

	Z02	<i>Emergency Medical Services Branch/Office of the Medical Director</i>
	2017-02-14	Minimum Requirements for Practice

Prehospital care in Manitoba is governed by *The Emergency Medical Response and Stretcher Transportation Act* and the related Regulations. *Patient care must be provided in accordance with procedures and functions as set out in the “Emergency Medical Services (EMS) Protocols and Procedures” published by the Minister.*

All Manitoba EMS personnel licence holders must hold the necessary education, training and experience, and be able to demonstrate the knowledge and psychomotor skills to safely and appropriately:

- Recognize a known or potential health crisis
- Evaluate a patient’s clinical condition, by collecting and analyzing pertinent information
- Manage a patient’s health crisis to maintain or improve the patient’s condition
- Transport a patient and transfer their care to the next appropriate health care provider
- Document and report pertinent information related to a patient’s health crisis and their clinical condition

In order to accomplish these goals, all emergency prehospital personnel must at minimum be competent to:

- Provide scene assessment and management
- Appropriate use of personnel protective equipment (PPE)
- Conduct a primary patient survey
- Perform a secondary patient survey, appropriate to the nature of the patient’s health crisis
- Provide basic CPR, including the use of an automated external defibrillator (AED)
- Maintain a patent airway using basic airway techniques
- Support adequate breathing and gas exchange
- Recognize and manage internal and external hemorrhage
- Apply immobilization techniques for known or suspected fractures
- Apply initial treatment to wounds and environmental injuries
- Manage multiple or mass casualties
- Use protocols or procedures appropriate to level of training and licensure to
 - Assess and manage an acute or chronic medical disorder
 - Assess and manage a traumatic or environmental injury
 - Assess and manage emergency childbirth and newborn care
 - Assess and manage an acute mental health crisis or chronic mental health disorder
- Provide psychological support measures to a patient undergoing a health crisis
- Conduct lifting and moving techniques to ensure patient and provider safety
- Perform patient extrication, packaging and transport procedures
- Complete a patient care record in the appropriate format
- Use and maintain required equipment and supplies, including appropriate cleaning and disinfection