

November 2025

Registration Data Report

Agrologists Manitoba

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Executive Summary

This report presents registration data for Agrologists Manitoba (AgMB) from 2011 to 2024. Its purpose is to provide a statistical picture of application, assessment and registration outcomes for internationally educated applicants (IEAs) to AgMB over the last 14 years.

Since FRPO started collecting this data, AgMB has seen a rise in registrants to 772 in 2024 from 640 in 2015.

In the 2011 to 2024 reporting period, 202 IEAs applied to AgMB. Peak IEA application years were 2011, 2013 and 2019 with over 20 applications in each of these years; the majority (92 per cent) applied from within Canada. Applicants educated in Nigeria accounted for 22 per cent (45/202) of IEAs. IEAs to AgMB make up 1.6 per cent of all IEAs applying to the 31 regulated professions under fairness legislation in Manitoba.

Forty-seven per cent of IEAs (94/202) registered within the period. However, the registration rate for the period could be as high as 59 per cent. This is because there were IEAs with open files at the end of 2024 who may yet go on to register. A final registration rate for the period can only be calculated once these files are resolved.

Timelines are presented for registrations occurring in the 2016 to 2024 period only. Upon completed application, the median time to registration for IEAs was 1.6 years and the median time to provisional registration was 89 days.

Regarding IEA outcomes and timelines, registration rates fluctuate throughout the 2011 to 2024 reporting period. Resolution of 2023 and 2024 applications will determine if the registration rate for the period will trend upward. Average registration timelines are provided from 2016 to 2024 showing a trend to shorter timelines by the end of the period.

Introduction

The Fair Registration Practices Office's (FRPO) registration data report on Agrologists Manitoba is issued as a matter of FRPO's responsibility under section 14(2b) of The Fair Registration Practices in Regulated Professions Act (act) to conduct research and analysis regarding the registration of internationally educated applicants.

AgMB supplies registration data to FRPO as an obligation under the act (sec. 15(2)). Each year, AgMB provides records on the key steps in the assessment and registration process for IEAs.

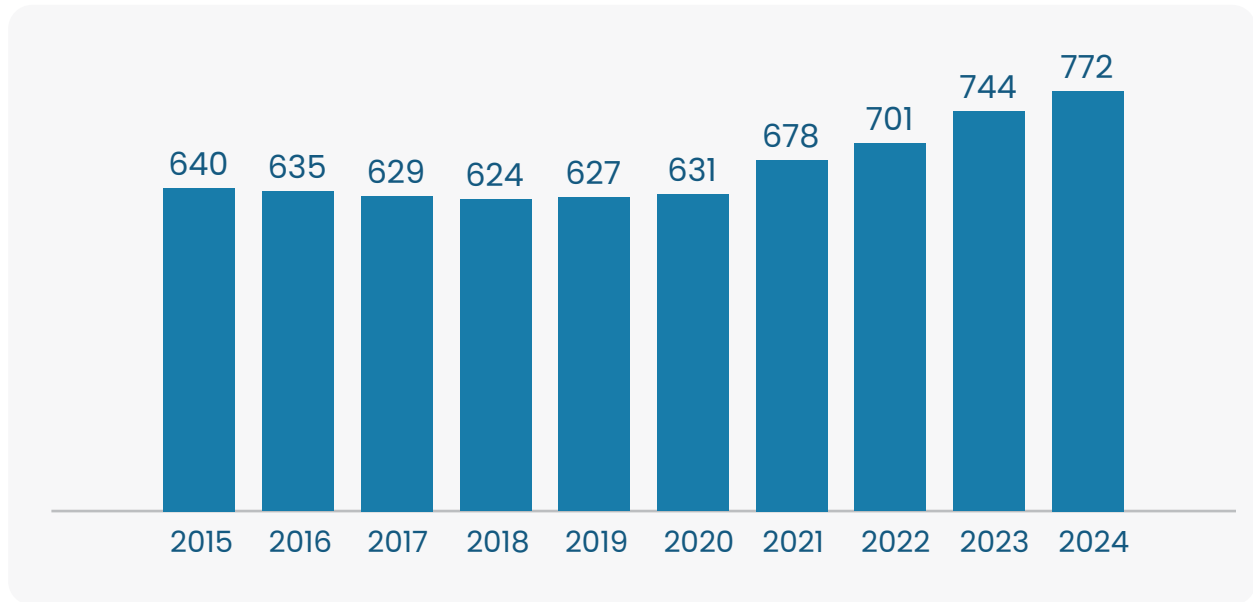
Facts and figures in this report are accompanied by analysis and contextual remarks to help interpret the data and provide a coherent, statistical picture. A flowchart of AgMB's assessment and registration process for IEAs along with a short glossary of terms used throughout the document are provided as appendices to this report.

The report is restricted to developing a fact-based, statistical picture. There is no discussion of fairness issues or compliance to fairness duties under the act.

A cautious reading of the data is needed. Registration outcome and timeline statistics reflect not only the profession's registration requirements but also individual circumstance. Often people take an extended period to register or abandon the process for reasons unrelated to registration requirements. This can have a significant impact on registration outcome and timeline data.

Registrants

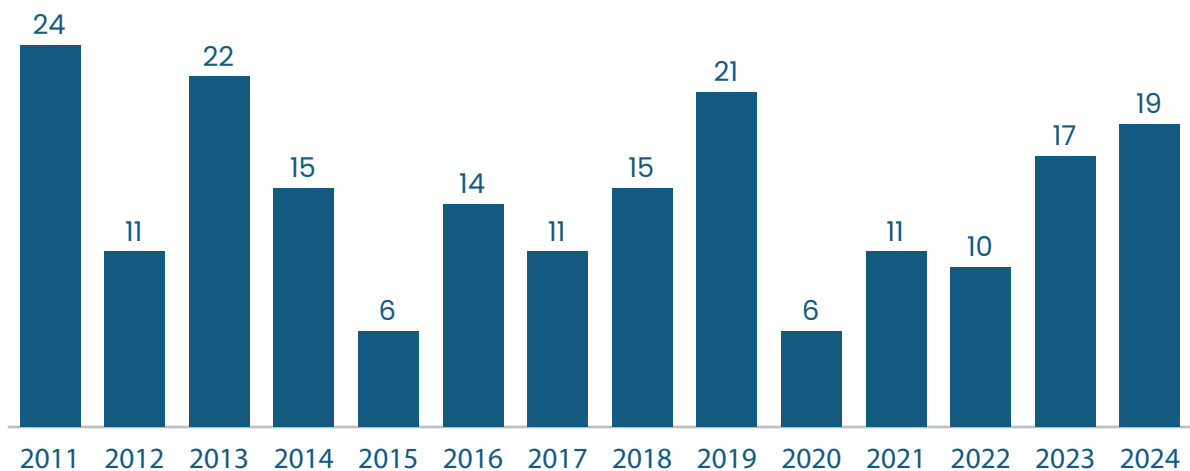
AgMB Registrants (2015 to 2024)



In the second part of the period, AgMB saw a steady rise in registrants peaking in 2024 with just over 130 more new registrants than at the start of the period. Registrants include both domestic and internationally educated agrologists. During this period, there were 75 IEA registrations.

Registration Data – Applicants

Internationally Educated Applicants (2011 to 2024)



202
Total applicants



14
Annual average

Examining the distribution of IEAs by year, the largest number of applications occurred in 2011, 2013 and 2019 with the smallest numbers in 2015 and 2020.

IEAs to AgMB as a per cent of all IEAs to Manitoba Regulated Professions (2011 to 2024)

12,677



Total IEAs to 31 regulated professions in Manitoba

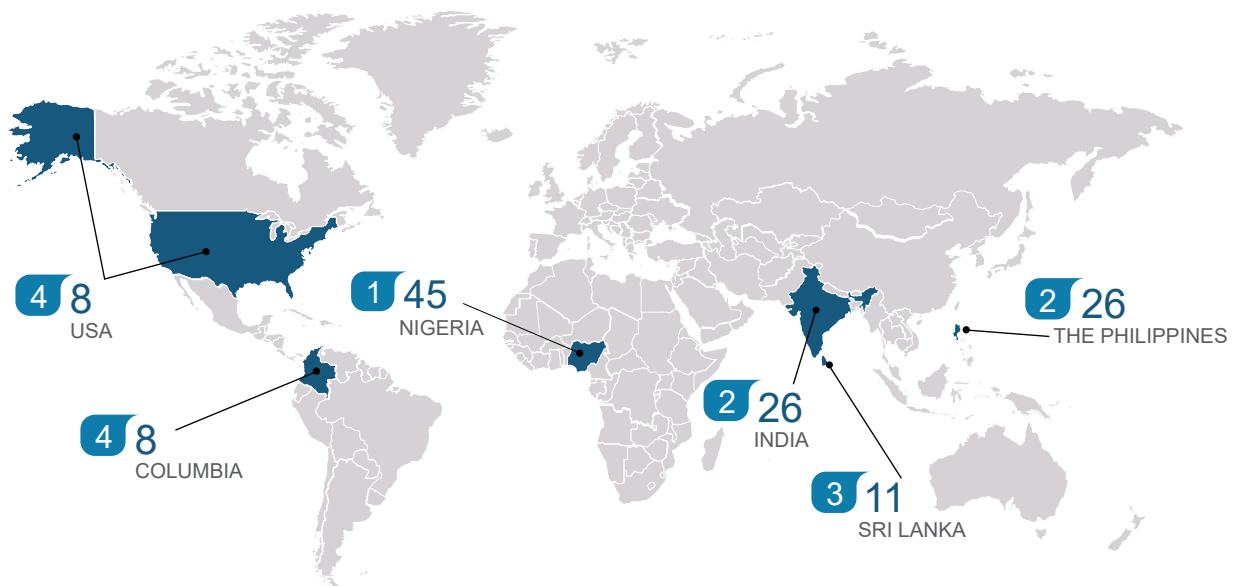
1.6%



Per cent of total IEAs applying to AgMB

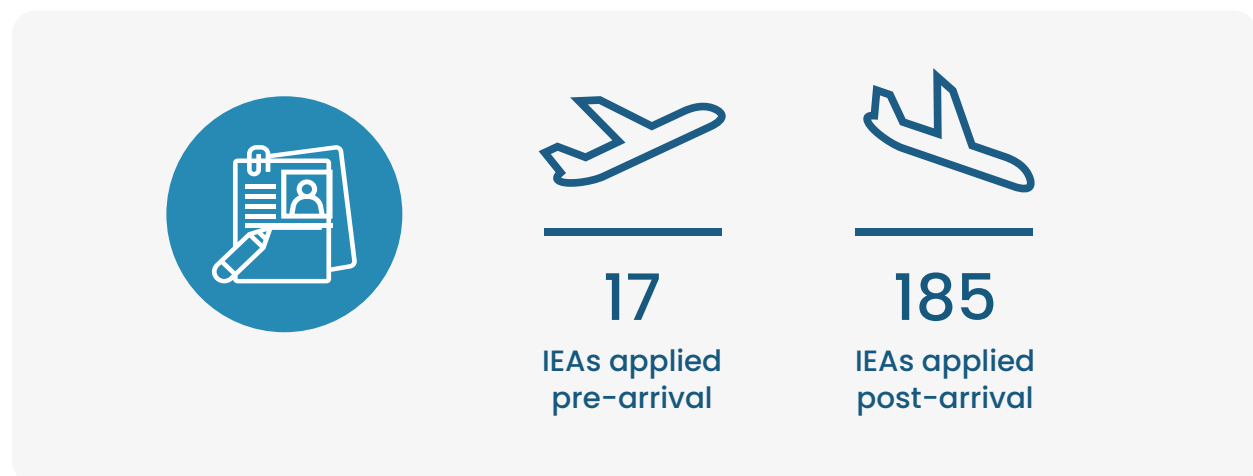
IEAs applying to AgMB from 2011 to 2024 represent 1.6 per cent of all IEAs to the 31 regulated professions under Manitoba's fairness legislation.

IEA Top Countries of Education (2011 to 2024)



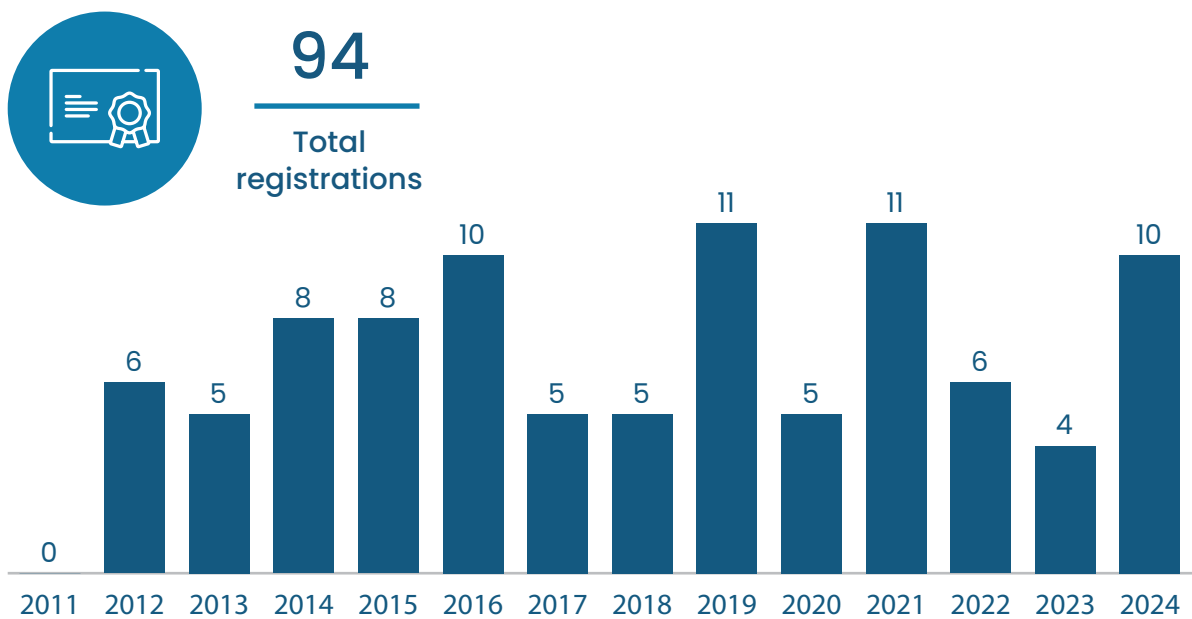
From 2011 to 2024, AgMB received applications from individuals educated in 40 countries. Most IEAs, 22 per cent (45/202), were educated in Nigeria. Sixty-one percent of all IEAs to AgMB came from Nigeria, India, The Philippines, Sri Lanka, Columbia and the United States.

IEA Applications by Arrival Status (2011 to 2024)



8.4 per cent of IEAs applied to AgMB before arriving in Canada, the majority, 91.6 per cent, applied post-arrival.

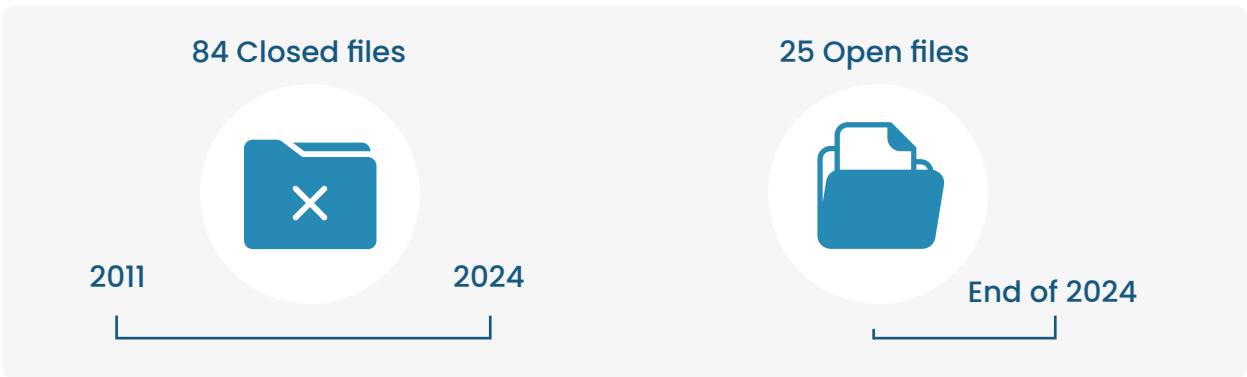
Registration Data – Applicant Outcomes



IEA Registrations (2011 to 2024)

Ninety-four of the 203 IEAs who applied to AgMB between 2011 to 2024 were registered throughout the period. Most registrants provisionally registered before becoming registered. Due to data collection methods, individuals who applied before 2011, but registered during this period, are not counted. As a result, IEA registrations are under-counted in the first few years of the reporting period.

IEA File Status – Closed and Open Files



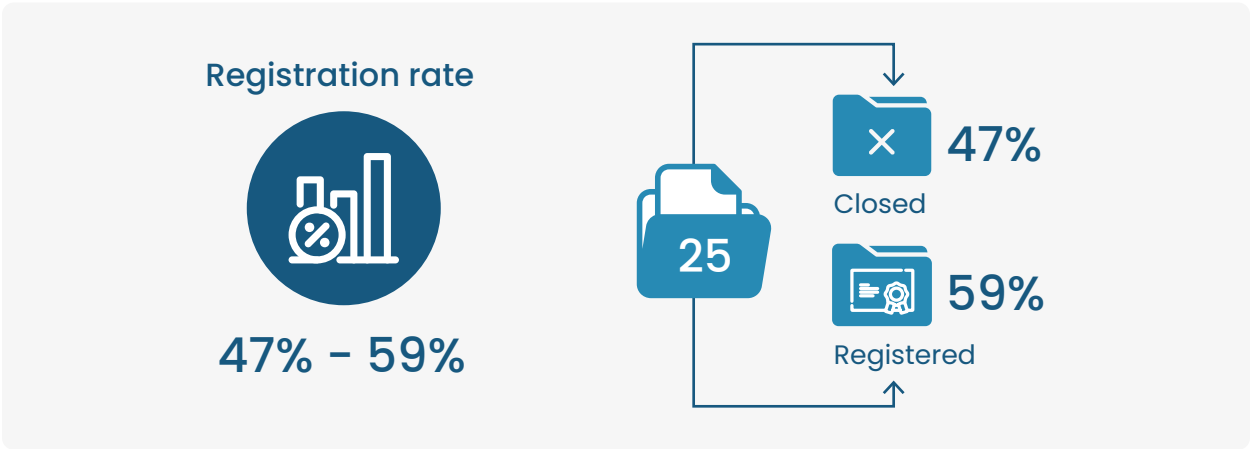
Forty-one per cent of IEAs had files closed for various reasons throughout the reporting period, while at the end of the report period, 12 per cent still had open files.

IEA Registration Rate (2011 to 2024)

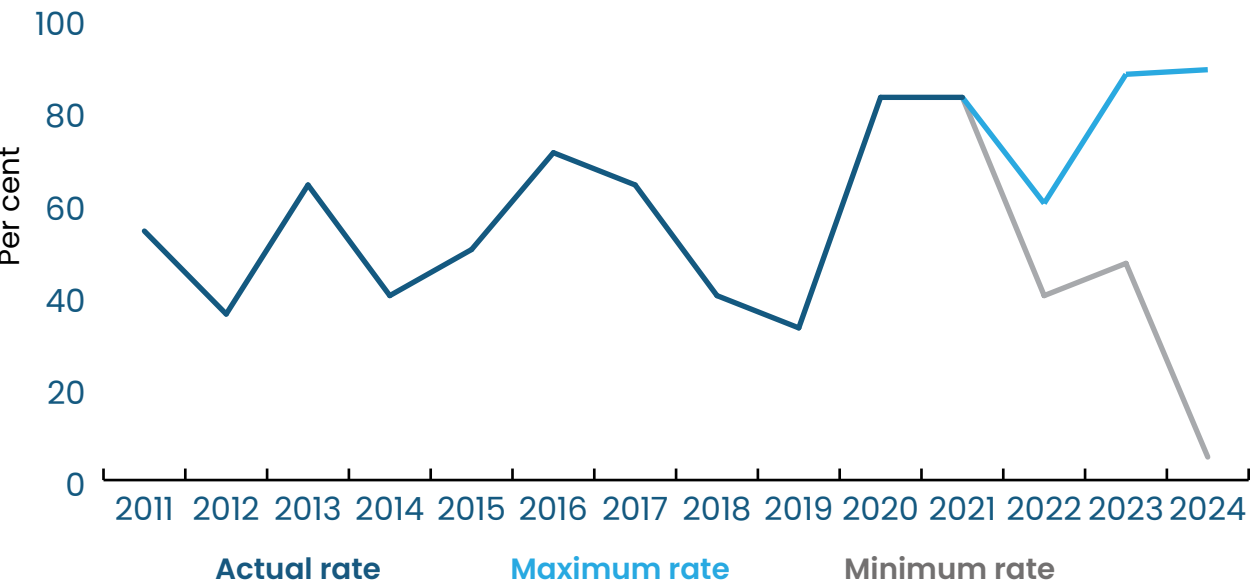
FRPO calculates the IEA registration rate as the per cent of IEAs who applied in a given period and register. Some registrations may occur after the end of the reporting period.

Between 2011 to 2024, 47 per cent (94/202) of the IEAs to AgMB registered and 41 per cent (83/202) had files closed. At the end of the reporting period, 12 per cent (25/202) of applicants had open files.

The IEA registration rate for applicants who applied in this period will fall between 47 to 59 percent and is dependent on the eventual outcomes of the 25 applicants with open files.



IEA Registration Rate by Year (2011 to 2024)



The dark blue line in the graph above shows the percentage of IEAs who applied in a given year and went on to register. For example, 36 per cent of the IEAs who applied in 2012

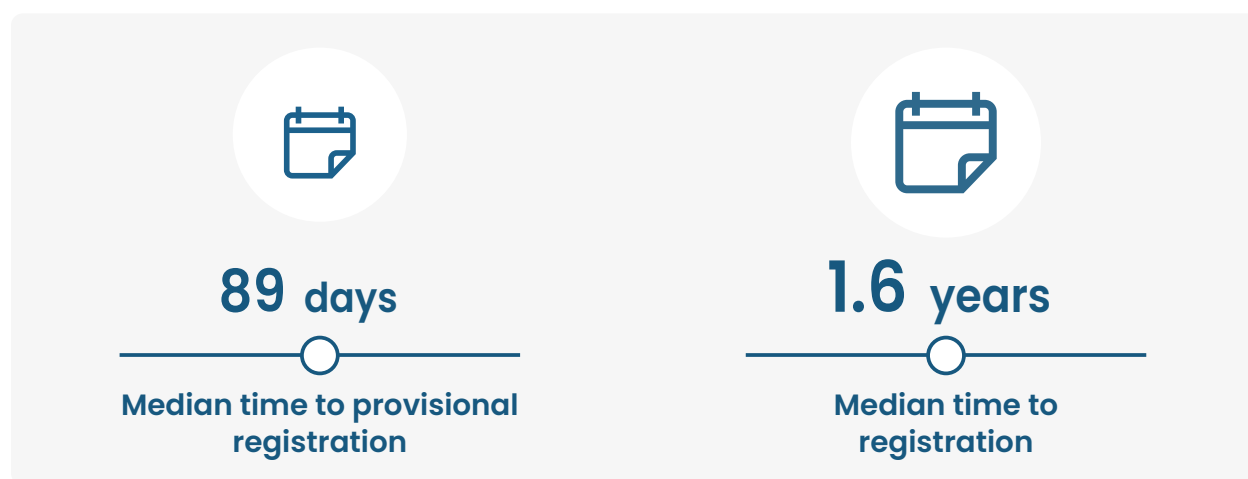
registered some time before the end of the reporting period and 64 per cent who applied in 2013 registered. The light blue and gray line show the maximum and minimum rates for a given year where not all applications in these years have a final outcome yet. Assume everyone with an open file registers, this is the maximum rate; assume these applications are all closed, this is the minimum rate. When these lines are close together, there are few open files and when they are far apart, a larger number of applications remain open.

From 2011 to 2021, AgMB's IEA registration rate varies from 54 per cent in 2011 to 83 per cent in 2021. A precise registration rate can be presented for these years because the applicants who applied in these years either registered or had closed files. None were in process at the end of 2024.

Some applicants in the later reporting years, 2022 to 2024, still have open files, without final registration outcomes. In these years, registration rate minimums and maximums (blue and grey lines) are determined. For IEAs applying in 2024 the range between the maximum and minimum is large (5 to 89 per cent). This is because only three of 19 applications were resolved (two closed files, one registration); all the others remain open.

From 2011 to 2024, registration rates fluctuate with no clear trend across the reporting period just yet. Resolution of 2023 and 2024 applications will determine if the registration rate for the period will trend upward.

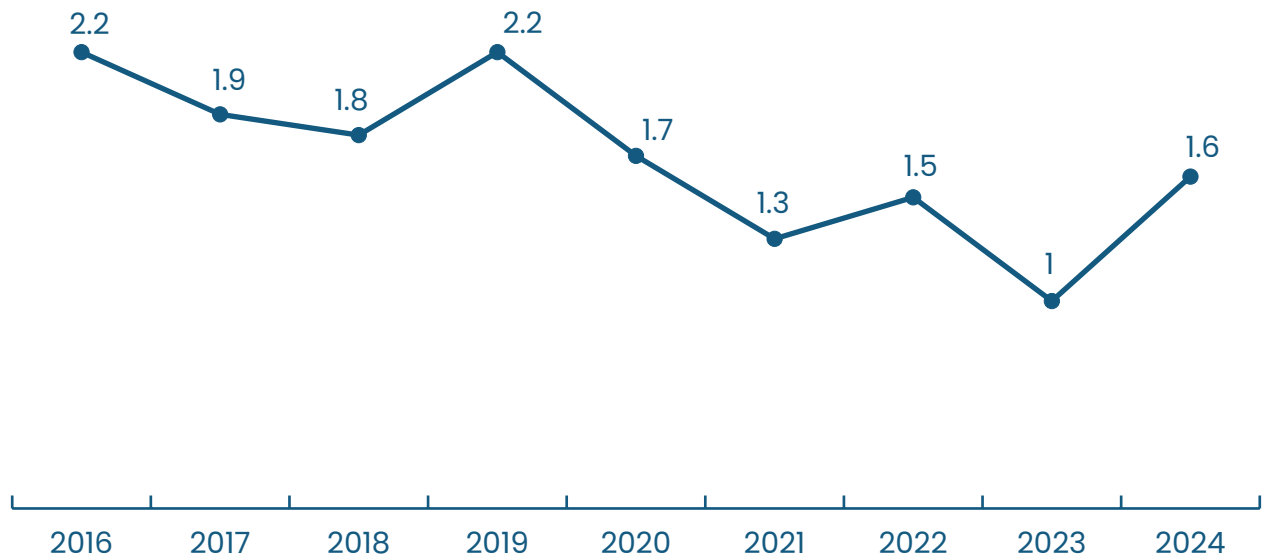
IEA Timelines to Registration (2016 to 2024)



Registration timelines are calculated starting from the applicant's initial application to AgMB until the applicant's date of registration or provisional registration.

Note: Timelines are presented for IEA registrations occurring from 2016 to 2024. FRPO's dataset captures IEA outcomes only for those who applied in 2011 and later. Only registration timelines that occur well into the reporting period are presented because timelines in the early years potentially exclude the longer registration timelines of IEAs who applied prior to 2011 but registered sometime after 2011. Presenting timeline figures five years into the reporting period helps ensure timelines are accurately represented.

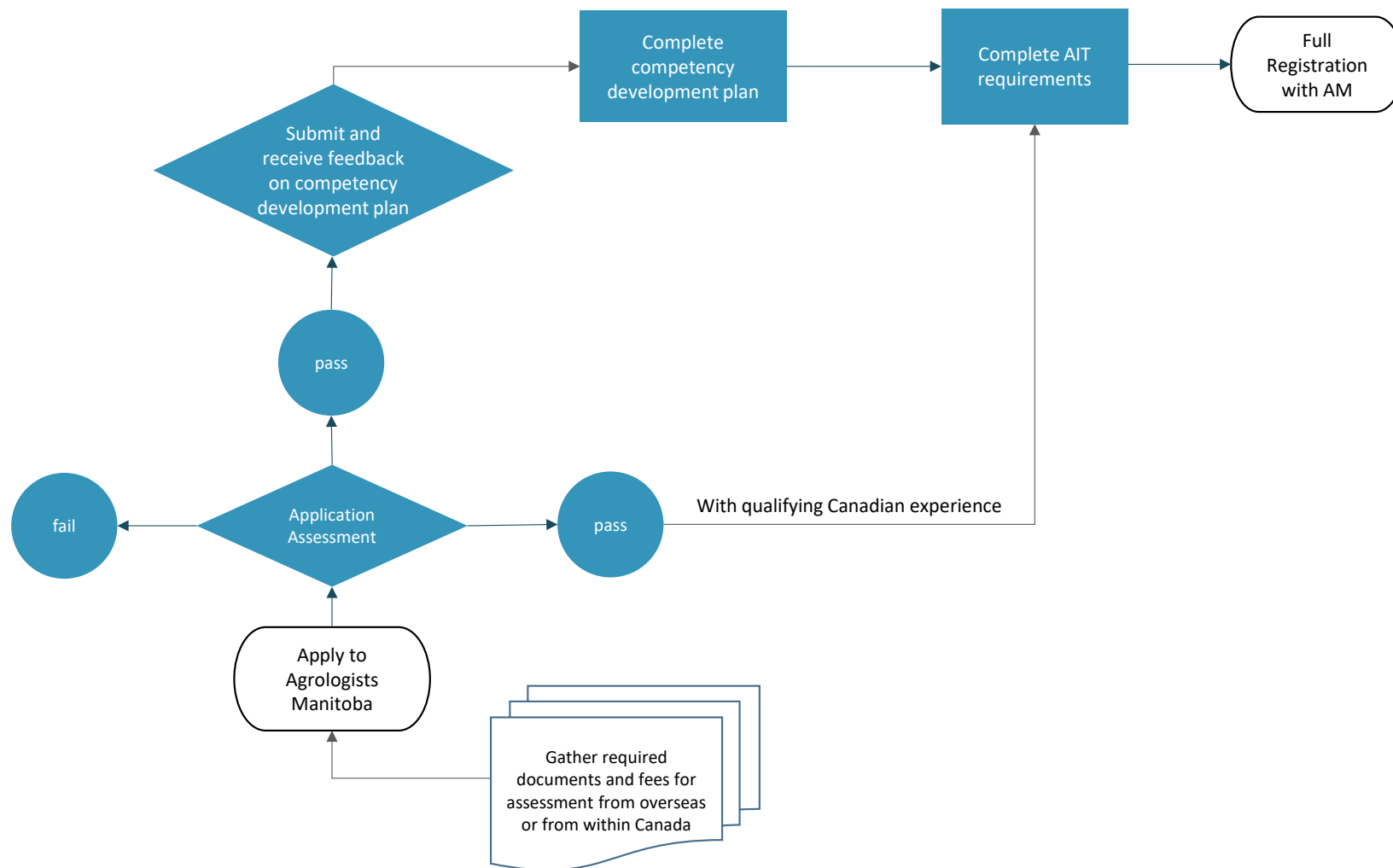
IEA Average Registration Timelines by Year (2016 to 2024)



The graph above presents the average time to registration by year of registration. For instance, for applicants who registered in 2016, the average time taken to register was 2.2 years.

From 2016 to 2024, AgMB's average registration timeline data indicates one-to-two-year registration timelines with a trend towards shorter timelines.

Appendix 1 – Process Map



Appendix 2 – Glossary of Terms

This glossary defines key terms used throughout the report to help ensure understanding of the findings presented. For consistency, certain terms are used across professions even though regulators may use other operational terms. For example, provisional registration is used for any temporary or conditional registration that allows some form of practice or title use. Manitoba regulators use a variety of terms (member-in-training, graduate nurse, exam candidate, intern, etc.) that signify different types of provisional registration.

Internationally Educated Applicant (IEA)

An individual educated outside of Canada applying for registration with a Manitoba regulator. Canadians educated outside of Canada are also considered IEAs. Domestic labour mobility applicants who were educated outside of Canada are not counted in this dataset because they have already achieved licensure in Canada.

IEAs are counted once in FRPO's dataset regardless of the number of applications they submit; data from their most current application is used in this report. These individuals have either submitted a complete initial application, or sufficient required documents to allow the regulator to provide an assessment decision.

Provisional Registration

Temporary or conditional registration that enables some form of practice or title use. In some professions, this is granted to applicants who substantially meet a regulator's registration requirements, allowing them to complete a period of approved supervised practice. Not all Manitoba regulators offer provisional registration and terms used vary.

Registration

The licensing or certification process where applicants acquire legally sanctioned professional recognition with the authority to practice and/or use a designated protected title within a jurisdiction.

Registration Rate

Per cent of applicants who apply in a given period and register.

Registration Timelines

The time it takes an applicant to complete the registration process. The start of the process is marked by the date a completed application is submitted to either the Manitoba regulator or the regulator's designated third-party assessor. The end of the process is marked by the date of provisional registration or registration.