

# QUARTERLY POPULATION STATISTICS REPORT



## Manitoba Population Estimates: April 1, 2025

Statistics Canada has released its April 1, 2025 population estimates and first quarter 2025 demographic estimates for Canada, the provinces, and territories.

According to Statistics Canada, Manitoba's total population was estimated at 1,507,330 residents as of April 1, 2025, up 3,307 individuals (0.22%) from the January 1, 2025 estimate. Population growth continues on a twelve-month basis, with Manitoba's increase since April 1, 2024 estimated at 21,375 people, or 1.44%. Among similar twelve-month periods, Manitoba's growth rate is fifth highest since 1973, fueled by strong net international inflows. Although interprovincial migration continues to hamper growth, the twelve-month net outflow is the smallest since 2009/10.

	April 1, 2025	January 1, 2025	April 1, 2024
<b>Population</b>	1,507,330	up 3,307	up 21,375
<b>Net Migration (January to March)</b>		<b>2025</b>	<b>2024</b>
<b>International</b>		4,637	4,958
<b>Other International*</b>		-1,888	5,996
<b>Interprovincial</b>		106	-400
<b>Total</b>		2,855	10,554

*\*Note: Other International is Net Non-permanent Residents, plus Returning Emigrants (short-term and long-term)*

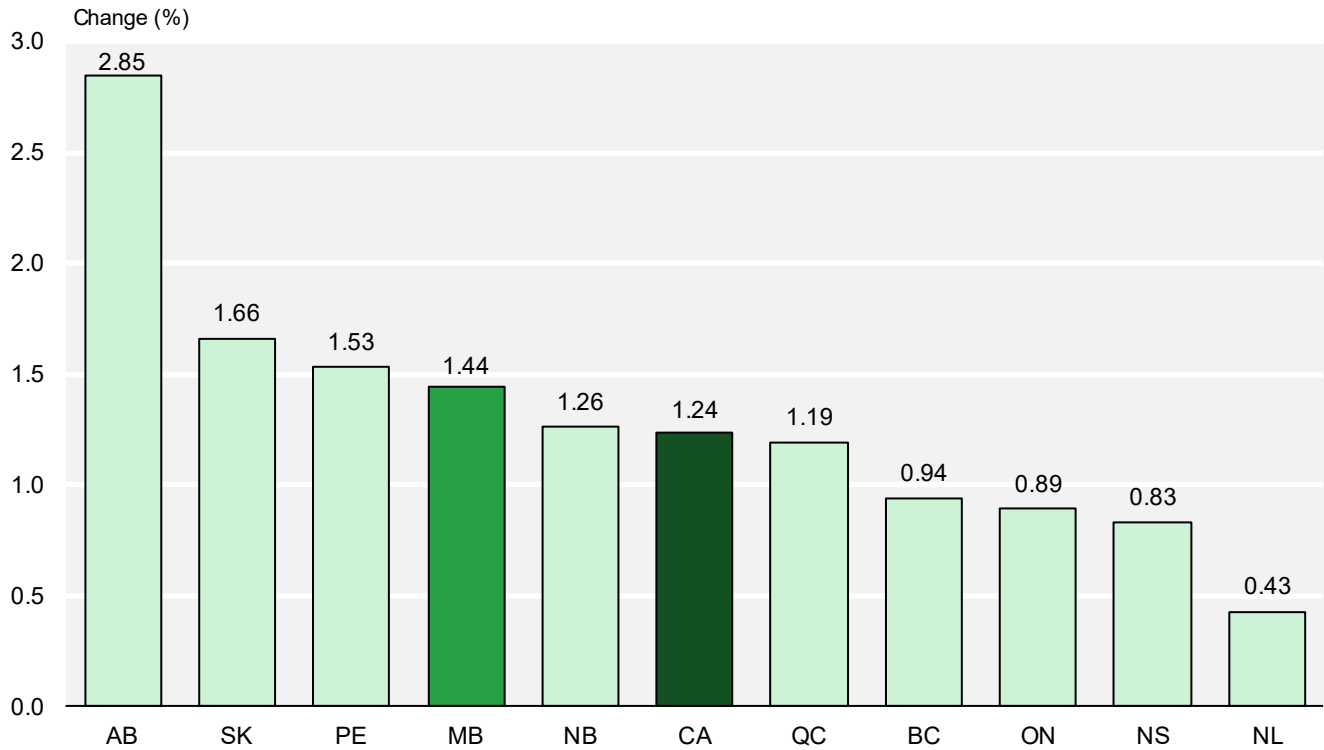
Net international migration (immigrants minus short-term and long-term emigrants) for the first quarter of 2025 was 4,637 individuals, down from 4,958 people in the first quarter of 2024. Other international migration (that is, the net change in non-permanent residents plus the number of short-term and long-term returning emigrants) accounted for an estimated net loss of 1,888 migrants for the first quarter of 2025. This net loss is a reversal from the net gain of 5,996 other international migrants estimated for the first quarter of 2024.

Through interprovincial migration, Manitoba recorded an estimated net gain from other provinces and territories of 106 residents during the first quarter of 2025. This net gain is an improvement from the net loss of 400 individuals in the first quarter of 2024. During the first quarter of 2025, Manitoba's largest net gains were from Ontario (681), Saskatchewan (48) and Nova Scotia (43). The largest net losses were to Alberta (-517), Quebec (-101) and Prince Edward Island (-63).

Generally, Manitoba experiences net interprovincial migration losses, which are offset to some degree by forms of international migration. Combining the various forms of population movement, Manitoba recorded an overall net migration gain of 2,855 people in the first quarter of 2025. This net gain marked a decrease of 7,699 individuals from the net gain of 10,554 migrants in the first quarter of 2024.

## Chart 1: Population growth by province

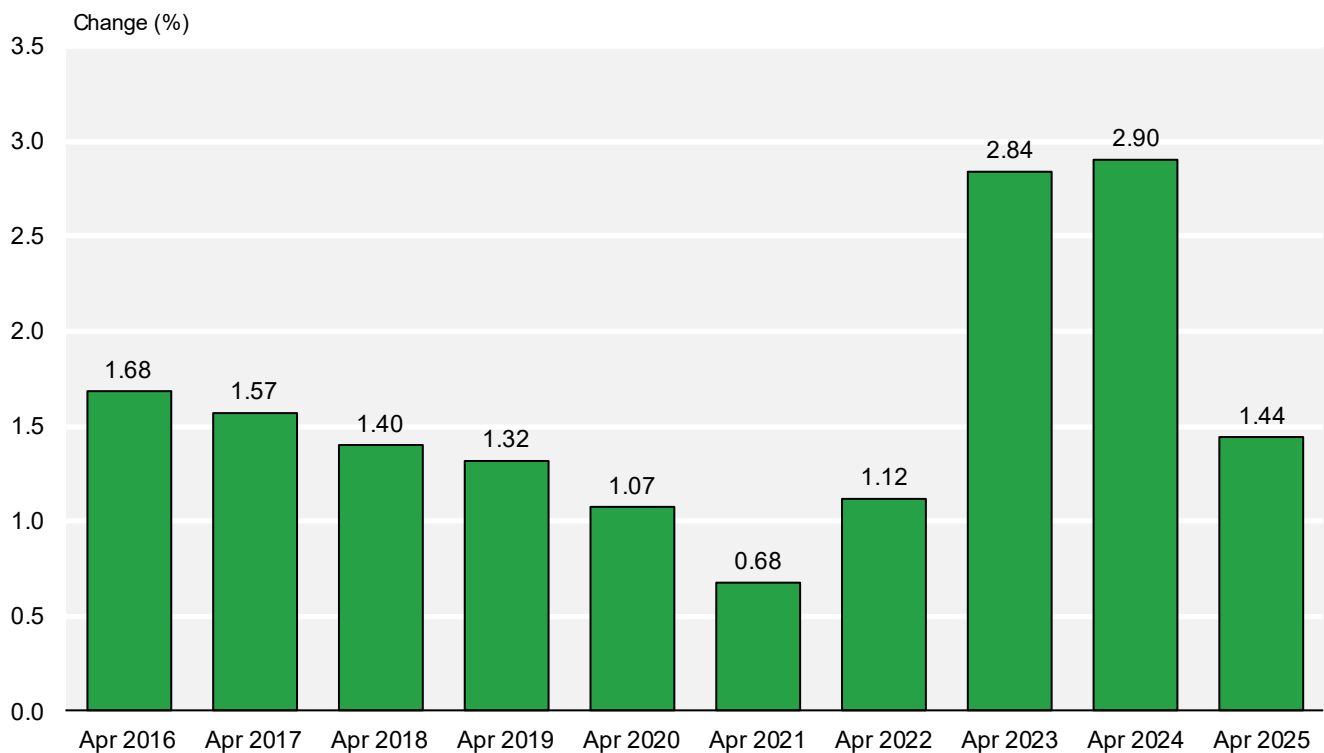
Apr 1, 2024 to Apr 1, 2025



Source: Statistics Canada, Table 17-10-0009-01

## Chart 2: Manitoba population growth rates

Apr 1, 2016 to Apr 1, 2025



Source: Statistics Canada, Table 17-10-0009-01

**Table 1: Manitoba Demographic Statistics**

	Interprovincial	International		Other <sup>1</sup>	Total Net	Natural Increase			Population	
	Migration	Migration				Migration	Births	Deaths		Net
	Net	In	Out <sup>2</sup>	Net					('000)	
2010	-2,590	15,814	1,648	14,166	204	11,780	15,787	9,993	5,794	1,220.8
2011	-4,171	15,974	1,552	14,422	807	11,058	15,632	10,270	5,362	1,233.4
2012	-3,928	13,331	1,537	11,794	2,372	10,238	16,364	10,067	6,297	1,249.1
2013	-6,146	13,121	1,485	11,636	2,481	7,971	16,472	10,098	6,374	1,263.4
2014	-6,884	16,234	1,755	14,479	2,157	9,752	16,568	10,710	5,858	1,277.4
2015	-5,859	14,898	1,838	13,060	6,110	13,311	16,690	10,685	6,005	1,293.6
2016	-5,418	16,828	2,637	14,191	6,162	14,935	16,898	10,744	6,154	1,314.1
2017	-5,552	14,639	3,198	11,441	7,672	13,561	17,043	11,066	5,977	1,334.7
2018	-7,496	15,225	2,647	12,578	5,799	10,881	17,081	11,040	6,041	1,352.7
2019	-8,696	18,868	2,544	16,324	1,741	9,369	16,745	11,184	5,561	1,370.0
2020	-4,583	8,608	1,938	6,670	-664	1,423	16,521	11,991	4,530	1,380.1
2021	-6,281	16,576	3,043	13,533	3,629	10,881	16,611	11,595	5,016	1,391.9
2022	-7,618	21,673	3,560	18,113	18,200	28,695	16,879	12,560	4,319	1,412.6
2023	-8,526	24,918	3,498	21,420	26,798	39,692	15,229	12,859	2,370	1,454.7
2024	-2,987	24,703	3,601	21,102	8,140	26,255	15,864	13,142	2,722	1,494.3
2018										
Q1	-1,779	3,429	486	2,943	242	1,406	4,210	3,050	1,160	1,346.9
Q2	-2,068	4,494	661	3,833	2,152	3,917	4,313	2,613	1,700	1,352.7
Q3	-2,232	3,886	895	2,991	2,360	3,119	4,461	2,566	1,895	1,357.9
Q4	-1,417	3,416	605	2,811	1,045	2,439	4,097	2,811	1,286	1,361.7
2019										
Q1	-1,494	3,232	485	2,747	329	1,582	4,022	2,827	1,195	1,364.7
Q2	-2,208	5,377	605	4,772	1,159	3,723	4,226	2,735	1,491	1,370.0
Q3	-3,243	6,105	878	5,227	-29	1,955	4,403	2,662	1,741	1,373.9
Q4	-1,751	4,154	576	3,578	282	2,109	4,094	2,960	1,134	1,377.3
2020										
Q1	-1,630	3,019	503	2,516	-156	730	4,074	2,960	1,114	1,379.3
Q2	-1,673	1,458	195	1,263	-297	-707	4,145	2,740	1,405	1,380.1
Q3	-398	2,250	412	1,838	-1,474	-34	4,357	2,801	1,556	1,381.8
Q4	-882	1,881	828	1,053	1,263	1,434	3,945	3,490	455	1,383.9
2021										
Q1	-493	3,389	580	2,809	1,117	3,433	4,073	2,900	1,173	1,388.6
Q2	-1,031	2,659	490	2,169	759	1,897	4,157	2,809	1,348	1,391.9
Q3	-2,700	4,679	819	3,860	1,506	2,666	4,390	2,818	1,572	1,396.2
Q4	-2,057	5,849	1,154	4,695	247	2,885	3,991	3,068	923	1,400.0
2022										
Q1	-888	5,161	777	4,384	-45	3,451	4,119	3,341	778	1,404.2
Q2	-1,806	5,654	665	4,989	3,942	7,125	4,200	2,956	1,244	1,412.6
Q3	-2,769	6,386	1,023	5,363	6,659	9,253	4,462	2,818	1,644	1,423.5
Q4	-2,155	4,472	1,095	3,377	7,644	8,866	4,098	3,445	653	1,433.0
2023										
Q1	-2,321	8,854	705	8,149	4,933	10,761	3,702	3,422	280	1,444.0
Q2	-2,683	5,890	612	5,278	7,376	9,971	3,780	3,033	747	1,454.7
Q3	-2,371	5,032	1,053	3,979	7,640	9,248	3,914	2,870	1,044	1,465.0
Q4	-1,151	5,142	1,128	4,014	6,849	9,712	3,833	3,534	299	1,475.0
2024										
Q1	-400	5,684	726	4,958	5,996	10,554	3,865	3,510	355	1,486.0
Q2	-618	7,745	629	7,116	1,030	7,528	3,934	3,116	818	1,494.3
Q3	-1,417	6,795	1,084	5,711	233	4,527	4,087	2,934	1,153	1,500.0
Q4	-552	4,479	1,162	3,317	881	3,646	3,978	3,582	396	1,504.0
2025										
Q1	106	5,385	748	4,637	-1,888	2,855	3,998	3,546	452	1,507.3
Q2										
Q3										
Q4										

(1) From the third quarter of 1996 to the second quarter of 2016, "Other" includes Net Non-permanent Residents and Returning Emigrants less Net Temporary Emigrants (formerly called Temporary Abroad). From third quarter 2016 onward, short-term Emigrants and short-term Returning Emigrants are included with Emigrants and Returning Emigrants respectively, and the Net Temporary Emigrant component is no longer being provided.

(2) Prior to the third quarter of 2016, Emigrants included long-term Emigrants only. From the third quarter of 2016 onward, both long-term and short-term Emigrants are included, making the data not strictly comparable.

Note: Annual components of growth are for Jan. 1 to Dec. 31 of given year, population is for July 1 of given year. Quarterly population figures are for the end of the period indicated.

Source: Statistics Canada, Tables 17-10-0009-01, 17-10-0020-01, 17-10-0040-01 and 17-10-0059-01



**Table 3: Manitoba Quarterly Population Estimates**

	Estimates in Thousands				Quarterly Percent Change				Annual Percent Change			
	Jan	Apr	Jul	Oct	Jan	Apr	Jul	Oct	Jan	Apr	Jul	Oct
2005	1,176.0	1,177.3	1,178.3	1,179.1	0.12	0.11	0.08	0.07	0.72	0.59	0.43	0.38
2006	1,179.9	1,181.6	1,183.6	1,184.0	0.07	0.15	0.16	0.04	0.33	0.37	0.45	0.41
2007	1,184.5	1,186.4	1,189.4	1,191.7	0.04	0.16	0.25	0.19	0.39	0.41	0.50	0.65
2008	1,193.4	1,194.7	1,197.8	1,199.6	0.14	0.11	0.26	0.15	0.75	0.69	0.70	0.66
2009	1,201.7	1,204.0	1,208.6	1,211.9	0.18	0.19	0.38	0.28	0.70	0.78	0.90	1.03
2010	1,213.9	1,216.6	1,220.8	1,224.7	0.17	0.22	0.34	0.32	1.02	1.05	1.01	1.05
2011	1,227.2	1,229.1	1,233.4	1,237.4	0.21	0.15	0.35	0.33	1.09	1.02	1.03	1.04
2012	1,241.4	1,244.9	1,249.1	1,253.2	0.33	0.28	0.34	0.33	1.16	1.29	1.28	1.28
2013	1,256.9	1,259.7	1,263.4	1,267.1	0.29	0.22	0.29	0.29	1.25	1.19	1.14	1.11
2014	1,270.2	1,272.9	1,277.4	1,281.7	0.24	0.22	0.35	0.33	1.06	1.05	1.11	1.15
2015	1,284.7	1,286.3	1,293.6	1,298.1	0.23	0.12	0.57	0.35	1.14	1.05	1.27	1.28
2016	1,302.9	1,307.8	1,314.1	1,319.8	0.37	0.37	0.49	0.43	1.42	1.68	1.59	1.67
2017	1,324.0	1,328.3	1,334.7	1,340.4	0.32	0.32	0.48	0.43	1.62	1.57	1.57	1.56
2018	1,344.2	1,346.9	1,352.7	1,357.9	0.28	0.20	0.43	0.38	1.52	1.40	1.35	1.30
2019	1,361.7	1,364.7	1,370.0	1,373.9	0.29	0.22	0.39	0.28	1.30	1.32	1.28	1.18
2020	1,377.3	1,379.3	1,380.1	1,381.8	0.25	0.14	0.06	0.12	1.14	1.07	0.74	0.58
2021	1,383.9	1,388.6	1,391.9	1,396.2	0.15	0.34	0.24	0.30	0.48	0.68	0.85	1.04
2022	1,400.0	1,404.2	1,412.6	1,423.5	0.27	0.30	0.60	0.77	1.16	1.12	1.48	1.96
2023	1,433.0	1,444.0	1,454.7	1,465.0	0.67	0.77	0.74	0.71	2.36	2.84	2.99	2.92
2024	1,475.0	1,486.0	1,494.3	1,500.0	0.68	0.74	0.56	0.38	2.94	2.90	2.72	2.39
2025	1,504.0	1,507.3			0.27	0.22			1.96	1.44		

Source: Statistics Canada, Tables 17-10-0009-01

**Table 4: Net Interprovincial Migration by Province**

	MB	NL	PE	NS	NB	QC	ON	SK	AB	BC
2014	-6,884	-46	-899	-2,238	-3,240	-14,503	-14,641	-2,552	29,123	15,859
2015	-5,859	369	-338	-1,133	-1,975	-14,200	-1,973	-4,750	7,424	22,827
2016	-5,418	-466	40	1,276	-730	-10,592	15,740	-5,432	-17,830	23,589
2017	-5,552	-1,862	307	3,478	522	-6,000	10,958	-6,827	-10,414	15,296
2018	-7,496	-2,959	523	3,346	532	-6,100	9,617	-8,965	-1,145	12,716
2019	-8,696	-2,185	572	4,562	2,072	-3,062	4,699	-10,548	-1,070	14,265
2020	-4,583	-1,480	925	5,185	2,421	-4,603	-2,832	-9,360	-5,219	19,310
2021	-6,281	1,438	1,972	10,883	6,413	-4,423	-25,532	-9,188	-6,401	31,047
2022	-7,618	1,762	1,414	9,830	6,814	-8,707	-33,287	-6,614	25,587	11,325
2023	-8,526	547	983	5,614	3,816	-7,320	-27,985	-7,008	42,243	-1,203
2024	-2,987	52	-109	1,913	1,183	-1,901	-23,585	-4,452	36,082	-5,912
<b>2024</b>										
Q1	-400	238	69	-56	1,608	-646	-8,004	-988	10,326	-2,050
Q2	-618	295	241	1,266	701	-309	-9,211	-1,542	9,654	-402
Q3	-1,417	-471	-221	359	-1,378	18	-4,251	-768	10,810	-2,578
Q4	-552	-10	-198	344	252	-964	-2,119	-1,154	5,292	-882
<b>2025</b>										
Q1	106	78	498	431	-101	-1,000	-5,237	-152	7,176	-1,636
Q2										
Q3										
Q4										
<b>YTD</b>										
2025	106	78	498	431	-101	-1,000	-5,237	-152	7,176	-1,636

Manitoba  
Rank

Annual Rate per Thousand Population

2014	-5.39	-0.09	-6.24	-2.39	-4.27	-1.78	-1.08	-2.29	7.14	3.37	9
2015	-4.53	0.70	-2.34	-1.21	-2.60	-1.74	-0.14	-4.23	1.79	4.79	10
2016	-4.12	-0.88	0.27	1.35	-0.96	-1.29	1.13	-4.78	-4.25	4.85	8
2017	-4.16	-3.51	2.05	3.65	0.68	-0.72	0.78	-5.95	-2.46	3.10	9
2018	-5.54	-5.60	3.43	3.48	0.69	-0.73	0.67	-7.75	-0.27	2.53	8
2019	-6.35	-4.14	3.67	4.68	2.67	-0.36	0.32	-9.06	-0.25	2.79	9
2020	-3.32	-2.81	5.81	5.24	3.09	-0.54	-0.19	-8.02	-1.18	3.73	9
2021	-4.51	2.73	12.16	10.88	8.11	-0.52	-1.72	-7.87	-1.44	5.94	9
2022	-5.39	3.32	8.46	9.59	8.42	-1.00	-2.20	-5.61	5.67	2.11	9
2023	-5.86	1.02	5.66	5.31	4.59	-0.83	-1.79	-5.80	9.02	-0.22	10
2024	-2.00	0.10	-0.61	1.78	1.38	-0.21	-1.46	-3.59	7.38	-1.04	9
<b>2024</b>											
Q1	-1.08	1.76	1.57	-0.21	7.62	-0.29	-2.01	-3.22	8.62	-1.46	7
Q2	-1.66	2.17	5.44	4.73	3.30	-0.14	-2.30	-5.00	7.97	-0.28	8
Q3	-3.79	-3.46	-4.95	1.33	-6.45	0.01	-1.05	-2.48	8.84	-1.81	8
Q4	-1.47	-0.07	-4.42	1.27	1.18	-0.42	-0.52	-3.70	4.29	-0.62	8
<b>2025</b>											
Q1	0.28	0.57	11.11	1.60	-0.47	-0.44	-1.29	-0.49	5.79	-1.14	5
Q2											
Q3											
Q4											

NOTE: Annual rates are calculated by dividing the annual migration by the July 1 population. Quarterly rates have been annualized by multiplying the quarterly migration by four and dividing by the population at the start of the quarter.

Source: Statistics Canada, Tables 17-10-0009-01 and 17-10-0020-01

**Table 5: Manitoba Net Interprovincial Migration - Gains and Losses**

	NL	PE	NS	NB	QC	ON	SK	AB	BC	YT	NT	NU	Total Manitoba
2014	60	1	-226	90	-6	-1,070	-424	-2,888	-2,420	-33	14	18	-6,884
2015	-110	-8	115	11	116	-1,007	-336	-2,446	-2,153	-9	-19	-13	-5,859
2016	22	0	-146	-121	11	-1,637	-77	-842	-2,588	-51	-23	34	-5,418
2017	-30	7	-81	-15	-154	-1,984	150	-1,386	-2,077	16	-17	19	-5,552
2018	-33	-1	-212	17	-189	-2,938	-408	-1,800	-1,844	-48	-27	-13	-7,496
2019	-41	-23	-205	-43	-372	-3,193	70	-2,143	-2,668	-62	-4	-12	-8,696
2020	53	-20	-83	-60	-32	-1,201	244	-1,887	-1,581	-9	-14	7	-4,583
2021	3	2	-212	-194	-144	482	-222	-2,909	-3,048	-12	-34	7	-6,281
2022	-68	-27	-138	-32	607	-711	-491	-4,236	-2,570	12	22	14	-7,618
2023	-1	-59	-303	-109	45	-862	-24	-5,127	-2,258	2	56	114	-8,526
2024	-31	-56	1	11	1	986	-120	-2,993	-901	-6	-6	127	-2,987
2024													
Q1	-66	-11	-17	-38	-142	182	-73	-680	386	-9	-7	75	-400
Q2	-10	-23	-45	9	216	485	-45	-674	-533	6	1	-5	-618
Q3	53	-22	53	2	-13	2	-19	-1,023	-491	6	0	35	-1,417
Q4	-8	0	10	38	-60	317	17	-616	-263	-9	0	22	-552
2025													
Q1	-2	-63	43	-7	-101	681	48	-517	-24	-7	24	31	106
Q2													
Q3													
Q4													
YTD													
2025	-2	-63	43	-7	-101	681	48	-517	-24	-7	24	31	106

Source: Statistics Canada, Tables 17-10-0045-01

## Notes to Readers

### Population Estimate

Estimates are derived from Census counts, but are adjusted for net Census undercoverage, incompletely enumerated Indian reserves and demographic growth.

### Other International Migration

Other International Migration groups together some of the more temporary international migration flows and is comprised of the net change in Non-permanent Residents, plus long-term and short-term Returning Emigrants.

### Non-permanent Residents

The majority of **Non-permanent Residents** are students and temporary workers, while the remainder are refugee status claimants and non-Canadian born dependents of refugee claimants or permit holders.

### Residual

**Residual deviation** is obtained by distributing the error of closure linearly throughout the intercensal period.

The **error of closure** is defined as the difference between the final postcensal population estimates on Census Day and the most recent Census counts (adjusted for Census net undercoverage and incompletely enumerated reserves and settlements).

A positive error of closure means that the postcensal population estimates have overestimated the population. A negative residual would then be required to correct the overestimation.

### Gains and Losses

Manitoba is considered to have a **net gain** when the number of people moving in from a given province or territory is greater than the number moving out, otherwise the **net interchange** is considered to be a **loss**.

Example: Say 28 people moved from Manitoba to Ontario and, over the same time period, 10 people moved from Ontario to Manitoba. Manitoba's resulting net interchange with Ontario would be a loss of 18 people.

### Comparability over time

Estimates of population and demographic components may not be fully comparable over time due to seasonal effects, changes in methodologies and completeness of source data.

## Methodology Adjustments

### Regarding COVID-19

On March 18, 2020 the Government of Canada implemented travel restrictions aimed at reducing the spread of COVID-19. In order to try and account for the restrictions imposed by Canada, and other countries, Statistics Canada adjusted their usual estimation methods for Emigrants (long-term and short-term) and Returning Emigrants (long-term and short-term). Beginning in 2021, as COVID-19 related travel restrictions started to lift, Statistics Canada modified their methodology adjustments to reflect a return towards pre-pandemic migration levels.

From the first quarter 2022 onward, Statistics Canada has returned to their usual estimation methods for Emigrants and Returning Emigrants. However, slight modifications are being made to ensure that pandemic effects are not carried forward into future estimates. No other COVID-19 related adjustments are being made at this time.

### Birth Registration Delays

Birth estimation methods have been adjusted for Manitoba (2021 and 2022 calendar years) and Nova Scotia (August to December 2021) due to data completeness issues.

## Canada-Ukraine Authorization for Emergency Travel (CUAET)

Since March 17, 2022, persons with a Canada-Ukraine authorization for emergency travel who are on Canadian soil are included in the Net Non-permanent Resident estimates.

## Effective with the September 2024 release

### Non-permanent Residents

From July 2021 onward, estimation methods for non-permanent residents have been adjusted to better account for the province/territory of residence for asylum claimants, protected persons and members of related groups.

## Effective with the September 2023 release

### Census Base

Postcensal estimates are based on the 2021 Census counts adjusted for census net undercoverage and for incompletely enumerated reserves and settlements.

### Emigration and Returning Emigration

Emigrants and Returning Emigrants include both long-term and short-term migrants from July 2016 onward. Prior to July 2016, only long-term migrants are included.

### Net Temporary Emigration

From July 2016 onward, short-term Emigrants and short-term Returning Emigrants are included with Emigrants and Returning Emigrants respectively, and the Net Temporary Emigrant component is no longer being provided. Prior to July 2016, short-term Emigrants and short-term Returning Emigrants were accounted for as Net Temporary Emigrants, part of the Other International Migration component.

### Non-permanent Residents

From July 2021 onward, estimation methods for non-permanent residents have been adjusted to better account for open work permits without a province/territory of intended destination, permit processing delays and dependents of permit-holders.

## Coming Up

### Next Release

September 24, 2025

Quarterly Population Statistics Report for July 2025

## Related Links

**For more information please visit the following websites:**

Statistics Canada: <http://www23.statcan.gc.ca/imdb/p2SV.pl?Function=getSurvey&SDDS=3601>

Manitoba Bureau of Statistics: <https://www.gov.mb.ca/mbs/moreinfo.html?id=16>

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