. (50 lbs.) to market weight.

Foster	Transferring piglets from the mother sow to another lactating sow.
Gilt	Female pig that has not farrowed.
Gilt pool	Group of gilts being prepared for breeding.
Lactation	Period in which sow is producing milk for piglets.
Libido	The sexual urge.
Mortalities	Dead livestock.
Not In Pig (NIP) (Negative Sow)	Sows that go full-term (presumed pregnant) and do not farrow.
Nurse sow	A sow being used to feed foster piglets after her piglets have been weaned and transferred.
Nursery pig	Pig being raised from weaning to 22 kg. (50 lbs.).
Open sow	Group housing of pregnant sows that allow them free movement.
Oxytocin	The hormone in sows which triggers uterine contractions during the farrowing process and/or breeding process.
Physiology	Science of the functions of living organisms and their parts.
Piggy deck	Self-contained pen for piglets (also known as piggy barrel or crèche).
Pig flow	Organized and planned pig movement through the barn based on facility capacity.
Pig-free	People having no contact with pigs during a specified time period.
Recommended Code of Practice for the Care and Handling of Animals: Pigs	Government of Canada guidelines for use in the hog industry to promote high standards in the welfare, care and handling of pigs.
Return	A sow re-served after a previous unsuccessful service.

Safe Operating Guidelines (SOG)	Generally accepted minimum standards of safe practices in the operation of tools and equipment.
Safe Operating Procedures (SOP)	A step-by-step instruction for doing a job or task the right way.
Safe Work Procedures (SWP)	The mandatory steps, equipment and procedures used in order to work safely in a specific workplace.
Suckling pig	
	Piglet that is nursing on a sow.
Teat	Mammary nipple.
Vermin	Injurious animals, parasites, for example mice, rodents, insects and birds.
Weaning pig	A piglet being removed from sow and transferred to nursery where they begin to eat solid food.

# Appendix "C"

# **Block Percentages**



# **Titles of Blocks**

Block A	Occupational Skills
Block B	Pig Health Care
Block C	Barn Environment
Block D	Stockmanship
Block E	Feeding and Watering

The average number of questions, derived from the collective decision make by workers within the occupation from all areas of the province, which will be placed on a one-hundred question provincial examination to assess each block of the analysis.

## Appendix "D"

# PORK PRODUCTION TECHNICIAN Task Profile Chart







