SITE ASSESSMENT

FOR LARGE LIVESTOCK OPERATION PROPOSALS (300 ANIMAL UNITS OR MORE)



1.0 Purpose

The establishment or expansion of a livestock operation that has 300 Animal Units or more is subject to Part 7 of <u>The Planning Act</u>. When such proposals are considered a conditional use by a municipal council or planning district board, approval of a conditional use permit is required. This includes a review by the Technical Review Committee (TRC) appointed by the Minister of Indigenous and Municipal Relations. The <u>Technical Review Committee Regulation</u> requires a site assessment be undertaken by the proponent to help the committee complete its review and allow the public affected by the livestock operation to comment on the proposal.

2.0 Assistance

For assistance in completing the Site Assessment Form, the following resources are available:

- Glossary of Terms for definitions
- Manitoba Agriculture for animal unit and suitable spread field acreage calculations
- Manitoba Sustainable Development for information on regulatory requirements
- Government agencies to obtain any required reports. For example, a
 Conservation Data Centre report is required as per Section 12.0 of the Site Assessment
- Contact the Technical Review Coordination Unit for additional help.

3.0	Description	of Livestock C	Operation
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Operation legal name, if other than the owner's name:

2-81 Holding Co. Ltd.

Operation location (project site)¹:

SW 24-16-17 W1, SE 24-16-17 W1

Rural Municipality (RM):

Minto-Odanah

Legal description: quarter, section, township, range, meridian or river lot(s):

SW 1/4 24-16-17, SE 1/4 24-16-17 W1

Manitoba Premises Identification Number:

SW 24-16-17 W / 96121

Municipal Tax Roll Number(s):

0164400-000

Illustrate the location of the operation (project site) on a map. (See <u>Location Map</u> for example).

■ Location Map Attached Appendix A - Drawings

4.0 Nature of Project²

Please indicate if the proposal is for a new or expanding livestock operation. If the operation is expanding, please identify when the operation was established.

☐ New Operation

■ Expansion of Existing Operation

Date Established: June 01, 1986

Describe what is being proposed:

Expand current broiler operation from 65,000 to a total of 96,000 broilers.

Construct multi-purpose barn containing 500 layers, 4 dairy cows, and 400 ducks for Colony usage.

State if any existing buildings will be replaced or demolished. If existing buildings will be reused or expanded, state how they will be reused or expanded.

Existing barns to remain. Expansion of operation will consist of construction of two new barns: a broiler barn (277.5 feet x 52.3 feet) and a multipurpose barn for personal consumption (240.3 feet x 52.3 feet). See site plan in Appendix A.

5.0 Current and Proposed Type and Size of Operation³

Using the Manitoba Agriculture <u>Animal Units Calculator</u>, indicate the total number of animals and animal units for each animal category associated with the <u>current</u> and <u>proposed</u> operation (if applicable).

Table 5-1: Current and Proposed Operation Animal Unit Summary

	Current (Operation	Proposed Operation	
Animal Categories (Column B from Animal Units Calculator)	Current Number of Animals (Column D)	Current Number of Animal Units (Column E)	Proposed Number of Animals (Column F)	Proposed Number of Animal Units (Column G)
Dairy: Mature Cows, including associated livestock	0	0	4	8.00
Pigs: Sows - farrow to finish	575	718.75	575	718.75
Chickens: Broilers	65,000	325.00	96,000	480.00
Chickens: Layers	0	0	500	4.15
Other Livestock: Ducks - broilers	0	0	400	6.80
	Total Current	1043.75	Total Proposed	1217.70

Manitoba Agriculture Animal Units Calculator attached Appendix B - Animal Units Calculator

6.0 Animal Confinement⁴

Based on the nature of the proposed project indicate the type of animal confinement. (Note: Please check more than one category if applicable)

Animal Confinement Facility – means a barn or an outdoor area where livestock are confined by fences or other structures, and includes a seasonal feeding area but does not include a feedlot or a grazing area.

Confined Livestock Area ⁵ – means an outdoor, non-grazing area where livestock are confined by fences or other structures, and includes a feedlot, paddock, corral, exercise yard, holding area and hoop structures.
Other (Describe what is being proposed)
Does the operation currently use a confined livestock area: Yes No
If yes, what is the current capacity (livestock places and animal units)? N/A
To ensure the proposed livestock operation can be built in a way the environment is protected, a permit is required for construction and expansion of confined livestock area(s) for operations with 300 Animal Units or more. Permits are required by the <u>Livestock Manure</u> and Mortalities Management Regulation (M.R. 42/98), under <u>The Environment Act</u> .
A permit under the <u>Livestock Manure and Mortalities Management Regulation</u> (M.R. 42/98) is not required for an indoor housing area or barn unless there is a manure storage facility within the building (an under barn storage capable of storing manure for 30 days or more).
Note that agricultural buildings such as barns over 600 meters (6,458 sq ft) require a building permit from the Fire Commissioner's Office under <i>The Building and Mobile Home Act</i> and the Manitoba Building Code. Show all existing, proposed buildings and additions to existing buildings on the project site plan. See Project Site Plan Guide for help creating your site plan ⁶ .
Project Site Plan attached Appendix A - Drawings
7.0 Water7.1 Project Sites Unsuitable for Development
To protect water quality, the <u>Nutrient Management Regulation</u> (M.R. 62/2008), under <i>The Water Protection Act</i> , prohibits the construction or expansion of nutrient generating facilities in Nutrient Management Zone 4 (Agriculture Capability Class 6, 7 and unimproved organic soils) and Nutrient Buffer Zones. Nutrient generating facilities include barns, confined livestock areas and manure storage facilities.
A <u>Nutrient Buffer Zone</u> , as defined in section 3(3) of the regulation, includes areas of land along water bodies such as rivers, lakes, streams and drains.
The proposed indoor housing area, barn, confined livestock area and/or manure storage facility: will will will not be located within Nutrient Management Zone 4 (Class 6, 7 and unimproved organic soils) or any Nutrient Buffer Zone. Appendix A - Drawings

Determine the agriculture capability class(es), including their limitations, of the soils for the project site.

Individuals with GIS mapping software can access information through <u>Manitoba Land Initiative</u> (MLI) website. In addition, information from MLI can also be viewed on Google Earth. Both the download for Google Earth and the registration for MLI are free.

Click <u>here</u> for instructions under the MLI website.

7.2 Water Source⁷

To be sustainable, a livestock operation must have access to a sufficient quantity and quality of water for livestock.

Water source for operation:	
Pipeline (public) Proposed well River Dugout - dimensions:xx If using an existing well, provide a copy of the water property. Logs can be obtained from Manitoba Susta	
	ell Logs in Appendix C - Water Related Documents
7.3 Source Water Analysis Reports	
Annual <u>livestock source water quality monitoring re</u> Sustainable Development for any operations of 300	
Has the operation submitted an annual source water Yes No	□ N/A (new operation or existing operation <300 AU currently)
If yes, please indicate year of last submission: $\frac{201}{100}$	18
Will livestock have direct access to surface water (no	ot including dugouts)? No
If yes, identify the name of the surface water featur	re:
N/A	
List any steps that will be taken to prevent direct ac Animals are contained in an animal confi	·

7.4 Water Requirements

Protecting the interests of domestic users and the environment, in addition to existing licensees, is the intended purpose of the water rights licensing scheme.

In order to protect the sustainability of water sources, all operations using more than 25,000 litres (5,499 imperial gallons) per day must possess a Water Rights License required by the <u>Water Rights Regulation</u> (MR 126/87) under The Water Rights Act.

For more information on the Water Rights Licensing process, contact the Water Use Licensing Section at (204) 945-3983 in Winnipeg; 1-800-214-6497 toll free.

Water Use9

To calculate the total water use for non-dairy operations, go to the <u>Water Requirement</u> Calculator.

For dairy operations, go to the <u>Dairy Barn Water Requirement Estimator</u>.

Maximum daily use for the operation:	17,101
imperial gallons	□ litres
Maximum annual use for the operation:	6,241,756
imperial gallons	☐ cubic decameters
■ Water Requirement Calculator attac	ched Appendix C - Water Related Documents
☐ Dairy Barn Water Requirement Estin	mator attached N/A

7.5 Groundwater (Contamination Risk Protection)

Improper storage and handling of manure or mortalities increases the risk of contaminating groundwater. Beneficial management practices (BMP), mitigation measures and requirements for the permit process reduce this risk. Soil testing, manure management planning and proper engineering, along with construction and management of manure storage structures, reduce the risk of contaminating groundwater.

All unused or abandoned well(s) on site and spread fields should be properly sealed and a seal well report filed with the Groundwater Management Section of Manitoba Sustainable Development. Information on well sealing is available from Manitoba Sustainable Development at (204) 945-6959 or refer to the <u>technical information document</u>. It is recommended that all but the most basic wells should be sealed by a well drilling professional.

Check off the mitigation measures used for the existing components of the operation that may pose a risk of contamination. Also check off any measures that may be used with the proposed components for this expansion, if applicable:

	Existing	Proposed	Not Applicable	
Manure is stored in a storage facility built by permit or is registered by Manitoba Sustainable Development	~	~		_
Storage includes leak detection system	~		~	
Earthen storage has between 400 and 500 days storage			✓	-
Steel/concrete tank has between 250 and 500 days storage	~			-
Manure storage facility meets required setbacks	/			-
Field storage (solid manure) locations are changed annually	~	~		-
Field storage meets required setbacks	V	~		-
All fields to receive manure are soil tested annually for nitrate-N and Olsen phosphorus	~	v		-
All manure is applied according to a registered manure management plan	~	✓		•
Licensed commercial manure applicator is used to apply manure	V			- Juid hog manure applied b mmercial manure applicate
Operator applies manure	/	~		id chicken manure applied operator
Abandoned wells have been properly sealed			~	_
Other: Liquid manure from existing hog (farrow to finish) of	operation is a	applied by licer	nsed commercia	al manure applicator.
Solid manure from existing and proposed bro	iler operatio	on is applied l	by farm perso	nnel.
No abandoned wells are on or adjacent to sto	rage and sp	oreading loca	tions.	

7.6 Building in Flood Areas:

The <u>Livestock Manure and Mortalities Management Regulation</u> prohibits an operator from constructing a manure storage facility within the boundaries of the 100-year flood plain elevation. <u>Manure storage facilities</u> that are constructed with protection for a flood-water level at least 0.6 meters higher than the 100-year flood water level are exempt.

The <u>Designated Flood Area Regulation</u> under *The Water Resources Administration Act* requires a Designated Flood Area Permit before a proposed structure (such as a barn) can be built within a Designated Flood Area

The flood protection level for structures located within a Designated Flood Area is the site specific design flood level plus freeboard, as provided by the Hydraulic Forecasting Branch of Manitoba Infrastructure. Contact the Hydrologic Forecasting Branch at (204) 945-2121 in Winnipeg; 1-800-214-6497 toll free, for more information.

The proposed site:	
☐ is	■ is not
located in a Designated Flood Area: Upp	er Red River Valley Designated Flood Area or
<u>Lower Red</u> River Designated Flood Area.	

Note: At the time of permit issuance, verification is needed to ensure any proposed structure(s) are located within the 100-year flood plain elevation; or at an elevation set by Manitoba Infrastructure.

7.7 Watershed Management Planning

Integrated watershed management planning is a co-operative effort by local residents, stakeholders and governments to create a long term plan to manage water and land-based activities for watersheds.

What are the names of the watershed and sub-watershed where the livestock operation and the fields identified for manure application are located?

Name of watershed(s):	Whitemud (3000 ac)/Little Saskatchewan River (2310 ac)
Name of sub-watershed(s)	Upper Whitemud/Lower Central Little Saskatchewan River

Name of Integrated Watershed Management Plan for the proposed project site, if applicable:
The Little Saskatchewan River Integrated Watershed Management Plan, The Whitemud River Integrated Watershed Management Plan
For more on Integrated Watershed Management Planning, call Watershed Planning and
Programs at (204) 945-7408 in Winnipeg; 1-800-214-6497 toll free.

8.0 Manure

The <u>Livestock Manure and Mortalities Management Regulation</u> (M.R. 42/98) sets requirements for the use, management and storage of livestock manure in agricultural operations, to ensure it is handled in an environmentally sound manner. For more information on this, call Manitoba Sustainable Development at (204) 945-4384 in Winnipeg.

Improper storage, handling and/or land application of manure can contaminate water and soil, as well as potentially cause unacceptable odours for neighbours. The following is used to assess the manure management system.

8.1	Manure	Type
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☐ Construct ☐ Expand

☐ Modify

O.1 Wandle Ty	pe	
The type of manure and land application	_	ration influences storage, handling
Solid Proposed & Exist	nure will be generated? Semi-solid ing Broilers Slume or Weight	Liquid Existing Hogs
of the manure stora accordance with the and construction of earthen manure sto concrete storage tal facility has sufficient	ge is the responsibility of the ore Livestock Manure and Mortality a manure storage facility is deparage facilities must have between k must have between 250 and to capacity eliminating the need all volume or weight of manure	nure Production Calculator. The sizing perator and must be constructed in ties Management Regulation. Design endent on the type of structure; en 400 and 500 days capacity, a steel or 500 days capacity. This ensures the for winter application of manure. generated annually by the
AND/OR Solid volume:		million existing; 35,885 proposed from washwater) 9 existing; 59,131 proposed)
8.3 Manure Stora	ge Type and Capacity Append	ix D - Manure Production Calculator
The type of storage sys facility or field storage	·-	y requirements for the manure storage
Is the operation planni existing manure storag		and a manure storage facility or use an

■ Use existing

■ Not applicable

expanded or modified.

Expansion will only include solid manure and limited volumes of additional washwater, therefore facilities will not be added,

What type of manure storage v	vill be used by the oper	ation?		
Concrete tank(s) manure		☐ Mol	ehill manure storage	
facility Existing - liquid		facil	ity	
Earthen manure storage			el tank(s) manure storage	
Engineered solid manur	e storage		ity Existing - liquid hog m	anure
facility Field storage Proposed	& Existing - solid ma		er-barn concrete manure age facility	
If the proposed operation or exnew manure, indicate the const. LM-687; LR-0550	truction permit numbe	_		
Provide the dimensions of the e used to store manure from the Manure Storage Facility Dimens	existing and/or propose proposed proposed operation or		_	
☐ Existing and Proposed Man If an existing manure storage for proposed expansion has a leak sampling and reporting to Man been sampled and results subm ☐ No ☐ No ☐ Not applicable If yes, please indicate year of lease	acility that will be used detection system (mor itoba Sustainable Deve nitted to Manitoba Susi	to store any on toring wells of lopment is re	of the manure from the or sump pit), annual quired. Has the system	
If a manure storage facility is prosper system may be required.	roposed in a geological	ly sensitive ar	ea, a leak detection	
For more information on obtain Manitoba Sustainable Develop	=			
8.4 Odour Control Measur	res (project site)			
Barns and manure storage facil manure storage covers and she vicinity of the operation.	_			
What odour control measures a	are you planning to use	?		
Manure storage cover:	п	-	.	
Yes	□ No		Not Applicable	
If yes, type of cover:			_	
Shelterbelt planting: Yes	□ No	E	Existing shelterbelt	

OIL		/ · · · · \	
Otner	measure	(specity)	:

- located in a sparsely populated area, with no non-associated residences within the recommended no-conflict radius of 1.6km, thus permitting dilution of odours over a distance.
- only agitate and apply manure an average of three to five days per year.
 -uses innovative solutions such as a puck boat for manure agitation

8.5 Manure Treatment

Pig operations:

Under *The Environment Act*, the director must not issue a permit for the modification, expansion, or construction of a manure storage facility accommodating an increase in the number of animal units for <u>pigs</u>, unless the manure is treated using anaerobic digestion or another environmentally sound treatment that is similar to, or better than, anaerobic digestion, according to Manitoba Sustainable Development. Environmentally sound treatment has been defined in the Hog Production Pilot project. For more information on new or expanding hog operations and the requirements of the Hog Production Pilot project, please contact the Manitoba Pork Council.

Under the Hog Production Pilot project, in addition to existing regulatory requirements, new and expanding pig operations must:

- Subject the manure to treatment using anaerobic digestion or mechanical or gravity separation including multi-celled manure storage structures and settling tanks;
- Have access to sufficient suitable land to accommodate all of the phosphorus generated by the operation;
- Maintain soils below 60 ppm Olsen P; and
- Inject or immediately incorporate pig manure on tilled land. Perennial forages, inseason applications and no-till lands are excluded.

New and expanding pig operations should also consider odour control practices.

If this Site Assessment is for a pig operation, do in the Hog Production Pilot Protocol?	es your proposal	l meet all the criteria outline
☐ Yes	□ No	Not Applicable
If this Site Assessment is for a <u>pig</u> operation, ha Pork Council under the Hog Production Pilot Pro	•	a letter from the Manitoba
☐ Yes	□ No	Not Applicable
Letter from Manitoba Pork Council attack	hed (if applicable) 🖪 Not Applicable
Manure treatment:		
Is manure treatment proposed for the operation	on?	Not Applicable

if yes, please describe treatment process, including	ig intended end use of treated manure:
Not Applicable	
Some manure treatment systems will trigger the depending on the type of treatment or intended ut for a license is determined by Manitoba Sustaina permit application for the construction, modification.	se of the treated products. The requirement ble Development during their review of the
If treated manure is directed to a retailer, addition establishing the treatment process. Producers show treated manure products is allowed.	
Manitoba Sustainable Development may require actor be completed by the operator with respect to the (204) 945-4384 to determine what information will	e treatment facility. Please contact
8.6 Manure Application Method	
The <u>Livestock Manure and Mortalities Manageme</u> annual manure management plans for new or exp more.	
Does the operation currently file an annual Manus Sustainable Development?	re Management Plan (MMP) with Manitoba
■ Yes □ No	☐ N/A (new operation or existing operation <300 AU currently)
If yes, please indicate most recent MMP Registra	tion #: 2020429LS
Manure application methods and the season in w nutrient availability, crop response, land base requirementation.	• •
Proposed application method: Broadcast Broadcast and incorporate within 48 hours Existing & Proposed Solids	■ Injection Existing Liquids

8.7 Land Available for Manure Application

Using the Manure Application Field Characteristics Table provide the information requested.
Total land available for manure application: 5310acres
Suitable Land: 5080 owned, 230 leased
Sufficient <u>suitable</u> land must be available for all of the manure generated by the operation that is to be land applied. Suitable land can be owned, leased or under agreement.
Under the <u>Livestock Manure and Mortalities Management Regulation</u> and the <u>Nutrient Management Regulation</u> , application of nutrients is not permitted on Agriculture Capability Class 6, 7 and unimproved organic soils (Nutrient Management Zone 4) and within Nutrient Buffer Zones. In addition, only fields with less than 60 parts per million (ppm) Olsen phosphorus (P) in the top six inches (15 centimeters) of soil will be considered suitable.
The Nutrient Buffer Zones and manure application setback requirements are outlined in the Nutrient Management Regulation (62/2008) and the Livestock Manure and Mortalities Management Regulation (42/98). They have been consolidated in the Setback Requirements from Water Features Table .
Have the setback areas for all water features been observed and excluded from land base calculations for this operation?
■ Yes □ No
Total <u>suitable</u> area available for manure application: $\frac{5110}{4020 \text{ support}}$ acres
4930 owned, 180 leased For all suitable lands, copies of <u>soil test reports</u> that are no more than 12 months old and that demonstrate that soil phosphorus levels are below 60 ppm Olsen P in the top six inches (15 centimeters) of soil must be included with this submission.
 Manure Application Field Characteristics Table attached Appendix E Soil test reports for the required land base for manure application attached Appendix F
8.8 Land Required for Manure Application
Long term land base requirements for manure application are calculated based on estimates of the quantity of nutrients (nitrogen and phosphorus) excreted by livestock and the utilization or removal of nutrients by the proposed crops.

number and size of livestock, the quantity and availability of nitrogen and phosphorus fed to the livestock, the amount retained by the livestock and the amount contained in milk and eggs.

The utilization of nitrogen and removal of phosphorus by crops depends on the crops grown and the historical crop yield averages. (See Crop Rotation Table).

The quantity of nitrogen and phosphorus excreted by the livestock depends on the type,

"Certain Areas":

The <u>Livestock Manure and Mortalities Management Regulation</u> requires the proponent demonstrate sufficient land is available, to the satisfaction of the director, in order to implement an appropriate manure management plan before Manitoba Sustainable Development will issue a permit for a manure storage facility or confined livestock area. Sufficient suitable land must be available for the manure nitrogen and phosphorus that will land applied.

"Certain Areas" are defined by the Livestock Manure and Mortalities Management Regulation (M.R. 42/98) as areas where the amount of phosphorus in the manure produced annually by livestock in an area of not less than 93.24 km² is greater than two times the annual crop removal rate of P_2O_5 in that area.

In "certain areas" it is Manitoba Sustainable Development's policy to consider a manure storage facility permit if the operation can demonstrate it has access to sufficient suitable land, within a reasonable distance¹⁰, to apply manure at a rate equivalent to one times the crop removal rate of phosphorus. In areas which are not considered to be "certain areas", Manitoba Sustainable Development may consider a manure storage facility or confined area permit, subject to all applicable legislation, if the operation demonstrates it has access to sufficient suitable land to apply manure at a rate equivalent to two times the crop removal rate of phosphorus.

Currently the rural municipalities of Hanover and La Broquerie are considered to be "certain areas". A livestock operation is considered to be located within a "certain area" if any part of the operation is located within the defined area. This may include, but not limited to, barn(s), confined livestock area(s), field storage location(s), manure storage facility(ies), and/or spread field(s).

Is the livestock operation located in	"certain areas" (i.e. Hanover or La Broquerie)?
☐ Yes	■ No

Land Base Requirement Calculation:

It is recommended that proponents use Manitoba Agriculture's Land Base Calculator to calculate the minimum area required for manure application and contact Manitoba Agriculture at (204) 945-3869 in Winnipeg for assistance with the land base calculator prior to submitting their site assessments.

Table 8-1: Land Base Requirements

Total acres required for crop utilization of the manure	ac	cres
N ^a	1542	
Total acres required for two times crop P ₂ O ₅ removal ^a	ac	cres
	1589	
Total acres required for one times crop P ₂ O ₅ removal ^{b,c}	ac	cres
	3178	

 $^{^{}a}$ All operations must demonstrate sufficient suitable land for crop N utilization and two times crop $P_{2}O_{5}$.

^bDue to high livestock density and reduced land availability for manure application, all livestock operations proposed in "certain areas" (i.e. Hanover and La Broquerie) must demonstrate

c l ba	ufficient suitable land to balance phosphorus over the long-term (one times crop P_2O_5). Under the Hog Production Pilot Project, pig operations must also demonstrate enough land to alance phosphorus over the long-term (one times crop P_2O_5). Crop Rotation Table attached Appendix G - Crop Rotation Table Manitoba Agriculture's Land Base Calculator attached Appendix H - Land Base Calculator
8.9	Land Base Requirement Summary
-	omparing the total suitable land available for manure application with the land required for ure application, state whether sufficient suitable land for manure application:
	☐ has not been identified
	■ has been identified to meet nitrogen utilization
	has been identified for two times the crop removal rate of phosphorus
	☐ has been identified for one times the crop removal rate of phosphorus (for pig
	operations and operations in "certain areas" [i.e. Hanover and La Broquerie])

8.10 Long-Term Environmental Sustainability

The Government of Manitoba has included phosphorus as a nutrient by which applications of manure, synthetic fertilizer and municipal waste sludge to agricultural lands may be limited.

Over the short-term for fields with low phosphorus, regulations allow manure to be applied to meet the nitrogen requirements of the crop. This often results in over- application of phosphorus and a build-up of phosphorus in soils. When soil test phosphorus levels reach 60 ppm Olsen P, manure application rates must consider how much phosphorus will be removed in the harvested portion of the crop. At 60 ppm, but less than 120 ppm Olsen P, the amount of phosphorus that can be applied cannot exceed twice (two times) what the crop can remove in order to slow the build-up of soil phosphorus. Once soil test phosphorus levels reach 120 ppm Olsen P, applications of phosphorus are restricted to no more than what the crop can remove (one times) in order to stop further soil test phosphorus build-up. At 180 ppm Olsen P, no additional phosphorus may be applied.

It should be noted that soil-test phosphorus levels of 60 ppm Olsen P or greater are agronomically very high and at these levels most crops will not benefit from additional phosphorus beyond starter phosphorus. As phosphorus levels build up in soils, the concentration of phosphorus in runoff to waterways increases.

Therefore, to remain environmentally sustainable over a long-term planning horizon of 25 years or more, phosphorus applications from applied manure and other nutrient sources such as commercial fertilizers must be balanced with crop removal to avoid further build-up in soils. Consequently, sufficient land must be available in relatively close proximity to the operation so that manure can be applied at no more than one times the crop removal rate.

	I acknowledge that up to $\frac{3178}{}$ acres (one times crop P_2O_5 removal from table above) may be required for the long term environmental sustainability of the
	operation.
9.0	Mortalities (Dead Animal) Disposal
use, lives betv	Livestock Manure and Mortalities Management Regulation establishes requirements for the management and storage of livestock mortalities in agricultural operations. This helps ensure tock mortalities are handled in an environmentally sound manner. Winter application, ween November 10 of one year and April 10 of the following, of composted mortalities is ibited.
	e of Disposal: Rendering Composting Burial Incineration (in approved incinerator only)
	s the proposal include a permanent site for composting mortalities? Yes No
utiliz	s, a permit to construct a manure treatment facility is required if the composting process less a substantial amount of manure (>15% by weight) as a primary substrate. Please act Manitoba Sustainable Development at (204) 945-5081 for more information.
9	1 Mass Mortalities
i	A plan for mass mortalities is in place
W	hat steps will be taken in the case of mass moralities?
Ir	the case of mass mortalities in excess of composting capacities compliant with regulations and
S	andard practices, mortalities will be transported to an approved rendering facility.
_	
_	

10.0 Project Site Description: Land Use Planning Considerations

For assistance contact your Community and Regional Planning Regional Office.

10.1 Development Plan and Zoning Bylaw

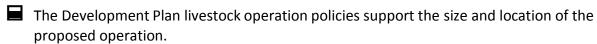
The Planning District or Municipal Development Plan and Zoning By-law adopted under <u>The Planning Act</u>, set policy and regulations for the use and development of land. A proposed livestock operation must comply with the requirements of both documents. In the absence of such documents, the <u>Provincial Planning Regulation</u> under <u>The Planning Act</u> applies.

10.2 Development Plan

Every Development Plan must contain a livestock operation policy (LOP) that identifies areas where new or expanded livestock operations may be allowed. It must also set general standards for the location and setback of livestock operations. Identifying the Development Plan's land use designation and policies (for the planning district or municipality that affect the site) will help confirm the project site's compliance. The Development Plan designations for the spread fields (if something other than agricultural) will indicate the potential loss of the fields in the future due to possible development.

Table 10-1: Development Plan

Name of Planning District	Tanner's Crossing Planning District
Development Plan by-law number	By-Law #6
Land use designation of project site	Rural Agricultural Area (AG)
Livestock operation policies – quote supportive policy numbers	P3, C.12 - expansion to >250 AU requires conditional use approval.
Other Development Plan policies – quote supportive policy numbers	Part 2, A.1, Part 3, A.3 encourage diversity of Ag operations and sustainable growth. Goes so far as to limit non-agricultural development for preservations of agricultural opportunities.
Non-supportive Development Plan policies	N/A



The Development Plan designations support the long term use of the proposed spread fields.

10.3 Zoning By-law

Identifying the zoning for the project site, the proposed spread fields and the related zoning provisions, helps determine the project's compliance and the minimum separation distances needed between the operation and property boundaries and other natural features and land uses. The Zoning By-law contains specific regulations that govern location and setback of livestock operations.

Identify the minimum project site requirements stated in the Zoning By-law.

Table 10-2: Zoning By-law

	Project Site Dimensions	Minimum Zoning By-Law Site Requirements
Minimum Site Area	1200 acres	80 acres
Minimum Site Width	1600 m	1000 ft (304.5 m)
Minimum Front Yard	130 m	125 ft (38 m)
Minimum Side and Rear Yard	640 m to east property line of SE 24-16-17	25 ft (7.6 m)

If any project (front, side or rear) yard site dimensions are less than the Zoning Bylaw minimum, a Variation Order from the Municipality will be required.

10.4 Separation Distances (Zoning By-law or Provincial Planning Regulation)¹¹

Using the proposed size of the operation (see <u>Animal Units Calculator</u>) and the type of animal housing and manure storage facility, complete the following table.

Indicate the distance from:

A. earthen manure storage facility OR B. feedlot and

C. animal confinement facility *OR* **D**. non-earthen manure storage facility...

Table 10-3: Separation Distances

to the following land use features (if	Indicate minimum separation distance required in the Zoning By-law or Provincial Planning Regulation (If applicable) Check appropriate box(es)		If land use feature is less than the minimum separation distance required in the Zoning By-law or Provincial Planning Regulation	
applicable)	□ A □ B	■ C	Provide actual distance	Provide location or name of feature (e.g. Red River)
Residence/ dwelling	N/A	1900 ft (580 m)	N/A	N/A
Designated area 12(non- agricultural)	N/A	6300 ft (1920)	N/A	N/A
Livestock operation	N/A	165 ft (50m)	N/A	N/A
Other significant features/land uses				

In cases where minimum separation distances are not stated in the Zoning By-law or Development Plan, the minimum separation distances in the Provincial Planning Regulation apply. If any separation distance is less than the Zoning By-law minimum, a Variation Order will be required from the Municipality.

Indicate on a Land Use and Spread Field Map (See <u>Land Use and Spread Field Map Example</u>¹³):

- a) location of the project site, location and ownership of spread fields
- b) land uses and significant features including dwellings
 - i) within a 1 mile radius of the project site
 - ii) within and adjacent to each spread field.

Appendix A - Drawings

10.5 Buffer Area from Crown Lands

Indicate in the table below if the proposed <u>livestock operation</u> (project site and spread fields) is located **within 1 mile** of any designated parcel of Crown land which would include: Provincial Park, Wildlife Management Area, Ecological Reserve, Provincial Forest, and Wildlife Refuge/Sanctuary. If applicable, also indicate the name of the Designated Crown Land.

Please complete the following table.

Table 10-4: Buffer Areas

Type of Designated Crown Land	Distance from perimeter of Designated Crown Land	Name of Designated Crown Land (e.g. Spruce Woods Provincial Park)
Provincial Park	1 mile or less	N/A
	Greater than 1 mile	
Wildlife Management	☐ 1 mile or less	N/A
Area	Greater than 1 mile	
Ecological Reserve	☐ 1 mile or less	N/A
Lcological Neselve	Greater than 1 mile	
Provincial Forest	☐ 1 mile or less	N/A
Provincial Forest	Greater than 1 mile	
Wildlife	☐ 1 mile or less	N/A
Refuge/Sanctuary	Greater than 1 mile	

If any Crown land parcel is to be utilized as part of the proposed planned works where the proposed works will involve the installation of infrastructure (e.g., pipe/hose) that will be placed on the surface of the land, the appropriate Crown land disposition may be required (e.g., General Permit/Work Permit¹⁴). The proponent is encouraged to contact the Regional Lands Manager with Manitoba Sustainable Development for further discussion. Contact the Crown Lands and Property Agency at http:\clp.gov.mb.ca or toll free at 1-866-210-9589 or 1-204-239-3510.

10.6 Setback Distances

Use the following table to indicate setback distances, as required under the <u>Livestock Manure</u> and <u>Mortalities Management Regulation</u> (M.R. 42/98).

Table 10-5: Setback Distances

Feature	Structures	Minimum setback distance required (m)	Actual Setback distance (m)	Provide location or name of feature (e.g. Red River)
	Manure storage facility	100 m	530 m	Marsh NE 24-16-17 W
Surface watercourses,	Field storage	100 m	110 m	Marsh NE 17-16-17 W
sinkholes, spring or well	Composting site	100 m	110	Marsh NE 17-16-17 W
	Confined livestock area	100 m	N/A	No confined livestock area.
	Manure storage facility	100 m	195 m	Rd 93N NE 24-16-17 W
Property Line	Composting site	100 m	440 m	Rd 93N NE 17-16-17 W
	Confined livestock area	100 m	N/A	No confined livestock area.

If any setback distances have not been met, please provide explanation below:					
All setback distances have been met and exceeded.					

11.0 Truck Haul Routes and Access Points¹⁵

One consideration with new or expanding livestock operations is the potential impact on existing public roads (municipal and provincial), access and the need for improvements or mitigation. Complete the following table.

Access from PTH/PR onto Access onto PTH/PR from **Estimated Average** site will mainly require a site will mainly require a Number of Times per **Left or Right Hand Turn Left or Right Hand Turn Day Accessing** Please check one Please check one **Vehicle Provincial Provincial** Provincial Type Provincial Trunk **Provincial** Trunk **Provincial** Trunk Road (PR) Road (PR) Road (PR) **Highway** Highway Highway (PTH) (PTH) (PTH) LEFT RIGHT LEFT RIGHT LEFT RIGHT LEFT RIGHT 1 1 1 0 ()1 **Truck Tractor** 1 1 1 1 0 0 **Trailer** Other, specify

Table 11-1: Truck Haul Routes and Access Points

Identify what roads and access points will be used for the proposed operation? (See <u>Truck Haul</u> <u>Routes and Access Points Map</u> for an example).

Truck Haul Routes and Access Point Map attached Appendix A - Drawings

12.0 Conservation Data Centre Report

A Conservation Data Centre Report must be requested and the response attach	ned to this site			
assessment. The request may be submitted electronically at: www.gov.mb.ca	a/conservation/cdc.			
Appendix I - Conservation Data Centre Report				
Were rare species identified in the Conservation Data Centre Report?				
☐ Yes ☐ No				

Α

13.0 Supporting Documents

 $Check \ the \ supporting \ documents \ included \ in \ this \ submission:$

Contact Information and Privacy and Publication Notice
Location Map (shows proposed project within rural municipality) Appendix A
Project Site Plan (proposed operation showing current and proposed structures) Appendix
Animal Units Calculator Appendix B
Water Requirement Calculator Appendix C
Dairy Barn Water Requirement Estimator N/A
Manure Production Calculator Appendix D
Existing and Proposed Manure Storage Facility Dimension Tables (if applicable) N/A
Manure Treatment Supporting Documentation (if applicable) N/A
Manure Application Field Characteristics Table Appendix E
Crop Rotation Table Appendix G
Recent manure application field soil sample results (Olsen Phosphorus – ppm at 0-6 inch depth) Appendix F
Manitoba Agriculture Land Base Calculator Appendix H
Letter from the Manitoba Pork Council under the Hog Production Pilot Protocol (pigs ly) N/A
Land Use and Spread Field Map (location and ownership of operation, location and distance to non-agricultural uses, development plan designation, zoning for project site and spread fields) Appendix A
Truck Haul Routes and Access Points Map (with routes and access points on municipal/provincial roads and/or provincial trunk highways) Appendix A
Response from the Conservation Data Centre Appendix I
Other, please specify:
Prevailing Wind Direction Plan - Appendix A
Area Zoning and Livestock Use - Appendix A
Well Logs, Water Rights License - Appendix C

14.0 Additional Information:

Please include any additional information you deem necessarily in order for the Technical Review Committee to review your proposal.

In 2006, the existing livestock operation was approved for an expansion of 56,000 broilers (280 Animal Units) and 625 sows, farrow to finish (781.25). This was an expansion upon the existing 575 sow (718.75 Animal Units) operation for a total approved operation of 1780 Animal Units. The approved expansion for the sows has not yet been acted upon by the operation due to marktet conditions, while the broiler operation has been constructed and operational for a number of years. Since the initial approval and construction, the broiler operation has grown to 65,000 broilers (325 Animal Units) for a total operation of 1043.5 Animal Units. While the number of broilers is greater than originally approved in the 2006 Conditional Use Order, it is close to being considered an authorized change in accordance with Section 72.1 of the Manitoba Planning Act (16% rather than 15%).

Drawings C1.3 Prevailing Wing Direction Plan and C1.4 Area Zoning and Livestock Use were electively included to further emphasize the suitability of the proposed expansion to the area ensuring that it it is compatible with the general nature of the surrounding area, that it will not be detrimental to the health or general welfare of the people living or working in the surrounding area or negatively affect other properties or potential development in the surrounding area, and that it is generally consistent with the applicable provision of the development plan by-law, the zoning by-law, and any secondary plan by-law.

15.0 Declaration

	verify that the information contained in the Site Assessment, and all apporting Documents, are accurate and complete to my knowledge.
Date:	Sopt 11 3019 (YYY/MMM/DD)
Name:	(Please Print Clearly)
Signature:	Jie Lalden

Notes

¹ Identifying the location of the project is needed to determine the compliance with zoning and other by-laws. The inclusion of a location map helps to identify the project site within the municipality.

If a plan is required, the proponent may attach the acceptance letter from the director of Manitoba Sustainable Development in an appendix to the Site Assessment as supporting documentation, demonstrating compliance with section 12.2(1) of the Livestock Manure and Mortalities Management Regulation (M.R. 42/98). For more information, contact Manitoba Sustainable Development at (204) 945-4384.

¹¹" Agricultural operations are a source of traffic, noise, dust and odours. One of the key elements to successful siting of a livestock operation is to observe appropriate separation distances between potentially conflicting land uses. This is particularly important for the effective dispersion and dilution of odours from pig production facilities. When deciding where to build a new livestock operation, it is best to choose a site with as few neighbours as possible."

Section 6.2 Setbacks and Other Steps to Avoid Conflicts - Farm Practice Guidelines for Pig Producers in MB (April 2007)

Identifying the distance to the nearest land use features such as a neighbouring agricultural operation or non-agricultural designated uses (such as residential or recreational designated areas in the Development Plan), sensitive areas such as wildlife management areas or critical habitat, individual dwellings and various water bodies and drains

² Indicating if the operation is new or expanding helps determine what regulation requirements are needed to be met for the proposal.

³ The regulatory requirements such as municipal by-laws and provincial regulations will vary with type and size of a livestock operation.

⁴ The regulatory requirements such as provincial regulations will vary with the type of housing.

⁵ Confined livestock areas most commonly refer to outdoor, open livestock facilities such as beef feedlots or cowcalf operation facilities ("open confined livestock areas"). The LMMMR includes covered structures, open to the elements, used for the rearing of livestock that feature a floor design that constitutes an effective water barrier, such as concrete ("Covered Confined Livestock Areas"). For example biotech shelters for feeder pig production and hoop structures.

⁶ The site plan is needed to ensure that required yard and other requirements can be met. Noting other features such as dwellings, shelterbelts, water source locations, drainage patterns, access points and the property dimensions enable the applicant to ensure proper site planning and sufficient separation distances between features to meet provincial regulations.

⁷ The province regulates the use of surface and ground water. Identifying the source of water will be required for resource management and licensing purposes.

⁸ A water well log is a report completed by the well driller after the construction of the well. Copies of the report are left with the well owner, the well drilling contractor and the Water Science and Management Branch of Manitoba Sustainable Development. Water well logs provide useful information on the geology of the well site and can be used to assess the potential vulnerability of the site to groundwater contamination.

⁹ The Province regulates the use of surface and ground water. Identifying the amount of water needed will be required for resource management and licensing purposes.

¹⁰New or expanding livestock operations **in certain areas** must have access to additional lands suitable for the application of livestock manure located within a reasonable distance, in the opinion of the director of Manitoba Sustainable Development. Reasonable distance is considered to be within a 10 mile radius of the operation for liquid manure. If land is identified beyond the 10 mile radius, a producer must submit a plan to the director of Manitoba Sustainable Development for approval describing the action taken and proposed to be taken to achieve and maintain soil phosphorus levels below 60 ppm.

enable the applicant to ensure that minimum separation distances are maintained between those various uses and the proposed animal confinement facility and manure storage facilities.

Any clearing activity, related construction activity, or works associated with the manure spreading application will also require the appropriate permitting under applicable legislation (e.g., The Crown Lands Act, The Forestry Act etc. Please contact the Regional Lands Manager or Conservation Officer for additional information.

¹²Is an area identified on a Development Plan Map based on its current or future use?

The mapping of the project site, neighbouring designated residential areas, individual residences and surface water features enables the applicant to describe the geographic setting and general suitability of the area for the project. This may also assist the applicant in determining appropriate setbacks for field storage of manure, composting manure, and composting mortalities. By identifying a 3-kilometer area around the project site, the applicant is made aware of all land owners that will be notified regarding the public Conditional Hearing that will take place as part of the review process.

¹⁴ If undesignated Crown lands will be used for manure spreading purposes; including the laying of pipe, including draglines, or clearing activity, it will require the proponent to obtain a Crown Lands General Permit disposition that will authorize the use and access of the subject Crown Land(s).

¹⁵Identifying truck haul routes and access points on municipal and Provincial Roads and/or Provincial Trunk Highways assists the province and municipality in planning and identifies any potential required access permits. The information also allows other stakeholders to determine potential impacts on existing roads and adjacent land uses.