



### Legend

Intrusive Rocks

- 23 Pegmatite
- 22 Thostenson Lake granite
- 21 Gabro dykes
- 20 Metacrustic granite; biotite + hornblende bearing
- 19 Serate granite; coarse grained, pink, biotite-muscovite bearing

Northern Indian Lake intrusive Rocks

- 18 Leucocratic granite; granodiorite; biotite bearing
- 17 Hornblende granodiorite
- 16 Tonlite; granodiorite and gneissic tonalite

Arkose Suite

- 15 Meta arkose; cross-bedded, quartz rich sandstone, magnetite or hematite bearing
- 14 Pebby meta-arkose; cross bedded quartzofeldspathic sandstone; magnetite or hematite bearing
- 13 Metacarbonate polymictic, clast supported with arkosic sandstone matrix

Partridge Breast Lake intrusive Rocks

- 12 Hornblende pyritic gabro dykes
- 11 Tonlite, granodiorite
- 10 to tonalite grey to buff, biotite + hornblende bearing
- 9 Quartz diorite dark grey magnetiferous

Diorite dark grey hornblende pyritic + biotite aggregates

Partridge Breast Lake Suite

- 8 Mafic gabbro

- a) leucogabbro
- b) mesogabbro
- c) peridotite

Metamorphosed ultramafic dykes and sills

- a) pyroxenite
- b) olivine, peridotite
- c) gabbro

Mafic metasandstone and metasedstone; quartzofeldspathic to psammatic

- a) mafic metasedstone weakly magnetiferous
- b) magnetiferous metasedstone and/or quartzofeldspathic and/or garnetiferous metasedstone
- c) hornblende metasandstone
- d) matrix-supported metacarbonate

Mafic metasandstone and metasedstone; mafic lithic to feldspathic, interbedded

- a) with ultra-fine-grained metasedstone
- b) magnetiferous metagreywacke and siltstone ± muscovite
- c) amphibole derived from mafic volcanic rocks

Mafic metasandstone and metasedstone; mafic lithic to feldspathic, interbedded

- a) magnetiferous metagreywacke and siltstone ± muscovite
- b) amphibole derived from mafic volcanic rocks

Intermediate to felsic metavolcanic rocks; tuff and resedimented tuff

- a) metagreywacke; quartz phyllitic and/or pelitic matrix

Plumbeous and pelitic metagreywacke

- a) metagreywacke; weakly magnetiferous with biotite aggregates

b) metagreywacke; weakly magnetiferous with biotite aggregates and/or magnetiferous metasedstone in a fine grained matrix

c) oligomictic and polymictic clast-supported metacarbonate with pelitic matrix ± muscovite

Long Point Suite

- 1 Metagreywacke and derived minerals

- a) garnetiferous metagreywacke; graphite bearing

- b) migmatite derived from 1a

### Symbols

Isolated outcrop

Geological contact (defined, approximate, under water, extrapolated using vertical gradient of aeromagnetic anomaly trends)

Fault (approximate, assumed)

Bedding, tops known (vertical, inclined, dip unknown)

Bedding, tops unknown (vertical, inclined, dip unknown)

Bedding and foliation parallel, tops unknown (vertical, inclined, dip unknown)

Igneous layering, tops unknown (vertical, inclined, dip unknown)

Foliation (vertical, inclined, dip unknown)

Catastrophic foliation (vertical, inclined, dip unknown)

Foliation and metamorphic layering parallel (vertical, inclined, dip unknown)

Mineral occurrence

pyrite, chalcocite, chalcopyrite

Geology by: M. T. Corkery (1993, 1979) and P.G. Lenton (1979, 1980)

### REFERENCES

Corkery, M.T. 1993. Superimposed rocks of the Partridge Breast Lake area. In Manitoba Energy and Mines, Mineral Division, Report of Activities, 1993.

Corkery, M.T. and Lenton, P.G. 1990. Geology of the Lower Churchill River Region: Manitoba Energy and Mines, Report CR85-1, Geological Map CR85-1-1 to CR85-1-9.

Lenton, P.G. and Corkery, M.T. 1981. The Lower Churchill River Project (Interim Report), Manitoba Energy and Mines, Open File Report OF81-3, 23p.

This map is a provisional summary of work carried out during the summer field season and is printed directly from the geologist's manuscript. It is not to be regarded as a final interpretation of the geology of the area.



Scale 1:50 000

KILOMETRES 1 0 1 2 3 4 5 KILOMETRES