Pre-exposure Prophylaxis for HIV

Eligibility Criteria and Clinical Guidance for Manitoba HIV Pre-Exposure Prophylaxis

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Introduction and Background

HIV pre-exposure prophylaxis (PrEP), when taken daily, is a highly effective pharmacologic means of preventing HIV infection in individuals who test negative for HIV and are at ongoing high risk of acquiring the infection.

PrEP should be used as part of a comprehensive programmatic HIV prevention strategy involving the care and treatment of HIV infected individuals ("treatment as prevention") and risk reduction strategies to minimize the risk of HIV acquisition, with the goal of reducing or eliminating new HIV infections in HIV negative persons.

In Fall 2021, PrEP will be added to the provincial drug program formularies. The effective date and specific provincial eligibility criteria for coverage will be confirmed in an upcoming Manitoba Drug Benefits and Interchangeability Formulary Bulletin here: https://www.gov.mb.ca/health/mdbif/bulletins.html.

Drug Regimen for PrEP

PrEP is typically prescribed as daily continuous prophylaxis. Efficacy is highly dependent on adherence to the regimen. PrEP prevents HIV infection by preventing replication of the virus. PrEP should be taken daily as prescribed to generate sufficient levels of the drug within the blood and tissues to stop multiplication of the virus and establishment of infection.

Medication for use as PrEP covered under Manitoba Pharmacare is daily generic fixed drug combination FTC/TDF (Emtricitabine 200mg + Tenofovir disoproxil fumarate 300mg) taken orally by persons at high and ongoing risk for HIV infection who meet the provincial eligibility criteria.

Note: 'On-demand HIV PrEP' is not recommended or covered under provincial drug programs (Pharmacare and Employment and Income Assistance).

PrEP Eligibility Criteria

(adapted from 2017 Canadian guidelines, Tan et al 2017 and Alberta PrEP guidelines October 2020)

Access to PrEP is based on specific eligibility criteria to identify individuals at high and ongoing risk of acquiring HIV infection, and therefore most likely to benefit from the intervention. A detailed assessment of risks and benefits should be completed by a health care provider prior to starting PrEP as well as ongoing assessments including HIV status, sexually transmitted and blood borne infections (STBBIs) screening, and monitoring for medication side effects.

Individuals who have active EIA coverage or are enrolled in Manitoba Pharmacare (where a deductible applies), <u>are HIV-negative</u>, and meet the following criteria are eligible to access coverage for HIV PrEP with generic fixed drug combination FTC/TDF:

1. MSM (Men Who Have Sex with Men), Trans Women and Gender Diverse People

- Condomless anal sex within the last 6 months and any of:
 - Infectious syphilis or bacterial STI (gonorrhea or chlamydia) in the past
 12 months
 - nPEP (non-occupational HIV post-exposure prophylaxis) more than once
 - Ongoing sexual relationship with HIV-positive partner(s) with substantial risk of transmissible HIV (e.g. viral load >40 copies/mL*) or HIV status unknown but from a higher risk population, e.g. MSM, persons who inject drugs (PWID))
 - HIRI-MSM risk score ≥ 11 (HIV Infection Risk Index for MSM; see Appendix A: HIRI-MSM risk assessment tool)
- Gender diverse people are included in the eligibility criteria as incorrect assumptions can be made about the sexual practices of individuals.
- Not indicated for those in a monogamous relationship with a single partner
 with no or negligible risk of having transmissible HIV (e.g. HIV negative, HIV
 positive but virus suppressed with viral load ≤ 40 copies/mL*, or HIV status
 unknown but risk profile similar to the general population (Tan et al 2017)).

2. Heterosexual People

- Recommended for the HIV-negative person with ongoing exposure to HIV-positive partner(s) involving condomless vaginal or anal sex, where the HIV-positive partner(s) has a substantial risk of having transmissible HIV (i.e. not on or not adherent to antiretroviral treatment)
- Consider PrEP for the HIV-negative person in similar situations where the HIV-positive partner(s) has a lower, but non-negligible risk of transmissible HIV:
 - viral load detectable (>40 copies/mL*) or
 - viral load usually undetectable* but concomitant STI present at time of exposure (recognizing that undetectable viral load gives a very low likelihood of transmission, but the presence of an STI may increase the presence of virus in ulcers (Boily MC et al 2009) or at mucosal surfaces), or

- HIV status unknown, but from a high-prevalence population MSM, PWID, countries with high HIV prevalence (see UNAIDS AIDS info. http://aidsinfo.unaids.org).
- Not indicated for those in a monogamous relationship with a single partner
 with no or negligible risk of having transmissible HIV (e.g. HIV negative, HIV
 positive but virus suppressed with viral load ≤ 40 copies/mL*, or HIV status
 unknown but risk profile similar to the general population (Tan et al 2017)).

3. PWID (People Who Inject Drugs)

- PrEP may be considered when there is ongoing or anticipation of ongoing sharing of injection drug use paraphernalia (needles, syringes, spoons, foil, cotton filters etc.) with a person with a non-negligible risk of HIV infection:
 - Detectable viral load* or
 - HIV status unknown but from a high-prevalence population MSM,
 PWID, countries with a high HIV prevalence.

Prescribing PrEP and Ongoing Care:

PrEP should be prescribed in the context of clinical settings experienced in the delivery of sexual health services by a prescriber experienced in the treatment and prevention of STBBIs¹.

Prescribers must be licensed Manitoba eligible prescribers, knowledgeable about the management of STBBIs and of PrEP, and responsible for the ongoing care of these clients. Prescribers must register using the Manitoba HIV PrEP Provider Registration Form found at

https://www.gov.mb.ca/health/publichealth/cdc/docs/prep_prescriber_regform.pdf.

Prescribers must ensure that clients meet the provincial eligibility criteria established in the upcoming Manitoba Drug Benefits and Interchangeability Formulary Bulletin found here: https://www.gov.mb.ca/health/mdbif/bulletins.html and provide baseline and follow-up clinical care as described by The Manitoba HIV Program HIV Prevention

^{*}For the purposes of this document, an undetectable viral load is defined by 2 sequential measurements of HIV viral load ≤ 40 copies/ml as the result on at least 2 occasions separated in time by 4 to 6 months.

¹ CADTH Canadian Drug Expert Committee Final Recommendation (2016). EMTRICITABINE/TENOFOVIR DISOPROXIL FUMARATE. indication: Pre-exposure Prophylaxis of HIV-1 Infection. <u>SR0479_complete_Truvada_Aug-26-16.pdf (cadth.ca)</u>

Guidelines. Follow-up clinical and laboratory evaluation are critical and recommended after 30 days, every three months thereafter, and after PrEP is discontinued.

The Manitoba HIV Program HIV Prevention Guidelines provides clinical guidance for PrEP including initiation, risk categories, monitoring, risks and benefits, special populations (e.g. clients with hepatitis B infection, pregnant, or breastfeeding), PrEP cessation as well as other HIV prevention strategies. Find these guidelines at https://mbhiv.ca/guidelines.

The following resources for PrEP guidelines in Canada have further guidance for health care providers.

Alberta PrEP Information for Health Professionals, including guidelines and provider training module:

https://www.albertahealthservices.ca/info/Page16048.aspx

Canadian Guideline on HIV Pre-Exposure Prophylaxis and Nonoccupational Postexposure Prophylaxis:

https://www.catie.ca/en/canadian-guideline-prep-npephttps://www.cmaj.ca/content/189/47/E1448

BC PrEP Information for Health Professionals: http://bccfe.ca/hiv-pre-exposure-prophylaxis-prep

Appendix A: HIRI-MSM risk assessment tool

Adapted from Canadian Guidelines on HIV PrEP and nPEP, version 2.1, November 13, 2017. This tool has not been validated in Manitoba and its performance characteristics are unknown in our population.

Question Number	Question	Response	Score
1	How old are you today? (years)	< 18 years 18-28 years 29-40 years 41-48 years ≥ 49 years	0 8 5 2 0
2	How many men have you had sex with in the last 6 months?	> 10 men 6-10 men 0-5 men	7 4 0
3	How many of your male sex partners were HIV positive?	> 1 positive partner 1 positive partner < 1 positive partner	8 4 0
4	In the last 6 months, how many times did you have receptive anal sex (you were the bottom) with a man without a condom?	≥ 1 times 0 times	10 0
5	In the last 6 months, how many times did you have insertive anal sex (you were the top) with a man who was HIV positive?	5 or more times 0-4 times	6 0
6	In the last 6 months, have you used methamphetamines such as crystal or speed?	Yes No	5 0
7	In the last 6 months, have you used poppers (amyl nitrate)?	Yes No	3 0
		Total Score: (Add the scores in the right-hand column.)	

Adapted from Alberta PrEP Guidelines and Canadian Guidelines on HIV PrEP and nPEP