Kistigan

Prelim nary Map Number:

1989K-1

LITTLE STULL LAKE N.T.S. 53K/10 SE AREA

Legend

PROTEROZOIC

92°30'

54° 37' 30"

9 Mafic dykes: Molson dyke swarm ARCHEAN

8 Granite, granodiorite

a) hornblende-biotite granodiorite

b) biotite granite Mafic dykes

Rhyolite: white to beige weathering, blue-grey; with clear to blue quartz phenocrysts a) quartz-feldspar porphyry

b) tuff; quartz-feldspar porphyritic c) volcaniclastic breccia; composed of quartz-feldspar porphyritic fragments in a matrix

of the same composition

a) siliceous siltstone; white to pale grey weathering laminated to very thin-bedded siltb) argillite; brown to black weathering laminated argillite, interbedded with 3a, rarely

forms mappable unit

a) polymictic framework conglomerate; dominant clast type is felsic volcanic, greywacke matrix, thick bedded

b) polymictic matrix conglomerate; dominant clast type is felsic volcanic, greywacke matrix, medium- to thick- bedded

 c) oligomictic framework conglomerate; quartz-feldspar porphyritic rhyolite clasts, feld-spathic sandstone matrix, may be debris flows, interbedded with 4d d) feldspathic pebbly sandstone; small- to medium- scale cross-bedded sandstone, interbedded with 4c

Sandstone:

a) greywacke; grey to brown weathering, commonly with thin to medium scale turbidite bedforms

 b) pelitic greywacke; dark green-grey weathering, biotite- chlorite- bearing, thin-bedded, typically interbedded with 3a and 6b c) arkose; feldspathic, cream to white weathering, thin- to medium- bedded Rhyodacite, dacite: buff brown weathering; pale green grey; feldspar porphyritic with rare smoky grey quartz phenocrysts;

a) feldspar porphyritic dykes and sills

b) tuff; feldspar and quartz-feldspar porphyritic

c) volcanic breccia; feldspar and quartz-feldspar porphyritic, may be volcaniclastic or

d) dacite; brown to grey-green weathering, green-brown intermediate tuff, rarely feldspar porphyritic, interbedded with 2b and 2c

a) pillowed and massive flows b) komatiitic basalt; pillowed flows

c) plagioclase porphyritic massive flows

d) altered basalt; variable silicification of basalt within major tectonized zones, generally associated with minor dykes of 2a, may contain minor pyrite and pyrrhotite

Symbols

(Au) (Py/Po) Mineral showing: gold Au, pyrite/pyrrhotite Py/Po

Zone of intense brittle-ductile deformation Geological contact: approximate, under water, assumed

Bedding, tops known: inclined, vertical, overturned

Bedding, tops unknown: inclined, vertical

Foliation: inclined, vertical

Bedding and foliation parallel, tops unknown: inclined, vertical Tectonic layering and foliation parallel

Pillows, tops unknown: inclined, vertical

Cataclastic foliation: inclined, vertical

Geology by: M. T. Corkery, 1981

This map is a provisional summary of work carried out during a reconnaissance program and is printed di-rectly from the geologist's manuscript. It is not to be regarded as a final interpretation of the geology of the

Scale 1:20 000

KILOMETRES

92°30'

Corkery M. T.
1981: Little Stull Lake Area; in Manitoba Energy and Mines, Report of Field Activities
1981, p. 43

Lake

92°45'

92°45'